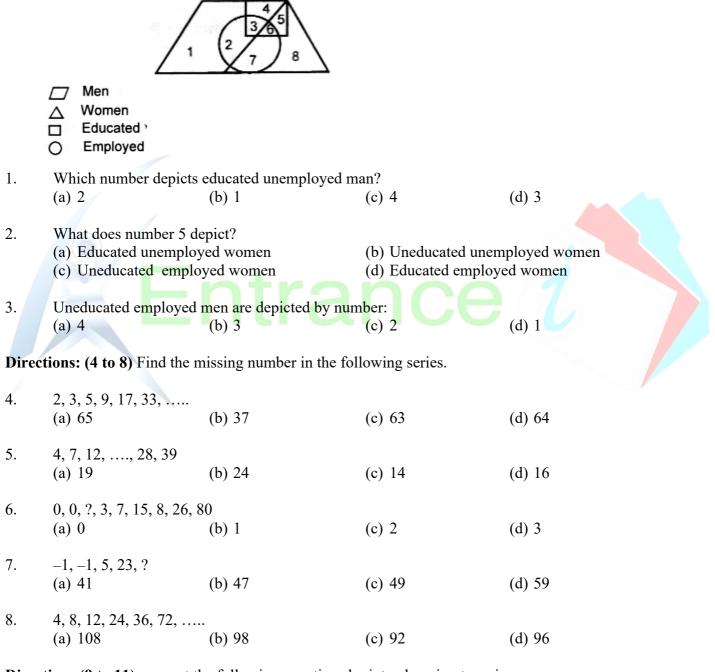


Directions: (1 to 3) study the figure given below. It shows that how many men and women in a certain area are educated and employed. Each part of the figure is numbered. Your task is to answer the questions that are given at the end.



Directions (9 to 11): correct the following equations by interchanging two signs

9. 5-9×45+15÷3=5 (a) + and - (b) × and + (c) × and ÷ (d) × and -NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions www.entrancei.com



10.	$4 \times 2 + 6 \div 2 - 12 = 2$ (a) \div and \times	(b) + and –	(c) \times and +	(d) \div and –
11.	$5 \times 15 \div 7 - 20 + 4 = 77$ (a) - and +	(b) \times and \div	(c) + and \div	(d) + and \times

Directions (12 to 14): In answering the question below, use the following information:

 $X \cup Y$ means divide X by Y X \uparrow Y means multiply X by Y

- X # Y means subtract Y from X
- $X \cap Y$ means add Y to X
- 12. The simple interest of an amount is calculated by multiplying P and T and R and dividing the value by 100. This can be written as:
 - (a) $P \uparrow T \cap R100$
- (b) $(P \uparrow T) \cup R100$

(d) can't be determined

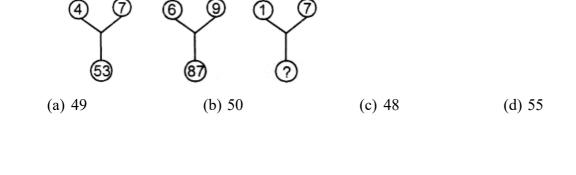
- (c) $(P \uparrow T \uparrow R) \cup 100$
- 13. One-fifth of one -tenth of two-third of a number X is given by (a) $X \uparrow (1 \cup 5) \uparrow (1 \cup 10) \uparrow (2 \cup 3)$ (b) $X(1 \uparrow 5)(1 \uparrow 10)(2 \uparrow 3)$
 - (c) $X(1\uparrow 5)(1\uparrow 10)(2\uparrow 3)$

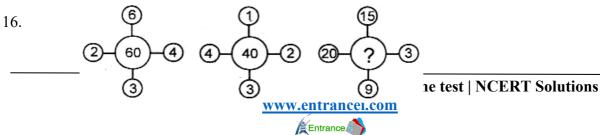
(d) can't be determined

14. A receives X number of balls. He gives 10% of his ball to B, 15% of his ball to C and 12% of his ball to D. How many balls does he have with him now?

