ID/555

2012

SUBJECT



Paper - II

Time: 150 Minutes

Max. Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS

- Please check the Test Booklet and ensure that it contains all the questions. If you find any defect in the Test Booklet or Answer Sheet, please get it replaced immediately.
- 2. The Test Booklet contains 150 questions. Each question carries two marks.
- 3. The Test Booklet is printed in four (4) Series, viz. ABCD. The Series, A or B or C or D is printed on the right-hand corner of the cover page of the Test Booklet. Mark your Test Booklet Series A or B or C or D in Part C on side 1 of the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle with Blue/Black Ball point pen.

Example to fill up the Booklet Series

If your Test Booklet Series is A, please fill as shown below:



If you have not marked the Test Booklet Series at Part C of side 1 of the Answer Sheet or marked in a way that it leads to discrepancy in determining the exact Test Booklet Series, then, in all such cases, your Answer Sheet will be invalidated without any further notice. No correspondence will be entertained in the matter.

- 4. Each question is followed by 4 answer choices. Of these, you have to select one correct answer and mark it on the Answer Sheet by darkening the appropriate circle for the question. If more than one circle is darkened, the answer will not be valued at all. Use Blue/Black Ball point pen to make heavy black marks to fill the circle completely Make no other stray marks.
 - e.g.: If the answer for Question No 1 is Answer choice (2), it should be marked as follows:



[C]

5. Mark Paper Code and Roll No. as given in the Hall Ticket with Blue/Black Ball point pen by darkening appropriate circles in Part A of side 1 of the Answer Sheet. Incorrect/not encoding will lead to invalidation of your Answer Sheet.

Example: If the Paper Code is 027, and Roll No. is 95640376 fill as shown below:

Roll No.							
9	5	6	4	0	3	7	6
○□○□○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○回○	○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○	©¬@345 •	© → 2 3 • 5 6 7 ·	●1234567	0124567	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	© - 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
⊚ ●	8) (9)	8 9	(8) (9)	(8) (9)	8 9	(8) (9)	(8) (9)

- 6. Please get the signature of the Invigilator affixed in the space provided in the Answer Sheet. An Answer Sheet without the signature of the Invigilator is liable for *invalidation*.
- 7. The candidate should not do rough work or write any irrelevant matter in the Answer Sheet. Doing so will lead to *invalidation*.
- 8. Do not mark answer choices on the Test Booklet. Violation of this will be viewed seriously.
- 9. Before leaving the examination hall, the candidate should hand over the original OMR Answer Sheet (top sheet) to the Invigilator and carry the bottom sheet (duplicate) for his/her record, failing which disciplinary action will be taken.
- 10. Use of whitener is prohibited. If used, the answer sheet is liable for invalidation.

(4) Diclofenac

ID/S	555	(3)	<u>[C</u>
1.	Penicillinase resistant penicillin	4.	What are the sources of contamination include all except?
	(1) Benzyl penicillin		(1) The breath
	(2) Cloxacillin		(2) The hands
	(3) Amoxycillin	Windstein and the state of the	(3) Atmosphere(4) Fumigants
	(4) Ampicillin		
		5.	Anti-emetic
			(1) Metoclopramide
2.	Gloves are sterilized by		(2) Ethionamide
	(1) Ethylene oxide		(3) Ranitidine
	,, ,		(4) Apomorphine
	(2) Hot air oven method		
	(3) Dry heat	6.	Drug useful in hepatic amoebiasis
	(o) Dig Mode		(1) Chloroquine
	(4) Radiant heat		(2) Tetracycline
	•		(3) Mebendazole
3.	Analgesic from opium poppy		(4) Pyrantel pamoate
	(1) Diazepam	7.	Effect of injecting hypotonic saline intravenously
	(2) Morphine ·		(1) Damage to venous walls
	(3) Aspirin		(2) Raise in the blood pressure(3) Hemolysis

(4) Diuresis

shake well

water

(4)

