

- (1) This is considered as "Tantra dosha"
 - (1) Vikalpa
 - (2) Viparyaya
 - (3) Vidhana
 - (4) Vyahaja
- (2) These are called Trisutra
 - (1) Sattwa, Atma, Sarira
 - (2) Prana, Dana, Paraloka
 - (3) Vata, Pitta, Kapha
 - (4) Hetu, Linga, Aushadha
- (3) Katuka and Lavanatwa are the characteristic features of
 - (1) Kshara
 - (2) Lavana
 - (3) Mutra
 - (4) Sneha
- (4) The Common lakshana in Vaidya and Paricharika
 - (1) Upacharajnata
 - (2) Dakshyam
 - (3) Anuragam
 - (4) Drishtakarmata
- (5) In this Adhyaya Chatushka of Charaka Samhita, the description of Trayopastambha is
 - (1) Svastha Vritta
 - (2) Nirdesa
 - (3) Annapana
 - (4) Kalpana
- (6) In which chapter of Charaka Samhita, is the description of Aturalaya?
 - (1) Sveda Vidhi
 - (2) Sneha Vidhi
 - (3) Upakalpaniya
 - (4) Phalamatra Siddhi
- (7) The author who mentioned Dhamani marma
 - (1) Charaka
 - (2) Bhavamisra
 - (3) Sarugadbara
 - (4) Vagbhata
- (8) Anubandha is the synonym of
 - (1) Sattva
 - (2) Atma
 - (3) Ayu
 - (4) Shareera
- (9) The length of tongue-cleaner according to Charaka
 - (1) 10 Angula
 - (2) 8 Angula
 - (3) 12 Angula
 - (4) 16 Angula
- (10) Purisha Veganirodha causes
 - (1) Sirassula
 - (2) Pindikodveshtana
 - (3) Adhmana
 - (4) All these

- (11) Chatrapani suggested the procedure of Ksharasutra in
- (1) Arsas
 - (2) Bhagandara
 - (3) Nadivrana
 - (4) All these
- (12) Dvidha Vipaka Vada is the contribution of
- (1) Charaka Samhita
 - (2) Susruta Samhita
 - (3) Ashtanga Sangraha
 - (4) Ashtanga Hridaya
- (13) Number of Dasemani groups mentioned in Charaka Samhita
- (1) 10
 - (2) 37
 - (3) 25
 - (4) 50
- (14) This is to be known by Karmanishtha
- (1) Veerya
 - (2) Rasa
 - (3) Vipaka
 - (4) Prabhava
- (15) Vipaka is the end product of
- (1) Rasa
 - (2) Jirnakriya
 - (3) Ahara
 - (4) Guna
- (16) Nindyarasa in Tarunajwara according to Charaka
- (1) Lavana
 - (2) Madhura
 - (3) Tikta
 - (4) Kashaya
- (17) Number of Paradi Gunas
- (1) 20
 - (2) 5
 - (3) 10
 - (4) 41
- (18) This the best Medo-Anilahara drug
- (1) Kanchanara
 - (2) Pura
 - (3) Nirgundi
 - (4) Sallaki
- (19) The Panchabhautic components of Kashayarasa
- (1) Vayu + Prithivi
 - (2) Vayu + Akasa
 - (3) Vayu + Agni
 - (4) Vayu + Jala
- (20) Dosha Chaya means -
- (1) Increase in Dosha
 - (2) Spread of Dosha
 - (3) Swasthane Dosha Vriddhi
 - (4) Vataprakopa

