

**SCHEME AND SYLLABUS UNDER
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM
B.Sc. WITH ZOOLOGY**

	CORE COURSE (12)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses AEC (2)	Skill Enhancement Courses SEC (4)	Discipline Specific Elective DSE (4)
I	CC- Botany I CC- Zoology I CC- Chemistry I	English Communication		
II	CC- Botany II CC-Zoology II CC- Chemistry II	Environmental Science		
III	CC- Botany III CC-Zoology III CC- Chemistry III		SEC-I	
IV	CC- Botany IV CC-Zoology IV CC- Chemistry IV		SEC-II	
V			SEC-III	DSE-Botany I DSE-Zoology I DSE-Chemistry I
VI			SEC-IV	DSE-Botany II DSE-Zoology II DSE-Chemistry II

Discipline Core Courses: Zoology

1. Animal Diversity
2. Comparative Anatomy and Developmental Biology of Vertebrates
3. Physiology and Biochemistry
4. Genetics and Evolutionary Biology

Discipline Specific Electives: Zoology (Any two)

1. Animal Biotechnology
2. Applied Zoology
3. Aquatic Biology
4. Immunology
5. Reproductive Biology
6. Insect, Vector and Diseases

Skill Enhancement Courses: Zoology

1. Apiculture
2. Aquarium Fish Keeping
3. Medical Diagnostics
4. Sericulture

**CORE COURSE I
ANIMAL DIVERSITY**

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Kingdom Protista	4
General characters and classification up to classes; Locomotory Organelles and locomotion in Protozoa	
Unit 2: Phylum Porifera	3
General characters and classification up to classes; Canal System in <i>Sycon</i>	
Unit 3: Phylum Cnidaria	3
General characters and classification up to classes; Polymorphism in Hydrozoa	
Unit 4: Phylum Platyhelminthes	3
General characters and classification up to classes; Life history of <i>Taenia solium</i>	
Unit 5: Phylum Nematelminthes	5
General characters and classification up to classes; Life history of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> and its parasitic adaptations	
Unit 6: Phylum Annelida	3
General characters and classification up to classes; Metamerism in Annelida	
Unit 7: Phylum Arthropoda	5
General characters and classification up to classes; Vision in Arthropoda, Metamorphosis in Insects	
Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca	4
General characters and classification up to classes; Torsion in gastropods	
Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata	4
General characters and classification up to classes; Water-vascular system in <i>Asterias</i>	
Unit 10: Protochordates	2
General features and Phylogeny of Protochordata	
Unit 11: Agnatha	2
General features of Agnatha and classification of cyclostomes up to classes	
Unit 12: Pisces	4
General features and Classification up to orders; Osmoregulation in Fishes	

Unit 13: Amphibia	4
General features and Classification up to orders; Parental care	
Unit 14: Reptiles	4
General features and Classification up to orders; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes, Biting mechanism in snakes	
Unit 15: Aves	5
General features and Classification up to orders; Flight adaptations in birds	
Unit 17: Mammals	5
Classification up to orders; Origin of mammals	

Note: Classification of Unit 1-9 to be followed from “Barnes, R.D. (1982). *Invertebrate Zoology*, V Edition”

ANIMAL DIVERSITY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Study of the following specimens:

Amoeba, Euglena, Plasmodium, Paramecium, Sycon, Hyalonema, and Euplectella, Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Tubipora, Metridium, Taenia solium, Male and female Ascaris lumbricoides, Aphrodite, Nereis, Pheretima, Hirudinaria, Palaemon, Cancer, Limulus, Palamnaeus, Scolopendra, Julus, Periplaneta, Apis, Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Unio, Loligo, Sepia, Octopus, Pentaceros, Ophiura, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon, Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Branchiostoma, Petromyzon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Labeo, Exocoetus, Anguilla, Ichthyophis/Ureotyphlus, Salamandra, Bufo, Hyla, Chelone, Hemidactylus, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Naja, Crocodylus, Gavialis, Any six common birds from different orders, Sorex, Bat, Funambulus, Loris

2. Study of the following permanent slides:

T.S. and L.S. of *Sycon*, Study of life history stages of *Taenia*, T.S. of Male and female *Ascaris*

3. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes

An “**animal album**” containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purpose.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). *Invertebrate Zoology*, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition.
- Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). *The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis*, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- Young, J. Z. (2004). *The Life of Vertebrates*. III Edition. Oxford university press.
- Pough H. *Vertebrate life*, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- Hall B.K. and Hallgrimsson B. (2008). *Strickberger's Evolution*. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers Inc.

CORE COURSE II

COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF VERTEBRATES

THEORY	(CREDITS 4)
Unit 1: Integumentary System Derivatives of integument Nails and hooves in birds and mammals	4
Unit 2: Skeletal System Evolution of visceral arches	3
Unit 3: Digestive System Brief account of alimentary canal and digestive glands	4
Unit 4: Respiratory System Brief account of Gills, lungs, air sacs and swim bladder	5
Unit 5: Circulatory System Evolution of heart and aortic arches	4
Unit 6: Urinogenital System Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts	4
Unit 7: Nervous System Comparative account of brain	3
Unit 8: Sense Organs Types of receptors	3
Unit 9: Early Embryonic Development Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and oogenesis w.r.t. mammals, vitellogenesis in birds; Fertilization: external (Sea urchin), internal (mammals), blocks to polyspermy; Early development of frog and humans (structure of mature egg and its membranes, patterns of cleavage, fate map, up to formation of gastrula); types of morphogenetic movements; Fate of germ layers; Neurulation in frog embryo.	12
Unit 10: Late Embryonic Development Implantation of embryo in humans, Formation of human placenta and functions, other types of placenta on the basis of histology; Metamorphic events in frog life cycle and its hormonal regulation.	10
Unit 11: Control of Development	8

Fundamental processes in development (brief idea) – Gene activation, determination, induction, Differentiation, morphogenesis, intercellular communication, cell movements and cell death

COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF VERTEBRATES

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Osteology:
 - a) Disarticulated skeleton of Pigeon and Guinea pig
 - b) Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous (Guinea pig) and one carnivorous animal (Dog)
2. Frog - Study of developmental stages - whole mounts and sections through permanent slides/ photograph – cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail bud stage, tadpole external and internal gill stages.
3. Examination of gametes - frog/rat - sperm and ova through permanent slides or photomicrographs.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Kardong, K.V. (2005) *Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution*. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). *Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates*. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- Hilderbrand, M and Gaslow G.E. *Analysis of Vertebrate Structure*, John Wiley and Sons.
- Walter, H.E. and Sayles, L.P; *Biology of Vertebrates*, Khosla Publishing House.
- Gilbert, S. F. (2006). *Developmental Biology*, VIII Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA.
- Balinsky, B.I. (2008). *An introduction to Embryology*, International Thomson Computer Press.
- Carlson, Bruce M (1996). *Patten's Foundations of Embryology*, McGraw Hill, Inc.

PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Nerve and muscle

8

Structure of a neuron, Resting membrane potential, Origin of Action potential and its propagation in myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres, Ultra-structure of skeletal muscle, Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction

Unit 2: Digestion

5

Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal; Absorption of carbohydrates, proteins, lipids

Unit 3: Respiration

5

Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes and capacities, Transport of Oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood

Unit 4: Excretion

5

Structure of nephron, Mechanism of Urine formation, Counter-current Mechanism

Unit 5: Cardiovascular system

6

Composition of blood, Hemostasis, Structure of Heart, Origin and conduction of the cardiac impulse, Cardiac cycle

Unit 6: Reproduction and Endocrine Glands

7

Physiology of male reproduction: hormonal control of spermatogenesis; Physiology of female reproduction: hormonal control of menstrual cycle
Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, Parathyroid, pancreas and adrenal

Unit 7: Carbohydrate Metabolism

8

Glycolysis, Krebs cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Review of electron transport chain

Unit 8: Lipid Metabolism

5

β oxidation of palmitic acid

Unit 9: Protein metabolism

5

Transamination, Deamination and Urea Cycle

Unit 10: Enzymes

6

Mechanism of action, Enzyme Kinetics, Inhibition

PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Identification of permanent histological sections of mammalian pituitary, thyroid, pancreas, adrenal gland
2. Identification of permanent slides of ileum, liver, lung, kidney
3. Qualitative tests to identify functional groups of carbohydrates in given solutions (Glucose, Fructose, Sucrose, Lactose)
2. Estimation of total protein in given solutions by Lowry's method.
3. Study of activity of salivary amylase under optimum conditions

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. (2009). *Principles of Anatomy and Physiology*, XII Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Widmaier, E.P., Raff, H. and Strang, K.T. (2008) *Vander's Human Physiology*, XI Edition., McGraw Hill
- Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). *Textbook of Medical Physiology*, XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company
- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. and Stryer, L. (2006). *Biochemistry*. VI Edition. W.H Freeman and Co.
- Nelson, D. L., Cox, M. M. and Lehninger, A.L. (2009). *Principles of Biochemistry*. IV Edition. W.H. Freeman and Co.
- Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell, V.W. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*. XXVIII Edition. Lange Medical Books/Mc Graw3Hill.

CORE COURSE IV
GENETICS AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Introduction to Genetics

3

Mendel's work on transmission of traits, Genetic Variation, Molecular basis of Genetic Information

Unit 2: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension

8

Principles of Inheritance, Chromosome theory of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, sex linked inheritance, extra-chromosomal inheritance

Unit 3: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping

9

Linkage and crossing over, Recombination frequency as a measure of linkage intensity, two factor and three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence

Unit 4: Mutations

7

Chromosomal Mutations: Deletion, Duplication, Inversion, Translocation, Aneuploidy and Polyploidy; Gene mutations: Induced versus Spontaneous mutations, Back versus Suppressor mutations,

Unit 5: Sex Determination

4

Chromosomal mechanisms, Mechanism of sex determination in *Drosophila*, dosage compensation

Unit 6: Origin of Life

2

Major Events in Origin of Life

Unit 7: Introduction to Evolutionary Theories

5

Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism

Unit 8: Direct Evidences of Evolution

5

Types of fossils, Incompleteness of fossil record, Dating of fossils, Phylogeny of horse

Unit 9: Processes of Evolutionary Change

9

Organic variations; Isolating Mechanisms; Natural selection (Example: Industrial melanism); Types of natural selection (Directional, Stabilizing, Disruptive), Artificial selection

Unit 10: Species Concept

6

Biological species concept (Advantages and Limitations); Modes of speciation (Allopatric, Sympatric)

Unit 11: Macro-evolution

5

Macro-evolutionary Principles (example: Darwin's Finches)

Unit 12: Extinction

6

Mass extinction (Causes, Names of five major extinctions, K-T extinction in detail), Role of extinction in evolution

GENETICS AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Study of Mendelian Inheritance and gene interactions (Non Mendelian Inheritance) using suitable examples. Verify the results using Chi-square test.
2. Study of Linkage, recombination, gene mapping using the data.
3. Study of Human Karyotypes (normal and abnormal) (from photograph).
4. Study of fossil evidences from plaster cast models and pictures
5. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens/ pictures
6. Charts:
 - a) Phylogeny of horse with diagrams/ cut outs of limbs and teeth of horse ancestors
 - b) Darwin's Finches with diagrams/ cut outs of beaks of different species
7. Visit to Natural History Museum/ Nature interpretation centre and submission of report

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). *Principles of Genetics*. VIII Edition. Wiley India.
- Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition. John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). *Concepts of Genetics*. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- Russell, P. J. (2009). *Genetics- A Molecular Approach*. III Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. *Introduction to Genetic Analysis*. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co.
- Ridley, M. (2004). *Evolution*. III Edition. Blackwell Publishing
- Barton, N. H., Briggs, D. E. G., Eisen, J. A., Goldstein, D. B. and Patel, N. H. (2007). *Evolution*. Cold Spring, Harbour Laboratory Press.
- Hall, B. K. and Hallgrimsson, B. (2008). *Evolution*. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers
- Campbell, N. A. and Reece J. B. (2011). *Biology*. IX Edition, Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
- Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). *Evolutionary Biology*. Sinauer Associates.

DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE COURSES

DSE 1 ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

THEORY

(Credits 4)

Unit 1: Introduction

8

Concept and scope of biotechnology

Unit 2: Molecular Techniques in Gene manipulation

24

Cloning vectors: Plasmids, Cosmids, Phagemids, Lambda Bacteriophage, M13, BAC, YAC, MAC and Expression vectors (characteristics)

Restriction enzymes: Nomenclature, detailed study of Type II.

Transformation techniques: Calcium chloride method and electroporation.

Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and screening by colony and plaque hybridization

General concept of Southern, Northern and Western blotting; DNA sequencing:

Sanger method, Polymerase Chain Reaction, DNA Finger Printing and DNA micro array

Unit 3: Genetically Modified Organisms

18

Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection

Applications of transgenic animals: Production of pharmaceuticals, production of donor organs, knockout mice.

Unit 4: Culture Techniques and Applications

10

Animal cell culture, Expressing cloned genes in mammalian cells, Molecular diagnosis of genetic diseases (Cystic fibrosis, Sickle cell anemia)

ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

1. Genomic DNA isolation from *E. coli* (method -)
2. Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/19) from *E. coli* (Boiling MiniPrep method) – Holmes & Quigly method
3. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA/ Lambda DNA using *EcoRI/ HindIII*, electrophoresis and observation
4. To study following techniques through photographs
 - a) Southern Blotting
 - b) Northern Blotting
 - c) Western Blotting
 - d) DNA Sequencing (Sanger's Method)
 - e) PCR
 - f) DNA fingerprinting
5. Project report on animal cell culture

SUGGESTED READINGS

- ✓ Brown, T.A. (1998). *Molecular Biology Labfax II: Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis*. II Edition, Academic Press, California, USA.
- ✓ Glick, B.R. and Pasternak, J.J. (2009). *Molecular Biotechnology - Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA*. IV Edition, ASM press, Washington, USA.
- ✓ Griffiths, A.J.F., J.H. Miller, Suzuki, D.T., Lewontin, R.C. and Gelbart, W.M. (2009). *An Introduction to Genetic Analysis*. IX Edition. Freeman and Co., N.Y., USA.
- ✓ Snustad, D.P. and Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- ✓ Watson, J.D., Myers, R.M., Caudy, A. and Witkowski, J.K. (2007). *Recombinant DNA- Genes and Genomes- A Short Course*. III Edition, Freeman and Co., N.Y., USA.
- ✓ Beauchamp, T.I. and Childress, J.F. (2008). *Principles of Biomedical Ethics*. VI Edition, Oxford University Press.

