Q1. Determine the three mesh currents in Fig. 1.


Fig. 1
Q2. In Fig. 2, for the circuit voltage across $6 \Omega$ resistor is 6 V and current through $4 \Omega$ resistor $3 / 4 \mathrm{~A}$. Determine the the source voltage V and the value of resistance $R$.


Fig. 2

Q3. Find out the voltage, current, and power associated with each element of the circuit of Fig3..


Fig. 3

Q4. Determine the voltage $V_{x}$ in the following circuit.


Fig. 4

Q5. Find the current through the $2 \Omega$ resistor and voltage across $10 \Omega$ resistor.


Fig. 5
Q6. (a) Calculate the value of current I in Fig. 6(a)
(b) Calculate $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{AB}}$ in Fig. 6(b). Also calculate the current through the 5V source.

(a)

(b)

Fig. 6

Q7. Calculate the value of $\mathrm{I}_{1}$ of Fig. 7 using (a) Mesh Analysis and (b) Node Analysis.


Fig. 7

Q8. Calculate the current through the $4 \Omega$ resistance of Fig. 8 using three network theorems (Superposition, Thevenin's and Norton's). Also, calculate the power delivered/received by the 2 V and the 1 A sources.


Fig. 8

Q9. Determine the amount of power delivered/received by the voltage source and the current source in the circuit of Fig. 9.


Fig. 9

Q10 Solve the circuit shown in Fig. 10 using mesh method of analysis and determine the mesh currents $\mathrm{I}_{1}, \mathrm{I}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{I}_{3}$. Determine the power associated with the 10 V voltage source.


Fig. 10
Q11. Determine the current $i_{x}$ in Fig. 11.


Fig. 11
Q12. Find the Thevenin equivalent voltage as viewed by the resistance R. Find the value of $R$ for maximum power dissipation in it.


Fig. 12