- (21) Different types of Vatsanabha are first described in
- (1) Bhava Prakasa Nighantu
 - (2) Sodhala Nighantu
 - (3) Susruta Samhita
 - (4) Bhela Samhita
- (22) Karnavedha is first described in
- (1) Susruta Samhita
 - (2) Kashyapa Samhita
 - (3) Haritha Samhita
 - (4) Bhela Samhita
- (23) The author who mentioned Ritusandhi for the first time
- (1) Charaka
 - (2) Susruta
 - (3) Vagbhata
 - (4) Sarugadbara
- (24) In which chapter of Susruta Samhita, the practical training of Surgery is described?
- (1) Dvivraneeya
 - (2) Pranashta Salyavijuaniya
 - (3) Yogyasutriya
 - (4) Prabhashaniya
- (25) Ayurveda is termed as Panchama Veda by
- (1) Kashyapa
 - (2) Vagbhata
 - (3) Charaka
 - (4) Susruta
- (26) Pramana of Janumarma
- (1) 3 Angula
 - (2) 2 Angula
 - (3) 1 Angula
 - (4) None of these
- (27) The name of Chaturthakala
- (1) Medohara
 - (2) Sleshmadhara
 - (3) Purishadhara
 - (4) Raktadhara
- (28) Dantha comes under this types of Asthi
- (1) Tarunasthi
 - (2) Ruchakasthi
 - (3) Valyasthi
 - (4) Kapalasthi
- (29) Number of Sira according to Susruta
- (1) 700
 - (2) 800
 - (3) 600
 - (4) 725
- (30) Sira, after taking the Sneha of Medas, attains Kharapaka and produces
- (1) Peshi
 - (2) Kandara
 - (3) Snayu
 - (4) Twacha

(31) The Number of Sandhis in the Koshtha

- (1) 54
- (2) 59
- (3) 58
- (4) 56

(32) The Panchendriyatwo of Kurcha Sira marma

- (1) Vayu + Agneya
- (2) Agneya
- (3) Saumyagneya
- (4) Vayavya

(33) Ayama of Purusha according to Susrutha

- (1) 120 Angula
- (2) 130 Angula
- (3) 140 Angula
- (4) 110 Angula

(34) Number of Kurchas in the Medhra

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 6
- (4) 3

(35) According to Susruta Phupphusa is formed by

- (1) Sonita
- (2) Sonita Phena
- (3) Kapha
- (4) Kaphaphena

(36) As per structure, Nabhimarma is considered as

- (1) Mamsamarma
- (2) Siramarma
- (3) Snayumarma
- (4) Sandhimarma

(37) The number of Sattvika manogunas as per Susruta

- (1) 12
- (2) 11
- (3) 10
- (4) 14

(38) The number of Raktavahini Siras in Yakrit and Pliha

- (1) 180
- (2) 195
- (3) 175
- (4) 170

(39) The result of performing Sira Vyadha on Mamsa-Sira-Asthi-Snayu-Sandhi-Marmas

- (1) Sopha
- (2) Vaikalya
- (3) Marana
- (4) All these

(40) The injury to this marma is not fatal

- (1) Sadyah Pranaharamarma
- (2) Kalantara Pranaharamarma
- (3) Vaikalya karamarma
- (4) All these

- (41) **Majishtha belongs to this family**
- (1) **Ramnaceae**
 - (2) **Rubiaceae**
 - (3) **Rutaceae**
 - (4) **Anacardiaceae**
- (42) **No plants survive in the surroundings of this species**
- (1) **Ahiphena**
 - (2) **Vishatinduka**
 - (3) **Vatsanabha**
 - (4) **Vishapushpaka**
- (43) **Harithaki is given with guda in this season**
- (1) **Sarat**
 - (2) **Sisira**
 - (3) **Vasantha**
 - (4) **Grishma**
- (44) **Drug of choice in Asthibhanga**
- (1) **Pterocarpus marsupeum**
 - (2) **Saraea Indica**
 - (3) **Cissus quadrangularis**
 - (4) **Trichodesma Indicum**
- (45) **The drug of choice in Rakta Pitta**
- (1) **Adathoda Vasica**
 - (2) **Fumaria Parviflora**
 - (3) **Pongamia glabra**
 - (4) **Withania Sommifera**
- (46) **"Samhita" is the synonym of**
- (1) **Vamsalochana**
 - (2) **Parasikayavani**
 - (3) **Ajamoda**
 - (4) **Satapushpa**
- (47) **Berigmia Ligulata is the latin name of**
- (1) **Patala**
 - (2) **Paravatapadi**
 - (3) **Pashanabhedi**
 - (4) **Piehumarda**
- (48) **The useful part of Agnimantha**
- (1) **Root**
 - (2) **Root-bark**
 - (3) **Stem**
 - (4) **Stem-bark**
- (49) **This is known as Sigruni**
- (1) **Sigrubija**
 - (2) **Sigrutwak**
 - (3) **Sigruswarasa**
 - (4) **Sigruvriksha**
- (50) **The useful part of Lavanga**
- (1) **Fruit**
 - (2) **Flower**
 - (3) **Twak**
 - (4) **Stem**

