IBPS Clerk Prelims 2019

PDF of 100 Most Expected Questions

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

1. 469.995 99.92 + 389.89 + 498.05 – 137.88 × 0.98 = ?
A. 49540   B. 46530
C. 35640   D. 47750
E. 46650

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

2. (254.87 × 12 × 9.99) ÷ 49.99 = 55.986 + (23.99)^2 + ? - 32.48
A. 15   B. 12
C. 20   D. 40
E. 35

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

3. 489.97 ÷ 6.99 + 30.08 × 34.76 – 29.99% of 749.74 = ?% of 50
A. 1560   B. 1880
C. 1650   D. 1790
E. 1590

Direction: What **approximate** value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value)

4. [-25.1 × 21.2 × (-11.95)] ÷ ? = 158.13
A. 40   B. 15
C. 18   D. 250
E. 300

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value)

5. 41.8% of 950 ÷ 18.9 = 15 + ?
A. 6   B. 9
C. 4   D. 2
E. 8

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

6. 379.95 % of 2560 – 129. 66 × 49.99 + (24.65)^2 – (14.89)^2 = ?
A. 3675   B. 3245
C. 3628   D. 3456
E. 3765

Direction: What approximate value should come in place of the question marks (?) in the following questions? (Note: you are not expected to calculate the exact value.)

7. 4% of 599.78 × 19.1919 ÷ (2.987 +1.004) =?
A. 111   B. 121
C. 114   D. 118
E. 124

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

8. 52001÷60×29=?×41
A. 515   B. 725
C. 750   D. 825
E. 650

Direction: What approximate value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question? (You are not expected to calculate the exact value.

9. √5378×√3330÷√360=?
A. 425   B. 325
C. 525   D. 225
E. 650

Direction: What approximate value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question (Note: You are not expected to calculate the exact value)?

10. 8537.986 – 2416.005 – 221.996 = ?
A. 6500   B. 5900
C. 4300   D. 3900
E. 5050

Direction: What value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

11. $321 \times 16 \div 8 + 34 = (?)^2$

A. $\sqrt{26}$ B. $(26)^2$

C. $(676)^2$ D. 676

E. None of these

Direction: What value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

12. $15 \times 18 - 4 + 6 - ? = 20 \div 4 + 26$

A. 212   B. 241

C. 157   D. 311

E. 273

Direction: What value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

13. $567 - 4824 \div 134 = ? \times 9$

A. 33   B. 59

C. 37   D. 57

E. None of these

Direction: What value should come in place of question mark (?) in the following question?

14. 35% of $180 - \sqrt{49} = ?$

A. 62   B. 55

C. 58   D. 67

E. None of these

Direction: What value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

15. $6824 + 7864 = ? \times 40$

A. 376.4   B. 359.2

C. 363.4   D. 367.2

E. None of these

Direction: What should come in place of the question marks (?) in the following questions?

16. $25\% \text{ of } (8 \times ?) - \sqrt{676} = 214$

A. 450   B. 35

C. 120   D. 42

E. 38

Direction: What value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

17. $(600 \div 24 \times 25 + 25^2 + 125\% \text{ of } 280) = ?^2$

A. 25   B. 30

C. 35   D. 40

E. 45

Direction: What value will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

18. $\dfrac{(156 \times 185)}{37 \times 39} = ?$

A. 36   B. 133

C. 20   D. 80

E. None of these

**Direction:** What should come in place of the question marks (?) in the following questions?

19. $\left(\left(\dfrac{144}{3}\right) - 23\right)^2 = ? - 7$

A. 860   B. 960

C. 840   D. 780

E. 632

Direction: What value should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following question?

20. $3567.43 + 2788.17 - ? = 1379.56$

A. 477.01   B. 4976.04

C. 4769.04   D. 477

E. None of these

Direction (21 – 25): Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The pie chart below shows the percentage distribution of literate population in five different villages

Note 1: Total literate population in all the five villages combined = 4800

Note 2: Total population of any village = literate population + illiterate population

Percentage distribution of literate population

Village A 15%
Village B 18%
Village C 12%
Village D 25%
Village E 30%
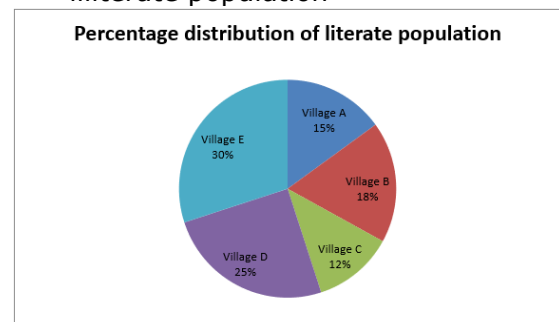
21. Find the ratio of literate population in village A to the literate population in village D

A. 5: 6   B. 3: 5
C. 2: 3   D. 4: 5
E. None of these

22. The literate population of village B is what percentage of the literate population of village E?
A. 33.33%   B. 66.67%
C. 60%   D. 75%
E. None of these

23. If the illiterate population in village C is 784 more than the literate population in village C, then find the total population in village C.
A. 1240   B. 1420
C. 1936   D. 1488
E. None of these

24. Find the difference between the literate population in village B and village C.
A. 288   B. 324
C. 412   D. 256
E. None of these

25. Find the average of literate population in village A, village B and village C.
A. 640   B. 720
C. 750   D. 800
E. None of these

Direction (26 – 30) : The table given below represents number of bikes of five different brands sold from 2001- 2005, with the help of data given in the table, answer the following questions.

Brand/Year	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005
Honda	5000	5800	5600	5920	6000
Suzuki	8500	8800	8700	8640	8800
Yamaha	6300	6400	6700	6900	7000
TVS	8810	8820	8540	8490	8500
Bajaj	5500	5700	5910	5630	6000

26. In how many years the increase of selling is greater than 10% for any brand?
A. 2   B. 3
C. 1   D. 4
E. None of these

27. The sales of Yamaha increased from 2001 to 2005 by what percentage?
A. 11.11%   B. 12%
C. 13.33%   D. 10.6%6
E. None of these

28. The average sale of Bajaj from 2001 to 2005 is what percentage of total sales of Suzuki from 2001-2005?
A. 12.22%   B. 15.23%
C. 14%   D. 13.23%
E. None of these

29. What is the ratio of average sales of TVS in year 2002 and 2005 to the average sales of Honda in year 2001 and 2004?
A. 111:142   B. 441:173
C. 273:433   D. 433: 273
E. None of these

30. If sales of Suzuki in the year 2006 is increased by 5% and sales of Yamaha decreased by 5%, then what is the difference of averages of sales of Suzuki in year 2001 and 2006 and average sales of Yamaha in 2002 and 2006?
A. 2330   B. 2345
C. 1170   D. 2000
E. None of these

31. Sugar is now being sold at Rs 33 per kg. During last month its cost was Rs 30. Find how much percent a family reduces its consumption, so as to keep the expenditure fixed.
A. 14.25   B. 13.45
C. 9.09   D. 15.85
E. 7.15

32. Wages of Khushboo and Meghna are in the ratio 2:3. If the wages of each is increased by Rs. 4000 & Rs. 3000 Respectively. The new ratio becomes 40 : 57. Find the new difference in wage s between Khushboo and Meghna.
A. Rs. 18000   B. Rs. 17000
C. Rs. 19000   D. Rs. 34000
E. None of these

33. A 240 metre long train crosses a platform twice its length in 2 minutes. What is the speed of the train?
A. 8 m/s   B. 4 m/s
C. 6 m/s
D. Cannot be determined
E. None of these

34. 5 women and 2 boys working together can do four times as much work as a woman and a boy. Working capacity of a woman and boy is in the ratio?