DSE 2
APPLIED ZOOLOGY

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Introduction to Host-parasite Relationship	3
Host, Definitive host, Intermediate host, Parasitism, Symbiosis, Commensalism, Reservoir, Zoonosis	
Unit 2: Epidemiology of Diseases	7
Transmission, Prevention and control of diseases: Tuberculosis, typhoid	
Unit 3: Rickettsiae	6
Brief account of <i>Rickettsia prowazekii</i>	
Unit 4: Parasitic Protozoa	8
Life history and pathogenicity of <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i> , <i>Plasmodium vivax</i>	
Unit 5: Parasitic Helminthes	5
Life history and pathogenicity of <i>Ancylostoma duodenale</i> and <i>Taenia solium</i>	
Unit 6: Insects of Economic Importance	8
Biology, Control and damage caused by <i>Helicoverpa armigera</i> , <i>Papilio demoleus</i> , <i>Heloveltis theivora</i> , <i>Sitophilus oryzae</i> and <i>Tribolium castaneum</i>	
Unit 7: Insects of Medical Importance	8
Medical importance and control of <i>Anopheles</i> , <i>Aedes</i> , <i>Xenopsylla cheopis</i>	
Unit 8: Animal Husbandry	5
Preservation and artificial insemination in cattle; Induction of early puberty and synchronization of estrus in cattle	
Unit 9: Poultry Farming	5
Principles of poultry breeding, Management of breeding stock and broilers	
Unit 10: Fish Technology	5
Concept of monoculture, polyculture, monosex culture, pen culture, cage culture, Induced breeding and transportation of fish seed	

APPLIED ZOOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Identification of *Plasmodium vivax*, *Entamoeba histolytica*, *Trypanosoma gambiense*, *Ancylostoma duodenale* and *Wuchereria bancrofti* and any of their life stages through permanent slides/photomicrographs or specimens.
2. Identification of arthropod vectors associated with human diseases: *Pediculus*, *Culex*, *Anopheles*, *Aedes* and *Xenopsylla*.
3. Study of insect damage to different plant parts/stored grains through damaged products/ photographs and submission of any three crop pest.
4. Identifying feature and economic importance of *Helicoverpa (Heliothis) armigera*, *Papilio demoleus*, *Callosobruchus chinensis*, *Sitophilus oryzae* and *Tribolium castaneum*
5. Submission of report on poultry farm/ animal breeding centre

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Park, K. (2007). *Preventive and Social Medicine*. XVI Edition. B.B Publishers.
- Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001). *Medical Parasitology*. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors.
- Kumar and Corton. *Pathological Basis of Diseases*.
- Atwal, A.S. (1986). *Agricultural Pests of India and South East Asia*, Kalyani Publishers.
- Dennis, H. (2009). *Agricultural Entomology*. Timber Press (OR).
- Hafez, E. S. E. (1962). *Reproduction in Farm Animals*. Lea & Fabiger Publisher
- Dunham R.A. (2004). *Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology Genetic Approaches*. CABI publications, U.K.
- Pedigo, L.P. (2002). *Entomology and Pest Management*, Prentice Hall.

DCE 3
AQUATIC BIOLOGY

THEORY

(Credits 4)

UNIT 1: Aquatic Biomes

Brief introduction of the aquatic biomes: Freshwater ecosystem (lakes, wetlands, streams and rivers), estuaries, intertidal zones, oceanic pelagic zone, marine benthic zone and coral reefs.

UNIT 2: Freshwater Biology

Lakes: Lake as an Ecosystem, Physico-chemical Characteristics: Light, Temperature, Thermal stratification, Dissolved Solids, Carbonate, Bicarbonates, Phosphates and Nitrates, Turbidity; dissolved gases (Oxygen, Carbon dioxide).
Nutrient Cycles in Lakes-Nitrogen, Sulphur and Phosphorous.

Streams: Physico-chemical environment, Adaptation of hill-stream fishes.

UNIT 3: Marine Biology

Salinity and density of Sea water, Continental shelf, Adaptations of deep sea organisms, Coral reefs.

UNIT 4: Management of Aquatic Resources

Causes of pollution: Agricultural, Industrial, Sewage, Thermal and Oil spills, Eutrophication, Management and conservation (legislations), Sewage treatment
Water quality assessment- BOD and COD.

PRACTICAL

(Credits 2)

1. Determine the area of a pond using graphimetric and gravimetric method.
2. Identify the important zooplanktons present in a lake ecosystem.
3. Determine the amount of Dissolved Oxygen, Free Carbon dioxide, Total Alkalinity in water collected from a nearby lake/ water body.
4. Instruments used in limnology (Secchi disc, Van Dorn Bottle, Conductivity meter, Turbidity meter, PONAR grab sampler) and their significance.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- **Anathakrishnan** : Bioresources Ecology 3rd Edition
- **Goldman** : Limnology, 2nd Edition
- **Odum and Barrett** : Fundamentals of Ecology, 5th Edition
- **Pawlowski** : Physicochemical Methods for Water and Wastewater Treatment, 1st Edition
- **Wetzel** : Limnology, 3rd edition
- **Trivedi and Goyal** : Chemical and biological methods for water pollution studies
- **Welch** : Limnology Vols. I-II

**DSE 4
IMMUNOLOGY**

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Overview of the Immune System

10

Introduction to basic concepts in immunology, components of immune system, principles of innate and adaptive immune system

Unit 2: Cells and Organs of the Immune System

8

Haematopoiesis, Cells of immune system and organs (primary and secondary lymphoid organs) of the immune system

Unit 3: Antigens

8

Basic properties of antigens, B and T cell epitopes, haptens and adjuvants

Unit 4: Antibodies

8

Structure, classes and function of antibodies, monoclonal antibodies, antigen antibody interactions as tools for research and diagnosis

Unit 5: Working of the immune system

12

Structure and functions of MHC, exogenous and endogenous pathways of antigen presentation and processing, Basic properties and functions of cytokines, Complement system: Components and pathways (classical and alternate).

Unit 6: Immune system in health and disease

10

Gell and Coombs' classification and brief description of various types of hypersensitivities, Introduction to concepts of autoimmunity and immunodeficiency,

Unit 7: Vaccines

4

General introduction to vaccines, Various types of vaccines: Brief idea

IMMUNOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Demonstration of lymphoid organs
2. Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/ photographs
3. Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of leucocytes.
4. Ouchterlony's double immuno-diffusion method (demonstration).
5. ABO blood group determination.
6. Cell counting and viability test from splenocytes of farm bred animals/cell lines.
7. Demonstration of
 - a) ELISA
 - b) Immunoelectrophoresis

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J (2006). *Immunology*, VI Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company.
- David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R. B. and Ivan R. (2006). *Immunology*, VII Edition, Mosby, Elsevier Publication.
- Abbas, K. Abul and Lichtman H. Andrew (2003.) *Cellular and Molecular Immunology*. V Edition. Saunders Publication.
- Immunology and Immunotechnology (2005) Chakravarty A..K. (Oxford University Press).

DSE 5

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

THEORY

(CREDITS 4)

Unit 1: Reproductive Endocrinology

Gonadal hormones and mechanism of hormone action, steroids, glycoprotein hormones, and prostaglandins, hypothalamo – hypophyseal – gonadal axis, regulation of gonadotrophin secretion in male and female; Reproductive System: Development and differentiation of gonads, genital ducts.

Unit 2: Functional anatomy of male reproduction

Anatomy of male reproductive system in rat and human; Histoarchitecture of Testis, Spermatogenesis, Androgen synthesis and metabolism; Epididymal function and sperm maturation; Accessory glands functions.

Unit 3: Functional anatomy of female reproduction

Anatomy of female reproductive system in rat and human; Histoarchitecture of Ovary, folliculogenesis, ovulation, corpus luteum formation and regression; Steroidogenesis and secretion of ovarian hormones; Reproductive cycles (human) and their regulation, changes in the female tract; Ovum transport in the fallopian tubes; Sperm transport in the female tract, fertilization; Hormonal control of implantation; Hormonal regulation of gestation, pregnancy diagnosis, foeto – maternal relationship; Mechanism of parturition and its hormonal regulation; Lactation and its regulation

Unit 4: Reproductive Health

Infertility in male and female: causes, diagnosis and management; Assisted Reproductive Technology: sex selection, sperm banks, frozen embryos, in vitro fertilization, IUT, ICSI; Modern contraceptive technologies.

REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Report on an established animal house: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.
2. Examination of vaginal smear from live rats.
3. Demonstration of reproductive organs.
4. Identification of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat/human: testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; Sections of ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.
5. Sperm count and sperm motility in rat (demonstration).

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Austin, C.R. and Short, R.V. reproduction in Mammals. Cambridge University Press.
- Degroot, L.J. and Jameson, J.L. (eds). Endocrinology. W.B. Saunders and Company.
- Knobil, E. et al. (eds). The Physiology of Reproduction. Raven Press Ltd.
- Hatcher, R.A. et al. The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology. Population Information Programme.

DSE 6
INSECT, VECTORS AND DISEASES

THEORY	(Credits 4)
Unit I: Introduction to Insects	6
General Features of Insects, Morphological features, Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits	
Unit II: Concept of Vectors	6
Brief introduction of Carrier and Vectors (mechanical and biological vector), Reservoirs, Host-vector relationship, Adaptations as vectors, Host Specificity	
Unit III: Insects as Vectors	8
Classification of insects up to orders, detailed features of orders with insects as vectors – Diptera, Siphonaptera, Siphunculata, Hemiptera	
Unit IV: Dipteran as Disease Vectors	24
Dipterans as important insect vectors – Mosquitoes, Sand fly, Houseflies;	
Study of mosquito-borne diseases – Malaria, Dengue, Chikungunya, Viral encephalitis, Filariasis; Control of mosquitoes	
Study of sand fly-borne diseases – Visceral Leishmaniasis, Cutaneous Leishmaniasis, Phlebotomus fever; Control of Sand fly	
Study of house fly as important mechanical vector, Myiasis, Control of house fly	
Unit IV: Siphonaptera as Disease Vectors	6
Fleas as important insect vectors; Host-specificity, Study of Flea-borne diseases – Plague, Typhus fever; Control of fleas	
Unit V: Siphunculata as Disease Vectors	4
Human louse (Head, Body and Pubic louse) as important insect vectors; Study of louse-borne diseases –Typhus fever, Relapsing fever, Trench fever, Vagabond's disease, Phthiriasis; Control of human louse	
Unit VI: Hemiptera as Disease Vectors	6
Bugs as insect vectors; Blood-sucking bugs; Chagas disease, Bed bugs as mechanical vectors, Control and prevention measures	

INSECT VECTORS AND DISEASES

PRACTICAL

(CREDITS 2)

1. Identification of different kinds of mouth parts of insects (from slides/ photographs)
2. Identification of following insect vectors through permanent slides/ photographs:
Aedes, *Culex*, *Anopheles*, *Pediculus humanus capitis*, *Pediculus humanus corporis*,
Phthirus pubis, *Xenopsylla cheopis*, *Cimex lectularius*, *Phlebotomus argentipes*,
Musca domestica.,
3. Study of different diseases transmitted by above insect vectors
4. Submission of a project report on any one of the insect vectors and disease transmitted

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Imms, A.D. (1977). *A General Text Book of Entomology*. Chapman & Hall, UK
- Chapman, R.F. (1998). *The Insects: Structure and Function*. IV Edition, Cambridge University Press, UK
- Pedigo L.P. (2002). *Entomology and Pest Management*. Prentice Hall Publication
- Mathews, G. (2011). *Integrated Vector Management: Controlling Vectors of Malaria and Other Insect Vector Borne Diseases*. Wiley-Blackwell

SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

SEC 1

APICULTURE

(CREDITS 2)

Unit 1: Biology of Bees

(4)

Classification and Biology of Honey Bees Social
Organization of Bee Colony

Unit 2: Rearing of Bees

(10)

Artificial Bee rearing (Apiary), Beehives – Newton and Langstroth
Bee Pasturage
Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture

Bee Keeping Equipment
Methods of Extraction of Honey (Indigenous and Modern)

Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies (5)
Bee Diseases and Enemies
Control and Preventive measures

Unit 4: Bee Economy (2)
Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses (Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis), Pollen
etc

Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Apiculture (4)
Bee Keeping Industry – Recent Efforts, Modern Methods in employing artificial
Beehives for cross pollination in horticultural gardens

SUGGESTED READINGS

- ✓ Prost, P. J. (1962). *Apiculture*. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.
- ✓ Bisht D.S., *Apiculture*, ICAR Publication.
- ✓ Singh S., *Beekeeping in India*, Indian council of Agricultural Research, NewDelhi.

SEC – 2

AQUARIUM FISH KEEPING

(CREDITS 2)

Unit1: Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping

The potential scope of Aquarium Fish Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exotic and Endemic species of Aquarium Fishes

Unit 2: Biology of Aquarium Fishes

Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine Aquarium fishes such as Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, Angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and Butterfly fish

Unit 3: Food and feeding of Aquarium fishes

Use of live fish feed organisms. Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds

Unit 4: Fish Transportation

Live fish transport - Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques.

Unit 5: Maintenance of Aquarium

General Aquarium maintenance – budget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as a Cottage Industry

SEC 3
MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS

THEORY **(Credits 2)**

Unit 1: Introduction to Medical Diagnostics and its Importance **2**

Unit 2: Diagnostics Methods Used for Analysis of Blood **10**
Blood composition, Preparation of blood smear and Differential Leucocyte Count (D.L.C) using Leishman's stain, Platelet count using haemocytometer, Erythrocyte Sedimentary Rate (E.S.R), Packed Cell Volume (P.C.V.)

Unit 3: Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine Analysis **6**
Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics; Abnormal constituents

Unit 4: Non-infectious Diseases **6**
Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention of Diabetes (Type I and Type II), Hypertension (Primary and secondary), Testing of blood glucose using Glucometer/Kit (Principle)

Unit 5: Infectious Diseases **3**
Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention of Tuberculosis and Hepatitis

Unit 6: Tumours **3**
Types (Benign/Malignant), Detection and metastasis; Medical imaging: X-Ray of Bone fracture, PET, MRI and CT Scan (using photographs).

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Park, K. (2007), *Preventive and Social Medicine*, B.B. Publishers
- Godkar P.B. and Godkar D.P. *Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology*, II Edition, Bhalani Publishing House
- Cheesbrough M., *A Laboratory Manual for Rural Tropical Hospitals, A Basis for Training Courses*
- Guyton A.C. and Hall J.E. *Textbook of Medical Physiology*, Saunders
- Robbins and Cortan, *Pathologic Basis of Disease*, VIII Edition, Saunders
- Prakash, G. (2012), *Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics*, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.

SEC 4
SERICULTURE

(CREDITS 2)

Unit 1: Introduction **(3)**

Sericulture: Definition,

Types of silkworms, Distribution and Races

Exotic and indigenous races

Mulberry and non-mulberry Sericulture

Unit 2: Biology of Silkworm **(3)**

Life cycle of *Bombyx mori*

Structure of silk gland and secretion of silk

Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms **(13)**

Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden

Rearing house and rearing appliances

Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder, RKO

Silkworm rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing

Types of mountages

Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons

Unit 4: Pests and Diseases **(4)**

Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates

Pathogenesis of silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial

Control and prevention of pests and diseases

Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Sericulture **(2)**

Prospectus of Sericulture in India: Sericulture industry in different states, employment, potential in mulberry and non-mulberry sericulture.