- (51) **Bhramara is the variety of**
- (1) **Japa**
 - (2) **Jhandu**
 - (3) **Madhuparni**
 - (4) **Madhu**
- (52) **The action of Kritamala is**
- (1) **Anulomana**
 - (2) **Rechana**
 - (3) **Sramsana**
 - (4) **Bhedana**
- (53) **This is known as sweet flag in English**
- (1) **Acorus calamas**
 - (2) **Anacylus pyrethrum**
 - (3) **Erythrina Indica**
 - (4) **Withania Sammifera**
- (54) **The fruit of Chavya is known as**
- (1) **Pippali**
 - (2) **Gajapippali**
 - (3) **Phalapippali**
 - (4) **Kapi Pippali**
- (55) **Rohini is the variety of this drug**
- (1) **Amalaki**
 - (2) **Lasuna**
 - (3) **Ahiphena**
 - (4) **Harithaki**
- (56) **Mushaka is the synonym of**
- (1) **Harathala**
 - (2) **Kapardika**
 - (3) **Mriddarusringa**
 - (4) **None of these**
- (57) **This is known as Red Oxide of Mercury**
- (1) **Rasasindura**
 - (2) **Rasakarpura**
 - (3) **Rasanjana**
 - (4) **None of these**
- (58) **Ideal part of Mercury in the Preparation of Swarnavanga**
- (1) **Half of tin**
 - (2) **1/8th of tin**
 - (3) **1/4th of tin**
 - (4) **1/12th of tin**
- (59) **Parada attains Nashta pishtatwa after this process**
- (1) **Bahyadruti**
 - (2) **Garbha druti**
 - (3) **Murchana**
 - (4) **Mardana**
- (60) **Mercury attains curative property after this Samskara**
- (1) **Mardana**
 - (2) **Jarana**
 - (3) **Murchana**
 - (4) **Bodhana**

- (61) Sulphur dioxide is released during the preparation of
- (1) Makaradhwaja
 - (2) Siddha Makaradhwaja
 - (3) Dwiguna Balijarita rasasindhura
 - (4) All these
- (62) Rodhana comes under
- (1) Parada dosha
 - (2) Parada Samskara
 - (3) Rasa pujana
 - (4) Rasa gathi
- (63) Therapeutically useful Paka of Rasaparpati
- (1) Apaka
 - (2) Madhyama
 - (3) Khara
 - (4) Dagdha
- (64) Time of Mukhamudhrana during preparation of Makaradhwaja
- (1) After sublimation of medicine
 - (2) After fumes are released
 - (3) On cessation of flames
 - (4) After the gold deposits at the neck of the bottle
- (65) Parpati is considered as this bandha
- (1) Pota
 - (2) Arota
 - (3) Pottali
 - (4) Abhasa
- (66) The chemical name of Rasa Sindura
- (1) Red Oxide of Mercury
 - (2) Red Sulphide of Mercury
 - (3) Black Sulphide of Mercury
 - (4) Yellow Oxide of Mercury
- (67) These are the minerals of mercury
- (1) Realgar-Orpiment
 - (2) Quick silver-German silver
 - (3) Cinnabar-Meta Cinnabar
 - (4) Calamine-Cassiterite
- (68) The Bahirmala of parada are removed by this Samskara
- (1) Mardana
 - (2) Murchana
 - (3) Utthapana
 - (4) Dipana
- (69) Ishtika Churna is used for purification of
- (1) Parada
 - (2) Bhallataka
 - (3) Parada and Bhallataka
 - (4) Hingula
- (70) Rasaka is one of the ingredients of this Medicine
- (1) Somanatharasa
 - (2) Vasantha Malathirasa
 - (3) Pradaranthakarasa
 - (4) All these