A. 3:2 B. 3:1
C. 2:1 D. 1:1
E. None of these

35. In the year 2017, the cost price of an item was 75% of the selling price while in 2018, the cost price was 90% of the selling price. If the gross profit remains the same for both the years, what is the percentage increase in the cost price of the item from 2017 to 2018?
A. 100% B. 150%
C. 200%
D. Can't be determined
E. None of these

Direction (36 – 40) : Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the questions given below:
M I & R S 2 K 3 # T 6 L E % A F G U $ H * 5 9 J 4 D W 7 @ Q ! © N B

36. If all the symbols are dropped from the arrangement, which of the following will be twelfth from the left end?
A. F B. G
C. E D. D
E. None of these

37. What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following series based on the above arrangement?
&SK TL% G$* ?
A. JD7 B. JW@
C. JDW D. 94W
E. None of these

38. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and o form a group. Which of the following does not belong to the group?
A. GFU B. J94
C. R&S D. T6#
E. 7W@

39. Which of the following is eight to the right of the nineteenth from the right end of the above arrangement?
A. 4 B. 3
C. J D. 9
E. None of these

40. How many such consonants are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a consonant and immediately followed by a number?
A. None B. One
C. Two D. Three
E. More than three

Direction (41 – 45) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow them.
There are six roads A, B, C, D, E and F which go through six different cities – Chandigarh, Jammu, Kolkata, Delhi, Lucknow and Aligarh, but not necessarily in the same order. C and E go through the cities of the same states. D goes through Jammu. A does not go through Kolkata or Chandigarh. Similarly, B and E don't go through Kolkata and Lucknow. Lucknow and Aligarh are cities of the Uttar Pradesh while other are in different states.

41. C road goes through which of the following cities?
A. Aligarh B. Chandigarh
C. Lucknow
D. Either Aligarh or Lucknow
E. None of these

42. Which of the road goes through Delhi?
A. A B. B
C. C D. D
E. E

43. F road goes through which of the following cities?
A. Jammu B. Kolkata
C. Delhi D. Chandigarh
E. None of these

44. Which of the following statements /information is true?
A. B - Chandigarh
B. D- Luckonw
C. A - Kolkata
D. C - Jammu
E. None of These

45. Jammu is connected to which of the following roads?
A. A B. B
C. C D. D
E. E

Direction (46 – 50) : Read the following information and then

answer the questions below:
A, B, C, D, E and F live on different floors in the same building having six floors numbered one to six (the ground floor is numbered 1, the floor above it is numbered 2 and so on and the topmost floor is numbered 6). A lives on an odd numbered floor. There are two floors between the floors on which A and F live. C lives immediately above the floor on which E lives. C does not live on an even numbered floor. Only one person lives between C and B.

46. Who among the following lives on the 4th numbered floor?
A. D   B. B
C. F
D. Cannot be determined
E. E

47. How many person lives between E and B?
A. None   B. One
C. Two   D. Three
E. Cannot be determined

48. Who lives immediately above A's floor?
A. B   B. E
C. C   D. D
E. None of these

49. Which of the following pairs of the persons lives on the even numbered floor?
A. E, B   B. F, B
C. A, D   D. D, F
E. D, C

50. Which among the following options is correct regarding person and floor?
A. A, 3rd floor   B. D, 6th floor
C. B, 4th floor   D. E, 5th floor
E. A, 5th floor

51. **Direction:** In these questions, the relationship between two elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Read the statements and given answer.
Statements: V > R = A, P > A, R ≤ S
Conclusions:
I.   A   <   S
II. A = S
A. Only conclusion I follow.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusion I and II follows.

52. **Direction:** In these questions, the relationship between two elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Read the statements and given answer.
Statements: B < Y < W = N = K ≤ S
Conclusions:
I.   S   >   Y
II. B = S
A. Only conclusion I follow.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusion I and II follows.

53. **Direction:** In these questions, the relationship between two elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Read the statements and given answer.
Statements: K > A < N, K = B ≤ S
Conclusions:
I.   S   >   A
II. N > B
A. Only conclusion I follow.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusion I and II follows.

54. **Direction:** In these questions, the relationship between two elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Read the statements and given answer.
Statements: K = B ≥A < S = T ≤ R
Conclusions:
I.   B   =   T
II. R > A
A. Only conclusion I follow.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusion I and II follows.

55. **Direction:** In these questions, the relationship between two elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Read the statements and given answer.
Statements: K = M ≥P, N > R, K > T
Conclusions:
I.   T   =   P
II. R < K
A. Only conclusion I follow.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusion I and II follows.

Direction (56 – 60) : Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.
There are six persons A-F having different cars Audi, WagonR, Jaguar, Amaze, City and Swift facing towards the north but not having the same order.
There is only one person between A and E where A is always to the left of E. Person having City car is second to the right of A. Amaze car is immediate of City car. There are minimum two but nor more than three persons between C and the person having Audi car. There are two persons between the person having Audi car and the person having Jaguar car. The person having Swift car and the person having Jaguar car is an immediate neighbour and WagonR car is to the immediate of Audi car. There are two persons between B and A. The person having Amaze car is to the immediate of E but not of A. Persons F and D are immediate neighbours. There are more than two persons between E and F.

56. Which of the following person is immediate of the person having Amaze car?
A. D   B. A
C. C   D. E
E. None of these

57. How many persons sitting between person having Swift car and E?
A. One   B. Two
C. Three   D. Four
E. None of these

58. If we arrange all the persons in alphabetical order from left to right then how many person positions remains same?
A. Four   B. Three
C. Two   D. One
E. None of these

59. Which car is in between WagonR car and Jaguar car?
A. Audi   B. Amaze
C. Swift   D. City
E. None of these

60. If we interchange position of A to E and position D to B then which of the following person is immediate right of A?
A. E   B. D
C. C   D. B
E. None of these

Direction: In each questions given below, three statements are followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with the commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and decide which conclusion logically follows from the three given statement disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer:

61. **Statements:**
Some books are papers.
No paper is magazine.
All magazines are pens.
Conclusions:
I. No paper is a pen.
II. Some papers are pens.
A. Only conclusion I follows.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusions I and II follow.

