ation

			TO Examin
	SECTION	N-A	
f t	nouse served by a 220V supply iuse. The maximum number of 6 turned on is	_	bulbs in parallel that can be
	(a) 11	/ IN	(b) 33
((c) 22	(d)	44
t	n n-channel JFET has $I_{DSS} = 1$ transconductance is (a) $g_m = 0.4$ milli mho	•	& V_P =-5V. The maximum $g_m = 0.04$ milli mho
((c) $g_m = 0.04 \text{ mho}$	(d)	g _m = 0.4 millimilli mho
∩ 3 Th	ne base to base resistance of a l	I IT is	s 6 K Ohm when the amitter
	current is zero. If $R_{B1} = 3.6 \text{ K Ohi}$		
	(a) n = 0.66		
	(c) $n = 6.0$	(d)	n = 0.6 n = 3.6
i	capacitor of 1pF initially charged deal inductor of 0.1 mH. The ma		
	(c) 1.5 A	(d)	2 A
			v hooguse
	con has a preference in IC techr (a) it is an indirect semiconduct		y because
	(b) it is a covalent semiconduct		
	(c) it is an elemental semicondu		
	(d) of the availability of nature of		
Q.6 Th	ree equal resistance of magnitu	de 5	Ohm each are connected in
	delta. The resistance between		
	delta will be	•	·
5	a) 5 Ohm	(b) 5	5/3 Ohm
((c) 10/3 Ohm	(d) 3	3/5 Ohm
	Q.7 The R.M.S. value of	a hali	If wave
	rectified sinusoidal altern	ating	current with
	peak value I _m is (a) Im/1		(b) L/V2
	(c) I _m /2		(d) lm>/3

vww.sarkai	riemploymentnews.com Q.8 For a series resonant circuit, at the half power points,which of the following is true? (a) Current is half of the current at resonance. (b) Resistance is equal to the reactance. (c) The impedance is half the impedance at the resonance. (d) None of the above
	Q.9 The lossless line of characterstics impedance 300 Ohm is terminated in a pure resistance of 200 Ohm. The value of the standing wave ratio is (a) 1.5 (b) 0.67 (c) 1.0 (d) 1.25
	Q.10 The transient current in lossless L-C circuit when excited from an AC source is, sine wave (a) Critically damped (b) Underdamped (c) Overdamped (d) Undamped
	Q. 11 The values of L and C for a low pass filter with cut off frequency of 2.5 KHz and operating with a terminated load resistance of 450 Ohm are given by (a) 57.3 mH; 0.283 pF (b) 28.66 pH; 0.14 pF (c) 114.64 mH; 0.566 mF (d) 50.23 mH; 0.632 mF
	Q. 12 The driving point impedance with poles at ra = 0(zero) and ra = (infinity) must have the (a) s term in the denominator and an excess term in the numerator (b) s term in the numerator and an excess term in the denominator (c) s term in the numerator and equal number of terms in the numerator and denominator (d) s term in the denominator and equal number of terms in the numerator and denominator
	Q.13 A transmission line is terminated at its characteristic impedance. The reflection coefficent is (a) 1 (b) -1 (c) 0 (d) ^
	Q.14 In the circuit shown below, the current through the 3/11Q resistance between terminals A & B is 1V m