- (a) $X \cap X \uparrow (10 \cup 100) \cap X \uparrow (15 \cup 100) \# X \uparrow (12 \cup 100)$
- (b) $X \cap X \uparrow (10 \uparrow 100) \cap X (15 \uparrow 100) \cap X \uparrow (1 \uparrow 100)$
- (c) $X \# \left[X \uparrow (10 \cup 100) \cap X \uparrow (15 \cup 100) \cap X \uparrow (12 \cup 100) \right]$
- (d) None of these

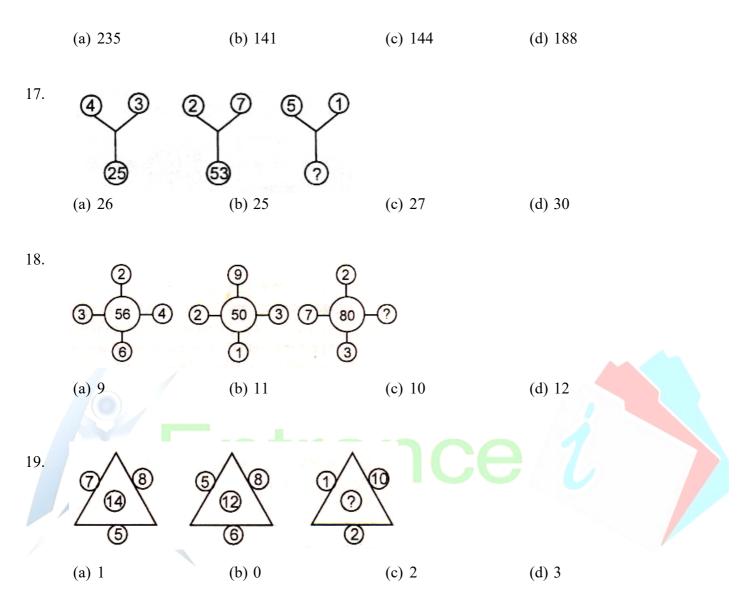
Directions (15 to 19): Find the missing number in each setup of following questions: 15.











Directions (20 to 22): Read the following information and answer the questions based on them: A combination of three fabrics is to be chosen out of seven fabrics – F, G, H, J, K, L and M to decorate the room according to the following conditions:

- (i) If F or G is chosen the other must also be chosen
- (ii) H and J cannot be chosen together
- (iii) Either H or F or both must be chosen

20.	Which of the followin	g conform to the condition	ons?	
	(a) F, H J	(b) F, K, L	(c) G, H, M	(d) H, K, M
21.	If J is chosen, which c	of the following could als	so be chosen?	
	(a) F, G	(b) F, M	(c) G, H	(d) K, H
22.	If K is chosen, which	of the following could be	e chosen?	
	(a) F, H	(b) F, L	(c) G, H	(d) H, L

NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions www.entrancei.com



23.	In a certain code GI (a) MIRLCAES	GANTIC is written as G (b) MIRLACSE	IGTANCI. How is MIE (c) RIMCALSE	RACLES written in that code? (d) RIMLCAES
24.	In certain code, BOX (a) UKRKU	XER is written as AQW (b) UKRKS	GQ. How VISIT is writ (c) WKRKU	ten in that code? (d) WKRKS
25.	If DEER is to 9554 a (a) 2917	and TOSS is to 1162, th (b) 7192	en PARK is to: (c) 1917	(d) 1291
26.	If XY = 600, ABC = (a) 150	= 6 then, GO + DO will 1 (b) 180	be equal to: (c) 165	(d) 155
hon' i		langerous'; 'lon kon fon can kill' .		persons are cheats'; 'fon pon go persons might kill', 'bon gon ho (d) lon
				(d) 1011
		(-)		
28.	The codes for 'some	dangerous cheats' wou		
Direc	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In th	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, t	(c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II hav	(d) bon hon pon ve been given. If column I few
Direc words letter which	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In the s are given and in colu- have been placed in ju- h is equal to letter aske Column I 1. DESIGN 2. INFORM 3. MOTHER 4. RIGHTS 5. TAILOR 6. GARDEN	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, tv mn II their codes have b umbled up from. You ha ed in the question. Column II (a) uklbjz (b) cbxkqy (c) ygzwxc (d) bjucgw (e) wcpybv (f) vzcjlk	(c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II hav been given using a partic	
Direc words letter which	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In th s are given and in colu have been placed in ju h is equal to letter aske Column I 1. DESIGN 2. INFORM 3. MOTHER 4. RIGHTS 5. TAILOR	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, tv mn II their codes have b umbled up from. You ha ed in the question. Column II (a) uklbjz (b) cbxkqy (c) ygzwxc (d) bjucgw (e) wcpybv (f) vzcjlk	(c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II hav been given using a partic	ve been given. If column I few cular rule. The order of the small
Direct words letter which	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In the s are given and in colu have been placed in just h is equal to letter aske Column I 1. DESIGN 2. INFORM 3. MOTHER 4. RIGHTS 5. TAILOR 6. GARDEN What is the code for	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, tv mn II their codes have b umbled up from. You ha ed in the question. Column II (a) uklbjz (b) cbxkqy (c) ygzwxc (d) bjucgw (e) wcpybv (f) vzcjlk e letter N? (b) k	(c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II hav been given using a partic ve to decode the langua	ve been given. If column I few cular rule. The order of the small ge and choose the alternative
words letter which 29. 30.	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In the s are given and in colu- have been placed in ju- h is equal to letter aske Column I 1. DESIGN 2. INFORM 3. MOTHER 4. RIGHTS 5. TAILOR 6. GARDEN What is the code for (a) u What is the code for (a) I	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, tv mn II their codes have b umbled up from. You ha ed in the question. Column II (a) uklbjz (b) cbxkqy (c) ygzwxc (d) bjucgw (e) wcpybv (f) vzcjlk eletter N? (b) k letter F? (b) b	(c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II hav been given using a partic ve to decode the langua	ye been given. If column I few cular rule. The order of the small ge and choose the alternative (d) g
Direct words letter which 29. 30.	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In the s are given and in colu have been placed in just h is equal to letter aske Column I 1. DESIGN 2. INFORM 3. MOTHER 4. RIGHTS 5. TAILOR 6. GARDEN What is the code for (a) u What is the code for	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, tv mn II their codes have b umbled up from. You ha ed in the question. Column II (a) uklbjz (b) cbxkqy (c) ygzwxc (d) bjucgw (e) wcpybv (f) vzcjlk eletter N? (b) k letter F? (b) b	(c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II hav been given using a partic ve to decode the langua	ye been given. If column I few cular rule. The order of the small ge and choose the alternative (d) g
Direc words letter which	The codes for 'some (a) kon bon hon ctions (29 to 32): In the s are given and in colu have been placed in just h is equal to letter aske Column I 1. DESIGN 2. INFORM 3. MOTHER 4. RIGHTS 5. TAILOR 6. GARDEN What is the code for (a) u What is the code for (a) I What is the code for	e dangerous cheats' wou (b) hon yon fon e following questions, tv mn II their codes have b umbled up from. You ha ed in the question. Column II (a) uklbjz (b) cbxkqy (c) ygzwxc (d) bjucgw (e) wcpybv (f) vzcjlk eletter N? (b) k eletter F? (b) b eletter O? (b) k	 (c) fon bon pon wo columns I and II have been given using a particulation of the languation of the lan	ve been given. If column I few cular rule. The order of the small ge and choose the alternative (d) g (d) g

www.entrancei.com



Directions (33 to 36): Read the following information carefully & answer the questions. Among A, B, C, D and E, E is taller than D but not as fat as D. C is taller than A but shorter than B. A is fatter than D but not as fat as B. E is thinner than C who is thinner than D. E is shorter than A.