Directions : In each questions given below, three statements are followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given

statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with the commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and decide which conclusion logically follows from the three given statement disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer:

62. **Statements:**
I. All mirrors are houses.
II. Some houses are forests.
III. All forests are mountains.
Conclusions:
I. Some mountains are houses.
II. Some mountains are mirrors.
A. Only conclusion I follows.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusions I and II follow.

Direction: In each question given below three statements are followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seems to be at variance from the commonly known facts. Read the conclusions and decide which logically follows from the three given statement disregarding commonly known facts. Give answer

63. **Statements:**
I. Some peacocks are bird.
II. Some birds are hens.
III. Some hens are black.
Conclusions:
I. Some black are peacock.
II. Some black are birds.
A. Only conclusion I follows.
B. Only conclusion II follows.
C. Either conclusion I or II follows.
D. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
E. Both conclusions I and II follow.

Direction: In each question below are three statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the three given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the three statements disregarding commonly known facts.

64. **Statements:**
Some leaves are roots.
Some roots are stems.
All flowers are stems.
Conclusions:
I. No flower is a leaf.
II. Some leaves are stems.
A. If only Conclusion I follows.
B. If only Conclusion II follows.
C. If either Conclusion I or Conclusion II follows
D. If neither Conclusion I nor Conclusion II follows
E. If both Conclusions I and II follow.

Direction: In each of the questions below are given three statements followed by three conclusions numbered I, II and III. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

65. **Statements:**
Some desks are chairs.
Some chairs are pens.
Some pens are drawers.
Conclusions:
I Some drawers are desks.
II Some drawers are chairs.
III No drawer is chair.
A. None follows
B. Only II follows
C. Only III follows
D. Only either II or III follows
E. Only I and either II or III follow

Direction (66 – 70) : Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.
Eight people P, Q, R, S, T, U, V and W are sitting around a circle facing outward. All of them belong to different cities viz—Mumbai, Kota, Jaipur, Indore, Pune, Goa, Raipur and Kolkata. S is sitting third to the right

of U. The one who belongs to Kota sits on the immediate left of S, who doesn't belong to Mumbai. Q sits fourth to the left of V. Neither Q nor V is an immediate neighbour of S. T belongs to Indore and sits third to the left of the one who belongs to Kota. The one who belongs to Goa sits second to the right of the one who belongs to Indore. The one who belongs to Raipur sits second to the right of S. P belongs to Jaipur and sits exactly between T and V. The one who belongs to Pune sits second to the left of the one who belongs to Jaipur. W sits third to the right of T.

66. Who amongst the following belongs to Mumbai?
    A. U   B. R
    C. W   D. Q
    E. None of these

67. What is P's position with respect to Q?
    A. Third to the left
    B. Second to the left
    C. Second to the right
    D. Third to the right
    E. Fourth to the left

68. Four of the following five pairs are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which of the following doesn't belong to the group?
    A. Indore-Raipur
    B. Kolkata-Goa
    C. Jaipur-Mumbai
    D. Kota-Pune
    E. Goa-Kota

69. How many people are sitting between V and W when counted in an anti-clockwise direction from W?
    A. One   B. Two
    C. Three   D. Four
    E. None

70. Which of the following statements is false according to the above mentioned arrangement?
    A. W sits on the immediate left of the one who belongs to Kolkata.
    B. The one who belongs to Jaipur sits third to the left of the one who belongs to Goa.
    C. The one who belongs to Kota sits

exactly between the one who belongs to Kolkata and the one who belongs to Pune.
    D. R belongs neither to Indore nor to Kolkata.
    E. There are only three people between P and W.

Direction (71 – 75) : Rearrange the following five sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a paragraph; then answer the questions that follow.
(A) Mass communication is the process through which firms interact one-to-one with masses of customers to design products and services tailor made to individual needs.
(B) More powerful computers, detailed databases, robotic production and flexible manufacturing, and interactive communication media such as cell phones and the Internet–all have combined to foster "mass communication".
(C) Today however new technologies are permitting many companies to return to customized marketing.
(D) The tailor custom made the suit, the cobbler designed shoes for the individual, the cabinetmaker made furniture to order.
(E) The widespread use of mass marketing has obscured the fact that for centuries consumers were served as individuals.

71. Which of the following should be the **First** sentence after rearrangement?
    A. A   B. B
    C. D   D. C
    E. E

72. Which of the following should be the **Second** sentence after rearrangement?
    A. A   B. B
    C. C   D. D
    E. E

73. Which of the following should be the **Last** sentence after rearrangement?
    A. A   B. B
    C. C   D. D
    E. E

74. Which of the following should be the **Third** sentence after rearrangement?
    A. A   B. B
    C. C   D. D
    E. E

75. Which of the following should be the **Fourth** sentence after rearrangement?
    A. A   B. B
    C. C   D. D
    E. E

Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence, three alternatives to the bold part are given which may help improve the sentence. Choose the option that reflects the correct use of the phrase in the context of the sentence. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.

76. The **British soldier held to the merciless German soldiers**, but his bunker was soon bombed.
    I. British soldier held the line against the merciless German soldiers
    II. British soldier had held to the merciless German soldiers
    III. British soldier held out against the merciless German soldiers
    A. Only I   B. Only II
    C. Only III   D. Both I and III
    E. No correction required

Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence, three alternatives to the bold part are given which may help improve the sentence. Choose the option that reflects the correct use of the phrase in the context of the sentence. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., "No correction required".

77. After centuries and centuries of evolution, we **had emerged like the most powerful beings** on the planet.
    i. Had emerged as the most powerful beings
    ii. Have emerged as the most powerful beings
    iii. Have emerged like the most powerful beings
    A. Only I   B. Both i and ii
    C. Only iii   D. Only ii
    E. No correction required

Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence, three alternatives to the bold part are given which may help improve the sentence. Choose the option that reflects the correct use of the phrase in the context of the sentence. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., "No correction required".

78. A tax is a mandatory financial charge **requested from a taxpayer** by a governmental organization in order to fund various public expenditures.
    i. Imposed upon a taxpayer
    ii. Stolen from a taxpayer
    iii. Reimbursed to a taxpayer
    A. Only I   B. Only ii
    C. Only iii   D. Both ii and iii
    E. No correction required

Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence, three alternatives to the bold part are given which may help improve the sentence. Choose the option that reflects the correct use of the phrase in the context of the sentence. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., "No correction required".

79. **Kept his nose to the grindstone**, he was the most punctual person you could meet.
    i. Kept his nose on the grindstone
    ii. Keeping his nose on the grindstone
    iii. Keeping his nose to the grindstone
    A. Only I   B. Only ii
    C. Only iii   D. Both ii and iii
    E. No correction required

Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence, three alternatives to the bold part are given

which may help improve the sentence. Choose the option that reflects the correct use of the phrase in the context of the sentence. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., "No correction required".