<u>니</u>		\	'7		
3.	'R' in	R' in a prescription means			ervative useful in eye drops
	(1)	Repeat		(1)	Mercuric chloride
	(2)	Rectify			
	(3)	Take		(2)	Chlorine water
	(4)	Supply		(3)	Bromine water
9.		ention of illicit traffic in narcotic psychotropic drugs act was enacted		(4)	Phenyl mercuric nitrate
	(1)	1986	13.	Dru	g useful in petitmal epilepsy
	(2)	1987		(1)	Phenytoin sodium
	(3)	1988			
	(4)	1989 ,		(2)	Ethosuximide
10.	Cipi	ofloxacin is drug of choice in		(3)	Carbamazepine
	(1)	Tonisilitis		(4)	Phenobarbitone
	(2)	Urinary tract infections			
	(3)	Fungal infections	14.	Naı	cotic drugs and psychotropic drugs
	(4)	Scabies		act,	, 1985, came into effect on
11.	'AC	' means in a prescription		(1)	1.1.1985
	(1)	before rising		(2)	14.11.1985
	(2)	before food		(3)	26.1.1986

(4) 14.11.1986

東西の一方をはいれば、明さいとなる

- 15. U.S.P. stands for
 - (1) United States Pharmacopoiea
 - (2) United Nations Pharmacopoiea
 - (3) Unsaturated Solutions and Powders
 - (4) United States National Formulary
- 16. Fluoro quinolones include all except
 - (1) Ofloxacin
 - (2) Sparfloxacin
 - (3) Pefloxacin
 - (4) Cloxacillin
- 17. What is 'SS' in a prescription?
 - (1) solution saturated
 - (2) syrupy solution
 - (3) one hale
 - (4) when needed
- 18. Calcium channel blocker useful in angina
 - (1) Atewolol
 - (2) Aspirin
 - (3) Nifedipine
 - (4) Nitroglycerine

- 19. Proton pump inhibitor
 - (1) Sucralfate
 - (2) Milk of magnesia
 - (3) Ranitidine
 - (4) Omeprazole
- 20. Broad spectrum antibiotic
 - (1) Ampicillin
 - (2) Cefazolin
 - (3) Doxycycline
 - (4) Clarithromycin
- 21. In a prescription 'signature' means
 - (1) Doctor's initials
 - (2) Patient's initials
 - (3) Instructions to the patient
 - (4) Pharmacist's initials
- 22. What is the meaning of 'pru' in a prescription?
 - (1) per rectum normally
 - (2) when needed
 - (3) per oral normally
 - (4) post lunch

- 23. Semi-synthetic drug
 - (1) Penicillin-G
 - (2) Ampicillin-N
 - (3) Rifamycin-B
 - (4) Streptomycin
- 24. Cardiac glycoside
 - (1) Enalapril
 - (2) Hydralazine
 - (3) Digoxin
 - (4) Hydrochlorothiazide
- 25. Antineoplastic drug
 - (1) Methotrexate
 - (2) Piperazine citrate
 - (3) Amantadine
 - (4) Co-Trimoxazole
- **26.** Therapeutic use of hypertonic solution injection
 - (1) Hypovolemic shock
 - (2) For lysing the RBC
 - (3) To cause damage to vein an occlusion
 - (4) For dissolving powers for injection

- 27. Digitalis is useful in
 - (1) Hypertension
 - (2) Angina
 - (3) Hypotension
 - (4) Congestive heart failure
- 28. One teaspoonful is equal to
 - (1) 30 ml
 - (2) 15 ml
 - (3) 10 ml
 - (4) 5 ml
- 29. In a prescription 'signa' means
 - (1) signatures
 - (2) signs and symptoms
 - (3) single items
 - (4) label
- 30. Retroviral infection
 - (1) Small pox
 - 2) Influenza
 - (3) HIV
 - (4) Cytomegalovirus

D/5	55	
31.	Facil	itated diffusion of glucose takes
	place	e in all sites except
	(1)	skeletal muscle
	(2)	adipose tissue
	(3)	insulin dependant tissues
	(4)	renal tubules
32.	Trar	nsmitter in sympathetic system
	(1)	acetylcholine

- nor-adrenaline (2)
- glutamine (3)
- (4)glycine
- Uses of isotonic saline does not include 33.
 - I.V. injection (1)
 - Intra-cutaneous injection (2)
 - Sub-cutaneous injection (3)
 - Injection into varicose veins (4)