3 **n**

AMAAr

AAA/V-(b) 1 Amp

(d) 5 Amps

3/11 n

3 V

(a) 4 Amps (c) 2 Amps

fl

Notes —

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Q.15 In a series RLC circuit operating below the resonant frequency the current				
	(a) I leads V _s	(b) I	lags V _s	
	(c) I is in Phase with V _s		lone of these	
	Q.16 An antenna has maximum radiation intensity $U_{\text{max}} = 10 \text{ Watt/Sr}$ and average radiation intensity $U_{\text{avg}} = 4.5 \text{ Watt/Sr}$. If the efficiency of the antenna is given as $n_r = 95\%$, the input power of the antenna is			
	(a) 2.222 Watt (c) 55.55 Watt	(b) (d)	12.11 Watt 59.52 Watt	
;	n an airport, a receiving, antennater and operates at 100 Mairport is 1/2 Km away from the a region of the antenna.	1Hz. /	An aircraft approaching the	
	(a) far-field (c) close-field	(b) (d)	near-field Out of reach	
	A lossless transmission line w Ohms is excited by a signal of the line is terminated by Z_L impedance s of the line for Z_L Ohm, respectively are (a) +K 0 (c) 0, - H	voltag at a	e 10Z0° volts at 1.2 MHz. If distance 1 Km, the input	
Q.19 If	the electric field of a plane wave	is re	presented by E = 10 y	
	cos (10 ⁹ t+30z) volt/m, assumin corresponding magnetic field H i		s the dielectric constant, the	
	(a) — yz $e^{10^9}/3 \cos (10^9 t + 30z) \text{ Amp/m}$ (b) — x $e^{10^9}/3 \cos (10^9 t + 30z) \text{ Amp/m}$			
	(c)			
	(d) $+x = 10^9/3 \cos(10^9 t + 30z) A$			
Q.20 A 50 Ohm lossless line connects a signal of 200 KHz to a load of 200 Ohm. If the load power in 100 mW, the value for voltage minimum V_{min} is				
	(a) (V20)/4	(b)	(VIO) ^{/4}	
1	(c) (N/20) / 2	(d)	(VT6) / 2	
Q.21 Choose the correct statement				
(a) Digital multimeters are built using current measuring elements,				

while analog multimeters are built using voltage measuring

(b) Digital multimeters are built using voltage measuring units, while analog multimeters are built using current measuring

(c) Both digital and analog multimeters are built using voltage

(d) Both digital and analog multimeters are built using current

measuring units

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measuring units

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Q.22 An analog voltmeter has a sensitivity of 10kQ/volt. The galvanometer used in constructing the instrument will produce a full scale deflection when the current passed through it is

(a) 10 mA

(b) 20 mA

(c) 50 mA

(d) 100 pA

Q.23 The input versus output characteristics of a digital-to-analog converter is given in the table below:

Input (bit string)	Output (in Volts)
000	0.0
010	2.1
100	4.0
110	5.9

The converter is exhibiting

- (a) offset error
- (b) statistical error
- (c) linearity error
- (d) hysteresis error
- Q.24 An optical fiber cable laid underground has developed a discontinuity at a distance d from the source end. The fault can be located using the instrument
 - (a) Optical spectrum Analyzer (OSA)
 - (b) Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR)
 - (c) Optical Power Meter (OPM)
 - (d) Laser Diffractometer (LD)
- Q.25 Two sinusoidal signals of the same frequency are displayed on a dual-trace oscilloscope. One complete cycle of each signal covers 6 cm of the horizontal scale and the starting point of the horizontal scale and the starting point of the two signals are separated by 0.5 cm. The phase difference between the two signals in degrees is
 - (a) 30

(b) 45

(c) 60

(d) 90

- Q.26 Transient signals can be observed using
 - (a) storage oscillocope
- (b) sampling oscilloscope
- c) wave analyzer
- (d) spectrum analayzer
- Q.27 The trace on an oscilloscope continually moves to the right of the screen when
 - (a) the sweep is triggered.
 - (b) the sweep period is larger than the signal period.
 - (c) the sweep period is smaller than the signal period.
 - (d) there is no weep.
- Q.28 In a dual trace oscilloscope, the display appears segmented when
 - (a) low frequency signals are observed in Alternate mode
 - (b) low frequency signals are observed in Chop mode
 - (c) high frequency signals are observed in Alternate mode
 - (d) high frequency signals are observed in Chop mode

Notes —

Student

Q.29 To distinguish between signals having very close values, we need an instrument with