SUGGESTED READINGS

- Handbook of Practical Sericulture: S.R. Ullal and M.N. Narasimhanna CSB, Bangalore
- Appropriate Sericultural Techniques; Ed. M. S. Jolly, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore.
- Handbook of Silkworm Rearing: Agriculture and Technical Manual-1, Fuzi Pub. Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan 1972.
- Manual of Silkworm Egg Production; M. N. Narasimhanna, CSB, Bangalore 1988.
- Silkworm Rearing; Wupang—Chun and Chen Da-Chung, Pub. By FAO, Rome 1988.
- A Guide for Bivoltine Sericulture; K. Sengupta, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore 1989.
- Improved Method of Rearing Young age silkworm; S. Krishnaswamy, reprinted CSB, Bangalore, 1986

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL

ACCREDITED BY NAAC WITH GRADE “A”

CBCS Syllabus for B.Sc. Zoology Honours & General W.e.f. 2018-2019

Course Curriculum for B.Sc Zoology (Honours & General) Under
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)



ENLIGHTENMENT TO PERFECTION

B.Sc. Zoology

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH BENGAL
RAJA RAMMOHANPUR, DARJEELING
WEST BENGAL
PIN-734013

1. Introduction.....	5
2. Scheme for CBCS Curriculum.....	6
2.1 Credit Distribution across Courses.....	6
2.2.Scheme for CBCS Curriculum.....	<u>8</u>
2.3. Compulsory Core Courses.....	10
2.4. Choices for Discipline Specific Electives	10
2.5. Choices for Skill Enhancement Courses	10
2.6. Choices for Generic Elective Courses.....	11
3. Core Subjects Syllabus	12
3.1. Core T1 –Non-Chordates I.....	12
3.2. Core P1 –Non-Chordates I Lab.....	14
3.3. Core T2 –Ecology	15
3.4. Core P2 –Ecology Lab	16
3.5. Core T3 - Non-Chordates II.....	17
3.6. Core P3–Non-Chordates II Lab.....	19
3.7. Core T4 - Cell Biology.....	20
3.8. Core P4–Cell Biology Lab	22
3.9. Core T5 - Chordates	23
3.10. Core P5–Chordates Lab	26
3.11. Core T6 - Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems.....	27
3.12. Core P6–Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems Lab	29
3.13. Core T7 – Genetics.....	30
3.14. Core P7– Genetics Lab	32
3.15. Core T8 -Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates	33
3.16. Core P8–Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Lab.....	35
3.17. Core T9 - Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems.....	36
3.18. Core P9–Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems Lab	38
3.19. Core T10 –Fundamentals of Biochemistry	39
3.20. Core P10– Fundamentals of Biochemistry Lab.....	41

3.21.	Core T11 - Molecular Biology	42
3.22.	Core P11–Molecular Biology Lab	44
3.23.	Core T12 – Immunology	45
3.24.	Core P12–Immunology Lab.....	47
3.25.	Core T13 - Developmental Biology	48
3.26.	Core P13–Developmental Biology Lab	49
3.27.	Core T14–Evolutionary Biology and Biostatistics.....	50
3.28.	Core P14–Evolutionary Biology and Biostatistics Lab	52
4.	Department Specific Electives Subjects Syllabus	53
4.1.	DSE T1 - Endocrinology	53
4.2.	DSE P1 – Endocrinology Lab	54
4.3.	DSE T2 - Reproductive Biology.....	55
4.4.	DSE P2 – Reproductive Biology Lab	56
4.5.	DSE T3- Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology.....	57
4.6.	DSE P3 – Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology Lab.....	59
4.7.	DSE T4 - Wild Life Conservation and Management.....	60
4.8.	DSE P4 – Wild Life Conservation and Management Lab	62
4.9.	DSE T5 - Microbiology	63
4.10.	DSE P5 – Microbiology Lab.....	66
4.11.	DSE T6 - Parasitology	67
4.12.	DSE P6 –Parasitology Lab	69
4.13.	DSE T7 – Animal Biotechnology	70
4.14.	DSE P7 – Animal Biotechnology Lab	71
4.15.	DSE T8– Biology of Insects.....	72
4.16.	DSE P8 – Biology of Insects	74
4.17.	DSE T9- Fish and Fisheries.....	75
4.18.	DSE P9- Fish and Fisheries Lab.....	78
5.	Skill Enhancement Course	79
5.1.	SEC T1 –Apiculture.....	79
5.2.	SEC T2 -Aquarium Fish Keeping	80

5.3.	SEC T3 Medical diagnostic and Technology	81
5.4.	SEC T4– Sericulture	83
6.	General Elective	85
6.1.	GE T1 -Animal Diversity	85
6.2.	GE P1 –Animal Diversity Lab	88
6.3.	GE T2- Insect Vectors and Diseases	89
6.4.	GE P2 Insect Vectors and Diseases Lab	91
6.5.	GE T3- Environment and Public Health	92
6.6.	GE P3 Environment and Public Health Lab	94
6.7.	GE T4 Human Physiology	95
6.8.	GE P4 Human Physiology	97
6.9.	GE T5 Food, Nutrition and Health	98
6.10.	GE P5 Food Nutrition and Health Lab	100
6.11.	GE T6 Animal Cell Biotechnology	101
6.12.	GE P6 Animal Cell Biotechnology Lab	103
6.13.	GE T7 Aquatic Biology	104
6.14.	GE P7 Aquatic Biology Lab	105

1. Introduction

The syllabus for Zoology at undergraduate level using the Choice Based Credit system has been framed in compliance with model syllabus given by UGC.

The main objective of framing this new syllabus is to give the students a holistic understanding of the subject giving substantial weightage to both the core content and techniques used in Zoology.

Keeping in mind and in tune with the changing nature of the subject, adequate emphasis has been given on new techniques and understanding of the subject.

The syllabus has also been framed in such a way that the basic skills of subject are taught to the students, and everyone might not need to go for higher studies and the scope of securing a job after graduation will increase.

There is wide deviation in the infrastructure, be it physical or in human resource, in the form of teachers' expertise and ability and aspiration of the students. Hence, University is free to choose the Electives as per their infrastructural strengths and offer at least 6 to 7 electives

While the syllabus is in compliance with UGC model curriculum, it is necessary that Zoology students should learn "Immunology" as one of the core courses rather than as elective. Also, an important discipline specific elective on "Microbiology" has been added.

Project Work may be introduced instead of the 4th Elective with a credit of 6 split into 2+4, where 2 credits will be for continuous evaluation and 4 credits reserved for the merit of the dissertation.

2. Scheme for CBCS Curriculum

2.1.Credit Distribution across Courses

Course Type	Number of Courses	Credits		
		Theory	Practical	Theory + Practical
Core Courses	14	$14 \times 4 = 56$	$14 \times 2 = 28$	84
Discipline Specific Electives	4	$4 \times 4 = 16$	$4 \times 2 = 8$	24
Generic Electives	4	$4 \times 4 = 16$	$4 \times 2 = 8$	24
Ability Enhancement Language Courses	2	$2 \times 2 = 4$		4
Skill Enhancement Courses	2	$2 \times 2 = 4$		4
Totals	26	96	44	140

B.Sc. ZOOLOGY (HONS CBCS) 2018-2019

Year	SEMESTER	Discipline Specific CORE COURSE (DSC) (14T+14P) (Credit 14x4+ 14x2)	ABILITY ENHANSMENT COMPULSORY COURSE (AECC) (2) (Credit 2x2)	SKILL ENHANSMENT COMPULSORY COURSE (SEC) (2) (Credit 2x2)	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSE (DSE) (4T+4L) (Credit 4x4+ 4x2)	GENERIC ELECTIVE COURSES (GE) (4T+4L) (Credit 4x4+ 4x2) (For other Disciplines)	TOTAL CREDITS
1	I	DSC Paper-1 NON-CHORDATE I	AECC-1 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE			GE-1 Paper 1- ANIMAL DIVERSITY/ INSECT VECTORS/ AQUATIC BIOLOGY	20
		DSC Paper-2 ECOLOGY					
1	II	DSC Paper-3 NON-CHORDATE II	AECC-2 Comm. English/ MIL			GE-1 Paper 2- HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY/ FOOD NUTRITION & HEALTH/ ENVIRONMENT & PUBLIC HEALTH/ ANIMAL CELL BIOTECHNOLOGY	20
		DSC Paper-4 CELL BIOLOGY					
2	III	DSC Paper-5 CHORDATES		SEC Paper-1 APICULTURE/ AQUADIUM FISH KEEPING		GE-2 Paper 1- ANIMAL DIVERSITY/ INSECT VECTORS/ AQUATIC BIOLOGY	26
		DSC Paper-6 ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING & COORDINATING SYSTEM					
		DSC Paper-7 GENETICS					
	IV	DSC Paper-8 COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF VERTEBRATES		SEC Paper-2 SERICULTURE/ MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC TECHNIQUES		GE-2 Paper 2- HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY/ FOOD NUTRITION & HEALTH/ ENVIRONMENT & PUBLIC HEALTH/ ANIMAL CELL BIOTECHNOLOGY	26
DSC Paper-9 ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: LIFE SUSTAINING SYSTEMS							
DSC Paper-10 FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY							
3	V	DSC Paper-11 MOLECULAR BIOLOGY			DSE Paper-1 REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY/ ENDOCRINOLOGY		24
		DSC Paper-12 IMMUNOLOGY			DSE Paper-2 ANIMAL BEHAVIOUR & CHRONOBIOLOGY/ WILDLIFE CONSERVATION & MANAGEMENT		
	VI	DSC Paper-13 DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY			DSE Paper-3 MICROBIOLOGY/ PARASITOLOGY		24
		DSC Paper-14 EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS			DSE Paper-4 ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY/ FISH & FISHERIES/ BIOLOGY OF INSECTS		
TOTAL		56+28=84	4	4	16+8=24	16+8=24	140

2.2.Scheme for CBCS Curriculum

Semester	Course Name	Course Detail	Credits
I	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-I	English communication	2
	Core course-I	Non-chordates I	4
	Core course-I Practical	Non-chordates I Lab	2
	Core course-II	Ecology	4
	Core course-II Practical	Ecology Lab	2
	Generic Elective-1	Animal diversity / Insect Vectors	4
	Generic Elective-1 Practical	Animal diversity Lab / Insect Vectors Lab	2
II	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course-II	Environmental Science	2
	Core course-III	Non-chordates II	4
	Core course-III Practical	Non-chordates II Lab	2
	Core course-IV	Cell Biology	4
	Core course-IV Practical	Cell Biology Lab	2
	Generic Elective-2	Animal Diversity/Environment and Public Health	4
	Generic Elective-2 Practical	Animal Diversity Lab/Environment and Public Health Lab	2
III	Core course-V	Chordates	4
	Core course-V Practical	Chordates Lab	2
	Core course-VI	Animal Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating Systems	4
	Core course - VI Practical	Animal Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating Systems Lab	2
	Core course-VII	Genetics	4
	Core course-VII Practical	Genetics Lab	2
	Skill Enhancement Course-1	Aquaculture/ Aquarium Fish Keeping	2
	Generic Elective-3	Human Physiology/Food, Nutrition and Health	4
	Generic Elective-3 Practical	Human Physiology Lab/Food, Nutrition and Health Lab	2

IV	Core course–VIII	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates	4
	Core course–VIII Practical	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates Lab	2
	Core course–IX	Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems	4
	Core course–IX Practical	Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems Lab	2
	Core course–X	Fundamentals of Biochemistry	4
	Core course–X Practical	Fundamentals of Biochemistry Lab	2
	Skill Enhancement Course-2	Sericulture/ Medical Diagnostic Techniques	2
	Generic Elective–4	Animal Cell Biotechnology/ Aquatic Biology	4
	Generic Elective–4 Practical	Animal Cell Biotechnology Lab/ Aquatic Biology Lab	2
V	Core course–XI	Molecular Biology	4
	Core course–XI Practical	Molecular Biology Lab	2
	Core course–XII	Immunology	4
	Core course–XII Practical	Immunology Lab	2
	Discipline Specific Elective–1	Endocrinology /Reproductive Biology	4
	Discipline Specific Elective– 1 Practical	Endocrinology Lab / Reproductive Biology Lab	2
	Discipline Specific Elective–2	Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology/ Wildlife Conservation and Management	4
	Discipline Specific Elective– 2 Practical	Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology Lab/ Wildlife Conservation and Management Lab	2
VI	Core course–XIII	Developmental Biology	4
	Core course–XIII Practical	Developmental Biology Lab	2
	Core course–XIV	Evolutionary Biology and Biostatistics	4
	Core course–XIV Practical	Evolutionary Biology and Biostatistics Lab	2
	Discipline Specific Elective–3	Microbiology/Parasitology	4
	Discipline Specific Elective– 3 Practical	Microbiology Lab/Parasitology Lab	2
	Discipline Specific Elective–4	Animal Biotechnology/Biology of Insects/ Fish and Fisheries	4
		Discipline Specific Elective– 4 Practical	Animal Biotechnology Lab/Biology of Insects Lab/ Fish and Fisheries Lab

2.3. Compulsory Core Courses

Core Courses			
Non-chordates I	Ecology	Non-chordates II	Cell Biology
Chordates	Physiology: Controlling and Coordinating Systems	Genetics	Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates
Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems	Fundamentals of Biochemistry	Molecular Biology	Immunology
Developmental Biology	Evolutionary Biology and Biostatistics		

2.4. Choices for Discipline Specific Electives

Discipline Specific Elective-1 to 4			
Animal Behavior & Chronobiology	Animal Biotechnology	Biology of Insects	Endocrinology
Fish and Fisheries	Microbiology	Parasitology	Wild Life Conservation & Management
Reproductive Biology			

2.5. Choices for Skill Enhancement Courses

Skill Enhancement Course-1 & Skill Enhancement Course-2			
Apiculture	Aquarium Fish Keeping	Medical Diagnostic Techniques	Sericulture

2.6. Choices for Generic Elective Courses

Generic Elective Courses-1 to 4			
Animal Cell Biotechnology	Animal Diversity	Aquatic Biology	Environment and Public Health
Food, Nutrition and Health	Human Physiology	Insect Vectors and Diseases	

3. Core Subjects Syllabus

3.1. Core T1 –Non-Chordates I

Non-Chordates I		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Basics of Animal Classification		4
<p>Definitions: Classification, Systematics and Taxonomy; Levels of Taxonomy: Alpha, Beta & Gamma Taxonomy; Taxonomic Hierarchy, Taxonomic types: Primary, Secondary (Definition)</p> <p>Codes of Zoological Nomenclature; Principle of priority; Synonymy and Homonymy kingdom concept of classification (Whittaker and Carl Woese)</p>		
Unit 2: Protista and Metazoa		15
<p>Protozoa</p> <p>General characteristics and Classification up to phylum (according to Levine et. al., 1981), Locomotion in <i>Euglena</i>, <i>Paramoecium</i> and <i>Amoeba</i>; Conjugation in <i>Paramoecium</i>.</p> <p>Life cycle and pathogenicity of <i>Plasmodium vivax</i> and <i>Entamoeba histolytica</i></p> <p>Metazoa</p> <p>Evolution of symmetry and segmentation of Metazoa</p>		
Unit 3: Porifera		6
General characteristics and Classification up to classes; Cell types, Spicules and Canal system in sponges		
Unit 4: Cnidaria		10
<p>General characteristics and Classification up to classes Metagenesis in <i>Obelia</i></p> <p>Polymorphism in Cnidaria</p> <p>Corals and coral reef diversity, function & conservation</p>		
Unit 5: Ctenophora		2

General characteristics	
Unit 6: Platyhelminthes	6
General characteristics and Classification up to classes Life cycle of <i>Fasciola hepatica</i> and <i>Taenia solium</i>	
Unit 7: Nematoda	7
General characteristics and Classification up to classes Life cycle, of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> and <i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i> Parasitic adaptations in helminthes	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition. ▶ Invertebrates by Brusca & Brusca. Second edition, 2002. 	

Classification for metazoans to be followed from: Rupert and Barnes, 1994, 6th Edition.