- (71) Atipravritti means -
 (1) Easy flow
 (2) A variety of Srotodushti
 (3) Doshadhikya
 (4) Dushyadhikya
- (72) Samprapti is -
 (1) Mutra Pariksha
 (2) Part of diagnosis
 (3) Rogi Pariksha
 (4) Roga Chikitsa
- (73) Hridroga comes under
 (1) Abhyantara Rogamarga
 (2) Bahya Rogamarga
 (3) Madhyama Rogamarga
 (4) Purisha Vahasrotas
- (74) Nadi Pariksha comes under
 (1) Sabda Pariksha
 (2) Ashtasthana Pariksha
 (3) Rakta Pariksha
 (4) Prasna Pariksha
- (75) Yapya means
 (1) Lakshna
 (2) Dosha
 (3) Treatment gives temporary relief
 (4) Sadhya
- (76) "Samkshapatah Kriyayogo - - - - -"
 (1) Chikitsa
 (2) Nidanaparivarjanam
 (3) Vamanam
 (4) Virechanam
- (77) Kavaigunya leads to
 (1) Vedana
 (2) Sotha
 (3) Vyadhi Utpatti
 (4) Lakshana
- (78) Hetu means
 (1) Dosha
 (2) Mala
 (3) Mutra
 (4) Roga Karana
- (79) Roga Pariksha is done with the help of
 (1) Nidana Panchaka
 (2) Prayogashala
 (3) Vaidyasala
 (4) Vidyardhi
- (80) Purvarupa manifests at this stage
 (1) Avayava
 (2) Sthanasansraya
 (3) Vyadhi
 (4) Lakshana

- (81) "Skhalatah Samprathishthanam" is the benefit of
- (1) Padatradharana
 - (2) Vastradharana
 - (3) Dandadharana
 - (4) Chatradharana
- (82) The Ritu in which va mana etc., can be performed
- (1) Sisira
 - (2) Varsha
 - (3) Hemantha
 - (4) Vasantha
- (83) This disease is the result of supressing Kshavathu
- (1) Manyastambha
 - (2) Shirahsula
 - (3) Ardita
 - (4) All these
- (84) "Klesa Sahishnuta" is the result of
- (1) Vyayama
 - (2) Pranayama
 - (3) Dhanurasana
 - (4) Ahara
- (85) This thaila is most useful for Nasya
- (1) Dhanvanthari Thailam
 - (2) Anu Thailam
 - (3) Nirgundi Thailam
 - (4) Bilaw Thailam
- (86) "Jihwa bhavatyarasa Vedini" - This sign is caused by
- (1) Vishayukta Vayu Sevana
 - (2) Vishayukta Anna Sevana
 - (3) Vishayukta Jala Sevana
 - (4) None of these
- (87) This type of Visha is considered to have dasadhishthana
- (1) Sthavara visha
 - (2) Jangama visha
 - (3) Gara visha
 - (4) Dushi visha
- (88) Haritala is considered as this type of Visha
- (1) Kanda visha
 - (2) Dhatu visha
 - (3) Phala visha
 - (4) Mula visha
- (89) Sighragamitwa is the features of this serpent
- (1) Rajimanta
 - (2) Mandali
 - (3) Darvikara
 - (4) None of these
- (90) This is used to apply on the Dundubhi
- (1) MahaAgada
 - (2) Rajagada
 - (3) Ksharagada
 - (4) None of these