- Reflex arc functions at the level of 34.
 - cerebellum (1)
 - cerebral hemispheres (2)
 - medulla (3)
 - spinal cord. (4)
- Increased frequency of defecation and water content in stools is called
 - Constipation
 - Diarrhea (2)
 - Steatorrhea (3)
 - Malena (4)
- Hypothalamic function includes 36. except
 - regulation of posterior pituitary (1)
 - regulation of anterior pituitary (2)
 - control of reproduction (3)
 - control of respiration (4)

C			(8)		15/000
37.	Pulmonary tuberculosis spreads by			Wha	t is myocardial infarction?
	(1)	insect vectors		(1)	Pain due to ischemic death of myocardium
	(2)	indirect contact		(2)	Pain decreased heart rate
	(3)	droplet infection		(3)	Pain to due increased blood
	(4)	direct contact			pressure
				(4)	Pain to due heart failure
38.	Whi	ch vessel is highly muscular?			
	(3)	m	41.	Ant	ibodies are
	(1)	capillary		(1)	immunogens
	(2)	vein		(2)	haptens
	(3)	lymphcapillary		(3)	immuno globulins
	(4)	artery		(4)	allergens
39.	Ant	idiarrheal agents include all except	42.	, Res	spiratory center is present in
	(1)	Kaolin		(1)	Cerebral hemisphere
	(2)	Pectin		(2)	Hypothalamus
	(3)	Diphenoxylate		(3)	Pons

Magnesium sulfate

Medulla

(4)

				<u>(o</u>				
43.		ler aerobic conditions pyruvic acid is abolized to CO ₂ and H ₂ O through	46.	Bacteriostatic agent				
	(1)) Embden Meyer's pathway		(1)	Ceftriaxone			
				(2)	Gentamicin			
	(2)	Citric acid cycle		(3)	Cotrimoxazole			
	(3)	Lactic acid pathway		(4)	Chloramphenicol			
	(4)	H.M.P. Shunt						
			47.	In	a prescription super scription			
44.	Acti	on of vagus on heart		includes				
	(1)	Mark		(1)	Active ingredient			
	(1)	l) Tachycardia		(2) Prescribers particulars				
	(2)	Bradycardia		(3)	Instructions to the patient			
	(3)	Increased force		(4)	Warning			
	(4)	Increased A – V conduction						
			48.	Publ	lication of British Medical			
45	n			Association and pharmaceutic society for				
45.	Dru	Drug useful tape infestation		prescribers and pharmacists in National				
	(1)	Penicillin		Health Services				
	(1)	·		(1)	British pharmacopoiea			
	(2)	Niclosamide		(2)	British pharmacopoiea codex			
	(3)	Metronidazole		(3)	British National Formulary			

British therapeutic index

Tetrachloro ethylene

C		
49.	NSA	ID
	(1)	Aspirin
	(2)	Diazepam
	(3)	Chloroquin
	(4)	Morphine

- Vaccine that can afford protection 50. against tuberculosis and leprosy
 - Salk's vaccine (1)
 - B.C.G. vaccine (2)
 - Sabin's vaccine (3)
 - Tuberculin (4)
- What type of solution is normal saline? 51.
 - Hypertonic (1)
 - (2)Isotonic
 - (3)Paratonic
 - Hypotonic (4)

- Oral vaccine **52.**
 - Hepatitis-A (1)
 - Hepatitis-B (2)
 - Salk's vaccine (3)
 - Sabin's vaccine (4)
- spectrum narrow Example for а 53. antibiotic
 - Doxy cycline (1)
 - Mino cycline (2)
 - Methacycline (3)
 - Benzyl penicillin (4)
- What is co-trimoxazole? 54.
 - Penicillin + Sulfadimidine (1)
 - Sulfadoxine + Pyrimethamine (2)
 - Sulfamethoxazole + Trimethoprim (3)
 - Triple sulfa (4)