3.2. Core P1 –Non-Chordates I Lab

Non-Chordates I	
	2 credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Preparation of whole mount of <i>Euglena</i>/ <i>Amoeba</i> / <i>Paramecium</i>2. Identification with reasons: <i>Amoeba</i>, <i>Euglena</i>, Tetranucleate stage of <i>Entamoeba</i>, <i>Opalina</i>, <i>Paramecium</i>, trophozoite stage/ signet ring stage of <i>Plasmodium</i> (from the prepared slides)3. Identification with reasons: <i>Sycon</i>, Neptune's Cup, <i>Obelia</i>, <i>Physalia</i>, <i>Millepora</i>, <i>Aurelia</i>, <i>Tubipora</i>, <i>Corallium</i>, <i>Alcyonium</i>, <i>Gorgonia</i>, <i>Metridium</i>, <i>Pennatula</i>, <i>Fungia</i>, <i>Meandrina</i>, <i>Madrepora</i>4. Spot identification of adult <i>Fasciola hepatica</i>, <i>Taenia solium</i> and <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i>5. Staining/mounting of any protozoa/helminth from gut of cockroach	

3.3. Core T2 –Ecology

Ecology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology		4
History of ecology, Autecology and synecology, Levels of organization, Laws of limiting factors, Study of Physical factors (light and temperature), The Biosphere - Introduction.		
Unit 2: Population		20
Unitary and Modular populations Unique and group attributes of population: Demographic factors, life tables, fecundity tables (Definitions), survivorship curves, dispersal and dispersion. Exponential and logistic growth, equation and patterns, r and k strategies Population regulation - density-dependent and independent factors Population Interactions, Gause's Principle with laboratory and field examples, Lotka-Volterra equation for competition.		
Unit 3: Community		11
Community characteristics: species diversity, abundance, , dominance, richness, Vertical stratification, Ecotone and edge effect. Ecological succession with one example		
Unit 4: Ecosystem		10
Types of ecosystem with an example in detail, Food chain: Detritus and grazing food chains, Linear and Y-shaped food chains, Food web, Energy flow through the ecosystem, Ecological pyramids and Ecological efficiencies Nutrient and biogeochemical cycle with an example of Nitrogen cycle Human modified ecosystem		
Unit 5: Applied Ecology		5
Wildlife Conservation (in-situ and ex-situ conservation). Management strategies for tiger conservation; Wild life protection act (1972)		

Reference Books	
▶	Krebs, C. J. (2001). Ecology. VI Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
▶	Odum, E.P., (2008). Fundamentals of Ecology. Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole
▶	Robert Leo Smith Ecology and field biology Harper and Row publisher
▶	Ecology: Theories & Application (2001). 4th Edition by Peter Stilling.
▶	Ecology by Cain, Bowman & Hacker. 3rd edition. Sinauer associates

3.4. Core P2 –Ecology Lab

Ecology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Study of life tables and plotting of survivorship curves of different types from the hypothetical/real data provided 2. Determination of population density in a natural/hypothetical community by quadrat method and calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index for the same community 3. Study of an aquatic ecosystem: zooplankton, temperature, turbidity/penetration of light, determination of pH, and Dissolved Oxygen content (Winkler's method), Chemical Oxygen Demand (Dark bottle method) and free CO₂ 4. Report on a visit to National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wild life sanctuary 5. 	

3.5. Core T3 - Non-Chordates II

Non-Chordates II		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		2
Evolution of coelom and metamerism		
Unit 2: Annelida		10
General characteristics and Classification up to classes Excretion in Annelida through nephridia, locomotion in <i>Nereis</i> Metamerism in Annelida.		
Unit 3: Arthropoda		16
General characteristics and Classification up to classes Vision in Insecta only. Respiration in Arthropoda (Gills in prawn and trachea in cockroach) Metamorphosis in Lepidopteran Insects.		
Unit 4: Onychophora		2
General characteristics and Evolutionary significance; and affinities of <i>Peripatus</i> .		
Unit 5: Mollusca		10
General characteristics and Classification up to classes Nervous system and torsion and detorsion in Gastropoda Respiration in <i>Pila</i> sp; Evolutionary significance of trochophore larva.		
Unit 6: Echinodermata		8
General characteristics and Classification up to classes Water-vascular system in Echinodermata, Larval forms in Echinodermata, Affinities with Chordates		

	Page17
Unit 7: Hemichordata	2
General characteristics of phylum Hemichordata. Relationship with non-chordates and chordates	
Reference Books	
▶ Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). Invertebrate Zoology, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition	
▶ The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis, III Edition, Blackwell Science	

Note: Classification to be followed from Ruppert and Barnes, 1994, 6th Edition / Brusca and Brusca 2003.

3.6. Core P3–Non-Chordates II

Non-Chordates II	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Identification with reasons:<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Annelids - <i>Aphrodite, Nereis/Heteronereis, Sabella, Chaetopterus, Pheretima, Hirudinaria</i>b. Arthropods - <i>Limulus, Palamnaeus, Palaemon, Daphnia, Balanus, Sacculina, Cancer, Eupagurus, Scolopendra, Julus, Bombyx, Periplaneta</i>, termites and honey bees <i>Onychophora - Peripatus</i>c. Molluscs - <i>Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Doris, Helix, Unio, Ostrea, Sepia, Octopus, Nautilus</i>d. Echinodermates - <i>Pentaceros/Asterias, Ophiura, Clypeaster (Sand Dollars), Echinus, Cucumaria</i> and <i>Antedon</i>e. Hemichordates- <i>Balanoglossus</i>2. Study of digestive system, septal nephridia, pharyngeal nephridia of earthworm (chart/model)3. Identification of T.S. through pharynx, gizzard, and typhlosolar intestine of earthworm4. Mounting of mouth parts and dissection of digestive system and nervous system of <i>Periplaneta</i>5. To submit a Project Report on any related topic to larval forms (crustacean, mollusc and echinoderm)	

3.7. Core T4 - Cell Biology

Cell Biology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Overview of Cells		2
Basic structure of Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Viruses, Viroid, Prion and Mycoplasma		
Unit 2: Plasma Membrane		6
Ultra structure and composition of Plasma membrane: Fluid mosaic model		
Transport across membrane: Active and Passive transport, Facilitated transport		
Cell junctions: Tight junctions, Gap junctions, Desmosomes		
Unit 3: Cytoplasmic organelles I		5
Structure and Functions: Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi Apparatus, Lysosomes		
Protein sorting and mechanisms of vesicular transport		
Unit 4: Cytoplasmic organelles II		6
Mitochondria: Structure, Semi-autonomous nature, Endosymbiotic hypothesis, Mitochondrial Respiratory Chain, Chemi-osmotic hypothesis		
Peroxisomes: Structure and Functions		
Centrosome: Structure and Functions		
Unit 5: Cytoskeleton		5
Types and function of cytoskeleton, structure of microtubules and microfilaments		
Accessory proteins of microfilament & microtubule		
A brief idea about molecular motors		
Unit 6: Nucleus		8
Structure of Nucleus: Nuclear envelope, Nucleolus		
Chromatin: Euchromatin and Hetrochromatin and packaging (nucleosome)		

Unit 7: Cell Division	10
Cell cycle and its regulation, Cancer (Concept of oncogenes and tumor suppressor genes). Mitosis and Meiosis: Basic process and their significance	
Unit 8: Cell Signaling	8
Cell signalling transduction pathways; Types of signaling molecules and receptors GPCR and Role of second messenger (cAMP), Protein kinase and Ca ⁺² Apoptosis and Necrosis- brief idea	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Lewin's Cells – 3rd Edition – Cassimeris/Lingappa/Plopper – Johns & Bartlett Publishers ▶ Biology of Cancer by Robert. A. Weinberg. 2nd edition. ▶ Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA. ▶ Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts Keith and Watson James (2008). Molecular Biology of the Cell, V Edition, Garland publishing Inc., New York and London. 	

3.8. Core P4–Cell Biology Lab

Cell Biology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis2. Study of various stages of meiosis from grasshopper testis (Squash preparation)3. Preparation of permanent slide to show the presence of Barr body in human female blood cells/cheek cells.4. Preparation of permanent slide to demonstrate DNA by Feulgen reaction5. Cell viability study by Trypan Blue staining (use spleen)	

3.9. Core T5 - Chordates

Chordates		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Chordates		2
General characteristics and outline classification of Phylum Chordata (upto class level)		
Unit 2: Protochordata		6
General characteristics and classification of sub-phylum Urochordata and Cephalochordata up to Classes. Retrogressive metamorphosis in <i>Ascidia</i> . General organization and Feeding in <i>Branchiostoma</i>		
Unit 3: Origin of Chordata		2
Dipleurula concept and the Echinoderm theory of origin of chordates Advanced features of vertebrates over Protochordata		
Unit 4: Agnatha		2
General characteristics and classification of cyclostomes up to order, Metamorphosis in Lamprey, Zoological importance of ammocoete larva		
Unit 5: Pisces		6
General characteristics and classification of Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes up to Subclasses Accessory respiratory organ, migration and parental care in fishes Swimbladder in fishes.		
Unit 6: Amphibia		6
General characteristics and classification up to living Orders. Parental care in Amphibia, Metamorphosis in toad, Neoteny and paedogenesis		
Unit 7: Reptilia		8
General characteristics and classification up to living Orders. Poison apparatus and Biting mechanism in poisonous Snakes		

Unit 8: Aves	8
General characteristics and classification up to Sub-Classes Exoskeleton, migration and double respiration in Birds Principles and aerodynamics of flight	
Unit 9: Mammals	8
General characters and classification up to living orders Affinities of Prototheria Exoskeletal derivatives of mammals Adaptive radiation in mammals with reference to locomotory appendages Echolocation in Micro chiropterans and Cetaceans	
Unit 10: Zoogeography	2
Zoogeographical realms, Plate tectonic and Continental drift theory, distribution of birds and mammals in different realms	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Young, J. Z. (2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford university press. ▶ Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International. ▶ Darlington P.J. The Geographical Distribution of Animals, R.E. Krieger Pub Co. ▶ Hall B.K. and Hallgrimsson B. (2008). Strickberger's Evolution. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers Inc. ▶ Parker, T. J. & Haswell, W. (1972). Text Book of Zoology, Volume II: Marshall and Willam (Eds.) 7th Ed. Macmillan Press, London. ▶ Kardong, K. V. (2002). Vertebrates: Comparative anatomy, function evolution. Tata McGraw Hill. ▶ Kent, G. C. & Carr, R. K. (2001). Comparative anatomy of the Vertebrates. 9th Ed. McGraw Hill. ▶ Nelson, J.S., (2006) : Fishes of the World, 4th Edn., Wiley. ▶ Romer, A. S. & Parsons, T. S. (1986). The vertebrate body. 6th Ed. Saunders College Publishing. ▶ Jordan, E.L. & Verma, P.S. (2003). Chordate Zoology. S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi. ▶ Sinha, K. S., Adhikari, S., Ganguly, B. B. & Bharati Goswami, B. D. (2001). Biology of Animals. Vol. II. New Central Book Agency (p) Ltd. 	

▶ Futuyama, D. (1997). <i>Evolutionary Biology</i> . 3rd Ed. Sinauer Associates, INC.	
---	--

Note: Classifications for Protochordata, Agnatha, Reptilia, Aves and Mammalia to be followed from Young (1981), for Pisces to be followed from Romer (1959), for Amphibia to be followed from Duellman and Trueb (1986)/ Young (1981).

3.10. Core P5–Chordates Lab

Chordates	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<p>Identification with reasons:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Protochordata <i>Herdmania, Branchiostoma</i>2. Agnatha <i>Petromyzon, Myxine</i>3. Fishes <i>Scoliodon, Sphyrna, Torpedo, Heteropneustes, Labeo, Exocoetus, Echeneis, Anguilla, Hippocampus, Tetradon/ Diodon-, Anabas, Flat fish</i>4. Amphibia <i>Necturus, Axolotl,- Tylotriton, Bufo, Hyla</i>5. Reptilia <i>Chelone, Trionyx,- Hemidactylus,- Varanus, Uromastix, Chamaeleon- Draco, Bungarus,- Vipera, Naja, Hydrophis, - Crocodylus.</i> Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes6. Mammalia: Bat (Insectivorous and Frugivorous), <i>Funambulus</i>7. Mounting of pecten from Fowl head8. Dissection of brain and pituitary of Tilapia/carp.	

3.11. Core T6 - Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems

Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Tissues		4
Structure, location, classification and functions of epithelial tissue, connective tissue, muscular tissue and nervous tissue		
Unit 2: Bone and Cartilage		4
Structure and structural types of bones and cartilages, Ossification		
Unit 3: Nervous System		10
Structure and types of neuron, resting membrane potential, Origin of action potential and its propagation across the myelinated and unmyelinated nerve fibers; Types of synapse, Synaptic transmission and Neuromuscular junction; Reflex action and its types		
Unit 4: Muscular system		10
Histology of different types of muscle; Ultra structure of skeletal muscle; Molecular and chemical basis of skeletal muscle contraction; Characteristics of muscle fibre: muscle twitch, tetanus.		
Unit 5: Reproductive System		6
Histology of testis and ovary		
Roles of Hormones in Reproduction including placental hormones		
Unit 6: Endocrine System		16
Histology and function of pituitary, thyroid, pancreas and adrenal		
Classification of hormones; Mechanism of Hormone action		
Signal transduction pathways for Steroidal, Protein and peptide hormones		
Hypothalamus (neuroendocrine gland) - principal nuclei involved in neuroendocrine control of anterior pituitary and endocrine system		

Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Histology: A Text and Atlas. Sixth Edition. Ross & Pawlina. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.▶ Eckert Animal Physiology by David Randall and Warren Burggren. 4th edition. W. H. Freeman.	

3.12. Core P6–Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems Lab

Animal Physiology: Controlling & Coordinating Systems	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Demonstration of the unconditioned reflex action (Deep tendon reflex such as knee jerk reflex),/Recording of simple muscle twitch with electrical stimulation (or Virtual)2. Preparation of temporary mounts: Squamous epithelium, / Striated muscle fibres3. Identification of permanent slides of Mammalian skin, Cartilage, Bone, Spinal cord, Nerve cell, Pituitary, Pancreas, Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid and Parathyroid4. Microtomy: Preparation of permanent slide of any five mammalian (Goat/white rat) tissues	

3.13. Core T7 - Genetics

Genetics		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension		
Principles of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and co-dominance, Epistasis Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Pleiotropy, Sex-linked, sex- influenced and sex-limited inheritance, Polygenic Inheritance.		10
Unit 2: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping		
Linkage and Crossing Over, molecular mechanism of crossing over (Holliday model), Measuring Recombination frequency and linkage intensity using three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence		10
Unit 3: Mutations		
Types of gene mutations (Classification), Types of chromosomal aberrations (Classification with one suitable example of each), Non-disjunction and variation in chromosome number; Molecular basis of mutations in relation to UV light and chemical mutagens		10
Unit 4: Sex Determination		
Mechanisms of sex determination in <i>Drosophila</i> Sex determination in mammals Dosage compensation in <i>Drosophila</i> & Human		8
Unit 5: Extra-chromosomal Inheritance		
Criteria for extra chromosomal inheritance, Antibiotic resistance in <i>Chlamydomonas</i> , Kappa particle in <i>Paramecium</i> Shell spiralling in snail		4
Unit 6: Recombination in Bacteria and Viruses		
Conjugation, Transformation, Transduction, Complementation test in Bacteriophage		6

Reference Books

- ▶ Developmental biology by Scott. F. Gilbert, 9th edition.
- ▶ Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). Principles of Genetics. V Edition. John Wiley and Sons Inc
- ▶ Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). Concepts of Genetics. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings
- ▶ Russell, P. J. (2009). Genetics- A Molecular Approach.III Edition. Benjamin Cummings
- ▶ Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B.

