# Booklet Code No. :

631344

# Question Booklet Series :-

Candidate must fill the above number correctly, in the OMR Sheet

# DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO

Tin	ne Allowed : 45 Minutes Code- 4DX6TOSCGES2 (P-II) Total No. Questions: 60
Rol	I No. : OMR Answer Sheet No.:
Nar	ne of the Candidate (in capital letters):
Car	ndidate's Signature : Invigilator's Signature :
	PORTANT: Read the following instructions carefully. Do not mark answers on the question oklet, otherwise you may be debarred from the selection process.
1.	Before commencing to answer, check that the Question Booklet has 60 questions. Each Question Booklet will be in different series (combination of booklet code no. and series). You must write correct Booklet Code No. and Question Booklet Series on your OMR Answer Sheet. Further check that there is no misprinting, overprinting and/or any other shortcoming in it. If there is any shortcoming in the question booklet, intimate the same to your room invigilator and take a fresh question booklet. No complaint in this regard shall be entertained at any later stage.  IMPORTANT NOTE: The OMR Answer Sheet will be evaluated with a combination of question booklet series and booklet code no. hence you must write correct question booklet series and booklet code no. Any mistake in filling any of them will lead to invalidation of your OMR Answer Sheet. Also in case of non filling of question booklet series and booklet code no. the OMR Answer Sheet will not be evaluated and its sole responsibility lies on the candidate.
2.	There shall be negative marking. 1/3 mark will be deducted for wrong answer. Each question carries equal mark. Also refer OMR Sheet for detailed instruction.
3.	This is an objective type test in which each objective question is followed by four responses serialled (1) to (4). Your task is to choose the correct/best response and mark your response in the OMR Answer Sheet only as per the instructions given and NOT in the Question Booklet.
4.	Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen for all your work on the OMR Answer Sheet. The ovals on the OMR Answer Sheet are to be completely filled by Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only. ANSWERS ONCE GIVEN CAN NOT BE CHANGED.
5.	DO NOT scribble or make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. DO NOT wrinkle or fold or staple it.
6.	Use of Calculators, Slide rules, Mobiles, calculator watches or any such devices and any other study/reference material is NOT allowed inside the examination hall.
7.	Return the complete Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator on completion of the test. Do not take this Question Booklet or any part thereof or OMR Answer Sheet outside the examination room. Doing so is a punishable offence.
8.	Take care that you mark only one answer for each question. If more than one answer is given by you for any question, the same will not be evaluated. Cutting/overwriting the answers are not allowed.

# **GENERAL ENGLISH**

are	printe		estion No. 1 to 10) In the form of the passage and against ea				
	lt i	is an old	(1) that knowledge is	(2). Education is	an instrument which	(3) knowledge ar	nd, therefore, indirectly
cont			erefore, even since the				
			f the ruling class. During				
			he(7) of the Bible an				
		-	the existing society. It cau	100			Charles No. of the Control of the Co
			landlords lived in luxury, for				
			of the priests into the hand				
			and powerful monarchs wh			nore second, it was	also doe to the grown
1.							
	(1)	Singing		(2)	Saving		
		Literature		(4)	Mythology		
2.							
4.	141	Danie		(2)	Dann		
		Power Important			Boon Necessity		
	-			(.)			
3.							
		Imports			Imparts		
	(3)	Honours		(4)	Controls		
4.							
	(1)	Ancient		(2)	Modern		
		End			Dawn		
	0.50			100			
5.							
		Defy	-		Verify		
	(3)	Supervise	or control	(4)	Preach		
6.							
	(1)	Enemy		(2)	Gift		
		Hand-Mai	d	4. 6	Prey		
_							
7.							
		Illusions			Gospel		
	(3)	Perception	ns	(4)	Emotions		
8.							
	(1)	Psycholog	JV .	(2)	Philosophy		
		Anthropol			Economics		
9.				-	-		
		Sweet		(4)	Sour		
	(3)	Dittel		(4)	Cour		
10.					100		
	P . W	Dusters			Clutches		
	(3)	Paws		(4)	Pawns		

DIRECTIONS: (Question No. 11 to 15) I was very fond of the old soldier in our little town. He had only one leg, having lost the other somewhere in Assam in 1942. He used to tell me about his adventures. He told me that he had run away from home to join the army. He had experienced his first battle in the Libyan desert. Out of his dozens of war stories, the one I liked best was the one of his escape from a Japanese prison-of-war camp in Burma. He told me again and again how he walked two hundred miles in two weeks. On the way he was bitten on the toe by a poisonous snake and he had to cut off part of the toe in order to survive. But by the time he got to an Indian camp the wound had turned septic and the leg had to be amputated. He is, however, quite contented with his lot.