33.	Who is the most thin p (a) B	erson ? (b) C	(c) D	(d) E
34.	Who is the giant amon (a) A	g the lot? (b) B	(c) C	(d) D
35.	If all the persons stood (a) A	in a line according to th (b) B	eir height, who would (c) C	be in the middle? (d) D

36. Which person is taller than two but thinner than the remaining two?
(a) A
(b) B
(c) C
(d) D

Directions(37 to 41): In the following question the symbols $,@, \subset, \supset$ and \neq are used with the following meaning.

- A \$ B means A is greater than B
- A @ B means A is either greater than or equal to B
- $A \subset B$ means is A is equal to B
- $A \supset B$ means A is smaller than B
- $A \neq B$ means A is either smaller than or equal to B

Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the two conclusions I and II given below them is/are definitely true? Give answer (A) if only conclusion I is true, (B) if only conclusion II is true (C) if neither I nor II is true (D) if both I and II are true.

- 37. Statements : $P @ Q, M \neq N, N \subset Q$ Conclusions: I. $P \ M$ II. $N \neq P$
- 38. Statements : $D \subset X$, F @ Y, D \$ F Conclusions: I. X @ Y II. Y $\neq D$
- 39. Statements: $M \subset P$, S \$ T, M @ T Conclusions: I.T $\neq P$ II. S \supset T
- 40. Statements: $U \supset V, X \$ W, U \supset W$ Conclusions: I.W \$ VII. $U \subset X$
- 41. Statements: $G \ H, J \neq K, H \subset K$ Conclusions: I.G KII. J $\subset K$

NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions www.entrancei.com



42.	Rakesh is standing at a point. He walks 20 m towards the East and further 10 m towards the South, then the walks 35 meter towards the West and further 5 meter towards the North, then he walks 15 m towards the East. What is the straight distance in meters between his starting point and the point where he reached last?				
	(a) 0	(b) 5	(c) 10	(d) can't be determined	
43.	If east is replaced by S (a) North-East	South-East then West wil (b) North	l be replaced by which (c) East	n of the following direction? (d) None of these	
Direc	(i) Six flats on a floor(ii) Q gets a north faci(iii) S and U get diage	r in two rows facing northing flat and is not next to	h and south are allotted S		
44.	Whose flat is between	-			
	(a) T	(b) U	(c) R	(d) P	
45.	The flats of which of t	the pairs other than SU, i	s diagonally opposite t		
	(a) PT	(b) QP	(c) QR	(d) TS	
46.	If the flats of T and P	are interchanged, whose	flat will be next to that	t of U?	
	(a) Q	(b) T	(c) P	(d) R	
47.	Which of the combina (a) URP	tions get south facing fla (b) UPT	its? (c) QTS	(d) Data inadequate	
48.	To arrive at the answe with?	ers to the above question,	which of the followin	g statements can be dispensed	

(a) None (b) Only (i) (c) only (ii) (d) (iii) only

Directions (49 to 51): In each of the following questions, arrange the words in a meaningful logical order and then select appropriate sequence from the alternatives provided below each question.

49.	1. Andhra Pradesh 5. India	2. Universe	3. Tirupati	4. World
	(a) 1, 5, 3, 2, 4	(b) 2, 1, 3, 5, 4	(c) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2	(d) 5, 4, 2, 1, 3
50.	1. Puberty 5. Senescence	2. Adulthood	3. Childhood	4. Infancy
	(a) 5, 2, 3, 4, 1	(b) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5	(c) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5	(d) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
51.	 Table Plant 	2. Tree	3. Wood	4. Seed
	(a) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1	(b) 4, 5, 2, 3, 1	(c) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5	(d) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Directions (52 to 54):

NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions www.entrancei.com



Each problem consists of a question and three statements I, II and III given below it. Read all the statements carefully and seek all possible combinations which could be sufficient for answering a question. A single statement or statements with least combinations which could be sufficient for answering the question would be your answer.