- (91) Kaphadosha should be removed in this month
- (1) Sravana
 - (2) Asvayuja
 - (3) Chaitra
 - (4) All these
- (92) The result of Chikitsa
- (1) Dharma
 - (2) Artha
 - (3) Maithri
 - (4) All these
- (93) This is not a synonym of 'Kaya'
- (1) Kalevara
 - (2) Varshma
 - (3) Vighraha
 - (4) Oja
- (94) This is not one of the Saptavidha Samana
- (1) Pachana
 - (2) Dipana
 - (3) Kshudha
 - (4) Stambhana
- (95) This is not the synonym of Vyadhi
- (1) Adhi
 - (2) Tama
 - (3) Papma
 - (4) Visha
- (96) Vidbheda is the Nanatmaja Vyadhi of this dosha
- (1) Vataja
 - (2) Pittaja
 - (3) Kaphaja
 - (4) None of these
- (97) The feature of Vishamajwara
- (1) Vishamarambha
 - (2) Vishamakriya
 - (3) Anushangi
 - (4) All these
- (98) This is known as Nishpratyanika Jwara
- (1) Santata
 - (2) Satata
 - (3) Tritiyaka
 - (4) Chaturthaka
- (99) Susruta has suggested pranayama in thies disease
- (1) Swasa
 - (2) Hikka
 - (3) Kasa
 - (4) All these
- (100) "Upadamsavat" features are seen in this disease
- (1) Phiranga
 - (2) Dhvajabhanga
 - (3) Sukaroga
 - (4) All these

- (101) The rasayanayoga useful in Avrithavata
(1) Guggulu
(2) Silajathu
(3) Chayvanaprasa
(4) All these
- (102) Sarpi guda is useful in this disease
(1) Urakshata
(2) Sotha
(3) Grahani
(4) All these
- (103) This is considered as Sreshtha Vajikarana
(1) Stri
(2) Aswagandha
(3) Abiphena
(4) Abhyanga
- (104) This is part of Achararasayana
(1) Abimsa
(2) Gurita
(3) Kshira
(4) All these
- (105) This is one of the "Abheshaja"
(1) Badhana
(2) Abadhana
(3) Ahita
(4) Apathya
- (106) Basti suitable for all times
(1) Asthapana
(2) Anu Vasana
(3) Yapana
(4) Kshira
- (107) The Pramana of pushpanethra of uttarabasti in females according to Charaka
(1) 10 Angula
(2) 12 Angula
(3) 14 Angula
(4) 16 Angula
- (108) Ullupta comes under this types of Basti Vyapat
(1) Netra
(2) Putaka
(3) Pranetha
(4) All these
- (109) As per Charaka Samhita Chitrakadivati is mainly indicated in
(1) Atisara
(2) Grahani
(3) Vishuchika
(4) Visha
- (110) As per Charaka Samhita - Danthi Harithaki is mainly useful in
(1) Gulma
(2) Prameha
(3) Rakta Pitta
(4) Unmada