55.	Wha	t is a Tabella in prescription?	58.	Example for passive immunity				
	(1)	Table spoon		(1)	antitetanic serum			
	(2)	Tablet		(2)	tetanus toxoid			
				(3)	polio vaccine			
	(3)	Table salt		(4)	hepatitis vaccine			
	(4)	Transdermal patch						
			59.	Sali	ne purgative			
56.	Oxy:	ntic cells of gastric mucosa secrete		(1)	Isapgol			
	(1)	Pepsin		(2)	Phenolphthalein			
	(2)	HCL		(3)	Castor oil			
	(3)	Gastrin		(4)	Magnesium sulfate			
	(4)	Amylase						
			60.	Wh	at is a liniment?			
57.	Ent	eric nervous system controls the		(1)	Liquid medicament applied with			
	follo	owing function of G.I.T.			friction on the affected area			
	(1)	Hunger		(2)	Liquid medicament applied as a			
	(2)	Nausea and Vomiting			paint			
				(3)	Liquid medicament as enema			
	(3)	Secretion and Motility		(4)	Liquid medicament given orally			
	(4)	Appetite suppression		,	-			

61.	'Ung	uentum' means	65.	Antil	nypertensive agent
	(1)	cream		(1)	Amphetamine -
	(2)	lotion		(2)	Adrenaline
	(3)	ointment			
	(4)	plaster		(3)	Salbutamol
62.	Wha	t is rectified spirit?		(4)	Propranolol
	(1)	75% ethanol			
	(2)	100% ethanol	66.	One	kilo gram is equal to
	(3)	90% ethanol		(1)	2.2 pounds
	(4)	50% ethanol			
				(2)	3.0 pounds
63.	In a	prescription 'vespere' means		(3)	3.3 pounds
	(1)	Talk in whisper		(0)	0.0 p
	(2)	Russel's viper		(4)	4 pounds
	(3)	In the evening			
	(4)	At the morning			
			67.	Wh	at is strophanthus?
64.		except		(1)	Diuretic
	(1)	Dilatation of the pupil		(2)	Antianemic
	(2)	Constriction of the pupil			
	(3)	Conversion of glycogen to glucose		(3)	Cardiac glycoside

Production of sweat

(4) Antianginal

- **68.** Drugs classified under narcotic drugs and psychotropic agents include all except
 - (1) Ephedrine
 - (2) Cocaine
 - (3) Heroin
 - (4) Hashish
- 69. Dapsone is useful in
 - (1) Tuberculosis
 - (2) Leprosy
 - (3) Malabsorption syndrome
 - (4) AIDS
- **70.** Vehicles in ophthalmic drops include all except
 - (1) ethanol
 - (2) isotonic phosphate
 - (3) special boric acid
 - (4) boric acid

- 71. Zidovudine is used in chemotherapy of
 - (1) Acute immuno deficiency syndrome
 - (2) Small pox
 - (3) Influenzal pneumonia
 - (4) Bronchogenic carcinoma
- 72. In what disease heart fails as a pump?
 - (1) Angina pectoris
 - (2) Hepatic coma
 - (3) Congestive cardiac failure
 - (4) Nephrotic syndrome
- 73. In a prescription 'OID' means
 - (1) one fourth
 - (2) one quart
 - (3) once in four days
 - (4) four times a day
- 74. Catgut is sterilized by
 - (1) Dry heat method
 - (2) Autoclavin
 - (3) Ionizing radiation
 - (4) Chemical method

- 75. Example for Type I hyper sensitivity reaction
 - (1) Complement mediated cell damage
 - (2) IgE mediated reaction
 - (3) Serum sickness
 - (4) Cell mediated immunity reaction
- 76. What is the normal cardiac output?
 - (1) 1 litre/minute
 - (2) 2 litres/minute
 - (3) 4 litres/minute
 - (4) 5 litres/minute
- 77. Enzyme responsible for conversion of glucose to glucose-6-PO₄
 - (1) glycogen synthase
 - (2) G-6-Phosphatase
 - (3) Glucokinase
 - (4) Phosphorylase
- 78. Containers for eye drops should be having all the properties except
 - (1) child proof
 - (2) preserving the stability of contents
 - (3) not adversely affect contents
 - (4) withstand sterilization