(a) high accuracy
(b) high resolution
(c) high sensitivity
(d) high linearity

Q.30 Match List-I (Instruments) with List-II (Measurement in which the instrument is used) and select the correct answer using the codes given below the lists:

List-I
List-III

A. Lock-in amplifier
B. Sampling oscillocope
2. Overcoming ground loop

C. Isolation amplifier

problem 3. Phase difference between

D. Strip-chart recorder

two signals 4. Signal recovery from noise

5. Observing very high frequency

signals

Codes:

ABC (a) 1 3 5 4 (b) 2 1 3 4 (c) 4 5 2 1 (d) 3 4 1 2

- Q.31 A power diode has lightly doped n type substrate sandwiched between heavily doped p and n regions
 - (a) to increase reverse breakdown voltage
 - (b) to reduce ohmic loss under forward bias
 - (c) to decrease switching time of the power diode
 - (d) to improve transient behaviour of the diode
- Q.32 An ideal thyristor is driving an R-L load of impedance Z. Input AC voltage is $V_s = V_m \sin o_m t$. If thyristor is fired at an input phase angle of 90°. What will be the output voltage and output current across R-L load at the instant of firing?
 - (a) Output voltage is V_m and output current is V_m/Z
 - (b) Output voltage and output current are both zero
 - Output voltage is zero and output current is delayed by an angle 90°
 - (d) Output voltage is V_m and output current is zero
- Q.33 In a regenerative braking, which of the following is generally true?
 - (a) Back e.m.f. in the motor exceeds the applied voltage
 - (b) Back e.m.f. is less than the applied voltage
 - (c) Kinetic energy of the motor is dissipated in a resistance
 - (d) Kinetic energy of the motor is dissipated through free wheeling diode across the motor
- Q.34 A step-down chopper, fed from a 120 volt DC source, operates a DC motor whose armature e.m.f. and armature resistance are 100 volt and 0.5Q respectively. With the magnitude control ratio 0.6, the quadrant of operation DC motor is (a) First (b) Second

(c) Third

(d) Fourth

- Q.35 For IGBT, which of the following statement is true?
 - (a) Switching speed of IGBT is more than bipolar transistor
 - (b) IGBT is a current-controlled device
 - (c) On-state collector-emitter voltage is less than that of bipolar junction transistor
 - (d) It combines voltage control features of MOSFET gate and high power capability of bipolar transistor
- Q.36 The semiconductor used for LEDs emitting in the visible range is
 - (a) GaAs

(b) GaAlAs

(c) GalnAs

(d) GaAsP

- Q.37 The polar bonds existing in III-V compound semicondutor, may be considered as equivalent to
 - (a) 1 ionic bond and 3 covalent bonds
 - (b) 1 ionic bond and 4 covalent bonds
 - (c) 2 ionic bonds and 2 covalent bonds
 - (d) 2 ionic bonds and 4 covalent bonds
- Q.38 Which of the following pairs of crystal structure possesses the same atomic packing density?
 - (a) simple cubic & body centred cubic
 - (b) body centred cubic & face centred cubic
 - (c) face centered cubic & hexagonal close packed
 - (d) body centred cubic & hexagonal close packed
- Q.39 The colour bands on a carbon composition resistor occur in the sequence: yellow, violet, yellow and silver. Its resistance is (a) 470

 $KQ \pm 47 KQ$

(b) 470 KQ ± 23.5 %

(c) $47 \text{ KQ} \pm 10 \%$

(d) $47 \text{ KQ} \pm 5 \%$

Q.40 The real & imaginary dielectric constants e_r and e'' of 3 insulators at 1 KHz and 50 $^{\circ}$ C are listed below:

Material	e _r ,	e"			
Polycarbonate PET	2.47 2.58	0.003 0.003			
PEEK	2.24	0.003			

At a given voltage, the lower power dissipation per unit capacitance at 1 KHz can be obtained from