#### 11. The author was very fond of the old soldier because:

- (1) He had lost one of his legs in war
- (2) He used to tell the author about his adventures
- (3) He was contented with his lot
- (4) He had been to many countries

# 12. Why did the old soldier repeatedly tell that he walked two hundred miles?

- (1) He ran away from home to join the army
- (2) He had to cross the Libyan desert
- (3) He had to escape from a prison-of-war camp
- (4) He was a strong soldier

## 13. The story of the old soldier that the author liked most was that about:

- (1) His running away from home to joint the army
- (2) His first battle in the Libyan desert
- (3) The loss of his leg in Assam
- (4) His escape from a Japanese prison-of-war camp

#### 14. The old soldier, according to the author, was:

- (1) Unhappy about his life
- (2) Satisfied with his lot
- (3) Angry about his fate
- (4) Disgusted with his misfortune

#### 15. The soldier's leg had to be amputated because

- (1) He had walked two hundred miles in two weeks
- (2) He was wounded in war
- (3) The wounded toe turned septic
- (4) He was shot in the leg while escaping from the Japanese camp

DIRECTIONS: (Question No. 16 to 19) Select the correct meanings of the given idioms and phrases out of the given options.

#### 16. Beat around the bush:

- (1) to feel sorry
- (3) to be angry

# 17. Hit the Hay:

- go to bed
- (3) to be blunt

# 18. Break a leg:

- (1) something is very easy
- (3) something is very expensive

# 19. Not let grass grow under feet

- (1) not nervous or emotional
- (3) do not delay in getting something done

#### 20. What is the opposite of progressive:

- (1) conservative
- (3) proclamation

# (2) avoiding the main topic

- (4) to repent afterwards
- (2) to win over people
- (4) to talk in an indirect way

#### (2) good luck

- (4) to make a situation worse
- (2) Adjusting quickly to changes and making fast decisions
- (4) foolish behaviour
- (2) prolegomenon
- (4) proscriptive

DIRECTIONS: (Question No. 21 to 24) Colours can affect us in many different ways, according to Verity Allen. In her new series 'Colour me Healthy', Verity looks at the ways in which colours can influence how hard we work and the choices we make. They can change our emotions and even influence our health.

'Have you ever noticed how people always use the same colours for the same things?' says Verity. 'Our toothpaste is almost always white or blue. It's never green. Why not? For some reason we think that blue and white is clean, while we think of green products as being a bit disgusting. It's the same for businesses. We respect a company which writes its name in blue or black, but we don't respect one that uses pink or orange. People who design new products can use these ideas to influence what we buy."

During this four-part series, Verity studies eight different colours, two colours in each programme. She meets people who work in all aspects of the colour industry, from people who design food packets, to people who name the colours of lipsticks. Some of the people she meets clearly have very little scientific knowledge to support their ideas, such as the American 'Colour Doctor' who believes that serious diseases can be cured by the use of coloured lights. However, she also interviews real scientists who are studying the effects of green and red lights on mice, with some surprising results.

Overall, it's an interesting show, and anyone who watches it will probably find something new. Verity goes out of her way to be polite to everyone she meets on the series. It is of course up to the viewers to make their own decisions about how much they should believe

24	What is	tho	writer	doing	in	thie.	tovt?

- (1) Giving information about how colours influence us
- (3) Giving information about a television presenter
- (2) Reporting what happens in a new television series (4) Giving his/her opinion on a recent television show
- 22. According to Verity, why is knowledge of colour important?
  - It can help you to choose the best products.
  - (3) It can give you good health.

- (2) It can give you new ideas.
- (4) It can help you to sell new products.
- 23. Who does the writer respect least?
  - (1) Verity Allen
  - 3) The 'Colour Doctor'

- (2) The people who name lipsticks
- (4) The scientists who work with mice
- 24. In her shows, Verity interviews people from different walks of life in order to:
  - (1) Educate people about their professions
  - (2) Inform people about the effect of different colours
  - (3) Show how to be polite to people
  - (4) Expose those who are not scientific
- 25. Select the word that is most similar in meaning to the word in capital letter.