- 79. In a prescription what is 'bi terne in die' (b t i d)
 - (1) best taken in day time
 - (2) taken at bed time
 - (3) take tablet with breakfast
 - (4) two or three times a day
 - 80. One of the following is not a Parasympathetic response
 - (1) contracts intestinal smooth muscle
 - (2) increases heart rate
 - (3) decrease heart rate
 - (4) stimulates gastric secretions
 - 81. Anti-anginal agent
 - (1) hydrochlorothiazide
 - (2) reserpine
 - (3) glyceryl trinitrate
 - (4) sodium thiosulphate
 - 82. Method of sterilizing metal instruments
 - (1) Adding antiseptic solution
 - (2) Steam under pressure
 - (3) Hot air oven
 - (4) Radioactive isotopes

- 83. Lysins are antibodies
 - (1) which neutralize toxins
 - (2) cause germs to stick together
 - (3) kills organism by causing them to burst open into fragments
 - (4) combine with antigens on the outer surface of germs
 - 84. In a prescription 'STAT' means
 - (1) straight
 - (2) one half
 - (3) at once
 - (4) single tablet at a time
 - 85. Vasodilator anti-hypertensive
 - (1) sodium nitro prusside
 - (2) propranolol
 - (3) verapamil
 - (4) digokin
 - 86. In a prescription H.S. Hora Somne means
 - (1) evening time
 - (2) after dinner
 - (3) at bed time
 - (4) before and after lunch

- 87. Complement is
 - (1) system of enzymes producing lysis of cells
 - (2) haptens which stimulate immuno reaction
 - (3) globulin conferring immunity
 - (4) vaccine
 - 88. Gastro intestinal hormones include all except
 - (1) Gastrin
 - (2) Chole cystokinin
 - (3) Secretin,
 - (4) Angiotensin
 - 89. Blood pressure is regulated by all except
 - (1) Vasomotor centre
 - (2) Aortic baro receptors
 - (3) Juxtaglomerular cells
 - (4) Loop of henle
 - 90. Normal saline
 - (1) 10% sodium chloride
 - (2) 20% sodium chloride
 - (3) 0.9% sodium chloride
 - (4) 0.1% sodium chloride

C ID/555 (16)Formula to calculate dose proportionate Drugs useful in peptic ulcer all except 91. 95. to surface area of the body Aluminium hydroxide gel (1)surface area of child surface area of adult (1)(2)Magnesium sulfate surface area of child × Adult dose Magnesium trisilicate (3)(2)**(4)** Magnesium hydroxide surface area of child surface area of adult ×100 Adult dose (3) $surface\ area\ of\ adult\\ \times\ Adult\ dose$ In a prescription gid means (4)age of child (1) Four times a day (2)Quantity sufficient 1 gram is equal to how many grains? (3) One fourth ounce (1)60 (2)15 (4)Every other day 30 (3)10 (4)In a prescription 'post cibum' means (1) Before food Pharmaceuticals may be contaminated by all except After food (2)dust (1)(3)As directed (2)free organisms Occasionally (4) (3)poisonous gases (4)droplets microbial Material tested for contamination include all except International pharmacopoeia 98. is published by (1)Catgut

UNCTAD

UNESCO

UNICET

WHO

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Human blood and blood products

(2)

(3)

(4)

Phenol

Eye drops

- 99. Tablespoon is equal to
 - (1) 5 ml
 - (2) 10 ml
 - (3) 15 ml
 - (4) 30 ml
- 100. One quart is equal to
 - (1) 250 ml
 - (2) 500 ml
 - (3) 750 ml
 - (4) 1000 ml
- 101. As per narcotic drugs act, 'controlled substance' means
 - (1) drug banned by states
 - (2) drug notified in the central government gazette
 - (3) drug dispensed by registered medical practioner's order
 - (4) drug included in controlled price list

- 102. What is blood brain barrier?
 - (1) capillaries of the brain
 - (2) fourth ventricles
 - (3) third ventricle
 - (4) first ventricle
- 103. Broad spectrum anthelmentic
 - (1) piperazine citrate
 - (2) albendazole
 - (3) niclosamide
 - (4) tetrachloro ethylene
- 104. 'BID' in a prescription means
 - (1) Twice a day
 - (2) Thrice a day
 - (3) Two spoons
 - (4) Two tablets