- (111) **The nature of fever in Vata Balasaka**
(1) **Tikshna**
(2) **Manda**
(3) **Avisargi**
(4) **None of these**
- (112) **This causes Cerebral Malaria**
(1) **P.Vivax**
(2) **P.Ovale**
(3) **P. Palciform**
(4) **P. Malarie**
- (113) **ASO Titre is specific test for**
(1) **Rhumatic fever**
(2) **Rheumatoid Arthritis**
(3) **(A) and (B)**
(4) **S.L.E**
- (114) **This is Chikitsa Sutra of Krimiroga**
(1) **Prakrithisnapana**
(2) **Prakritivighata**
(3) **Krimivighata**
(4) **None of these**
- (115) **Kesada is the type of Krimi**
(1) **Raktaja**
(2) **Purishaja**
(3) **Kaphaja**
(4) **Bahya**
- (116) **The number of varieties of Samdamsa Yantra**
(1) **3**
(2) **4**
(3) **2**
(4) **None**
- (117) **The number of Yantrakarmas**
(1) **101**
(2) **12**
(3) **24**
(4) **20**
- (118) **The length of Tala yantra**
(1) **16 inches**
(2) **14 inches**
(3) **12 inches**
(4) **10 inches**
- (119) **Karapatrasastra in modern surgery can be taken as**
(1) **Knife**
(2) **Scalpel**
(3) **Saw**
(4) **Finger Knife**
- (120) **Bhagandara-Arshoyantra belongs to this category**
(1) **Upa Yantra**
(2) **Samdamsa Yantra**
(3) **Nadi Yantra**
(4) **Salaka Yantra**

- (121) **The Pramana of Eshani Yantra**
- (1) 6 Angula
 - (2) 4 Angula
 - (3) 8 Angula
 - (4) 10 Angula
- (122) **Main use of Kutharika Sastra**
- (1) Chedana
 - (2) Bhedana
 - (3) Lekhana
 - (4) Vyadhana
- (123) **The number of Anusastras**
- (1) 12
 - (2) 13
 - (3) 14
 - (4) 15
- (124) **Number of Doshajavrana according to Charaka**
- (1) 14
 - (2) 15
 - (3) 10
 - (4) 20
- (125) **According to this author Grahana is a type of Sastra Karma**
- (1) Vagbhata
 - (2) Charaka
 - (3) Bhavamisra
 - (4) Susrutha
- (126) **Dushyodara is another name of**
- (1) Sannipatodara
 - (2) Dakodara
 - (3) Parissavyudara
 - (4) Buddhagudodara
- (127) **This is not a type of Sandhibhagna**
- (1) Utpishta
 - (2) Vislishta
 - (3) Picchita
 - (4) Vivartita
- (128) **Number of Sukradoshas according to Susrutha**
- (1) 8
 - (2) 10
 - (3) 11
 - (4) 12
- (129) **The place suitable for Siravyadhana in Plihodara**
- (1) Rt. Arm
 - (2) Lt. Foot
 - (3) Lt. Arm
 - (4) Rt. Foot
- (130) **Agnikarma is Contra-indicated in**
- (1) Ushtragriva
 - (2) Parisravi
 - (3) Sataponaka
 - (4) None of these

- (131) **Upakusa is the disease related to**
- (1) **Nasa**
 - (2) **Danta**
 - (3) **Dantamula**
 - (4) **Talu**
- (132) **Kalaka Churna is useful in**
- (1) **Karnaroga**
 - (2) **Siroroga**
 - (3) **Mukharoga**
 - (4) **Udararoga**
- (133) **Dipta roga is**
- (1) **Karnaroga**
 - (2) **Dantamula gata roga**
 - (3) **Netraroga**
 - (4) **Nasaroga**
- (134) **This is useful in Vataja Pratisyaya**
- (1) **Anu Thaila**
 - (2) **Pathyadi Thaila**
 - (3) **Manahsiladi Thaila**
 - (4) **Bharugyadi Thaila**
- (135) **Pitakachurna is useful in**
- (1) **Mukharoga**
 - (2) **Siroroga**
 - (3) **Nasaroga**
 - (4) **Karnaroga**
- (136) **Rapid growth is the characteristic feature of this Cataract**
- (1) **Traumatic**
 - (2) **Senile**
 - (3) **Cortical**
 - (4) **Capsular**
- (137) **The part of the eye that is collected in eye- donation**
- (1) **Sclera**
 - (2) **Cornea**
 - (3) **Retina**
 - (4) **Whole eye-ball**
- (138) **Egg yolk like discharge is seen in**
- (1) **Kumbhika**
 - (2) **Anjananamika**
 - (3) **Utsangini**
 - (4) **Lagana**
- (139) **This is synonym of Pindi**
- (1) **Kavalika**
 - (2) **Avagundana**
 - (3) **Putapaka**
 - (4) **Vidalaka**
- (140) **Kalakasthi means**
- (1) **Netrabandhana**
 - (2) **Tarunasthi**
 - (3) **Netrasandhi**
 - (4) **Netramala**