#### COGENT:

(1) Forceful

(3) Objectionable

- (2) Exceptional
- (4) False

- 26. POLYGLOT- is someone who
  - (1) has more than one spouse

  - (3) plays more than one sport

- (2) drinks too much
- (4) Speaks many languages

- 27. EQUESTRIAN— relates to
  - (1) birds keeping
  - (3) horse riding

- (2) river rafting
- (4) water sports

28. RIPARIAN— relates to

(3) Religious belief

(1) Horses

- (2) River banks
- (4) Hunting
- 29. Select the nearly same meaning for the word Horrendous
  - (1) Beautiful

(2) Fortunate

(3) Pleasant

- (4) Dreadful
- 30. Select the nearly same meaning for the phrase 'A fair crack of the whip'
  - (1) to go out for morning walk
  - (2) to be routed
  - (3) to give someone an opportunity to do something
  - (4) to get unexpected success

		ONS: (Question No. 31 ntence.	to 3	4) Out of the gi	ven alterna	atives, choose the	one which	can be substituted for the giver
31.	Ap	erson who is always dis	satis	sfied:				
	(1)	Heresy	(2)	Malcontent	(3)	Felon	(4)	Surrogate
32.	Ап	nethod that never fails:						
	(1)	Unflinching	(2)	Irreparable	(3)	Irremediable	(4)	Infalible
33.		ater of mankind: Misanthrope	(2)	Misogynist	(3)	Philanthropist	(4)	Misogamist
34.	Inte	ermittent bouts of cravin	g for	alcoholic drink	s:			
	(1)	Megalomania	(2)	Dipsomania	(3)	Kleptomania	(4)	Pyromania
final	sent	tence (S6) are given in th	e be	ginning. The mide	dle four se	ntences in each ha	eve been ren	es. The first sentence (S1) and the noved and jumbled up. These are nose your answer accordingly.
35.	S6: P. Q. R. S.	When they were forced to	hos de lo diffi cult ti o car	pitalized due to s st their patience a culty in assuaging me keeping the as scel the meeting.	udden illne and began g the ange ssembled p	iss. to shout and heckl r of the crowd. eople quiet as the n	e. neeting did no	at commence at the scheduled time
	(1)	RPSQ	(2)	QRPS	(3)	SPQR	(4)	RPQS
	S6: P. Q. R.	become aggressive. Nationalism can lead per	e cu n imp s ava on to ople i	rse and harmful in pels a state to be silable to man, sa o become suspice nto thinking only	nternational come expa y, religion, ious and to of themsel	ully. Insionist and seek of it can easily lead n learful of its neigh wes, of their own st	nen astray. bours, to loo ruggles, of th	ok upon itself as superior, and to neir own misery.
	(1)	QSRP	(2)	QRPS	(3)	SPQR	(4)	RPQS
37.	S6: P. Q. R.	wall, and three more to ju Swiftly the prisoner seize Now that escape seemed Suddenly the warden di forward with keys in his h	to re imp i d his d so i d wh	ach the rope lad nto the waiting ca keys, unlocked thear at hand, thou at he had hoped i.	der secreti ar to be wh he cell and se three ye d. He stop	y placed there by hisked away to freed I ran into the courty ars lost some of the ped to unlock the	nis accomplic dom. /ard. eir monotony lower padlo	es, five more to clamber over the
	(1)	SPQR			(2)	QSPR		
	(3)	QSRP			(4)	QRPS		
38.	Wh	at is not the opposite of	Abe	t				
		Prevent Endorse			1	Reject Frustrate		
39.	Wh	at is the opposite of Las	civio	ous				
		Lewd Salacious				Pomographic Clean		
40.	Che	oose the correct antony	n of	the word given.				
	Cor	ntrovert						
		Contradict Disprove				Affirm Confound		

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in active/passive voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in passive/active voice and mark your answer in the OMR sheet.

#### 41. The girl is learning differential calculus:

Differential calculus is being learnt by the girl.

(2) Differential calculus is learnt by the girl.

(3) Differential calculus has been learnt by the girl.

(4) Differential calculus is to be learnt by the girl.

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in active/passive voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in passive/active voice and mark your answer in the OMR sheet.

#### 42. He arranged the furniture in the house according to the decorator's plan.

# (1) The furniture was arranged by him in the house according to decorator's plan.

- (2) The furniture was arranged in the house by him according to decorator's plan.
- (3) The furniture was arranged in the house according to decorator's plan.
- (4) The furniture was to be arranged by him in the house according to decorator's plan.

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in active/passive voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in passive/active voice and mark your answer in the OMR sheet.