In which year was Tarun born? 52. I. Tarun is six years older than Robin. II. Robin's brother was born in 1982. III. Tarun's brother is two years younger than Robin's brother who was eight years younger than Robin. (a) I and II only (b) I and III only (c) All I, II and III (d) II and III only 53. Who among P, Q, R, S and T is in the middle while standing in a line? I. Q is to the right of T II. S is between P and T III. Q is between T and R (a) I and II only (b) II and III only (c) I and III only (d) All I, II & III 54. What does 'come' represent in a code language? I. 'pit na tac' means 'come and go' II. 'Ja ta da' means 'you are good' III. 'na da rac' means 'you can come' (a) II and III only (b) I and III only (c) I and II only (d) All I, II and III only



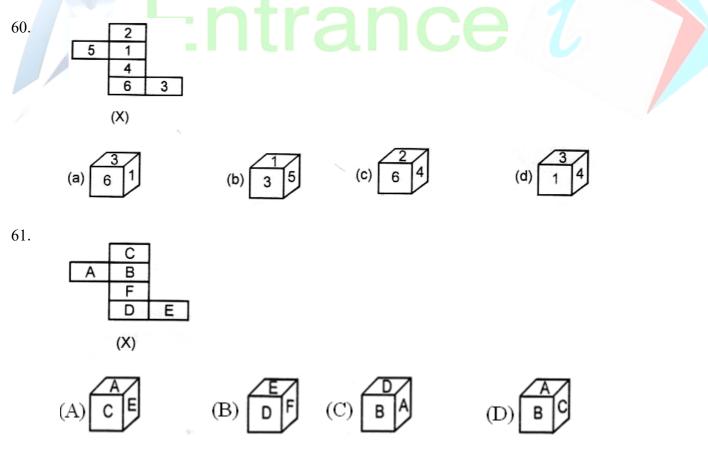
Directions (55 to 59):

A solid cube of each side 8 cm has been painted red, blue and black on pairs of opposite faces. It is then cut into cubical blocks of each side 2 cm.

55.	How many cubes have (a) 0	e no face painted? (b) 4	(c) 8	(d) 12
56.	How many cubes have (a) 0	e three face painted? (b) 4	(c) 6	(d) 8
57.	How many cubes have (a) 0	e three faces painted with (b) 4	different colours? (c) 8	(d) 12
58.	How many cubes have (a) 4	e only one face painted re (b) 8	ed and all other faces u (c) 12	npainted? (d) 16
59.	How many cubes are t (a) 64	here in all? (b) 56	(c) 40	(d) 32

Directions (60 to 62):

The figure (X) given on the left hand side in each problem, is folded to form a cube. Choose from amongst the alternatives (A), (B), (C) and (D), the cubes that are similar to the cube formed.



NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions



(a) D only

(b) B & D only

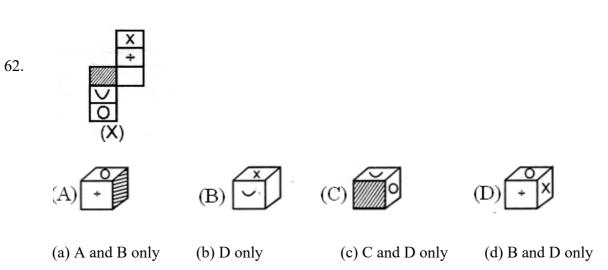
(c) A and C only

(d) C only

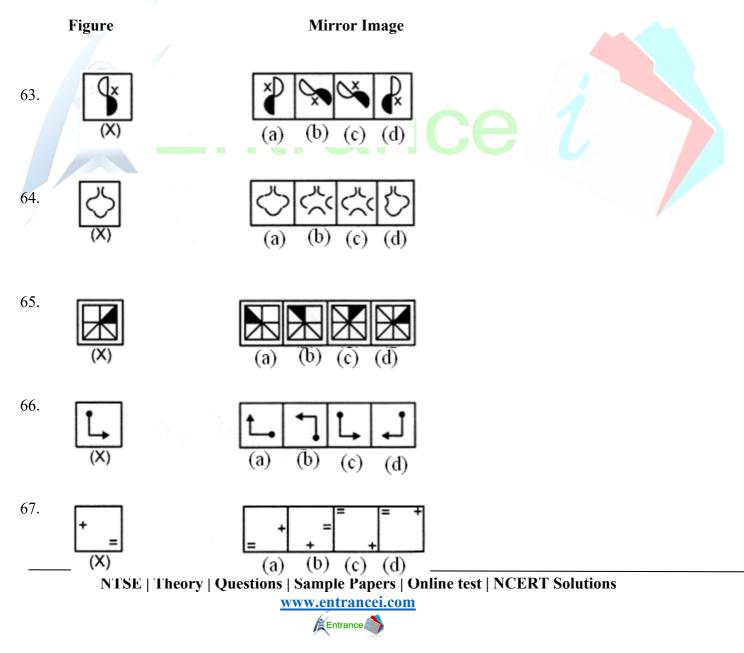


NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions





Directions (63 to 67): In each of the following questions, choose the correct mirror image from alternatives A, B, C, D, of the figure (X).





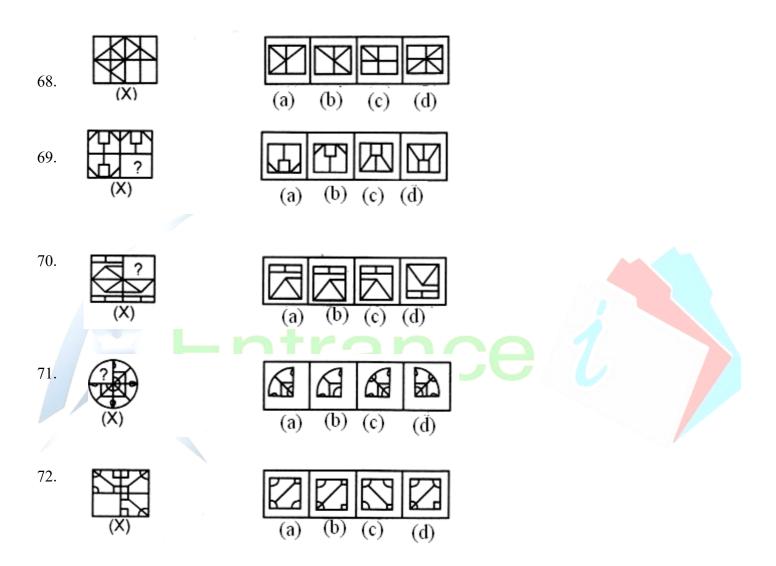




NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions

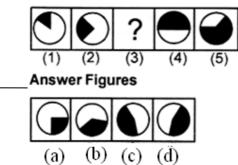


Directions (68 to 72): In each of the following questions, a part of the figure is missing. Find out from the given options (A, B, C and D) the right figure to fit in the missing place.



Directions (73 to 75): In each of the questions, there are two sets of figures. The figures on left and side are problem figures marked by numbers 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 and on the right hand side are answer figures marked by five alphabets A, B, C and D. A series is established if one of the five answer figures is placed in place of the sigh ? in problem figures. The figures from answer figures which should replace the sign? in problem figure is the answer.