- (141) What happens in the uterus during purperium?
(1) Inversion
(2) Involution Foetal
(3) Placental Expulsion
(4) expulsion
- (142) A non pregnant uterus Weighs
(1) 50-80 gms
(2) 20-40 gms
(3) 800-1000 gms
(4) 200-300 gms
- (143) Complication of 3rd stage of labour
(1) Haemorrhage
(2) Inversion
(3) Rupture uterus
(4) Haemorrhage and inversion
- (144) Robert's sign means
(1) Neonatal Asphexia
(2) Intra-uterine death
(3) Pregnancy
(4) A stage of labour
- (145) The time taken for first and second stage of labour in multigravid
(1) 8 hrs
(2) 10 hrs
(3) 6 hrs
(4) 9 hrs
- (146) Haemorrhage in early pregnancy is due to
(1) Abortion
(2) Polyp
(3) Ruptured varicose vein
(4) All these
- (147) This is indicated in Garbhini Chardi
(1) Laja
(2) Bhunimba
(3) Bilwamajja
(4) All these
- (148) Number of Yonivyapats according to Charaka
(1) 24
(2) 64
(3) 20
(4) 8
- (149) The main symptom of Arajaska according to Susruta
(1) Atyartava
(2) Kashtartava
(3) Artavaadarsana
(4) Artavakshya
- (150) The coitus with a low age group girl leads to
(1) Acharana
(2) Aticharana
(3) Prakeharana
(4) Karnini

- (151) The nomenclature of a child should be done on this day after birth
- (1) 8th day
 - (2) 10th day
 - (3) 15th day
 - (4) 30th day
- (152) Annaprāsana Kāla according to Kāsyapa is
- (1) 6th month
 - (2) 8th month
 - (3) 10th month
 - (4) 12th month
- (153) The milk of a black cow is
- (1) Vatakaraka
 - (2) Vatasamaka
 - (3) Tridoshakaraka
 - (4) Tridoshasamaka
- (154) The time of Nishkramana Samskara
- (1) After two months
 - (2) After four months
 - (3) Immediately after birth
 - (4) After six months
- (155) Number of Dvija Dantas
- (1) 8
 - (2) 12
 - (3) 16
 - (4) 24
- (156) The time of Upavesana Samskara
- (1) 4th month
 - (2) 6th month
 - (3) 8th month
 - (4) 10th month
- (157) The Aushadhamatra to be given to/year old child according to Sarugadhara
- (1) 1 Ratti
 - (2) 5 Rattis
 - (3) 1 Masha
 - (4) 2 Mashas
- (158) The Srotas that Vitiates in Sosharoga
- (1) Rasavaha
 - (2) Raktavaha
 - (3) Mamsavaha
 - (4) Medovaha
- (159) The Number of Nabhi rogas according to Charaka
- (1) 3
 - (2) 4
 - (3) 5
 - (4) 6
- (160) The type of stanya dushti that leads to Kshiralasaka
- (1) Vataja
 - (2) Kaphaja
 - (3) Vatakaphaja
 - (4) Tridoshaja