3.14. Core P7–Genetics Lab

Genetics	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Chi-square analyses2. Linkage maps based on conjugation3. Identification of chromosomal aberration in <i>Drosophila</i> and man from photograph4. Pedigree analysis of some human inherited traits	

3.15. Core T8 -Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates

Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Integumentary System		6
Structure, function and derivatives of integument in birds and mammals		
Unit 2: Skeletal System		6
Overview of axial and appendicular skeleton; Jaw suspension; Visceral arches.		
Unit 3: Digestive System		8
Comparative anatomy of stomach in birds and mammals; dentition in mammals		
Unit 4: Respiratory System		6
Respiratory organs in fish, amphibian, birds and mammals		
Unit 5: Circulatory System		8
General plan of circulation, Comparative account of heart and aortic arches		
Unit 6: Urinogenital System		6
Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts		
Unit 7: Nervous System		6
Comparative account of brain, Cranial nerves in mammals		
Unit 8: Sense Organs		4
Classification of receptors		
Reference Books		
▶ Kardong, K.V. (2005) Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education		

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies▶ Hilderbrand, M and Gaslow G.E. Analysis of Vertebrate Structure, John Wiley and Sons▶ Saxena, R.K. &Saxena, S.C.(2008) : Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. | |
|---|--|

3.16. Core P8–Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates

Comparative Anatomy of Vertebrates	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Study of placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales through permanent slides/photographs2. Study of disarticulated skeleton of Toad, Pigeon and Guinea pig3. Identification of skulls: <i>Trionix</i>, <i>Calotes</i>, Guinea pig and Dog4. Dissection of Tilapia/ Carp/ Rat: Circulatory system, Origin and distribution of 9th and 10th cranial nerve	

3.17. Core T9 - Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems

Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Physiology of Digestion		12
Structural organisation and functions of Gastrointestinal tract and Associated glands; Mechanical and chemical digestion and absorption of Carbohydrates, Lipids, and Proteins ; Digestive enzymes		
Unit 2: Physiology of Respiration		10
Mechanism of Respiration, Respiratory volumes and capacities, transport of Oxygen and Carbon dioxide in blood, Dissociation curves and the factors influencing it, types of respiratory pigments; Carbon monoxide poisoning		
Unit 3: Physiology of Circulation		12
Components of Blood and their functions; Structure and functions of haemoglobin Haemostasis; Blood clotting system, Fibrinolytic system Haemopoiesis; Basic steps and its regulation Blood groups; ABO and Rh factor		
Unit 4: Physiology of Heart		8
Structure of mammalian heart with special reference to human, Coronary Circulation, Structure and working of conducting myocardial fibres, Origin and conduction of cardiac impulses Cardiac Cycle and cardiac output Blood pressure and its regulation		
Unit 5: Thermoregulation & Osmoregulation		
Physiological classification based on thermal biology. Thermal biology of endotherms Osmoregulation in aquatic vertebrates		

Extrarenal osmoregulatory organs in vertebrates	
Unit 6: Renal Physiology	8
Structure of Kidney and its functional unit, Mechanism of urine formation, counter current mechanism for formation of concentrated urine, Regulation of acid-base balance	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Guyton, A.C. & Hall, J.E. (2006). Textbook of Medical Physiology. XI Edition. Hercourt Asia PTE Ltd. W.B. Saunders Company. ▶ Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons, ▶ Eckert Animal Physiology: Mechanisms and adaptations Randall, Burggren and French Vander A, Sherman J. and Luciano D. (2014). Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Function. XIII Edition, McGraw Hills ▶ Victor P. Eroschenko. (2008). diFiore's Atlas of Histology with Functional correlations. XII Edition. Lippincott W. & Wilkins. ▶ Vander A, Sherman J. and Luciano D. (2014). Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanism of Body Function. XIII Edition, McGraw Hills 	

3.18. Core P9–Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems Lab

Animal Physiology: Life Sustaining Systems	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Determination of ABO Blood group and Rh factor2. Enumeration of red blood cells and white blood cells using haemocytometer3. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer4. Preparation of haemin and haemochromogen crystals5. Recording of blood pressure using a sphygmomanometer	

3.19. Core T10 - Fundamentals of Biochemistry

Fundamentals of Biochemistry		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Carbohydrates		8
Structure and Biological importance: Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides; Carbohydrate metabolism: Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluconeogenesis		
Unit 2: Lipids		7
Structure and Significance: Physiologically important saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, Triacylglycerols, Phospholipids, Sphingolipid, Glycolipids, Steroids, Eicosanoids and terpenoids. Lipid metabolism: definition of alpha and omega oxidation; β -oxidation of saturated and even carbon-chain fatty acids; Fatty acid biosynthesis		
Unit 3: Proteins		10
Amino acids Structure, Classification, General and Electro chemical properties of α -amino acids; Proteins Bonds stabilizing protein structure; Levels of organization: primary, secondary, tertiary, quaternary, Ramachandran plot Protein metabolism: Transamination, Deamination,, Urea cycle,		
Unit 4: Nucleic Acids		10
Structure: Purines and pyrimidines, Nucleosides, Nucleotides, Nucleic acids Types of DNA and RNA, Complementarity of DNA, Hpyo- Hyperchromaticity of DNA		
Unit 5: Enzymes		13
Nomenclature and classification; Cofactors; Specificity of enzyme action; Isozymes; Mechanism of enzyme action; Enzyme kinetics; Derivation of Michaelis-Menten equation, Lineweaver-Burk plot;		

Factors affecting rate of enzyme-catalyzed reactions; Enzyme inhibition (competitive, uncompetitive, noncompetitive); Allosteric enzymes and their kinetics; Strategy of enzyme action- Catalytic and Regulatory (Basic concept with one example each)	
Unit 5: Oxidative Phosphorylation	2
Redox systems; Review of mitochondrial respiratory chain, ATP synthesis, Inhibitors and un-couplers of Electron Transport System	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York. ▶ Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). Biochemistry, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York. ▶ Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw- Hill Companies Inc. ▶ Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000). Instant Notes in Biochemistry, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd., U.K. ▶ Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2008). Molecular Biology of the Gene, VI Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, Pearson Pub. 	

3.20. Core P10 –Fundamentals of Biochemistry Lab

Fundamentals of Biochemistry	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates (Molisch's Test, Iodine test, Fehling's Test/ Benedict's Test, Barfoed's Test, Seliwanoff's Test), proteins (Biuret test, Millon's test) and lipids (saponification).2. Paper & TLC chromatography of amino acids.3. Quantitative estimation of proteins Lowry Method4. Demonstration of proteins separation by SDS-PAGE5. To study the enzymatic activity of salivary amylase	

3.21. Core T11 - Molecular Biology

Molecular Biology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Nucleic Acids		5
Salient features of DNA and RNA Watson and Crick Model of DNA, Clover leaf model of tRNA		
Unit 2: DNA Replication		10
Mechanism of DNA Replication in Prokaryotes, Semi-conservative, bidirectional and discontinuous Replication RNA priming, Inhibitors of replication		
Unit 3: Transcription		10
Mechanism of Transcription in prokaryotes Inhibitors of transcription		
Unit 4: Translation		12
Mechanism of protein synthesis in prokaryotes, Ribosome structure and assembly in prokaryotes, fidelity of protein synthesis, aminoacyl tRNA synthetases and charging of tRNA; Proteins involved in initiation, elongation and termination of polypeptide chain; Genetic code, Degeneracy of the genetic code and Wobble Hypothesis; Inhibitors of protein synthesis		
Unit 5: Gene Regulation		4
Regulation of Transcription in prokaryotes: <i>lac</i> operon and <i>trp</i> operon;		

Unit 6: DNA Repair Mechanisms	4
Types of DNA repair mechanisms, RecBCD model in prokaryotes, nucleotide and base excision repair, SOS repair	
Unit 7: Molecular Techniques	5
Basic Principles of PCR, Western and Southern blot, Northern Blot, Sanger DNA sequencing	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Molecular Cell Biology by Harvey Lodish. 7th Edition. W.H. Freeman. ▶ Molecular Biology of The Gene by Watson. 7th Edition. Pearson. ▶ iGenetics: A Molecular Approach by Peter. J. Russell. 3rd edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings. 	

3.22. Core P11–Molecular Biology Lab

Molecular Biology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Demonstration of polytene and lampbrush chromosome from photograph2. Isolation (NaCl-SSC method) and quantification of genomic DNA using spectrophotometer (A260 measurement)/ colorimeter (diphenylamine method)3. Agarose gel electrophoresis for DNA (demonstration)	

3.23. Core T12 - Immunology

Immunology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Overview of Immune System		2
Basic concepts of health and diseases, Historical perspective of Immunology, Cells and organs of the Immune system		
Unit 2: Innate and Adaptive Immunity		12
Anatomical barriers, Inflammation, Cell and molecules involved in innate immunity, Adaptive immunity (Cell mediated and humoral). Structure of B and T cell Receptor and its signalling, T cell development & selection		
Unit 3: Antigens		4
Antigenicity and immunogenicity, Immunogens, Adjuvants and haptens, Factors influencing immunogenicity, B and T-Cell epitopes		
Unit 4: Immunoglobulins		8
Structure and functions of different classes of immunoglobulins, Antigen- antibody interactions, Immunoassays (ELISA and RIA), Hybridoma technology, Monoclonal antibody production		
Unit 5: Major Histocompatibility Complex		2
Structure and functions of MHC molecules.		
Unit 6: Cytokines		2
Types, properties and functions of cytokines.		
Unit 7: Complement System		6
Components and pathways of complement activation (Classical & alternative).		
Unit 8: Hypersensitivity		4

Gell and Coombs' classification and brief description of various types of hypersensitivities.	
Unit 9: Immunology of disease	6
Malaria	
Unit 10: Vaccines	4
Various types of vaccines. Active & passive immunization (Artificial and natural).	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J (2006). Immunology, VI Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company. ▶ Abbas, K. Abul and Lichtman H. Andrew (2003.) Cellular and Molecular Immunology. V Edition. Saunders Publication. ▶ Ashim Kumar Chakraborty (2005). Immunology and Immunotechnology. Oxford University Press ▶ Delves, Peter J.; Martin, Seamus J.; Burton, Dennis R.; Roitt, Ivan M. (2011). Roitt's Essential Immunology. Hoboken, NJ: Wiley-Blackwell ▶ David Male Jonathan Brostoff David Roth Ivan Roitt (2012). Immunology 8th Edition, Elsevier 	

3.24. Core P12–Immunology Lab

Immunology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Demonstration of lymphoid organs.2. Identification of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/ photographs3. Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of leukocytes4. Lymphocyte separation from spleen..5. Demonstration of ELISA	

3.25. Core T13 - Developmental Biology

Developmental Biology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		
Basic concepts: Phases of Development, Cell cell interaction, Differentiation and growth, Differential gene expression		2
Unit 2: Early Embryonic Development		
Gametogenesis, Spermatogenesis, Oogenesis; Types of eggs, Egg membranes; Fertilization (External (Sea urchin) and Internal (mammal)); Changes in gametes, Blocks to polyspermy; Planes and patterns of cleavage; Types of Blastula; Fate maps (including Techniques); Early development of frog and chick up to gastrulation; Embryonic induction and organizers		20
Unit 3: Late Embryonic Development		
Fate of Germ Layers; Extra-embryonic membranes in chick; Implantation of embryo in humans, Placenta (Structure, types and functions of placenta)		8
Unit 4: Post Embryonic Development		
Development of brain and Eye in chick Regeneration: Modes of regeneration, epimorphosis, morphallaxis and compensatory regeneration (with one example each)		12
Unit 5: Implications of Developmental Biology		
Teratogenesis: Teratogenic agents and their effects on embryonic development; In vitro fertilization, Stem cell (ESC), Amniocentesis		8
Reference Books		
▶ Gilbert, S. F. (2010). Developmental Biology, IX Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA		
▶ Slack JMW , Essential Developmental Biology		

3.26. Core P13–Developmental Biology Lab

Developmental Biology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Preparation of whole mount of different developmental stages of chick2. Identification of whole mounts of developmental stages of chick through permanent slides: 24, 48, 72, and 96 hours of incubation (Hamilton and Hamburger stages)3. Study of the developmental stages and life cycle of <i>Drosophila</i> from stock culture4. Demonstration of male gametes of rat.5. Project report on <i>Drosophila</i> culture/chick embryo development	

3.27. Core T14–Evolutionary Biology & Biostatistics

Evolutionary Biology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1		5
Origin of life, RNA world		
Unit 2		5
Historical review of Evolutionary concepts, Lamarkism, Darwinism and Neo Darwinism		
Unit 3		6
Geological time scale, Evolution of horse, Phylogenetic trees and their interpretations, convergent and divergent evolution		
Neutral theory of molecular evolution, Molecular clock		
Unit 4		5
Sources of variations: Heritable variations and their role in evolution		
Unit 5		12
Population genetics: Hardy-Weinberg Law (statement and derivation of equation, application of law to biallelic Population); Evolutionary forces upsetting H-W equilibrium; Natural selection (concept of fitness, types of selection, selection coefficient, mode of selection heterozygous superiority).		
Genetic Drift mechanism (founder's effect, bottleneck phenomenon)		
Role of Migration and Mutation in changing allele frequencies.		
Unit 6		6
Species concept, Isolating mechanisms, modes of speciation		
Adaptive radiation/macroevolution (exemplified by Galapagos finches)		

Unit 7	2
Extinctions, Back ground and mass extinctions (causes and effects), detailed example of K-T extinction	
Unit 8 Biostatistics	9
Central tendencies, Measures of dispersion (Variance, Standard deviation, Standard error) Correlation and regression, T test	
Reference Books	
▶ Campbell, N.A. and Reece J.B (2011). Biology. IX Edition. Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.	
▶ Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates.	
▶ iGeneics: A Molecular Approach. 3 rd edition. Peter. J. Russell.	
▶ Robert R. Sokal , F. James Rohlf. 2009. Introduction to Biostatistics: Second Edition. Dover Publications Inc	
▶ Pranab kumar Banerjee. 2011. Introduction to Biostatistics (A Test Book of Biometry). S. Chand & Company Ltd.	
▶ K. S. Negi. 2002. Biostatistics. AITBS publishers, New Dilhi.	

3.28. Core P14–Evolutionary Biology Lab

Evolutionary Biology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Study of vertebrate fossils from models/ pictures (upto class)2. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens /Photographs/ models3. Study and verification of Hardy-Weinberg Law by chi square analysis4. Graphical representation and interpretation (correlation and regression) of data of height/ weight of a sample of 100 humans in relation to their age and sex,	

4. Department Specific Electives Subjects Syllabus

4.1. DSE T1 -Endocrinology

Endocrinology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Endocrinology		4
General idea of Endocrine systems, Classification, Characteristic and Transport of Hormones, Neurosecretions and Neurohormones		
Unit 2: Epiphysis, Hypothalamo-hypophysial Axis		16
Structure of pineal gland, Secretions and their functions in biological rhythms and reproduction. Structure and functions of hypothalamus and Hypothalamic nuclei, Regulation of neuroendocrine glands, Feedback mechanisms Structure of pituitary gland, Hormones and their functions, Hypothalamo-hypophysial portal system, Disorders of pituitary gland.		
Unit 3: Peripheral Endocrine Glands		16
Structure, Hormones, Functions and Regulation of Thyroid gland, Parathyroid, Adrenal, Pancreas, Ovary and Testis Hormones in Calcium and glucose homeostasis, Disorders of endocrine glands		
Unit 4: Regulation of Hormone Action		14
Mechanism of action of steroidal, non-steroidal hormones with receptors Bioassays of hormones using RIA & ELISA Estrous cycle in rat and menstrual cycle in human Multifaceted role of Vasopressin & Oxytocin. Hormonal regulation of parturition.		
Reference Books		
▶ Guyton and Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology. 13th Edition		
▶ Histology: A Text and Atlas. Sixth Edition. Ross & Pawlina. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.		
▶ Vertebrate Endocrinology by David O. Norris,		

4.2. DSE P1–Endocrinology Lab

Endocrinology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Dissect and display of Endocrine glands in laboratory bred rat.2. Identification of the permanent slides of all the endocrine glands3. Tissue fixation, embedding in paraffin, microtomy and slide preparation of any endocrine gland4. Estimation of plasma level of any hormone using ELISA (Demonstration)	

4.3. DSE T2 -Reproductive Biology

Reproductive Biology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Reproductive Endocrinology		10
<p>Gonadal Hormones, Mechanism of action of steroids and glycoprotein hormones. hypothalamo – hypophyseal – gonadal axis, regulation of gonadotrophin secretion in human (male and female)</p> <p>Reproductive system:</p> <p>Development and differentiation of gonads, genital ducts</p>		
Unit 2: Functional anatomy of male reproduction		14
<p>Histoarchitecture of testis in human; Spermatogenesis; Hormonal regulation; Androgen synthesis; Accessory glands functions</p>		
Unit 3: Functional anatomy of female reproduction		18
<p>Histoarchitecture of ovary in human; Oogenesis; Hormonal regulation; Steroidogenesis and secretion of ovarian hormones; Reproductive cycles (human) and their regulation, fertilization; Hormonal control of implantation; Hormonal regulation of gestation, pregnancy diagnosis, foeto – maternal relationship; Mechanism of parturition and its hormonal regulation; Lactation and its regulation</p>		
Unit 4: Reproductive Health		8
<p>Infertility in male and female: causes, diagnosis and management</p> <p>Assisted Reproductive Technology: sex selection, sperm banks, frozen embryos, in vitro fertilization, IUI, ICSI</p> <p>Modern contraceptive technologies</p>		
Reference Books		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Ross & Pawlina. Histology: A text and Atlas. 6th edition. ▶ Guyton & Hall. Medical Physiology. 11th edition. ▶ Knobil, E. et al. (eds). The Physiology of Reproduction. Raven Press Ltd. ▶ Hatcher, R.A. et al. The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology. Population Information Programme. 		