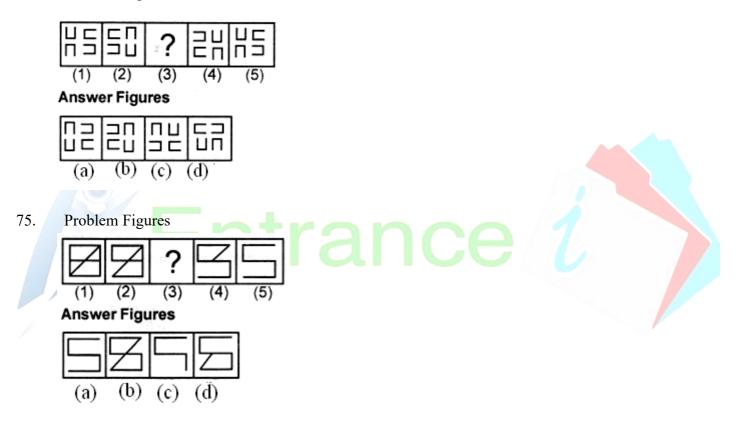
73. Problem Figures



Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions

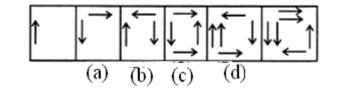


74. Problem Figures



Directions (76): In the following questions, a series begins with unnumbered figure on the extreme left. One and only one of the four numbered figures does not fit into the series. The two unnumbered figures, one each on the extreme left and extreme right fit into the series, you have to take as many aspects into account as possible of the figures in the series and find out the one and only one of the four numbered figures which does not fit into the series. The number of that figure is your answer.

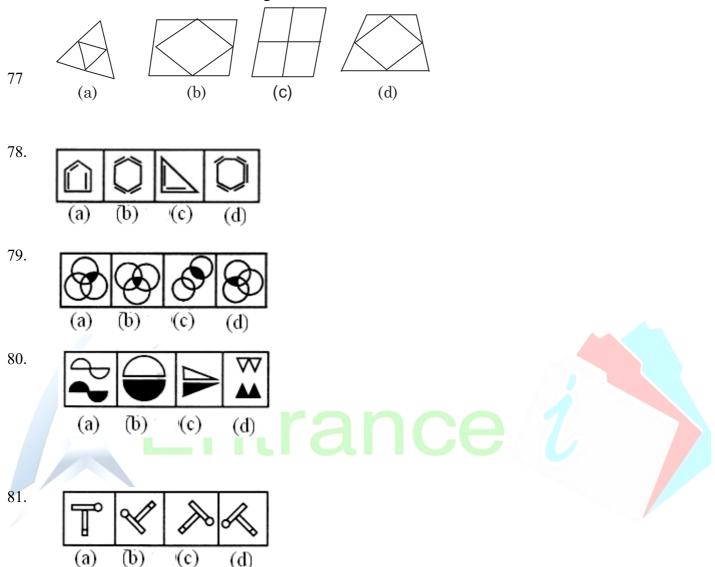
76.



Directions (77 to 81): Out of the four given figures, three are similar in a certain way one figure is not like the other three. That means three figures from a group based on some common characteristics. Find NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions www.entrancei.com



out the figure which does not belong to the group i.e. which does not share the common features / characteristics with other three figures.



- 82. I have a few sweets to be distributed. If I keep 2, 3 or 4 in a pack, I am left with one sweet. If I keep 5 in a pack, I am left with none. What is the minimum number of sweets I can have to pack and distribute?
 () 25
 - (a) 25 (b) 37 (c) 54 (d) 65
- A. B, C, D and E play a game of cards. A says to B. " If you give me three cards, you will have as many as E has and if I give you three cards, you will have as many as D has". A and B together have 10 cards more than what D and E together have. If B has two cards more than what C has and the total number of cards be 133, how many cards does B have ?
 (a) 22
 (b) 23
 (c) 25
 (d) 35
- 84. Pointing to a man in the photograph a woman says, 'He is the son of my brother's grandfather's son". How is the man related to the woman ?
 (a) Brother
 (b) Uncle
 (c) Father
 (d) Brother in law
 - NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions



- 85. 'S T' means 'S is the mother of T'. 'S ÷ T' means 'S is the father of T', 'S × T' means 'S is the brother of T'. Which of the following represents 'M is the son of Q'?
 (a) M × Q ÷ R
 (b) M ÷ Q × R
 (c) Q ÷ M × R
 (d) Q × M × R
- 86. If '20 10' means 200, '8 \div 4' means 12, '6 \times 2' means 4 and '12 + 3' means 4', then 100 10 \times 1000 \div 1000 + 100 \times 10 = ? (a) 1090 (b) 0 (c) 1900 (d) 20
- 87. Two equations have been solved on some basis. Find the solution of the unsolved equation on the same basis.