- 105. Drug obtained by recombinant DNA technology
 - (1) tetanus toxoid
 - (2) penicillin
 - (3) human insulin
 - (4) zidovudine
- **106.** Why thickening agents are used in eye drops?
 - (1) Promote tears
 - (2) Wash and clean eyes
 - (3) Prolong contact with the eye
 - (4) Lubricating the contact lens
- 107. Macrolide antibiotic
 - (1) Clarithromycin
 - (2) Streptomycin
 - (3) Ciprofloxacin
 - (4) Chloramphenicol
- 108. Centrally acting muscle relaxant
 - (1) Halothane
 - (2) 2-Tubocurarine
 - (3) Mephenesin
 - (4) Succinyl choline

- 109. Young's formula for calculating child dose
 - (1) Age in years ÷ 20 × Adult dose
 - (2) Age (Years) ÷ Age + 12 × Adult dose
 - (3) Age in years $\div \frac{1}{2} \times \text{Adult dose}$
 - (4) Age in years \div Age + 12 \times $\frac{1}{2}$ \times Adult dose
- 110. Drug obtained from animal source
 - (1) Dicoumarol
 - (2) Heparin
 - (3) Insulin-human
 - (4) Cocaine
- 111. Bactericidal agent
 - (1) Sulfadoxin
 - (2) Ceftriaxone
 - (3) Tetracycline
 - (4) Chloramphenicol
- 112. Malaria is caused by
 - (1) Plasmodium vivax
 - (2) Entamoeba histolytica
 - (3) Wuchureria bancrofti
 - (4) Necator americana

113. Synthetic drug

- (1) Atropine
- (2) Aspirin
- (3) Iodine
- (4) Magnesium sulphate

114. What is the abbreviation to denote 'after food' in a prescription?

- (1) P.C.
- (2) P.F.
- (3) Prn.
- (4) P.R.
- 115. The number of parts by weight of the medicament that displaces one part by weight of the base
 - (1) Calibration
 - (2) Displacement value
 - (3) Paratonicity
 - (4) Isotonicity

116. Blankets can be sterilized by

- (1) Dry heat method
- (2) Ethylene oxide treatment
- (3) Autoclaving
- (4) Ionizing radiation

117. Antifungal agent

- (1) Griseofulvin
- (2) Silver sulfadiazine
- (3) Ribavirin
- (4) Neosporin

118. Book of reference published by the British pharmacological society on drugs and pharmaceutical substances

- (1) British National Formulary
- (2) British Pharmaceutical Codex
- (3) British Pharmacopoeia
- (4) British Therapeutic Index

119. Systemic antacid

- (1) Aluminium hydroxide gel
- (2) Magnesium sulfate
- (3) Sodium bicarbonate
- (4) Magnesium hydroxide gel

120. Spread of chicken pox is by

- (1) Droplet infection
- (2) Body fluids
- (3) Contaminated foods
- (4) Direct contact

121.	Drug	obtained	from	nlant	source
141.	אועגע	ubtained	ITOIL	prant	Somre

- (1) Reserpine
- (2) Penicillin
- (3) Ethanol
- (4) Sulfamethoxazole

122. Ulcer healing agent useful in peptic ulcer treatment

- (1) Omeprazole
- (2) Aluminium hydroxide
- (3) Ranitidine
- (4) Sucralfate

123. Site of action for anti emetics

- (1) Basal ganglia
- (2) Spinal chord
- (3) Chemorecptor trigger zone
- (4) Cerebral hemispheres

124. In a prescription-D5W-means

- (1) Distilled water 5 ml
- (2) Daily-5-times
- (3) 5 drops of water
- (4) Dextrose 5% in water

125. Example for incompatibility due to chemical reaction

- (1) Potassium iode + Emetine
 - (2) NaCl + KCl
 - (3) Atropine + Acetylcholine
 - (4) Resinous tincture + Water

126. In a prescription '-gtt'- indicates

- (1) Syrup
- (2) Tablet
- (3) Drops
- (4) Creams

127. Why sodium thiosulfate is added to eye drops?

- (1) As stabilizing agent
- (2) As reducing agent
- (3) As buffering agent
- (4) As vehicle