# 43. To make the batter add one tablespoonful of baking powder to the cake mixture.

- (1) Let one tablespoonful of baking powder be added to the cake mixture to make the batter.
- One tablespoonful of baking powder may be added to the cake mixture to make the batter.
- (3) Let only one tablespoonful of baking powder be added to the cake mixture to make the batter.

(4) One tablespoonful of baking powder could be added to the cake mixture to make the batter.

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in active/passive voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in passive/active voice and mark your answer in the OMR sheet.

#### 44. By whom is Ramesh looked after?

(1) Who looks after Ramesh?

(2) Ramesh looks after whom?

(3) Whom looks after Ramesh?

(4) Who is looking after Ramesh?

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in active/passive voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in passive/active voice and mark your answer in the OMR sheet.

### 45. The deer jumped over the fence:

(1) The fence might be jumped over by the deer.

(2) The fence was jumped over by the deer,

(3) The fence had been jumped over by the deer.

(4) The fence was being jumped over by the deer.

DIRECTIONS: The following item consists of a word in capital letters, followed by four words. Select the word which is most similar in meaning to the word in capital letters.

#### 46. DISCREET

(1) Inattentive

(2) Thoughtless

(3) Careful

(4) Foolish

DIRECTIONS: The following item consists of a word in capital letters, followed by four words. Select the word which is most similar in meaning to the word in capital letters.

# 47. PORTEND

(1) Profess

(2) Portray

(3) Think

4) Foreshadow

## 48. Find the correctly spelt word.

(1) Excution

(2) Excitment

Expedition

(4) Extrection

#### 49. Find the correctly spelt word.

(1) Occurence

(2) Counterfeit

(3) Persistance

(4) Intersting

# 50. Find the correctly spelt word.

(1) Spectacular

(2) Spactrosecope

(3) Spinanche

(4) Splended

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in direct/indirect speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in indirect/direct and mark your answer in OMR sheet.

<ol><li>The notice reads, "Trespassers will be prosecu</li></ol>
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- The notice reads that trespassers will be prosecuted.
- (2) The notice has read that trespassers will be prosecuted.
- (3) As per notice trespassers would be prosecuted.
- (4) The notice reads that trespassers would be prosecuted.

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in direct/indirect speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in indirect/direct and mark your answer in OMR sheet.

#### 52. Rakhi said "We shall celebrate the festival of Diwali tomorrow"

- (1) Rakhi said that we should celebrate the festival of Diwali tomorrow.
- Rakhi said that we shall celebrate the festival of Diwali the next day.
- (3) Rakhi said that they should celebrate the festival of Diwali the next day.
- (4) Rakhi said that they would celebrate the festival of Diwali the next day.

DIRECTIONS: A sentence has been given in direct/indirect speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in indirect/direct and mark your answer in OMR sheet.

# 53. "I'm so tiny that I can't reach your branches." said the little boy to the tree.

- The little boy said that the tree was so tiny that he could not reach its branches.
- (2) The little boy said to the tree that he was so tiny that he could not reach its branches.
- (3) The little boy told to the tree that he was so tiny that he could not reach its branches.
- (4) The little boy told the tree that he was so tiny that he could not reach its branches.

#### 54. Identity the correct sentence.

I request you to kindly help me.

- (2) The doctor saw the pulse of the patient.
- (3) The first two chapters of the novel are dull.
- (4) The flowers smelt sweetly.

(4) He and I are friends.

- 55. Identity the correct sentence.
  - (1) It is me who caught the thief.
  - (3) You and I must finish your work in time.
- (2) This is the best which we can do.

- 56. Identity the wrong sentence.
  - (1) Here is a university.

(3) It is a one-rupee note.

(2) No sooner had I entered the class when the students stood up. (4) The teacher observed that the earth moves round the sun.

DIRECTIONS: In the following item, some parts of the sentence have been jumbled up. You are required to rearrange these parts which are labeled PQRS to produce the correct sentence.

57. Just as the goodness of movies like the things which they represent (P)/ does not consist in being (Q)/ so the goodness of music does not consist (R)/ in its being like the noises we know (S).

The correct sentence should be.

(1) QPRS

(2) PQRS

(3) RPSQ

(4) SPRQ

58. Choose the most appropriate preposition.

Give an example pertinent ...... the case.

(1) on

(2) with

(4) for

59. Choose the most appropriate preposition.

He was vexed ..... Mohan for his behaviour.

(1) upon

(2) at

(3) to

4) with

60. Choose the most appropriate preposition.

He is labouring ...... a misapprehension but labouring ..... a cause.

(1) under for

(2) in: towards

(3) by; in

(4) with; over