- (a) Polycarbonate
- (b) PET
- (c) PEEK
- (d) Insufficient information to answer
- Q.41 A battery of 40 V and three capacitors of 1000 pF, 500 pF and 100 pF are all connected in (I) parallel and (II) series. The ratio of total charge stored in case I to that in case II is approximately (a) 3:64

(b) 64:3

(c) 160:3

(d) 104 :5

Student

Notes —

Q.42 The magnetic flux $^{\circ}$ (in Weber) linked with a coil at an instant of time t(in second) is given by $^{\circ}$ (t) = 2t ² - 20t + 40. The induced e.m.f. in the coil at the instant t =2 second is (a) 22 V (b) 20V (c) 12 V (d) 10 V			
Q.43 The speed of an audio cassette tape in a cassette player is 5cm/sec. If the maximum frequency that needs to be recorded is 20 KHz, the minimum spatial wavelength on the tape is (a) 40 pm (b) 25 pm (c) 4 pm (d) 2.5 pm			
Q.44 In a power transformer, the fundamental frequency of the hum arising due to magnetostriction is (a) equal to the line frequecy (b) double the line frequency (c) 4 times the line frequency (d) not related to the line frequecny			
Q.45 At a particular temperature and current density, the critical magnetic field for a Type I superconductor is B _c and that for a type II superconductor ranges from B _{c1} to B _{c2} keeping other parameters unloaded. both superconductors are now subjected to a magnetic field B that satisfies the conditions B>B _c and B _{c1} < B < B _{c2} . Which of the following statements is then true? (a) Both type I and Type II superconductors will switch to their normal conducting states (b) Both Type I and Type II superconductors will maintain their superconducting states (c) Type I superconductor will remain in superconducting state, while type II superconductor will maintain a vortex state (d) Type I superconductor will switch to the normal conducting state, while Type II superconductor will maintain a vortex sate			
Q.46 Two free charges q and 4q are placed at a distance d apart A third charge Q is placed between them at a distance X from charge q such that the system is in equilibrium. Then			
Q = 4q, X = d (b)QX = Q = d			
$_{(C)}Q = ^X X = d$			
Q.47 In order to generate electron-hole pairs, the maximum wavelength of radiation for Silicon (Band gap = 1.1 eV) is (a) 1.88 pm (b) 1.68 pm (c) 1.13 pm (d) 1.54 pm			
Q.48 Resistivity of a p-type specimen is 0.12 Q-m, hole mobility is 0.048 m 2 V $^{-1}$ s $^{-1}$ (electron charge = 1.6 x 10 $^{-19}$ Coulomb) and intrinsic concentration is 5.9 x 10 10 cm $^{-3}$. Then the electron concentration in the specimen is (a) 1.085 x 10 15 cm $^{-3}$ (b)3.206 x 10 6 cm $^{-3}$			

(c) $5.9 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3}$ (d) $1.085 \times 10^{6} \text{ cm}^{-3}$

Q.49 What is the change of barrier height of a p-n junction at 300° K when doping in n-side is increased by a factor of 1000 and doping in p-side remains unchanged?

fl Student I Notes —

Hint :at 300° K

(a) 0.18 V

(b) 1.8V

(c) 0.018 V

- (d) 0.14 V
- Q.50 A BJT has a = 0.99, $i_B = I_B = 25$ pA and $I_{CBO} = 200$ nA. The collector current is
 - (a) $I_c = 2.5 \text{ mA}$
- (b) $I_c = 1.5 \text{mA}$
- (c) $I_c = 3.5 \text{ mA}$
- (d) $I_c = 4.5 \text{ mA}$

SECTION-B

Q.51. Excitation table of a flip-flop is given below:

Qn	Q _{n+1}	Α	В
0	0	0	Х
0	1	1	Х
1	0	Х	1
1	1	Х	0



Characteristic equation of the flip-flop will

- (a) $Q_{n+1} = A.Q_n + BQ_n$
- (b) Q_n = A.Q_n + BQ
- (c) $Q_{n+1} = A.Q_n + BQ_n$
- $Q_{n+1} = A.Q_n + BQ$
- Q.52 In a weighted-resistor digital-to-analog converter with 8-bit input, if the resistance corresponding to the MSB is 2K, what will be the resistance corresponding to the LSB?
 - (a) 250 Q

(d) 512 KQ

(c) 256 KQ

- (d) 25.5 Q
- Q.53 The angle (0_k) of the asymptotes of the root loci, where k = 0, 1, 2 ..., $n \neq n = (no. of poles N) (no. of zeroes Z)$ is given by (a) nk/n
 - (d) (k + 1)2 n/n

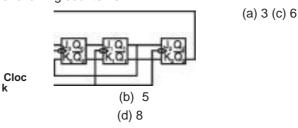
2nk/n

- (d) (2k +1) n/n
- Q.54 For a 2^{nd} order feedback control system, the peak resonance magnitude should be $M_P < 1.15$. Hence the damping ratio (5) is (a)
 - 0.1

(d) 0.5

(c) 0.707

- (d) 1
- Q.55 Modulus of the following counter is

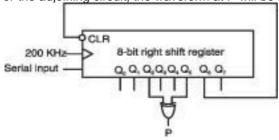


- Q.56 A ripple counter is to operate at a frequency of 10 MHz. If the propagation delay time of each flip-flop in the counter is 10ns and the storbing time is 50 ns, how many maximum stages can the counter have?
 - (a) 10

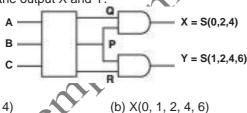
(b) 5

(c) 2^{10}

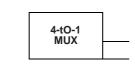
- (d) 10^2
- Q.57 For the adjoining circuit, the waveform at P will be high during



- (a) (0-15)ps
- (b) (5-20)ps
- (c) (10-25)ps
- (d) (15-30)ps
- Q.58 Given a combinational network with three inputs A, B and C, three intermediate outputs P, Q and R, and two outputs X = P.Q = X (0, 0)2,4) and Y=P.R = X(1, 2, 4, 6) as shown below, find the smallest function P (containing minimum number of minterms that can produce the output X and Y.



- (a) X(2, 4)
- (c) X (3, 5, 7)
- (d) X(1, 2, 6)
- Q.59 If a 4-to-1 MUX (shown below) realizes a three-variable function f \overrightarrow{XY} + xZ . then which of the following is correct?



- (a) $I_0 = X$, $I_1 = 0$, $I_2 = X$, $I_3 = X$ (b) $I_0 = 0$, $I_1 = 1$, $I_2 = Y$, $I_3 = X$
- (c) $I_0 = X$, $I_1 = 1$, $I_2 = 0$, $I_3 = X$ (d) $I_0 = X$, $I_1 = 0$, $I_2 = X$, $I_3 = Z$
- Q.60 The characteristic equation for a closed loop system with forward gain K is $s^4 + 4s^3 + 8s^2 + 6s + K = 0$. The critical gain value K_c for stability should not exceed (a) 3.25 9.75 (c) 13.0 (d) 23.3