 $6 \times 8 \times 5 = 568 ; 2 \times 4 \times 3 = 324 ; 9 \times 7 \times 2 = ?$ (a) 972
(b) 297
(c) 279
(d) 927



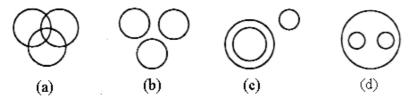


Directions (88 to 91): In each of the following letter series, Some of the letters are missing, which are given in that order as one of the alternatives below it. Choose the correct alternative.

88.	accabbaca (a) aacb	abaacac (b) acbc	(a) habb	(d) habb
	(a) aaco	(b) acoc	(c) babb	(d) bcbb
89.	a ca bc bcc	bca		
	(a) bbaa	(b) bbab	(c) aabb	(d) baba
90.	ab bbc cab	abb		
	(a) ccaac	(b) cbabc	(c) cacac	(d) bccab
91.	cbcabbaca (a) bacbc	cbaab		
	(a) bacbc	(b) cabcb	(c) bcaba	(d) abccb
92.	How many 9's are th followed by 6?	ere in the following	number series which are	e immediately preceded by 3 and
	39693939396	36395695693	9639	
	(a) Nil	(b) 3	(c) 2	(d) 4
			(*) =	
93.	In the following num	ber series, how man	y 8's are there which ar	e immediately preceded by a number
			a number which divides	s it ?
	28283858853			
	(a) 1	(b) 2	(c) 3	(d) 4
94.	If it is possible to for	m a word with the fi	rst, fourth, seventh and	eleventh letters of the word
	-		of that word. Otherwise	
	(a) S	(b) L	(c) X	(d) E
95.	In a class of students	Ravi occupies fifth	nosition from the top a	nd 25 th from the bottom in a test.
<i>).</i> .	How many students	-		

(a) 30 (b) 28 (c) 29 (d) 25

Directions (96 to 100): Each question below contains three groups of things. You are to choose from the following five numbered diagrams, the diagram that depicts the correct relationship among the three groups of things in each question.



96. Vegetable, Fruit, Brinjal

97. Door, Window, House

NTSE | Theory | Questions | Sample Papers | Online test | NCERT Solutions www.entrancei.com

Entrance



- 98. Honest, Intelligent, Poor
- 99. Car, Train, automobile
- 100. Zinc, Copper, Iron

Answer Key

Mock Test -1 (GMAT)

c a c a a a 16 17 18 19 20 21 d a a a d a 31 32 33 34 35 36 a c d b a c 46 47 48 49 50 51	d a 22 23 d b 37 38 b c	d 24 b 39	a 25 a 40	c 26 c 41	с 27 а	a 28 c	c 29 b	b 30
d a a a d a 31 32 33 34 35 36 a c d b a c 46 47 48 49 50 51	d b 37 38	b 39	a	c	a			30
31 32 33 34 35 36 a c d b a c 46 47 48 49 50 51	37 38	39		-		С	h	
a c d b a c 46 47 48 49 50 51			40	41		-	U	c
46 47 48 49 50 51	b c			71	42	43	44	45
	~ •	a	c	a	b	d	a	b
	52 53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
d a a c c b	c b	b	c	d	c	b	a	d
61 62 63 64 65 66	67 68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75
a b a a a d	a a	a	c	a	b	b	a	b
76 77 78 79 80 81	82 83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
c c c b a d	a c	a	c	b	b	a	a	c
91 92 93 94 95 96	97 98	99	100					
a b c b c c	d a	c	b					