4.4. DSE P2 – Reproductive Biology Lab

Reproductive Biology	
	2 Credits
List of Practicals	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Visit to animal house: set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.2. Examination of vaginal smear from liverat .3. Tissue fixation, embedding in paraffin, microtomy and slide preparation of any endocrine gland4. Identification of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat/human: testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; Sections of ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.5. Demonstration of Sperm count and sperm motility in rat	

4.5 DSE T3-Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology

Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Animal Behaviour		
Origin and history of Ethology, Brief contributions of Karl Von Frish, Ivan Pavlov, Konrad Lorenz, Niko Tinbergen, Proximate and ultimate causes of behaviour, Methods and recording of a behaviour		5
Unit 2: Patterns of Behaviour		
Stereotyped Behaviours (Orientation, Reflexes); Individual Behavioural patterns; Instinct vs. Learnt Behaviour; Associative learning, classical and operant conditioning, Habituation, Imprinting.		6
Unit 3: Social and Sexual Behaviour		
Social Behaviour: Concept of Society; Communication: Chemical communications in insects and the senses Altruism; Reciprocal altruism and Kin selection Insects' society with Honey bee as example; Foraging in honey bee and advantages of the waggle dance. Sexual Behaviour: Asymmetry of sex, Sexual dimorphism, Mate choice, Intra-sexual selection (male rivalry), Inter-sexual selection (female choice), Sexual conflict in parental care.		15
Unit 4: Introduction to Chronobiology		
Brief historical developments in chronobiology; Biological oscillation: the concept of Average, amplitude, phase and period Adaptive significance of biological clocks		10
Unit 5: Biological Rhythm		
Types and characteristics of biological rhythms: Short- and Long- term rhythms; Circadian rhythms; Tidal rhythms and Lunar rhythms; Concept of synchronization and masking; Photic and non-photic zeitgebers; Circannual rhythms; Photoperiod and regulation of seasonal reproduction of vertebrates; Role of melatonin.		14
Reference Books		

- ▶ Animal Behaviour by Drickamar.
- ▶ John Alcock, Animal Behaviour, Sinauer Associate Inc., USA.
- ▶ Paul W. Sherman and John Alcock, Exploring Animal Behaviour, Sinauer Associate Inc., Massachusetts, USA.
- ▶ Chronobiology Biological Timekeeping: Jay. C. Dunlap, Jennifer. J. Loros, Patricia J. DeCoursey (ed). 2004, Sinauer Associates, Inc. Publishers, Sunderland, MA, USA
- ▶ Insect Clocks D.S. Saunders, C.G.H. Steel, X., Afopoulou (ed.) R.D. Lewis. (3rdEd) 2002 Baren and Noble Inc. New York, USA
- ▶ Biological Rhythms: Vinod Kumar (2002) Narosa Publishing House, Delhi/ Springer-Verlag, Germany.

4.6. DSE P3 –Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology Lab

Animal Behaviour and Chronobiology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To study the aggressive behavior of fish..2..To study the learning behavior of rat,3. To study geotaxis behaviour in soil arthropod.4. To study the phototaxis behaviour in soil arthropod/insect larvae .5. Visit to Forest/ Wild life Sanctuary/Biodiversity Park/ Zoological Park to study behavioural activities of animals and prepare a short report.	

4.7 DSE T4– Wild Life Conservation and Management

Wild Life Conservation and Management		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Wild Life		6
Values of wild life - positive and negative; Conservation ethics; Importance of conservation; Causes of depletion; World conservation strategies.		
Unit 2: Evaluation and management of wild life		8
Habitat analysis, Physical parameters: Topography, Geology, Soil and water Biological Parameters: food, cover, forage, browse and cover estimation Standard evaluation procedures: remote sensing and GIS.		
Unit 3: Management of habitats		6
Setting back succession; Grazing logging; Mechanical treatment; Advancing the successional process; Cover construction; Preservation of general genetic diversity Restoration of degraded habitats		
Unit 4: Population estimation		12
Population density, Natality, Birth rate, Mortality, fertility schedules and sex ratio computation; Pug marks and census method.		
Unit 5: Aims and objectives of wildlife conservation		6
Wildlife conservation in India – through ages; different approaches of wildlife conservation; modes of conservation; in-situ conservation and ex-situ conservation: necessity for wildlife conservation		
Unit 6: Management planning of wild life in protected areas		5
Estimation of carrying capacity; Eco tourism / wild life tourism in forests; Concept of climax persistence; Ecology of perturbation.		
Unit 7: Man and Wildlife		3

Causes and consequences of human-wildlife conflicts; mitigation of conflict – an overview; Management of excess population	
Unit 8: Protected areas	4
National parks & sanctuaries, Community reserve; Important features of protected areas in India; Tiger conservation - Tiger reserves in India; Management challenges in Tiger reserve.	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Caughley, G., and Sinclair, A.R.E. (1994). Wildlife Ecology and Management. Blackwell Science. ▶ Woodroffe R., Thirgood, S. and Rabinowitz, A. (2005). People and Wildlife, Conflict or Co-existence? Cambridge University. ▶ Bookhout, T.A. (1996). Research and Management Techniques for Wildlife and Habitats, 5 th edition. The Wildlife Society, Allen Press. ▶ Sutherland, W.J. (2000). The Conservation Handbook: Research, Management and Policy. Blackwell Sciences ▶ Hunter M.L., Gibbs, J.B. and Sterling, E.J. (2008). Problem-Solving in Conservation Biology and Wildlife Management: Exercises for Class, Field, and Laboratory. Blackwell Publishing. 	

4.8. DSE P4 –Wild Life Conservation and Management Lab

Wild Life Conservation and Management	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Identification of mammalian fauna/ avian fauna, herpeto-fauna of any protected area of North Bengal.2. Demonstration of basic equipment needed in wildlife studies use, care and maintenance (Compass, Binoculars, Spotting scope, Range Finders, Global Positioning System, Various types of Cameras and lenses)3. Familiarization and study of animal evidences in the field; Identification of animals through pug marks, hoof marks, scats, pellet groups, nest, antlers, etc.4. Demonstration of different field techniques for fauna5. PCQ, ten tree method, Circular, Square & rectangular plots, Parker's 2 Step and other methods for ground cover assessment, Tree canopy cover assessment, Shrub cover assessment.6. Trail / transect monitoring for abundance and diversity estimation of mammals and bird (direct and indirect evidences)	

4.9 DSE T5- Microbiology

Microbiology		
	6 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Microbiology		4
Historical perspective of Microbiology, Prokaryotic pathogens, Eukaryotic pathogens		
Unit 2: Bacterial taxonomy		4
Principles and modern approaches of bacterial taxonomy. Basic idea about Hackel and Whittaker's kingdom concept and domain concept of Carl Woese		
Unit 3: Morphology of Bacteria and Virus		14
Cell wall (Structure of peptidoglycan), Cell envelope (Cell membrane, Differences between gram-positive and gram-negative species, External capsule and glycocalyx, Plasmids and episomes. Nuclear material, Bacterial Chromosome (Fundamental differences with eukaryotic chromosome). Reserve materials (carbon and phosphate reserve, cyanophycin), Cytoplasmic inclusions (Chlorosome, magnetosome, carboxysome, gas vesicles, ribosome). Structural organization of viruses, Prions and viroids		
Unit 4: Normal flora		4
Distribution of normal flora in the body: Skin, eye, mouth, intestinal tract, urino-genital tract, Beneficial functions of normal flora. Harmful effects of normal flora		
Unit 5: Pathogenicity of Microorganisms		10
Bacterial pathogenesis: Entry to the host, Adherence to host cells, Invasiveness, Bacterial toxins : Exotoxins, Endotoxins, Antigenic switching. Viral Pathogenesis: Cellular level (Cell death, Transformation, Cell fusion, Cytopathic effect). Initial infections: Routes of entry and dissemination to secondary sites, Typical secondary sites of localization, Virus shedding and mode of transmission; Factors involved in termination of acute infection		
Unit 6: Infection of pathogens to human populations		2
63		

Unit 7: Diagnostic Microbiology and Bacteria culture	4
Koch's postulates, Sensitivity and specificity of test results, Principles and applications: Simple staining, Gram-staining, Acid-fast staining, Collection of specimens, Growth requirements and Growth factors, Oxygen requirement. Culture Media: Simple media, Complex media, Selective media and Enriched media	
Unit 8: Genetic recombination in bacteria	4
Transformation, Conjugation- F+, F-, Hfr & F' strain, Transduction, Generalised & specialized types.	
Unit 9: Microbial Diseases	4
Name of pathogen, symptoms, pathogenesis, mode of action & preventive measures of following diseases: Bacterial (Polio, Typhoid, Staphylococcal Food Poisoning) , Viral (Dengue, AIDS)	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Alexander, M. (1977). Introduction to Soil Microbiology. John Wiley and Sons, New York. ▶ Atlas, R. M. and Bartha, R. (1997). Microbial Ecology: Fundamentals and Applications, 4th ed. ▶ Benjamin/ Cummings. Black, J. G. (2011). Microbiology: Principles and Explorations. 8th ed. John Wiley and Sons, New York. ▶ Campbell, R. (1983). Microbial Ecology. 2nd ed. Oxford, Blackwell. ▶ Pinehuk, G. (2003). Schaum's outline Series: Theory and Problems of Immunology. McGrawHill. ▶ Presscott, L. M., Harley, J. P. and Klein, D. A. (2011). Microbiology, 8th ed. McGrawHill, New York. ▶ Schlegel, H. G. (1993). General Microbiology. 7th ed. Cambridge University Press. ▶ Slonczeweski, J.L. and Foster, J.W. (2009). Microbiology- An Evolving Science. Norton. ▶ Stanier, R. Y., Adelberg, E. A. and Ingraham, J. L. (1986). General Microbiology. 5th ed. Macmillan. ▶ Talaro, K. and Talaro, A. (1999). Foundations in Microbiology. 3rd ed. Dubuque, McGraw Hill. ▶ Tortora, G. J., Funke, B. R., and Case. C. L. (2008). Microbiology. An Introduction. 9th ed. Benjamin/Cummings Publishing. Menlo Park Calif. ▶ Voyleys, B. A. (2002). The biology of viruses, 2nd ed. McGraw-Hill. 	

4.10. DSE P5- Microbiology Lab

Microbiology	
	Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Simple staining and Gram's staining of bacteria.2. Preparation of liquid media (broth) and solid media for routine cultivation of bacteria.3. Preparation of slant and stab.4. Pure culture techniques: Spread plate, Pour plate and Streak plate5. Biochemical test for characterization: Catalase, Nitrate-reduction, Indole production, Methyl Red and Voges-Proskauer Test.6. Microbiological examination of milk (Methylene blue reductase test).7. Sugar fermentation test.	

4.11 DSE T6 - Parasitology

Parasitology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Parasitology		
		2
Brief introduction of Parasitism, Parasite, Parasitoid carriers and Vectors (mechanical and biological vector) Host parasite relationship		
Unit 2: Parasitic Protists		
		12
Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Giardia intestinalis</i> , <i>Trypanosoma gambiense</i> , <i>Leishmania donovani</i>		
Unit 3: Parasitic Platyhelminthes		
		12
Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i> , <i>Taenia sajinata</i>		
Unit 4: Parasitic Nematodes		
		12
Study of Morphology, Life Cycle, Prevalence, Epidemiology, Pathogenicity, Diagnosis, Prophylaxis and Treatment of <i>Ascaris lumbricoides</i> , <i>Ancylostoma duodenale</i> , <i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i> and <i>Trichinella spiralis</i> , <i>Brugia malayi</i>		
Unit 5: Parasitic Arthropods		
		10
Biology, importance and control of ticks (Soft tick <i>Ornithodoros</i> , Hard tick <i>Ixodes</i>), mites (<i>Sarcoptes</i>), Lice (<i>Pediculus</i>), Flea (<i>Xenopsylla</i>) and Bug (<i>Cimex</i>)		
Unit 5: Parasite Vertebrates		
		2
Brief account of Cookicutter Shark, Hood Mocking bird, Vampire bat		
Reference Books		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001) Medical Parasitology. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors ▶ E.R. Noble and G.A. Noble (1982) Parasitology: The biology of animal parasites. V Edition, Lea & Febiger 		

- ▶ Ahmed, N., Dawson, M., Smith, C. and Wood, Ed. (2007) *Biology of Disease*. Taylor and Francis Group
- ▶ Parija, S. C. *Textbook of medical parasitology, protozoology & helminthology (Text and colour Atlas)*, II Edition, All India Publishers & Distributors, Medical Books Publishers, Chennai, Delhi
- ▶ Rattan Lal Ichhpujani and Rajesh Bhatia. *Medical Parasitology*, III Edition, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (P) Ltd., New Delhi
- ▶ Meyer, Olsen & Schmidt's *Essentials of Parasitology*, Murray, D. Dailey, W.C. Brown Publishers
- ▶ K. D. Chatterjee (2009). *Parasitology: Protozoology and Helminthology*. XIII Edition, CBS Publishers & Distributors (P) Ltd.

4.12. DSE P6 –Parasitology Lab

Parasitology	
	2 Credits
List of Practicals	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Identification of any stage of <i>Giardia intestinalis</i>, <i>Trypanosoma gambiense</i>, <i>Leishmania donovani</i> through permanent slides/micro photographs2. Identification of adult and any stage of <i>Schistosoma haematobium</i>, <i>Taenia sajinata</i> through permanent slides/micro photographs3. Identification of adult and any stage of <i>Ancylostoma duodenale</i>, <i>Brugia malayi</i> and <i>Trichinella spiralis</i> through permanent slides/micro photographs4. Identification of <i>Pediculus humanus</i>, <i>Xenopsylla cheopis</i> and <i>Cimex lectularius</i> through permanent slides/ photographs6. Study of monogenea from the gills of fresh water fish [Gills can be procured from fish market as by-product of the industry/ Study of gut parasite of cockroach7. Study of nematode/cestode parasites from the intestines of Poultry bird [Intestine can be procured from poultry/market as a by-product]	

4.13 DSE T7 -Animal Biotechnology

Animal Biotechnology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		5
Organization of prokaryotic and eukaryotic genome, Concept of genomics		
Unit 2: Molecular Techniques in Gene manipulation		23
Cloning vectors: Plasmids, Cosmids, Phagemids, Lambda Bacteriophage, M13, BAC, YAC, MAC and Expression vectors (characteristics). Restriction enzymes: Nomenclature, detailed study of Type II. Transformation techniques: Calcium chloride method and electroporation. Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and screening by colony and plaque hybridization		
Southern, Northern and Western blotting		
DNA sequencing: Sanger method		
Polymerase Chain Reaction, DNA Finger Printing and DNA micro array		
Unit 3: Genetically Modified Organisms		12
Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection.		
Applications of transgenic animals: Production of pharmaceuticals, production of donor organs, knock out mice.		
Unit 4: Culture Techniques and Applications		10
Animal cell culture, Expressing cloned genes in mammalian cells, Molecular diagnosis of genetic diseases (Cystic fibrosis, Sickle cell anemia)		
Reference Books		
▶ Brown, T.A. (1998). Molecular Biology Labfax II: Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis. II Edition, Academic Press, California, USA.		
▶ Glick, B.R. and Pasternak, J.J. (2009). Molecular Biotechnology - Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA. IV Edition, ASM press, Washington, USA.		
▶ Weaver. Molecular Biology of Gene. 5th edition.		
▶ Primrose & Twyman. Principles of Gene Manipulation and Genomics. 7th edition.		