80. The opening batsmen were as **cool by any cucumber** in chasing the huge total.
    i. Cool for some cucumber
    ii. Cool as a cucumber
    iii. Cooled in cucumber
    A. Only I   B. Only ii
    C. Only iii   D. Both i and iii
    E. No correction required

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Find out the segment which has the error and mark it as your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as No error. Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.

81. Yet the writers/ have no qualms about/ depicting the gory/ details of the violence.
    A. Yet the writers
    B. Have no qualms about
    C. Depicting the gory
    D. Details of the violence
    E. No error

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Find out the segment which has the error and mark it as your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as No error. Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.

82. The merger talks have / taken longer that / we anticipated because / of the financial crisis.
    A. The merger talks have
    B. Taken longer that
    C. We anticipated because
    D. Of the financial crisis.
    E. No error

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Find out the segment which has the error and mark it as your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as No error. Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.

83. His aim is /provided cheap and /reliable internet facilities / to every village Within five years.
    A. His aim is
    B. Provided cheap and
    C. Reliable internet facilities
    D. To every village Within five years.
    E. No error

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Find out the segment which has the error and mark it as your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as No error. Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.

84. Considering about her good credentials /the manager offered her a job / in his organisation / despite the lack of experience.
    A. Considering about her good credentials
    B. the manager offered her a job
    C. in his organisation
    D. despite the lack of experience
    E. No error

Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Find out the segment which has the error and mark it as your answer. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as No error. Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.

85. A group of birds / migrate from southern part / of the country to the/ northern part during summer.
    A. A group of birds
    B. Migrate from southern part
    C. Of the country to the

D. Northern part during summer.
E. No error

Direction (86 – 90) : In the following passage, there are blanks each of which has been numbered. These numbers correspond to the question numbers; against each question, five words have been suggested, one of which fills the blanks appropriately.
All over the world, rights related to information technology that are already legally recognised are daily being violated, **(###Q1###)** in the name of economic advancement, political stability or for personal greed and interests. Violations of these rights have **(###Q2###)** new problems in human social systems, such as the digital divide, cybercrime, digital security and privacy concerns, all of which have affected people's lives either directly or indirectly. It is important that countries come up with guidelines for action to **(###Q3###)** the incidences of malicious attacks on the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of electronic data and systems, computer-related crimes, content related offences and violations of intellectual property rights. **(###Q4###)**, threats to critical infrastructure and national interests arising from the use of the internet for criminal and terrorist activities are a growing **(###Q5###)**.

86. Find the appropriate word in each case.
   A. scarcely   B. whether
   C. and   D. for
   E. hardly

87. Find the appropriate word in each case.
   A. created   B. bent
   C. arisen   D. forego
   E. ceased

88. Find the appropriate word in each case.
Select the correct alternative from the options.

   A. accord   B. truce
   C. commend   D. combat
   E. struggle

89. Find the appropriate word in each case.
   A. besides   B. more
   C. addition   D. beside
   E. further

90. Find the appropriate word in each case.
   A. concern   B. apathy
   C. pattern   D. insouciance
   E. matter

Direction: A sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately.

91. I have been waiting _____ last year September.
   A. At   B. During
   C. Since   D. While
   E. Because

Direction: A sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately.

92. He was old and weak _____ there was no one to look after him.
   A. But   B. Yet
   C. At   D. So
   E. Inspite

Direction: A sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately.

93. The CEO does not work _____ he is compelled to.
   A. Unless   B. Only
   C. Till   D. After
   E. Despite

Direction: In the following question, a sentence is given with a blank to be filled in with an appropriate word.

94. Lata could not get Shreya the best services in the hospital _____ she had paid the fee in advance.

A. Even though   B. now that
C. therefore   D. whether
E. nonetheless

Direction: A sentence with one blank is given, indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the word that best fits the blank appropriately.
95. _____ being hard working he is thoroughly honest.
A. Along with   B. Betimes
C. Over and above
D. Although   E. Despite

Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find that pair of words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
96. a. Hilarity   b. Aspiration
c. Enthusiasm   d. Fervour
A. a-c   B. a-d
C. a-b   D. c-d
E. b-c

Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find that pair of words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
97. a. Intrepid   b. Confiscate
c. Sequester   d. Fractious
A. a-c   B. a-b
C. a-d   D. c-d
E. b-c

Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find that pair of words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
98. A. Stable   B. Inconstant
C. Imperative   D. Impeach
A. A-B   B. B-D
C. A-D   D. B-C
E. A-C

Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find that pair of words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
99. A. Fearful   B. Beautiful
C. Hostile   D. Amicable
A. B–D   B. C–D
C. A–B   D. B–C
E. A–D

Direction: In the given question, four words are given of which two are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find that pair of words and indicate your answer by marking the option which represents the correct combination.
100.A) Sanctify   B) Judicial
C) Inane   D) Frivolous
A. A-C   B. A-D
C. A-B   D. C-D
E. B-C

ANSWERS

1. Ans. D.

= 469.995 $\times$ 99.92 + 389.89 + 498.05 – 137.88 $\times$ 0.98

= 470 $\times$ 100 + 390 + 498 – 138 $\times$ 1
= 47000 + 390 + 498 – 138
= 47888 – 138
= 47750

2. Ans. B.

(254.87 $\times$ 12 $\times$ 9.99) $\div$ 49.99 = 55.986 + (23.99)^2 + ? – 32.48

(255 $\times$ 12 $\times$ 10) $\div$ 50 = 56 + (24)^2 + ? - 32

(3060 $\times$ 10) $\div$ 50 = 56 + 576 + ? - 32

30600 $\div$ 50 = 632 – 32 + ?
612 = 600 + ?
? = 612 – 600
? = 12

3. Ans. D.

489.9^7 $\div$ 6.99 + 30.08 $\times$ 34.76 – 29.99% of 749.74 = ?% of 50

490 $\div$ 7 + 30 $\times$ 35 – 30% of 750 = ?% $\times$ 50

70 +1050 – 225 = ?% $\times$ 50

1120 – 225 = ?% $\times$ 50

= 895 $\times$ 2
= 1790

4. Ans. A.

$$\frac{(-25 \times 21 \times (-12))}{?} = \frac{15813}{100}$$

(300 × 21) / ? = 15813 / 100
300 / ? = 753 / 100
300 / ? = 7.53
300 / 7.5 = ? (here we take approx of 7.53 as 7.5)
? = 40

5. Ans. A.

41.8% of 950 $\div$ 18.9 = 15 + ?

42% of 950 $\div$ 19 = 15 + ?

$$\frac{42}{100} \times 950 \times \frac{1}{19} = ? + 15$$

? = 21 – 15

? = 6

6. Ans. C.

= 379.95 % of 2560 – 129. 66 $\times$ 49.99 + (24.65)^2 – (14.89)^2

= 380 % $\times$ 2560 – 130 $\times$ 50 + (25)^2 – (15)^2
= 9728 – 6500 + 625 – 225
= 3628

7. Ans. C.
4% of 600=24
2.987 +1.004=4
24×19/4=456
6 × 19 =114

8. Ans. E.
52001÷60×29=?×41
taking nearest values

$$\frac{52000 \times 30}{60} = ? \times 40$$

?=650

9. Ans. D.

$$= \frac{\sqrt{5378} \times \sqrt{3330}}{\sqrt{360}}$$

Nearest values are

$$? = \frac{73 \times 58}{19}$$

?=225

10. Ans. B.
? = 8537.986 – 2416.005 – 221.996
= 8538– 2416-222

= $\approx$ 5900 (approx.)