Student

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this are as given below, which of the following choices is correct?				
-2 1 ^A = 0-1	1 = 0 Equation 1			
A = - 1 0 E	0 = 1Equation 2			
(a) Both equations are und(b) Both equations are cor(c) Only Equation 1 is con(d) Only Equation 2 is con	rollable rollable			
	is G(s) H(s) = $5/(s+1)$ (2s+1)(3s+1) ver frequency f _c = 0.16 Hz. The gain (a) 6 (b) 4 (d) 0			
Q.63 For a 2 nd order servo system undamped natural frequent overshoot is	n, the damping ratio $5 = 0.5456$ and y is ra _n = 31.6 rad/sec. The percent			
(a) 7.07	(b) 10.2			
(c) 14.10	(d) 21.21			
= I / $(s^2 + s + 1)$ and feedb	eedback, forward path transfer is G(s) ack path transfer is H(s) = Ks. What is indically-damped closed loop transient (b) 0.707			
(c) 1	(d) 1.414			
Q.65 A P-controller is used to adjust the outer level of a tank in range of (0-10)m. The desired level is 5 m. The controller should fully close the valve, if level rises to 5.5 m and it should fully open the valve, if level falls to 4.5 m. What should be the % P-band? (a) 1 (b) 5 (c) 7 (d) 10				
~	quency of the crystal oscillator will be			
	quality factor of the crystal resonator is (b) > 500 (d) > 20000			
 Q.67 In an IF amplifier, the IF transformer is provided with tapping to (a) increase the voltage gain (b) increase the bandwidth of the resonance circuit (c) increse the impedance offered by the resonance circuit to the following cascaded amplifier 				

(d) increase the quality factor of the resonance circuit

Q.61 Two systems are defined by their state variable equations in item

domain dx(t)/dt = Ax(t) + Bu(t) as follows. If the gain equations in

fl Student I

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- Q.68 Consider the wave form $V(t) = (1+m\ cosra_m t)\ eosra_c t$. Show that, if the demodulated wave is to follow the envelope of V(t), it is required that at any time t_0
- fl Student Notes —

- (a) RC \leq ra_m (msinra_mt₀)/
- (b) (I/RC) >=
- (c) 1/RC <=
- (d) RC is very large
- Q.69 QPSK system is superior to BPSK system because
 - (a) its bandwidth is higher than that of BPSK System
 - (b) interchannel interference in QPSK system is less then that in BPSK system
 - (c) bandwidth of QPSK system is half of the bandwidth of BPSK system
 - (d) in QPSK system inter-symbol interference is inproved
- Q.70 A radio receiver is placed at one corner of a table and again placed at some other corner of the same table. Loudspeaker output is changed because
 - (a) image interference is reduced
 - (b) adjacent channel interference is increased
 - (c) of fading
 - (d) line of sight propagation is not utilized
- Q.71 In time-division multiple access system, a tra^csys^mrnJ^ th1+mcos"m to receiver side must receive the traffic burst addressed to it. For this
 - (a) transmitting frame acquisition is required
 - (b) proper synchronization of the timing of transmit frame is required
 - (c) frame efficiency should be higher
 - (d) synchronization is necessary to overcome the perturbations of the satellite
- Q.72 Earth coverage dish antenna is used in satellite system. It is characterized by the fact that
 - (a) It is a narrow beam antenna
 - (b) It is Parabolic antenna
 - (c) is sharply focused within a small area of the surface of the earth
 - (d) it is a wide angle antenna which covers a large area of the surface of the earth
- Q.73 In a Klystron amplifier, the RF voltage produces
 - (a) amplitude modulation (b) frequency modulation (c) phase modulation (d) velocity modulation

.

- Q.74 For the proper operation of MASER at a frequency of 10 GHz, the material used is
 - (a) Al₂ O₃ with slight doping of chromium
 - (b) Ti O₂ with slight doping of iron
 - (c) Ti O₂ with slight doping of chromium
 - (d) Al₂ O₃ with slight doping of iron