4.14. DSE P7 –Animal Biotechnology Lab

Animal Biotechnology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Genomic DNA isolation from E. coli (method)2. Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/19) from E. coli (Boiling miniprep method)3. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA/ lambda DNA by <i>EcoRI</i>/<i>HindIII</i>, electrophoresis and observation4. Construction of circular and linear restriction map from the data provided.5. Calculation of transformation efficiency from the data provided.6. To study following techniques through photographs<ol style="list-style-type: none">a. Southern Blottingb. Northern Blottingc. Western Blottingd. DNA Sequencing (Sanger's Method)e. PCRf. DNA fingerprinting7. Project report on animal cell culture	

4.15. DSE T8 - Biology of Insects

Biology of Insects		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		2
General Features of Insects Distribution and Success of Insects on the Earth		
Unit 2: Insect Taxonomy		4
Basis of insect classification; Classification of insects up to orders (according to Brusca and Brusca, 2016)		
Unit 3: General Morphology of Insects		6
External Features; Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits Thorax: Wings and wing articulation, Types of Legs adapted to diverse habitat Abdominal appendages and genitalia		
Unit 4: Physiology of Insects		20
Structure and physiology of Insect body systems - Integumentary, digestive, excretory, circulatory, respiratory, endocrine, reproductive, and nervous system Photoreceptors: Types, Structure and Function Metamorphosis: Types and Neuroendocrine control of metamorphosis		
Unit 5: Insect Society		6
Social insects with special reference to termites Trophallaxis in social insects such as ants, termites and bees		
Unit 6: Insect Plant Interaction		4
Theory of co-evolution, role of allelochemicals in host plant mediation Host-plant selection by phytophagous insects, Major insect pests in paddy		

Unit 7: Insects as Vectors	8
Insects as mechanical and biological vectors, Brief discussion on houseflies and mosquitoes as important vectors	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ A general text book of entomology, Imms , A. D., Chapman & Hall, UK ▶ The Insects: Structure and function, Chapman, R. F., Cambridge University Press, UK ▶ Principles of Insect Morphology, Snodgrass, R. E., Cornell Univ. Press, USA ▶ Introduction to the study of insects, Borror, D. J., Triplehorn, C. A., and Johnson, N. F., M Saunders College Publication, USA ▶ The Insect Societies, Wilson, E. O., Harward Univ. Press, UK ▶ Host Selection by Phytophagous insects, Bernays, E. A., and Chapman, R. F., Chapman and Hall, New York, USA ▶ Physiological system in Insects, Klowden, M. J., Academic Press, USA ▶ The Insects, An outline of Entomology, Gullan, P. J. , and Cranston, P. S., Wiley Blackwell, UK ▶ Insect Physiology and Biochemistry, Nation, J. L., CRC Press, USA ▶ Mosquito, Chandra G (2000), Sribhumi Pub. Co. ▶ Medical Entomology, Hati A. K., Allied Book Agency, 2010 	

Note: Classification to be followed from IMMS A. D. (1938)

4.16. DSE P8 –Biology of Insects Lab

Biology of Insecta	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Study of life cycle of Mosquito/ Silk moth2. Study of different kinds of antennae, legs and mouth parts of insects3. Mounting of insect wings, spiracles and genitalia of any insects4. Methodology of collection, preservation and identification of insects.5. Morphological studies of various castes of <i>Apis</i>, <i>Camponotus</i> <i>Odontotermes</i>6. Study of major insect pests of paddy/tea and their damages	

4.17. DSE T9 - Fish and Fisheries

Fish and Fisheries		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction and Classification		4
<p>General description of fish</p> <p>Feeding habit, habitat and manner of reproduction</p> <p>Classification of fish (up to Subclasses)</p>		
Unit 2: Morphology and Physiology		14
<p>Types of fins and their modifications; Locomotion in fish; Hydrodynamics; Types of Scales, Use of scales in Classification and determination of age of fish; Gills and gas exchange; Swim Bladder: Types and role in Respiration, buoyancy; Osmoregulation in Elasmobranchs; Reproductive strategies (special reference to Indian fish); Electric organ, Bioluminescence</p>		
Unit 3: Fisheries		10
<p>Inland Fisheries; Marine Fisheries; Environmental factors influencing the seasonal variations in fish catches in the Arabian Sea and the Bay of Bengal; Fishing crafts and Gears; Depletion of fisheries resources; Application of remote sensing and GIS in fisheries; Fisheries law and regulations</p>		
Unit 4: Aquaculture		16
<p>Sustainable Aquaculture; Extensive, semi-intensive and intensive culture of fish; Pen and cage culture; Polyculture; Composite fish culture; Brood stock management; Induced breeding of fish; Management of finfish hatcheries; Preparation and maintenance of fish aquarium; Preparation of compound diets for fish; Role of water quality in aquaculture; Fish diseases: Bacterial, viral and parasitic; Preservation and processing of harvested fish, Fishery by-products</p>		
Unit 5: Fish in research		6
<p>Transgenic fish</p> <p>Zebrafish as a model organism in research</p>		
Reference Books		
75		

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ D. H. Evans and J. D. Claiborne, The Physiology of Fishes, Taylor and Francis Group, CRC Press, UK von der Emde, R.J. Mogdans and B.G. Kapoor. The Senses of Fish: Adaptations for the Reception of Natural Stimuli, Springer, Netherlands▶ C.B.L. Srivastava, Fish Biology, Narendra Publishing House▶ J.R. Norman, A history of Fishes, Hill and Wang Publishers▶ S.S. Khanna and H.R. Singh, A text book of Fish Biology and Fisheries, Narendra Publishing House | |
|---|--|

Note: Classification to be followed from: Romar A. S. (1959)

4.18. DSE P9 –Fish and Fisheries Lab

Fish and Fisheries	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Morphometric and meristic characters of fishes2. Identification of <i>Petromyzon</i>, <i>Myxine</i>, <i>Pristis</i>, <i>Chimaera</i>, <i>Exocoetus</i>, <i>Hippocampus</i>, <i>Gambusia</i>, <i>Labeo</i>, <i>Heteropneustes</i>, <i>Anabas</i>3. Study of different types of scales (through permanent slides/ photographs).4. Study of crafts and gears used in Fisheries5. Water quality criteria for Aquaculture: Assessment of pH, conductivity, Total solids, Total dissolved solids6. Study of air breathing organs in <i>Channa</i>/ <i>Heteropneustes</i>/ <i>Anabas</i>/ <i>Clarias</i>(Market variety)7. Project Report on a visit to any fish farm/ pisciculture unit/ Zebrafish rearing Lab.	

5. Skill Enhancement Course

5.1. SEC T1 –Apiculture

Apiculture		
	2 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Biology of Bees		2
Classification and Biology of Honey Bees Social Organization of Bee Colony		
Unit 2: Rearing of Bees		10
Artificial Bee rearing (Apiary), Beehives – Newton and Langstroth Bee Pasturage Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture Bee Keeping Equipment Methods of Extraction of Honey (Indigenous and Modern)		
Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies		5
Bee Diseases and Enemies Control and Preventive measures		
Unit 4: Bee Economy		2
Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses (Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis), Pollen etc		
Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Apiculture		6
Bee Keeping Industry – Recent Efforts, Modern Methods in employing artificial Beehives for cross pollination in horticultural gardens		
Reference Books		
▶ Prost, P. J. (1962). Apiculture. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.		
▶ Bisht D.S., Apiculture, ICAR Publication.		

▶ Singh S., Beekeeping in India, Indian council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi.	
--	--

5.2. SEC T2 -Aquarium Fish Keeping

Aquarium Fish Keeping		
	2 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping		2
The potential scope of Aquarium Fish Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exotic and Endemic species of Aquarium Fishes		
Unit 2: Biology of Aquarium Fishes		10
Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine Aquarium fishes such as Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, Angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and Butterfly fish		
Unit 3: Food and feeding of Aquarium fishes		7
Use of live fish feed organisms. Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds, Aquarium fish as larval predator		
Unit 4: Fish Transportation		3
Live fish transport - Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques.		
Unit 5: Maintenance of Aquarium		3
General Aquarium maintenance – budget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as a Cottage Industry		

Reference Books:

- ▶ Anshuman D. Dholakia. 2016. Ornamental Fish Culture and Aquarium Management. Astral International.
- ▶ Harishanker J. Alappat;A. 2011. Biju Kumar. Aquarium Fishes: A Colourful Profile. BR Publishing Corporation
- ▶ Sarij K. Swain, N. Sarangi and S. Ayyappan. 2010. Ornamental Fish Farming. Indian Council of Agricultural Research.

5.3. SEC T3- MEDICAL DIAGNOSTIC TECHNIQUES

Medical Diagnostic Techniques		
	2 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Medical Diagnostics and its Importance		2
Unit 2: Diagnostics Methods Used for Analysis of Blood		7
Blood composition, Preparation of blood smear and Differential Leucocyte Count (D.L.C) using Leishman's stain, Platelet count using haemocytometer, Erythrocyte Sedimentary Rate (E.S.R), Packed Cell Volume (P.C.V.)		
Unit 3: Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine Analysis		4
Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics; Abnormal constituents		
Unit 4: Non-infectious Diseases		5
Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention of Diabetes (Type I and Type II), Hypertension (Primary and secondary), Testing of blood glucose using Glucometer/Kit (Principle)		
Unit 5: Infectious Diseases		3
Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention of Tuberculosis and Hepatitis, Malarial parasite (Microscope based and ELISA based)		
Unit 6: Clinical Biochemistry		1
LFT, Lipid profiling		
Unit 7: Clinical Microbiology		1
Antibiotic Sensitivity Test		
Unit 8: Tumours		2
Types (Benign/Malignant), Detection and metastasis; Medical imaging: X-Ray of Bone fracture, PET, MRI and CT Scan (using photographs).		

Reference Books

- ▶ Park, K. (2007), *Preventive and Social Medicine*, B.B. Publishers
- ▶ Godkar P.B. and Godkar D.P. *Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology*, II Edition, Bhalani Publishing House
- ▶ Cheesbrough M., *A Laboratory Manual for Rural Tropical Hospitals, A Basis for Training Courses*
- ▶ Guyton A.C. and Hall J.E. *Textbook of Medical Physiology*, Saunders
- ▶ Robbins and Cortan, *Pathologic Basis of Disease*, VIII Edition, Saunders
- ▶ Prakash, G. (2012), *Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics*, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.

5.4. SEC T4– Sericulture

Sericulture		
	2 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		2
Sericulture: Definition, Types of silkworms, Distribution and Races Exotic and indigenous races Mulberry and non-mulberry Sericulture		
Unit 2: Biology of Silkworm		4
Life cycle of <i>Bombyx mori</i> Structure of silk gland and secretion of silk		
Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms		10
Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden Rearing house and rearing appliances. Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder, RKO Silkworm rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing Types of mountages Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons		
Unit 4: Pests and Diseases		7
Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates Pathogenesis of silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial Control and prevention of pests and diseases		
Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Sericulture		2
Prospectus of Sericulture in India: Sericulture industry in different states, employment, potential in		

mulberry and non-mulberry sericulture

Reference Books

- ▶ Handbook of Practical Sericulture: S.R. Ullal and M.N. Narasimhanna CSB, Bangalore.
- ▶ Appropriate Sericultural Techniques; Ed. M. S. Jolly, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore.
- ▶ Handbook of Silkworm Rearing: Agriculture and Technical Manual-1, Fuzi Pub. Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan 1972.
- ▶ Manual of Silkworm Egg Production; M. N. Narasimhanna, CSB, Bangalore 1988.
- ▶ Silkworm Rearing; Wupang—Chun and Chen Da-Chung, Pub. By FAO, Rome 1988.
- ▶ A Guide for Bivoltine Sericulture; K. Sengupta, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore 1989.
- ▶ Improved Method of Rearing Young age silkworm; S. Krishnaswamy, reprinted CSB, Bangalore, 1986
- ▶ Jaiswal, K., Trivedi, S. P., Pandey, B.N. and Pandey, P.N. 2009 Indian Sericulture: Past, Present And Future, Alfa Publication.
- ▶ Ganga, G. and Sulochana Chetty, J. 2014. Introduction To Sericulture, Oxford & Ibh Publishing Co Pvt Ltd.
- ▶ Tripathi, A.K., Pandey, B.N., Jaiswal, K., Trivedi, S. P. 2009. Mulberry Sericulture: Problems and Prospects, Aph Publishing Corporation.

6. General Elective

6.1. GE T1-Animal Diversity

Animal Diversity		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Protista		3
Protozoa General characters of Protozoa; Life cycle of <i>Plasmodium</i>		
Unit 2: Porifera		3
General characters and canal system in Porifera		
Unit 3: Radiata		3
General characters of Cnidarians and polymorphism		
Unit 4: Aceolomates		2
General characters of Platyhelminthes		
Unit 5: Pseudocoelomates		3
General characters of Nematoda		
Unit 6: Annelida		3
General characters of Annelida Metamerism		
Unit 7: Arthropoda		4
General characters Social life in Honey bees.		
Unit 8: Mollusca		4

General characters of mollusc Pearl Formation	
Unit 9: Echinodermata	4
General characters of Echinodermata Water Vascular system in Starfish	
Unit 10: Protochordata	2
Salient features	
Unit 11: Pisces	3
General Characters Migration of Fish	
Unit 12: Amphibia	4
General characters, Parental care	
Unit 13: Reptilia	4
General Characters, Differences between poisonous and non-poisonous snakes, poison apparatus, venom and anti-venom	
Unit 14: Aves	4
General Characters Flight adaptations	
Unit 15: Mammalia	4
General Characters, Integumentary glands	
Reference Books	
▶ Barnes, R.D. (1992). Invertebrate Zoology. Saunders College Pub. USA. ▶ Ruppert, Fox and Barnes (2006) Invertebrate Zoology. A functional Evolutionary Approach 7th Edition, Thomson Books/Cole ▶ Campbell & Reece (2005). Biology, Pearson Education, (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd.	

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Kardong, K. V. (2002). <i>Vertebrates Comparative Anatomy. Function and Evolution</i>. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company. New Delhi.▶ Raven, P. H. and Johnson, G. B. (2004). <i>Biology</i>, 6th edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publications. New Delhi. | |
|---|--|

6.2. GE P1 –Animal Diversity Lab

Animal Diversity	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">Spot identification (specimen/ photographs/ permanent slides):<ol style="list-style-type: none">Non Chordates: <i>Euglena</i>, <i>Paramecium</i>, <i>Sycon</i>, , <i>Physalia</i>, <i>Metridium</i>, <i>Taenia</i>, <i>Ascaris</i>, <i>Nereis</i>, Leech, <i>Peripatus</i>, <i>Limulus</i>, Hermitcrab, <i>Daphnia</i>, Millipede, Centipede, Beetle, <i>Chiton</i>, <i>Octopus</i>, <i>Asterias</i>, <i>Antedon</i> and <i>Balanoglossus</i>,Chordates: <i>Amphioxus</i>, <i>Petromyzon</i>, <i>Scoliodon</i>, <i>Hippocampus</i>, <i>Labeo</i>, <i>Ichthyophis/Uraeotyphlus</i>, Salamander, <i>Draco</i>, <i>Naja</i>, <i>Viper</i>, Archaeopteryx, any three common birds-(Crow, duck, Owl), Squirrel and Bat.Identification of following specimen through Slides/ photographs: Cross section of <i>Sycon</i>, and <i>Ascaris</i> (male and female). T. S. of Earthworm passing through typhlosolar intestine. Bipinnaria and Pluteus larva.Temporary mounts of:<ol style="list-style-type: none">Cyclophs/ <i>Daphnia</i>.Unstained mounts of Placoid, cycloid and ctenoid scales.Dissections of:<ol style="list-style-type: none">Digestive system of CockroachStudy of gut parasite of cockroach.	