11. Ans. E.
321 × 16 ÷ 8 + 34 = 321 × 2 + 34 = 642 + 34 = 676
676 = (?)^2
⇒ (26)^2 = (?)^2
⇒ ? = 26
Hence option E is correct

12. Ans. B.
15 × 18 – 4 + 6 - ? = 20÷4 + 26
270 – 4 + 6 - ? =5+26
272 - ?=31
?=241

13. Ans. B.

$$567 - \frac{4824}{134} = ? \times 9$$

⇒ 567 - 36 = ? × 9

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{531}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = 59$$

14. Ans. E.

$$? = \frac{180 \times 35}{100} - \sqrt{49}$$

$$? = 63 - 7$$

$$? = 56$$

15. Ans. D.

$$6824 + 7864 = ? \times 40$$

$$\Rightarrow 14688 = ? \times 40$$

$$\Rightarrow ? = \frac{14688}{40} = 367.2$$

16. Ans. C.

$$25\% of (8 \times ?) - \sqrt{676} = 214$$

$$\frac{25}{100} \times 8 \times ? - 26 = 214$$

$$2 \times ? = 214 + 26$$

$$? = 120$$

So option (c) is the correct answer.

17. Ans. D.

$$(600 \div 24 \times 25 + 25^2 + 125\% of 280)$$

$$\frac{600}{24} \times 25 + 625 + \frac{125}{100} \times 280 = ?^2$$

$$25 \times 25 + 625 + 5/4 \times 280 = ?^2$$

$$625 + 625 + 350 = ?^2$$

$$?^2 = 1600$$

$$\sqrt{1600} = ?$$

$$? = 40$$

So option (d) is the correct answer.

18. Ans. C.

$$\frac{(156 \times 185)}{37 \times 39} = ?$$

$$? = 5 \times 4$$

$$? = 20$$

So option (c) is the correct answer.

19. Ans. E.

$$\left(\left(\frac{144}{3}\right) - 23\right)^2 = ? - 7$$

$$(48 - 23)^2 = ? - 7$$

$$25^2 = ? - 7$$

$$? = 632$$

So option (e) is the correct answer.

20. Ans. B.

$$3567.43 + 2788.17 - ? = 1379.56$$

$$3567.43 + 2788.17 - ? = 1379.56$$

$$6355.6 - ? = 1379.56$$

$$? = 6355.6 - 1379.56$$

$$? = 4976.04$$

Hence, option A is correct.

21. Ans. B.

Therefore,   ratio   =

$$15\% \ of \ 4800 : 25\% \ of \ 4800 = 15 : 25 = 3 : 5$$

So option (b) is the correct answer.

22. Ans. C.

Required   percentage   =

$$\left[\frac{(18\% \ of \ 4800)}{(30\% \ of \ 4800)}\right] \times 100 = \frac{18}{30} \times 100 = 60\%$$

So option (c) is the correct answer.

23. Ans. C.

Total population of village C =

$$12\% \ of \ 4800 + (784 + 12\% \ of \ 4800)$$

$$= 576 + 1360 = 1936$$

So option (c) is the correct answer.

24. Ans. A.

Required   difference   =

$$18\% \ of \ 4800 - 12\% \ of \ 4800 = 6\% \ of \ 4800 =$$

So option (a) is the correct answer.

25. Ans. B.

Required   average   =

$$\left[\frac{(15 + 18 + 12)}{3}\right] \% \ of \ 4800 = 15\% \ of \ 4800 = 720$$

So option (b) is the correct answer.

26. Ans. C.

Firstly, we will consider it for every brand one by one

Honda, from 2001 to 2005 sales increased more than 10% in the year 2002 as: (800/5000)*100 = 16%

Suzuki, from 2001 to 2005 sales never increased more than 10%

Yamaha, from 2001 to 2005 sales never increased more than 10%

TVS, from 2001 to 2005 sales never increased more than 10%

Bajaj, from 2001 to 2005 sales never increased more than 10%

Hence, sales increased more than 10% for Honda in the year 2002.

27. Ans. A.

The sales of Yamaha in year 2001 = 6300

The sales of Yamaha in year 2005 = 7000

Now, percentage increase in sales =

$$\frac{Sales\ in\ 2005 - sales\ in\ 2001}{Sales\ in\ 2001} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{7000 - 6300}{6300} \times 100 = 11.11\%$$

28. Ans. D.

From the given table,

The sales of Bajaj, in 2001 = 5500

In 2002 = 5700

In 2003 = 5910

In 2004 = 5630

In 2005 = 6000

Average sale of Bajaj through these five years =

$$\frac{5500 + 5700 + 5910 + 5630 + 6000}{5} = 5748$$

Total sales of Suzuki in five years = 8500 + 8800 + 8700 + 8640 + 8800 = 43440

Now, Percentage =

$$\frac{5748}{43440} \times 100 = 13.23\%$$

29. Ans. D.

from the given table,

Sales of TVS bike in year 2002 = 8820

Sales of TVS in year 2005 = 8500

Average sale of TVS in these two years = (8820 + 8500)/2 = 8660

Now, sales of Honda in year 2001 = 5000

Sales of Honda in year 2004 = 5920

Average sale in these two years = (5000 + 5920)/2 = 5460

Ratio = 8660: 5460 = 433: 273

30. Ans. B.

By the given table,

Sales of Suzuki in year 2005 = 8800

Sales in year 2006 due to 5% increase = 8800 + 440 = 9240

Average sales of Suzuki in year 2001 and 2006 = (8500+9240)/2 = 8870

Sales of Yamaha in year 2005 = 7000

In 2006, due to decrease of 5% sales= 7000 – 350 = 6650

Sales of Yamaha in year 2002 = 6400

Average of sales in 2002 and 2006 of Yamaha = (6400+6650)/2 = 6525

Now difference of average sales of Suzuki and Yamaha = 8870 – 6525 = 2345

31. Ans. C.

Increase in price of sugar = 33-30= Rs 3

Percentage increase in price= 3*100/30= 10%

Formula for reduction in consumption

= (a/100+a * 100) %

= 10/100+10 *100

= 10/110 *100

= 9.09%

32. Ans. B.

Let initial wages 2x, 3x

So $\frac{2x+4000}{3x+3000}$ = 40: 57

Solving equation x= 18000

So, wage of Khushboo= 2×18000= 36000

And after increment wage= 36000+ 4000= 40,000 Rs.

And wage of meghana = 3×18000=54000

And after increment wage= 54000+3000= 57000

So new difference between both wages= 57000-40000= 17000 Rs.