DR. N.T.R. UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, A.P., VIJAYAWADA - 520 008
KEY FOR M.D. (AYURVEDA) ENTRANCE TEST 2011-12
HELD ON 16-10-2011

| Q.No. | Answer |
|-------|--------|
| 1 | 4 |
| 2 | 4 |
| 3 | 2 |
| 4 | 2 |
| 5 | 2 |
| 6 | 2 |
| 7 | 3 |
| 8 | 3 |
| 9 | 1 |
| 10 | 4 |
| 11 | 1 |
| 12 | 2 |
| 13 | 4 |
| 14 | 3 |
| 15 | 2 |
| 16 | 4 |
| 17 | 3 |
| 18 | 2 |
| 19 | 1 |
| 20 | 3 |
| 21 | 2 |
| 22 | 2 |
| 23 | 3 |
| 24 | 3 |
| 25 | 1 |
| 26 | 1 |
| 27 | 2 |
| 28 | 2 |
| 29 | 1 |
| 30 | 3 |
| 31 | 2 |
| 32 | 1 |
| 33 | 1 |
| 34 | 1 |
| 35 | 2 |
| 36 | 2 |
| 37 | 1 |
| 38 | 3 |
| 39 | 4 |
| 40 | 3 |

| Q.No. | Answer |
|-------|--------|
| 41 | 2 |
| 42 | 3 |
| 43 | 4 |
| 44 | 3 |
| 45 | 1 |
| 46 | 4 |
| 47 | 3 |
| 48 | 2 |
| 49 | 1 |
| 50 | 2 |
| 51 | 4 |
| 52 | 3 |
| 53 | 1 |
| 54 | 2 |
| 55 | 4 |
| 56 | 3 |
| 57 | 4 |
| 58 | 1 |
| 59 | 3 |
| 60 | 2 |
| 61 | 4 |
| 62 | 2 |
| 63 | 2 |
| 64 | 3 |
| 65 | 1 |
| 66 | 2 |
| 67 | 3 |
| 68 | 1 |
| 69 | 3 |
| 70 | 4 |
| 71 | 2 |
| 72 | 2 |
| 73 | 3 |
| 74 | 2 |
| 75 | 3 |
| 76 | 2 |
| 77 | 3 |
| 78 | 4 |
| 79 | 1 |
| 80 | 2 |

| Q.No. | Answer |
|-------|--------|
| 81 | 3 |
| 82 | 4 |
| 83 | 4 |
| 84 | 1 |
| 85 | 2 |
| 86 | 2 |
| 87 | 1 |
| 88 | 2 |
| 89 | 3 |
| 90 | 3 |
| 91 | 3 |
| 92 | 4 |
| 93 | 4 |
| 94 | 4 |
| 95 | 4 |
| 96 | 1 |
| 97 | 4 |
| 98 | 2 |
| 99 | 2 |
| 100 | 2 |
| 101 | 4 |
| 102 | 1 |
| 103 | 1 |
| 104 | 1 |
| 105 | 1 |
| 106 | 3 |
| 107 | 1 |
| 108 | 3 |
| 109 | 2 |
| 110 | 1 |
| 111 | 2 |
| 112 | 3 |
| 113 | 1 |
| 114 | 2 |
| 115 | 1 |
| 116 | 3 |
| 117 | 3 |
| 118 | 3 |
| 119 | 3 |
| 120 | 3 |

| Q.No. | Answer |
|-------|--------|
| 121 | 3 |
| 122 | 4 |
| 123 | 3 |
| 124 | 4 |
| 125 | 1 |
| 126 | 1 |
| 127 | 3 |
| 128 | 3 |
| 129 | 4 |
| 130 | 2 |
| 131 | 3 |
| 132 | 2 |
| 133 | 4 |
| 134 | 1 |
| 135 | 1 |
| 136 | 1 |
| 137 | 4 |
| 138 | 3 |
| 139 | 1 |
| 140 | 1 |
| 141 | 2 |
| 142 | 1 |
| 143 | 4 |
| 144 | 2 |
| 145 | 3 |
| 146 | 4 |
| 147 | 4 |
| 148 | 3 |
| 149 | 3 |
| 150 | 3 |
| 151 | 2 |
| 152 | 3 |
| 153 | 2 |
| 154 | 2 |
| 155 | 4 |
| 156 | 2 |
| 157 | 3 |
| 158 | 1 |
| 159 | 2 |
| 160 | 4 |