6.3 GE T2 -Insect Vectors and Diseases

Insect Vectors and Diseases		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction to Insects		2
General Features of Insects, Morphological features, Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts (with reference to feeding)		
Unit 2: Concept of Vectors		4
Brief introduction to Carriers and Vectors (mechanical and biological vectors),Reservoirs, Host-vector relationship, Adaptations as vectors, Host specificity		
Unit 3: Insects as Vectors		6
Detailed features of orders with insects as vectors – Diptera, Siphonaptera, Siphunculata, Hemiptera		
Unit 4: Dipteran as Disease Vectors		20
Dipterans as important insect vectors – Mosquitoes, Sand fly, Houseflies		
Study of mosquito-borne diseases – Malaria, Dengue, Chikungunya, Viral encephalitis, Filariasis		
Control of mosquitoes		
Study of sand fly-borne diseases –Leishmaniasis,(visceral and cutaneous), phlebotomus fever; Control of Sand fly		
Study of house fly as important mechanical vector, Myiasis, Control of house fly		
Unit 5: Siphonaptera as Disease Vectors		6
Fleas as important insect vectors; Host-specificity, Study of Flea-borne diseases – Plague, Typhus fever; Control of fleas		
Unit 6: Siphunculata as Disease Vectors		6
Human louse (Head, Body and Pubic louse) as important insect vectors; Control of human louse		
Unit 7: Hemiptera as Disease Vectors		6

Bugs as insect vectors; Blood-sucking bugs; Chagas disease, Bed bugs as mechanical vectors, Control and prevention measures	
---	--

Reference Books	
------------------------	--

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Imms, A.D. (1977). A General Text Book of Entomology. Chapman & Hall, UK▶ Chapman, R.F. (1998). The Insects: Structure and Function. IV Edition, Cambridge University Press, UK▶ Pedigo L.P. (2002). Entomology and Pest Management. Prentice Hall Publication▶ Mathews, G. (2011). Integrated Vector Management: Controlling Vectors of Malaria and Other Insect Vector Borne Diseases. Wiley-Blackwell▶ Mosquito (2000) Chandra G, Sribhumi Publication Co. Kolkata▶ Medical Entomology, Hati A. K Allied Book Agency, Kolkata | |
|---|--|

6.4. GE P2 –Insect Vectors and Diseases Lab

Insect Vectors and Diseases	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Identification of different kinds of mouth parts of insects (Slides/ photographs)2. Identification of following insect vectors through permanent slides/ photographs: <i>Aedes</i>, <i>Culex</i>, <i>Anopheles</i>, <i>Pediculus humanus capitis</i>, <i>Pediculus humanus corporis</i>, <i>Phthirus pubis</i>, <i>Xenopsylla cheopis</i>, <i>Cimex lectularius</i>, <i>Phlebotomus argentipes</i>, <i>Musca domestica</i>3. Study of different diseases transmitted by above insect vectors4. Submission of a project report on any one of the insect vectors and disease transmitted	

6.5. GE T3 -Environment and Public Health

Environment and Public Health		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		10
Sources of Environmental hazards, Hazard identification and accounting, Fate of toxic and persistent substances in the environment, Biomagnification.		
Unit 2: Climate Change		10
Greenhouse gases and global warming, Acid rain, Ozone layer destruction, Effect of climate change on public health		
Unit 3: Pollution		5
Air, water, noise pollution sources and effects, Pollution control		
Unit 4: Waste Management Technologies		15
Sources of waste, types and characteristics, Sewage disposal and its management, Solid waste disposal, Biomedical waste handling and disposal, Nuclear waste handling and disposal, Waste from thermal power plants.		
Unit 5: Diseases		10
Causes, symptoms and control of tuberculosis, Asthma, Cholera, Minamata disease, typhoid, filariasis		
Reference Books		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Cutter, S.L., Environmental Risk and Hazards, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1999. ▶ Kolluru Rao, Bartell Steven, Pitblado R and Stricoff “Risk Assessment and Management Handbook”, McGraw Hill Inc., New York, 1996. ▶ Kofi Asante Duah “Risk Assessment in Environmental management”, John Wiley and sons, Singapore, 1998. ▶ Kasperson, J.X. and Kasperson, R.E. and Kasperson, R.E., Global Environmental Risks, V. N. University Press, New York, 2003. ▶ Joseph F Louvar and B Diane Louver Health and Environmental Risk Analysis 		

fundamentals with applications, Prentice Hall, New Jersey 1997.

6.6. GE P3 –Environment and Public Health Lab

Environment and Public Health	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To determine pH, Cl, Hardness in water samples from different locations2. Visit to Auto/vehicle (Emission) pollution testing centre.	

6.7. GE T4 -Human Physiology

Human Physiology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Digestion and Absorption of Food		8
Structure and function of digestive glands; Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, fats and proteins; Nervous and hormonal control of digestion (in brief)		
Unit 2: Functioning of Excitable Tissue (Nerve and Muscle)		10
Structure of neuron, Propagation of nerve impulse (myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibre); Structure of skeletal muscle, Mechanism of muscle contraction (Sliding filament theory), Neuromuscular junction		
Unit 3: Respiratory Physiology		6
Ventilation, External and internal Respiration, Transport of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood, Factors affecting transport of gases.		
Unit 4: Renal Physiology		6
Functional anatomy of kidney, Mechanism and regulation of urine formation,		
Unit 5: Cardiovascular Physiology		8
Structure of heart, Coordination of heartbeat, Cardiac cycle, ECG		
Unit 6: Endocrine and Reproductive Physiology		12
Structure and function of endocrine glands (pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, pancreas, adrenal, ovaries, and testes), Brief account of spermatogenesis and oogenesis, Menstrual cycle		
Reference Books		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. (2009). Principles of Anatomy and Physiology, XII Edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. ▶ Widmaier, E.P., Raff, H. and Strang, K.T. (2008). Vander's Human Physiology, XI Edition, McGraw Hill. ▶ Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). Textbook of Medical Physiology, XII Edition, Harcourt 		

Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company.

- ▶ Marieb, E. (1998). Human Anatomy and Physiology, IV Edition, Addison-Wesley.
- ▶ Kesar, S. and Vashisht, N. (2007). Experimental Physiology, Heritage Publishers.
- ▶ Prakash, G. (2012). Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics,
- ▶ S. Chand and Company Ltd.

6.8. GE P4 –Human Physiology Lab

Human Physiology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Preparation of temporary slides: Neurons /Blood film.2. ABO blood group typing.3. Estimation of haemoglobin using Sahli's haemoglobinometer.4. Identification of permanent histological sections of mammalian oesophagus, stomach, duodenum/ileum, lung, kidney, thyroid, pancreas, adrenal, testis, ovary.	

6.9 GE T5 -Food, Nutrition and Health

Food, Nutrition and Health		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Basic concept of food and nutrition		6
Food Components and food-nutrients Concept of a balanced diet, nutrient needs and dietary pattern for various groups- adults, pregnant and lactating mothers, infants, school children, adolescents and elderly		
Unit 2: Nutritional Biochemistry		16
Carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins- Definition, Classification, their dietary source and role Vitamins- Fat-soluble and Water-soluble vitamins- their dietary source and importance Minerals- Iron, calcium, phosphorus, iodine, selenium and zinc: their biological functions		
Unit 3: Health		14
Introduction to health- Definition, concept of health and disease Major nutritional Deficiency diseases- Protein Energy Malnutrition (kwashiorkor and marasmus), Vitamin A deficiency disorders, Iron deficiency disorders, Iodine deficiency disorders- their causes, symptoms, treatment, prevention Life style related diseases- hypertension, diabetes mellitus, and obesity- their causes and prevention through dietary and lifestyle modifications Social health problems- smoking, alcoholism, drug dependence and Acquired Immuno Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) - their causes, treatment and prevention Common ailments- cold, cough, and fevers, their causes and treatment		
Unit 4: Food hygiene and Community health		14
Potable water- sources and methods of purification at domestic level Food and Water borne infections: Bacterial infection: cholera, typhoid fever, dysentery; Viral infection: hepatitis, poliomyelitis, Protozoan infection: Amoebiasis, Giardiasis; Helminths infection: Taeniasis, Ascariasis, Vector borne diseases: Malaria and Dengue, their transmission, causative agent,		

<p>sources of infection, symptoms and prevention</p> <p>Brief account of food spoilage: Causes of food spoilage and their preventive measures</p>	
<p>Reference Books</p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Mudambi, SR and Rajagopal, MV. Fundamentals of Foods, Nutrition and Diet Therapy; Fifth Ed; 2007; New Age International Publishers ▶ Srilakshmi B. Nutrition Science; 2002; New Age International (P) Ltd. ▶ Srilakshmi B. Food Science; Fourth Ed; 2007; New Age International (P) Ltd. ▶ Swaminathan M. Handbook of Foods and Nutrition; Fifth Ed; 1986; BAPPCO. ▶ Bamji MS, Rao NP, and Reddy V. Text Book of Human Nutrition; 2009; Oxford & IBH Publishing Co. Pvt Ltd. ▶ Wardlaw GM, Hampl JS. Perspectives in Nutrition; Seventh Ed; 2007; McGraw Hill. ▶ Lakra P, Singh MD. Textbook of Nutrition and Health; First Ed; 2008; Academic Excellence. ▶ Manay MS, Shadaksharaswamy. Food-Facts and Principles; 1998; New Age International (P) Ltd. ▶ Gibney et al. Public Health Nutrition; 2004; Blackwell Publishing 	

6.10. GE P5 – Food Nutrition and Health Lab

Food Nutrition and Health	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. To detect adulteration in Ghee/ Sugars/ Tea leaves/ Turmeric/ milk2. Gram staining of bacteria.3.. Study of the stored grain pests (<i>Sitophilus oryzae</i>, <i>Trogoderma granarium</i>) and mosquito vectors (<i>Anopheles</i>, <i>Culex</i> and <i>Aedes</i>) from slides/ photograph. Identification, habitat and food sources, damage caused and control.4. Preparation of temporary mounts of the above stored grain pests.5. Project- Undertake computer aided diet analysis and Anthropometric nutritional assessment for different age groups. <p>OR</p> <p>Identify nutrient rich sources of foods (fruits and vegetables), their seasonal availability and price</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Study of nutrition labelling on selected foods</p>	

6.11 GE T6 -Animal Cell Biotechnology

Animal Cell Biotechnology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Introduction		2
Concept and Scope of Biotechnology		
Unit 2: Techniques in Gene manipulation		15
Recombinant DNA technology, Isolation of genes, Restriction endonucleases Cloning Vectors: Plasmids, Phage vectors, Cosmids, Phagemids, Construction of Genomic libraries and cDNA libraries Transformation techniques: microbial and animals: Cloning in mammalian cells, Integration of DNA into mammalian genome- Electroporation and Calcium Phosphate Precipitation method.		
Unit 3: Animal cell Culture		9
Basic techniques in animal cell culture and organ culture, Primary Culture and Cell lines, Culture media- Natural and Synthetic, Stem cells, Cryopreservation of cultures. Basic idea of agarose and Polyacrylamide Gel Electrophoresis, Southern, Northern and Western blotting, DNA sequencing: (Sanger method), Polymerase chain reaction, DNA Fingerprinting.		
Unit 4: Fermentation		8
Different types of Fermentation: Submerged & Solid state; batch, Fed batch & Continuous; Stirred tank, Air Lift, Fixed Bed and Fluidized. Downstream Processing: Filtration, centrifugation, extraction, chromatography, spray drying and lyophilization.		
Unit 5: Transgenic Animal Technology		6

Production of transgenic animals: nuclear transplantation, Retroviral method, DNA microinjection method, Dolly and Polly.	
Unit 6: Application in Health	6
Development of recombinant Vaccines, Hybridoma technology, Gene Therapy (ADA). Production of recombinant Proteins: Insulin.	
Unit 7: Bio safety Physical and Biological containment	4
Bio safety Physical and Biological containment	
Reference Books	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Animal Cells Culture and Media, D.C. Darling and S.J. Morgan, 1994. BIOS Scientific Publishers Limited. ▶ Methods in Cell Biology, Volume 57, Jennie P. Mathur and David Barnes, 1998. Animal Cell Culture Methods Academic Press. ▶ P.K. Gupta: Biotechnology and Genomics, Rastogi publishers (2003). ▶ B.D. Singh: Biotechnology, Kalyani publishers, 1998 (Reprint 2001). ▶ T.A. Brown: Gene cloning and DNA analysis: An Introduction, Blackwell Science (2001). ▶ Bernard R. Click & Jack J. Pasternak: Molecular Biotechnology, ASM Press, Washington (1998). ▶ Methods in Gene Biotechnology, W. Wu, M.J. Welsh, P.B. Kaufman & H.H. Zhang, 1997, CRC Press, New York ▶ Griffiths, A.J.F., J.H. Miller, Suzuki, D.T., Lewontin, R.C. and Gelbart, W.M. (2009). An introduction to genetic analysis. IX Edition. Freeman & Co., N.Y., USA 	

6.12. GE P6 –Animal Cell Biotechnology Lab

Animal Cell Biotechnology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Packing and sterilization of glass and plastic wares etc for cell culture.2. Preparation of bacterial culture media.3. Preparation of genomic DNA from E. coli/animals/ human.4. DNA quantitation using agarose gel electrophoresis (by using lambda DNA as standard).5. Restriction digestion of lambda (λ) DNA using EcoR1/ Hind III.6. Techniques: Western Blot, Southern Hybridization, DNA Fingerprinting, PCR, (Through photographs)	

6.13. GE T7-Aquatic Biology

Aquatic Biology		
	4 Credits	Class
Unit 1: Aquatic Biomes		10
Brief introduction to the aquatic biomes: Freshwater ecosystem (lakes, wetlands, streams and rivers), estuaries, intertidal zones, oceanic pelagic zone, marine benthic zone and coral reefs.		
Unit 2: Freshwater Biology		20
Lakes: Lake as an Ecosystem, Physico-chemical Characteristics: Light, Temperature, Thermal stratification, Dissolved Solids, Carbonate, Bicarbonates, Phosphates and Nitrates, Turbidity, dissolved gases (Oxygen, Carbon dioxide). Nutrient Cycles in Lakes (Nitrogen, Sulphur and Phosphorous). Streams: Physico-chemical environment, Adaptation of hill- stream fishes.		
Unit 3: Marine Biology		10
Salinity and density of Sea water, Continental shelf, Adaptations of deep sea organisms, Coral reefs		
Unit 4: Management of Aquatic Resources		10
Causes of pollution: Agricultural, Industrial, Sewage, Thermal and Oil spills, Eutrophication, Management and conservation (legislations), Sewage treatment Water quality assessment- BOD and COD.		
Reference Books		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Anathakrishnan : Bioresources Ecology 3rd Edition ▶ Goldman : Limnology, 2nd Edition ▶ Odum and Barrett : Fundamentals of Ecology, 5th Edition ▶ Pawlowski: Physicochemical Methods for Water and Wastewater Treatment, 1st Edition ▶ Wetzel : Limnology, 3rd edition ▶ Trivedi and Goyal : Chemical and biological methods for water pollution studies ▶ Welch : Limnology Vols. I-II 		

6.14. GE P7 –Aquatic Biology Lab

Aquatic Biology	
	2 Credits
List of Practical	
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Determine the area of a pond using graphimetric and gravimetric method.2. Identification of the important zooplanktons present in a pond ecosystem.3. Determine the amount of Dissolved Oxygen, and Free Carbon dioxide, Totoal alkalinity (carbonates & bicarbonates) in water collected from a nearby lake / water body.4. Instruments used in limnology (Secchi disc, Van Dorn Bottle, Conductivity meter, Turbidity meter, PONAR grab sampler) and their significance.	