33. Ans. C.

$$\text{Speed of train} = \frac{\text{Length of the train} + \text{Length of the platform}}{\text{Time taken to cross the platform}}$$

$$= \frac{480 + 240}{2 \times 60}$$

$$= \frac{720}{120} = 6 m/s$$

Thus, the speed of the train is 6 m/sec

Hence, option C is correct.

34. Ans. C.

Work by 5 women and 2 boys together = 4(work done by 1 woman and 1 boy)

Let 1 woman's one day's work (efficiency of 1 woman) = X

And 1 boy's one day's work (efficiency of 1 boy) = Y

Then,

$5(efficiency\ of\ woman) + 2(efficiency\ of\ boy)$
$= 4(efficiency\ of\ 1\ woman + efficiency\ of\ 1\ boy)$

$\Rightarrow 5X + 2Y = 4(X + Y)$

$\Rightarrow X = 2Y$

$\Rightarrow \frac{X}{Y} = \frac{2}{1}$

$\Rightarrow X:Y = 2:1$

Ratio of working capacity of woman and boy is 2:1

Hence, option (c) is correct.

35. Ans. C.

Let the CP in 2017 = x

$SP = x \times \dfrac{100}{75} = \dfrac{4x}{3}$

Profit = $\dfrac{4x}{3} - x = \dfrac{x}{3}$ ....(i)

Now, again let the CP in 2018 = y

$SP = y \times \dfrac{100}{90} = \dfrac{10y}{9}$

Profit = $\dfrac{10y}{9} - y = \dfrac{y}{9}$ ....(ii)

As the profit in both the year is same, then,

From (i) and (ii),

$\dfrac{x}{3} = \dfrac{y}{9}$

Or, $\dfrac{x}{y} = \dfrac{1}{3}$

Let the CP in 2017 and 2018 is x and 3x.

∴ Increment % in CP = $\dfrac{3x-x}{x} \times 100$ = 2×100 = 200%

36. Ans. E.

When all the symbols are dropped from the arrangement

The sequence becomes

M I R S 2 K 3 T 6 L E A F G U H 5 9 J 4 D W 7 Q N B

Hence A is the 12th element from left

37. Ans. A.

$\& \xrightarrow{+7} T \xrightarrow{+7} G \xrightarrow{+7} J$

$S \xrightarrow{+7} L \xrightarrow{+7} \$ \xrightarrow{+7} D$

$K \xrightarrow{+7} \% \xrightarrow{+7} \_\_ \xrightarrow{+7} 7$

Hence option A is correct

38. Ans. D.

$G \xrightarrow{-1} F \xrightarrow{+2} U$

$J \xrightarrow{-1} 9 \xrightarrow{+2} 4$

$R \xrightarrow{-1} \& \xrightarrow{+2} S$

$T \xrightarrow{+1} 6 \xrightarrow{-2} \#$

$7 \xrightarrow{-1} W \xrightarrow{+2} @$

Hence option D is correct

39. Ans. C.

eight to the right of the nineteenth from the right end means 11th from the right end i.e. J

Hence option C is correct

40. Ans. C.

Only two consonants S and W follow the given condition

Hence option C is correct

41. Ans. C.

Roads	Cities
A	Delhi
B	Chandigarh
C	Lucknow
D	Jammu
E	Aligarh
F	Kolkata

Hence, C road goes through Lucknow city.

42. Ans. A.

Roads	Cities
A	Delhi
B	Chandigarh
C	Lucknow
D	Jammu
E	Aligarh
F	Kolkata

Hence, A road goes through Delhi.

43. Ans. B.

Roads	Cities
A	Delhi
B	Chandigarh
C	Lucknow
D	Jammu
E	Aligarh
F	Kolkata

Hence, F goes through Kolkata city.

44. Ans. A.

Roads	Cities
A	Delhi
B	Chandigarh
C	Lucknow
D	Jammu
E	Aligarh
F	Kolkata

B - Chandigarh statements /information is true

45. Ans. D.

Roads	Cities
A	Delhi
B	Chandigarh
C	Lucknow
D	Jammu
E	Aligarh
F	Kolkata

Jammu is connected which D road

46. Ans. C.

6	D
5	B
4	F
3	C
2	E
1	A

47. Ans. C.

6	D
5	B
4	F
3	C
2	E
1	A

48. Ans. B.

6	D
5	B
4	F
3	C
2	E
1	A

49. Ans. D.

6	D
5	B
4	F
3	C
2	E
1	A

50. Ans. B.

6	D
5	B
4	F
3	C
2	E
1	A
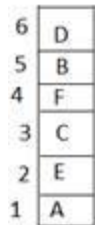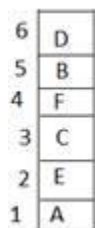
51. Ans. C.

Either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

52. Ans. A.
If only conclusion I follow.

53. Ans. A.
If only conclusion I follow.

54. Ans. B.
If only conclusion II follow.

55. Ans. D.
If neither conclusion I nor II follows.

56. Ans. D.

Case1:
If we follow all the given instructions and reach to the statement when there are more than two persons between E and F is not followed here so we abort this case.
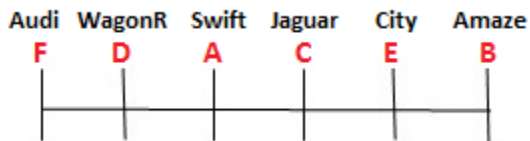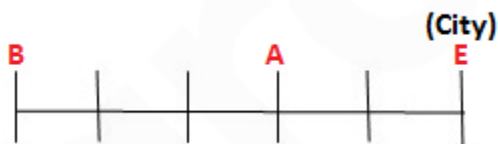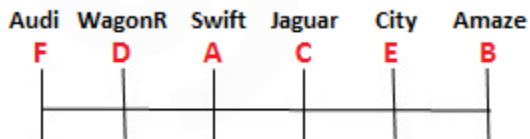

Case 2:
If we reach the instruction when condition is that Amaze car is immediate of E but not A is not followed here so we abort this condition.
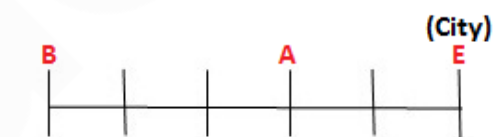
Case 3:
This is our final condition that follows all the given conditions.
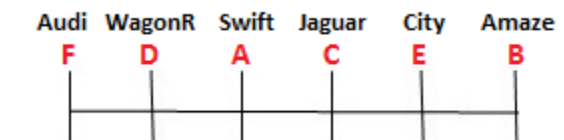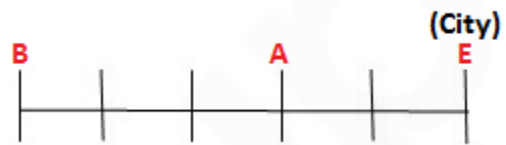

57. Ans. A.
Case1:
If we follow all the given instructions and reach to the statement when there are more than two persons between E and F is not followed here so we abort this case.
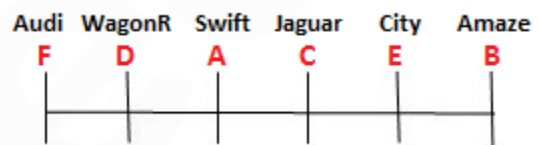

Case 2:

If we reach the instruction when condition is that Amaze car is immediate of E but not A is not followed here so we abort this condition.

more than two persons between E and F is not followed here so we abort this case.