Q.75	A rectangular waveguide is 4.2 cr frequency of the dominant mode 3.57 GHz (c) 3.70 MHz	•	
Q.76	For an antenna to be frequency-in contract in proportion to the (a) (c) wavelength		endent, it should expand or (b) directivity impedance
Q.77	Suppose that data items, number input stream in this order. By following rearrangement can be (a) 1 2 6 4 5 3 (c) 4 2 1 3 5 6	y us obtai	ing a queue, which of the
Q.78	We are told that the integers between binary search trace with '<' as four lists of vertices encountered 363. Which list cannot be probinary search tree? (a) 924, 220, 911,244, 898, 248 (b) 2, 252, 401, 398, 330, 344, (c) 925, 202, 911,240, 912, 248 (d) 2, 399, 387, 219, 266, 382,	the ed as duce 8, 36, 397, 5, 36	ordering relation. Below are s we search for the number d by this search through a 3 363 363
Q.79	The number of 1 's in the binary re 2 is (a) 8 (c) 9	epres (b) (d)	sentation of 13* 16 ³ +11*16 + 7 12
Q.80	A disk has 500 bytes/sector,100 s cylinders. Total capacity of disk (c) 10 MB		
Q.81	Suppose that the same clock microprogram counter and to lot the following asseration(s) is/are 1. Microinstruction execution to 2. Microinstruction exceution to fetching the next microinstruction and the same clock microinstruction of the same clock microinstruction and the same clock microinstruction of the same clock microprogram counter and to lot the same clock microprogram counter and	oad to true ime ime continued to the continue	ne control register. Which of ? s at least two clock periods. an be overlapped with .
Q.82	Some system architects do not fir be cost-effective because it (a) result in large increase in process. (b) result in complex structure (c) has been observed that an amore than a limited subset of (d) results in complex decoding execution time.	rogra of minavera of ava	SC instruction repertoire to mme size crocode ge compiler does not employ iilable instructions

Q.83 A stake machine pushes operands on a stack and evaluates binary operators by a pcs (i.e pop/compute/store) where the top two operands are popped computation is performed and the result is pushed onto stack. Evaluation of an expression (x* y) + (u* v) by Reverse Polish notation in a stack machine needs

- (a) 4 push and 3 pcs instructions
- (b) 6 push and 1 pcs instructions
- (c) 4 push and 1 pcs instructions
- (d) 5 push and 2 pcs instructions
- Q.84 A dot matrix printer takes 3 msec to point a character, and 1 msec for a space between two consecutive characters. If it prints 100 characters per line, its printing speed specifications in characters per second (cps) and time to print a line of characters are respectively
 - (a) 100 cps and 400 msec
 - (b) 2500 cps and 0.04 sec
 - (c) 250 cps and 40 msec
 - (d) 250 cps and 0.4 sec

Q.85 Consider the following program segment with 8085 microprocessor

LXI H 3600H MOV A, M HLT

The MOV instruction involves

- (a) indirect addressing
- (b) immediate addressing
- (c) implicit addressing
- (d) direct addressing
- Q.86 To establish a communication between 8085 microprocessor and 8255 Programmable Peripheral Interface chip. the status of the chip select input would be
 - (a) TRISTATE
- (b) HIGH

(b) LOW

(d) DON'TCARE

Q.87 Which flag does not change by the execution of the instruction

DCR Bin 8085 microprocessor?

(a) Parity

(b) Carry

(c) Zero

(d) Sign

Q.88 Let the content of the memory location 3501H be 72H. Now consider the following program with 8085 microprocessor

LDA 3501H CMA

STA

3502H

HLT

The content of the memory location 3502H after execution of programme will be

(a) 27H

(b) D8H

(c) 8DH

(d) 72H

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	Given the program segment b	elow,	
how i	many times will the instruction	LP:	
JNZ I	REP be executed? MVI H, 02H		
	MVI L, 05H		
REP	: DCR L		
LP:	JNZ REP		
	DCR H JNZ REP		
(a) 1	0 (b) 260	
6.95	What addressing mode is use	d) 7 ed in the instruction RET?	
	(a) Direct	(b) Immediate	
	(c) Implicit	(d) Register-indirect	
	the following steps: ((SP) -1) ^ (PCH) ((SP) -2) ^ (PCL) ((SP) ^ ((SP)-2) (PC) ^ 0008H The corresponding instruction (a) JMP 0008H (c) CALL 0008 H	on is (b) PUSH PSW (d) RST 1 processor is to be set keeping	Det
Q.92	•	unchanged. Which instruction is (b) ANI (0H) (d) CMP A	
Q.93	when (a) no signal is present (b) signal swing is maximum (c) signal swing is (1/1,414) (d) none of the above		kimum
Q.94		rd resistance of each diode (i and 1 ohm respectively, the c is	

