- 1. A General, while arranging his men, who were 6000 in number, in the form of a square, found that there were 71 men left over. How many were arranged in each row?
 - (a) 73 (b) 77
 - (c) 87 (d) 93
- 2. A number, when divided successively by 4, 5 and 6, leaves remainders 2, 3 and 4 respectively. The least such number is (a) 50 (b) 53
 - (c) 19 (d) 214
- 3. A number, when divided by 296, gives 75 as the remainder. If the same number is divided by 37 then the remainder will be
 - (a) 1 (b) 2 (d) 31
 - (c) 19
- 4. The square root of

$$\frac{(0.75)^3}{1\%.75} \forall_{\#} 0.75 \forall (0.75)^2 \forall 1! \exists$$
(a) 1 (b) 2
(c) 3 () 4

5 The sum and pr duc of two numbes a e 1 and 35 respe tiv ly. The sum of their rec proc ls will be

(a)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 (b) $\frac{1}{5}$ (c) $\frac{12}{35}$ (d) $\frac{5}{12}$

6. If $a^2 \forall b^2 \forall \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{b}$, the t e a ue of $^2 + b^2$ will be

(a) 1 (b)
$$1\frac{1}{2}$$
 (c) (d) $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$

7. $f_{*}^{\&} \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{2}}^{2} = 3$, hen $\begin{pmatrix} & & 1 \\ & & \\$ (a) 3 (b) 2 (c) 1 (d) 0 8. $\frac{0.1, 0.1, 0.1 \forall 0.02, 0.02, 0.2}{0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2 \forall 0.04, 0.04, 0.04}$ is qual to (b 0.25 (a 0.12 () .855 (c) .500 9. If $x \forall \frac{1}{x} = 2$, then the value f $x^{0} \forall \frac{1}{100}$ i () 2 b) 0 (d -2 () **10.** $f x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x = 7$, then *x* is qu l to b) <u>∛</u>6 a) 2 () 1 d) -1 **11.** If $2x \forall \frac{2}{x} = 1$, then the value of $x^3 \forall \frac{1}{x^3}$ is a) $\frac{13}{8}$ () $\frac{11}{8}$ (c) $\frac{11}{8}$ (d) $\frac{13}{8}$ **12.** The greatest num $\sqrt{}$

13. $\sqrt[3]{(13.608)^2 \% (13.392)^2}$ i equa to (a) 0.6 (b) 0.06 (c) 1.8 (d) 2.6 14. $\frac{1}{\#1}, 2 \forall \frac{1}{2}, 3 \forall \frac{1}{3}, 4 \forall \dots \forall \frac{1}{99}, 100$ is equal to: (a) $\frac{1}{9900}$ (b) $\frac{99}{100}$ (c) $\frac{100}{99}$ (d) $\frac{1 00}{9}$ 15 The sum of al th digits of th n mbe s from

1 to 100 is	
(a) 5050	(b) 903
() 901	(d) 900

- **6.** A s opkee er sell uge in suc a way hat th s llin p ice o 9 0g f suga is the ame as th os p ice of 1 kg of sugar. hat is his gain per cent?
 - (a) $5\frac{5}{19}$ (b) $5\frac{1}{5}$ c) 5 (d) $4\frac{1}{19}$
- 17. erson bou h a horse and a arriag for Rs 2 000. Lat r, he so d the hor e a 20 profita d he arria e at 0% loss. Th s, he g ined % in the who et ansaction T e c st pri e of the orse was
 - (a Rs. 7200 (b Rs. 7500
 - (c Rs. 8000 d) Rs. 90 0
- **18.** A s ll n rti le to B a 15% rofi . B ell it to C t 10% oss If C ays Rs. 51 . 0 for it t en A purcha ed it at
 - () Rs. 500 () Rs. 750
 - (c Rs. 1000 () Rs. 12 0
- **1**. An rt c e is s ld at a cert i fixed p ic . y

sel ing t at $\stackrel{2}{\sim}$ of hat p ice, on los s 1 %.