128. What is liquor in prescription order?

- (1) Ethyl alcohol
- (2) Solution
- (3) Mixture
- (4) Syrup

The state of the s

- 129. What is-ter in die-in prescription?
 - (1) once in three days
 - (2) three tablets at a time
 - (3) three times a day
 - (4) two or three times a day
- 130. Ophthalmic products include ill except
 - (1) solution for instilling into the conjunctival sac
 - (2) solution for lubricating contact lens
 - (3) solution for bathing theeye
 - (4) night blindness prevening drugs
- 131. For calculating child doe-drilling's formula is
 - $(1) \quad \frac{\text{Age}}{\text{Age} + 12} \times \text{Adult Dose}$
 - (2) $\frac{\text{Age}}{\text{Age} + 20} \times \text{Adu}^{\text{t}} \text{ dose}$
 - (3) $\frac{\text{Age}}{20} \times \text{Adultiose}$
 - (4) $\frac{25}{100} \times \text{Adv}^{\text{dose}}$
- 132. In a presiption-sexies die (sex.d.).
 - (1) sixmes a day
 - to males only نو (2)
 - (3) ve to females only
 - (4) can be given to males or females

- 133. British pharmacopoeia
 - (1) is a book of standards
 - (2) gives list of drugs used in the country
 - (3) enumerates pharmaceutical companies
 - (4) is a therapeutic index
- 134. What is a sedative?
 - (1) Produces sleep
 - (2) Produces hypnotic effect
 - (3) Relieves convulsions
 - (4) Produces calming effect
- 135. Zinc-oxide bandage is
 - (1) Adhesive bandage
 - (2) Impregnated bandage
 - (3) Elastic bandage
 - (4) Non elastic bandage

Contraction of

- 136. In a prescription order inscription denotes
 - (1) Guidelines to the patient
 - (2) Guidelines to the pharmacist
 - (3) Address of patient
 - (4) Address of prescriber
- 137. Example for physical incompatibility
 - (1) Alkali + Acid
 - (2) Alkaloid + Acid
 - (3) Magnesium hydroxide + acid
 - (4) Castor oil + water
- 138. 'qs' in a prescription means
 - (1) every hour
 - (2) sufficient quantity
 - (3) every time
 - (4) every day

- 139. In a prescription what is the abbreviation for every day
 - (1) qid
 - (2) qod
 - (3) q \dot{c}
 - (4) q
- 140. What is the meaning of -ou- in a prescription?
 - (1) ore unit
 - (2) one a day
 - (3) orlly
 - (4) bch eyes
- 141. What i 'sos' in a prescription order?
 - (1) i:needel
 - (2) sibcutanqus
 - (3) without
 - (4) at once
- 142. Sterilizing the eye has are done by following methods exce
 - (1) heating in an autove
 - (2) filtration
 - (3) adding an antiseptic
 - (4) maintaining at 98°C for innutes

ID/555 143. Non disposable glass apparatus can be sterilized by the following methods except boiling in water for 30 mts. (1) hot air oven (2) infrared convertor oven (3)

forced convection gas oven

144. Anti-anxiety agent

(4)

- imipramine (1)
- chlorpromazine (2)
- (3) thiopentone
- (4) diazepam

145. What is ranitidine?

- H-2-Receptor antagonist
- H-1-Receptor blocker (2)
- H-3-Receptor antagonist (3)
- H-4-Receptor antagonist (4)

146. Opioid derivative used in cough syrup

- Pentazocine (1)
- (2)Diphenoxylate
- (3)Noscapine
- Buprenorphine (4)

147. How many drops constitute 1 ml?

- (1) 5
- 10 (2)
- 15 (3)
- 20 (4)

148. Ounce by volume is equal to

- 30 ml (1)
- (2)60 ml
- 90 ml (3)
- (4)15 ml

149. Preservative used in eye drops include all except

- Benzalkonium (1)
- (2)Orthotoluene
- Chlorocresol (3)
- Thiomersal (4)

150. Example for osmotic purgative

- Magnesium sulfate (1)
- (2)Liquid paraffin
- Phenolphthalein (3)
- Castor oil (4)