Case 3:
This is our final condition that follows all the given conditions.

Case 2:
If we reach the instruction when condition is that Amaze car is immediate of E but not A is not followed here so we abort this condition.

58. Ans. D.
Case1:
If we follow all the given instructions and reach to the statement when there are more than two persons between E and F is not followed here so we abort this case.

Case 3:
This is our final condition that follows all the given conditions.

Case 2:
If we reach the instruction when condition is that Amaze car is immediate of E but not A is not followed here so we abort this condition.
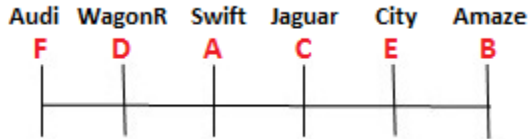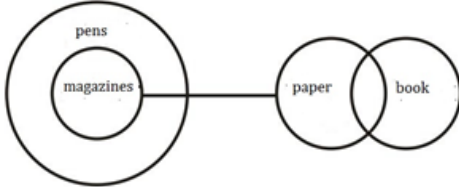
60. Ans. B.
Case1:
If we follow all the given instructions and reach to the statement when there are more than two persons between E and F is not followed here so we abort this case.

Case 3:
This is our final condition that follows all the given conditions.

Case 2:
If we reach the instruction when condition is that Amaze car is immediate of E but not A is not followed here so we abort this condition.

59. Ans. C.
Case1:
If we follow all the given instructions and reach to the statement when there are

Case 3:
This is our final condition that follows all the given conditions.

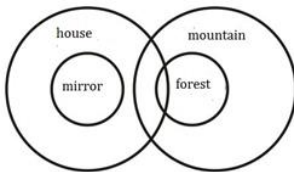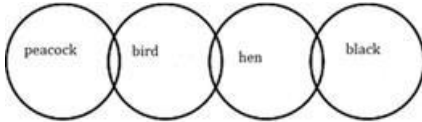| Audi	WagonR	Swift	Jaguar	City	Amaze
F	**D**	**A**	**C**	**E**	**B**
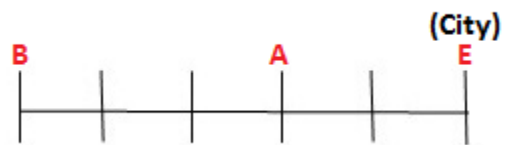
61. Ans. C.

If some papers are pen then no paper is pen can't follow and vice-versa is also true.

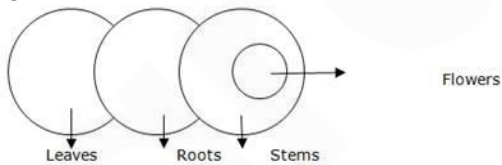**62. Ans. A.**

63. Ans. D.

Conclusions:
I. Some black are peacock. (Not true) - There is no direct relationship between black and peacock.
II. Some black are birds. (Not true) - There is no direct relationship between black and birds.
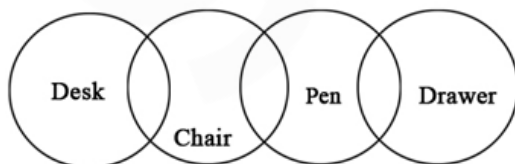
64. Ans. D.
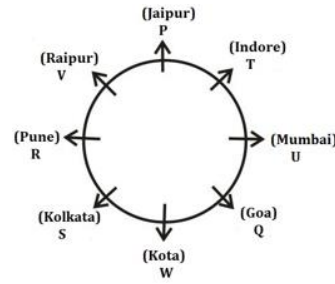The Venn Diagram for the above relation is:

Thus none of the conclusions hold true. Hence Option D is correct.

65. Ans. D.

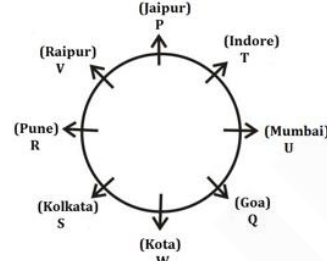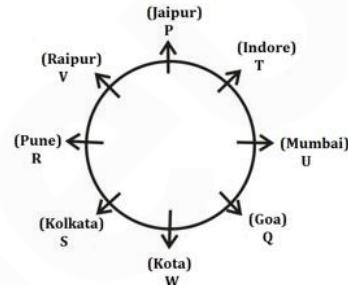Only either II or III follows

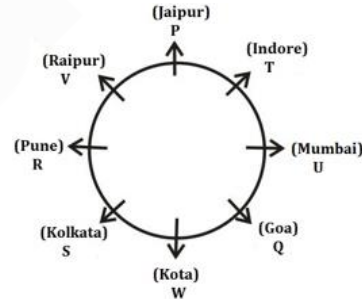**66. Ans. A.**

67. Ans. A.
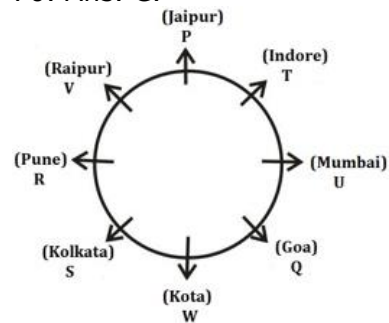

68. Ans. E.

69. Ans. D.

70. Ans. C.

71. Ans. E.
Refer the last question of the series.
72. Ans. D.
Refer the last question of the series.
73. Ans. A.

Refer the last question of the series.

74. Ans. C.

Refer the last question of the series.

75. Ans. B.

The opening statement is E as it introduces the main topic of the passage i.e. the non-personalisation in customer handling because of the changed communication schematics.

It should be followed by D, as it elaborates on the fact mentioned in E by putting forward the examples of the occupations in the older times.

The next statement should be C as it introduces the changing scenario in the modern times. B is the next statement as it explains the reason for this shift in trend due to the use of supercomputers.

A is the last statement means as it explains the definition of mass communication, which is the main reason for the shift in trend.

76. Ans. D.

The word 'hold' means grasp or clench(grasp tightly and firmly) something. The soldier can't grasp a whole army of German soldiers. So this part of the sentence is incorrect. The correct phrase is 'hold out against something or someone' which is used in the sense of 'withstanding something'. Also, the option (I) is correct too, because 'hold the line' also gives us a similar idea. "Hold the line" means 'not yield to the pressure of a difficult situation,' which brings us to the conclusion that option D is correct. Thus, the given sentence means that despite troubles, the British soldier stayed strong or didn't yield to the pressure of a difficult situation presented by the German soldiers.