48 n

LJ

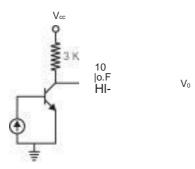
(b) 160 mA

(a) (1/6)A

+ **VW\AA/—**

(a) 132 mA

(c) 0 mA



(a) 7.95 Hz

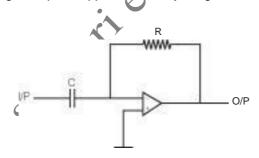
(b) 13.25 Hz

(c) 5.30 Hz

- (d) 3.18 Hz
- Q.96 In the adjoining current mirror circuit if Q_1 and Q_2 are identical and base currents are not neglected, then which of the following is true ?

4 V_{Q2}

- (a) $I_2 = I_1$ (c) $I_2 = [(P/(P + 2)]I_1$
- (d) $l_2 = [(P + 2)/p]I$,
- Q.97 If rectangular input is applied to the adjoining circuit, it produces

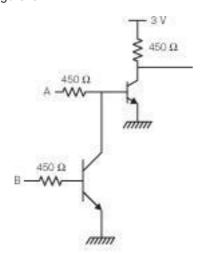


- (a) square output
- (b) spike output
- (c) sinusoidal output
- (d) none of the above
- Q.98 In an oscillator, if amplifier gain (A) without feedback is $(1 + R_F/R_1)$ and gain (P) of the feedback network is $1/{3 + j(o>Rc-1/a>Rc)}$, then which of the following is true ?
 - (a) $R_F < 2R_1$

(b) $R_F > R_1$

(a) lpl = 3

(b) ipi = 1/3



(a)

(b) A+B

(c) A + B

(d) A + B

Q.100 The logic realized by the adjoining circuit is

A 0 1 MUX 2 A 3 Select lines

ВС

. . .

- (a) $F(A, B, C) = A \otimes B$
- (c) F(A, B, C) = A © B(d) F(A

b) F(A, B, C) = A ® C

C) = A ©

С

F A+Bentaews

BSNL (JTO) EXAM-2006

ANSWERS

11. (b)	26. (a)	51.(c)	76. (d)
2. (d)	27. (c)	52. (c)	77. (d)
3. (b)	28. (d)	53. (d)	78. (c)
4. (b)	29. (b)	54. (b)	79. (b)
5. (d)	30. (c)	55. (c)	80. (a)
6. (c)	31. (d)	56. (b)	81. (d)
7. (c)	32. (d)	57. (c)	82. (a)
8. (b)	33. (a)	58. (b)	83. (a)
9. (a)	34. (a)	59. (a)	84. (d)
10. (d)	35. (d)	60. (b)	85. (d)
11.(a)	36. (d)	61. (a)	86. (c)
12. (a)	37. (a)	62. (a)	87. (b)
13. (c)	38. (c)	63. (c)	88. (c)
14. (c)	39. (c)	64. (c)	89. (a)
15. (a) 16. (d)	40. (b) 41. (d)	65. (d)	90. (d)
10. (u)	41. (u)	66. (c)	91. (c)
17. (a)	42. (c)	67. (a)	92. (d)
18. (b)	43. (d)	68. (b)	93. (a)
19. (d)	44. (b)	69. (c)	94. (a)
20. (a)	45. (d)	70. (c) 71. (b)	95. (c) 96. (c)
21. (b)	46. (a)	, (o)	00. (0)
22. (d)	47. (c)	72. (c)	97. (b)
23. (a)	48. (b)	73. (d)	98. (d)
24. (b)	49. (a)	74. (b)	99. (d)
25. (a)	50. (a)	75. (a)	100 (a)