77. Ans. D.

Past perfect implies that the action (emerge) had completed at a point in the past. But here, the action (emerge) completed just a little time before. So, the correct tense will be present perfect tense (have emerged).

"Like" is used as preposition. But 'we had emerged' and 'the most powerful beings' are clauses which need a conjunction. So, 'as' should be used rather than "Like" in the sentence. Hence, the correct answer is option D.

78. Ans. A.

It is evident from the statement that the tax is not 'requested'. In order to fund the public expenditures, the government needs the required funds, which would not work on 'request'. 'Stolen' is inappropriate in the context. Using 'Reimbursed' would imply that the government pays the taxpayers, which is contradictory to what the sentence implies. 'Imposed' fits in the given context, both grammatically and contextually. Therefore, option A is the required answer.

79. Ans. C.

'Keep your nose to the grindstone' is a phrase which means to work hard and continuously. As it is a phrase, the preposition cannot be changed. Further, "Keeping" is a present participle here which is working as an adverb. See this example: ***Reading** it again, I can see how it's confusing.* Thus part (iii) is the required answer, therefore, option C is the correct answer.

80. Ans. B.

The phrase 'cool as a cucumber' which means 'relaxed and calm'. Thus, it should be used in its original form. Hence the correct answer is option B.

81. Ans. E.

The sentence is perfectly framed and grammatically correct. So, option E is the most appropriate response.

82. Ans. B.

use – **longer than** in place of **longer that**

'Than' is used when a comparison needs to be made between multiple objects or people. Hence option B is the correct response.

83. Ans. B.

'Provided' is the wrong form of the verb in the second part and needs to be replaced with 'to provide'. His aim is the action causing agent here and not the action receiving agent. Thus option B is the correct response.

84. Ans. A.

'About' is a superflous word in the first part. It should be omitted to correct the sentence.

85. Ans. B.

Since the southern part is definite, a definite article should be used before 'southern'. Hence, it should be 'the southern part'.

Note: Do not get confused with the subject-verb agreement. Whether the group has to be considered singular or plural depends on the context in which it is used since it is different for American and British English.

86. Ans. B.

The given sentence talks about the violation of the rights related to information technology, though legally recognised. The latter half talks about the various aspects or streams of violation.

Thus, "whether" is the most suitable response as it is used to express a doubt or choice between alternatives. Also, "or" in the followed part of the sentence makes it more apt than any other of the given five alternatives.

Hence, option B is the right response.

87. Ans. A.

The sentence talks about the problems which occur due to these violations. Hence, the most suitable response is "created" as this is directly associated with the term "problems". The other options either do not fit in grammatically or contextually.

88. Ans. D.

It is clear from the structure of the sentence that the blank requires a verb. The sentence talks about developing action plans to tackle incidences of malicious attacks on the confidentiality, integrity, and availability. This can be best expressed by the use of the word "combat" which means to fight.

Accord (verb) means to give or grant someone (power, status, or recognition) or (of a concept or fact) be harmonious or consistent with.

Truce (noun) means an agreement between enemies or opponents to stop fighting or arguing for a certain time.

Commend (verb) means praise formally or officially.

Struggle (verb) means to strive to achieve or attain something in the face of difficulty or resistance.

89. Ans. E.

The preceding sentence talks about the action to be taken as per the need of the hour. The current sentence gives additional information about the threats due to the increased cases of violations. Hence, "further" is the most suitable answer. No other option suits the blank grammatically as well as contextually.

90. Ans. A.

It is clear from the structure of the sentence that the word in the blank must be a noun. The issue in discussion is a matter of concern which must be paid immediate attention and an action plan must be developed to counter the ill-effects of the same.

Concern (noun) means a matter of interest or importance to someone.

Apathy (noun) means the lack of interest, enthusiasm, or concern.

Insouciance (noun) means the casual lack of concern; indifference.

91. Ans. C.

The correct conjunction here is 'since' as it is used when a specific time is mentioned. 'For' is incorrect here as it is used to signify the total time period. The other options are incorrect here. Thus option C is the correct answer.

92. Ans. B.

The correct filler for the given sentence is "yet". It is because the first phrase represents the condition of a man and the second phrase contrasts with his condition that even being old and weak, he has no one to take care of. "Yet" is an adverb as well as a conjunction. *Yet* as a conjunction means 'but' or 'nevertheless.

93. Ans. A.

We use the conjunction 'unless' to show a condition if not met, the second condition will not be fulfilled. It means 'except if. Its use is correct in the sentence as a condition is given here regarding the working of the CEO. He works only after he is compelled.

See some examples:

You will feel cold **unless** you wear a warm jacket.

Till is a less formal way of saying until. Hence, it can be ruled out. 'only' and 'after' do not complete the sentence meaningfully.

94. Ans. A.

The correct phrase to be used in the sentence is "even though" as it means despite the fact that. The sentence means to say that Lata could not get Shreya the best service despite that fact that she has paid the hospital bills in advance.

95. Ans. A.

The sentence refers to two qualities of the same person which are being described in the same sentence. Corresponding to this, 'along with' is the most suitable response which means 'in company with or at the same time'.

96. Ans. D.

The word 'Enthusiasm' means a feeling of intense and eager enjoyment, interest or approval. The word 'Fervour' means to have an intense and passionate feeling for something. Thus, both the words are synonyms to each other. 'Hilarity' means extreme amusement, especially when expressed by laughter. 'Aspiration' means a hope or ambition of achieving something.

97. Ans. E.

'Confiscate' means to take away temporarily for security or legal reasons

'Sequester' means to take temporary possession of as a security, by legal authority.

Hence, both are synonyms to each other.

'Intrepid' means brave in the face of danger. 'Fractious' means irritable or troublesome.

98. Ans. A.

Stable- resistant to change of position or condition.

Inconstant- likely to change frequently often without apparent or cogent reason.

Imperative- of vital importance; crucial.

Impeach- call into question the integrity or validity of (a practice).

Thus, A and B are antonyms.

99. Ans. B.

Hostile and **Amicable** are opposite in meaning to each other.

Hostile- showing or feeling opposition or dislike; unfriendly.

Amicable- characterized by friendliness and absence of discord.

Hence, option B is the right response.

100. Ans. D.

'Inane' means lacking sense or meaning; silly correct.

'Frivolous' means behaving in a silly way and not taking anything seriously.

'Sanctify' means set apart as or declare holy; consecrate.

'Judicial' means of, by, or appropriate to a law court or judge; relating to the administration of justice.

Thus, C-D are synonyms to each other.

gradeup

Gradeup Green Card

Features:

> 700 + Full-length Mocks

> 35+ Bank & Insurance Exams Covered

> Tests Available in English & Hindi

> Performance Analysis & All India Rank

> Previous Year Question Papers in Mock Format

> Available on Mobile & Desktop

www.gradeup.co