Th g in per en o se ling it at th original price is

- (a) 20 (b) $33\frac{1}{3}$
- () $\frac{200}{9}$ d) 0

20. A se ls a ar tic e to B for Rs. 4 ,0 01 sing 10% in t e trans ct on s lls it to C t a pr ce w ich w u d have given a ro it of 10 to A. B wha er cent does B gain?

(a)
$$\frac{75}{2}$$
 (b) $\frac{100}{3}$ (c) $\frac{20}{9}$ (d) $\frac{50}{7}$

21 Th c st pric o an ar icle is 8 % of ts m rked ric for sal . How mu h p r cent doe the trade man gain after all wi g a iscount of 12%?

- 22 A merchan ha annou ced 25% eb te on price of read -m de arment at t e i e of sale If a pu chas eeds to ave a re ate o Rs 400 then h w many shir s, ach c sting s. 320, should he purchase?
 (a) 10 () 7
- (c) 6 (d 5)
 23. A mer h nt purchas s a wristw tch for R .
 45 and fixes it ist r ce in a such way
 - that a ter allo in a d scount f 10%, h ea ns a prof t o 20% Then the list p ic (i rupees) of the wristwatch is
 - (a) 500 (b) 600 () 750 (d) 80
- 24 Ar du tio of 1 % nt eprice f tea na les a dea er to purc ase 25 g more te for Rs 225 0. What is th re uc d price per g of tea?
 - a) Rs. 70 b) Rs. 80 c) Rs. 90 () Rs. 10
- 25 Ra do ated 4 o is income o a chari y an d pos ted 0% o the est i a Ban . I now e ha Rs. 8640 left with him, then his ncome is
 (a) P. 12 500
 (b) P. 12 500
 - (a) R . 12,500 (b) R . 12,000 (c) R . 10,500 (d) s. 0,000
- **2** . I he length of a rectang e is nor ase by 10% nd its bread h s decrea ed y 10%, then its a ea
 - a) decreases by 1% b) increases by 1%
 - c) decreases y 2%
 - (d) re

27. Three spherical balls of radius 1 cm, 2 cm and 3 cm are melted to form a single spherical ball. In the process, the loss of material is 25%. The radius of the new ball is

(b) 5 cm

- (a) 6 cm
- (c) 3 cm (d) 2 cm
- **28.** If A : B = 2 : 3, B : C = 4 : 5 and C : D = 5 : 9, then A : D is equal to
 - (a) 11:17 (b) 8:27
 - (c) 5:9 (d) 2:9
- **29.** If the length of a rectangle is increased in the ratio 6:7 and its breadth is diminished in the ratio 5:4 then its area will be diminished in the ratio
 - (a) 17:16 (b) 15:14 (c) 9:8 (d) 8:7
- **30.** 7 years ago, the ages (in years) of A and B were in the ratio 4 : 5; and 7 years hence they will be in the ratio 5 : 6. The present age of B is

(a) 56 years	(b) 63 years
(c) 70 years	(d) 77 years

31. Two numbers are such that their difference, their sum and their product are in the ratio of 1 : 7 : 24. The product of the numbers is

(a)	24	(b) 36
(c)	48	(d) 60

32. A, B, C are partners in a business. During a particular year, A received one third of the profit, B received one fourth of the profit and C received the remaining Rs. 5000. How much amount of money did a receive?

(a) Rs. 1000 (b) Rs. 3000

- (c) Rs. 4000 (d) Rs. 5000
- **33.** Three horses are tethered at 3 corners of a triangular plot of land having sides 20m, 30m and 40m each with a rope of length 7m. The area (in m²) of the region of this plot, which can be grazed by the horses, is
 - $\underset{(*)}{\overset{\&}{\overset{Use}{\overset{0}}}} \overset{22}{\overset{22}{\overset{0}{}}}$

(a)
$$\frac{77}{3}$$
 (b) 75 (c) 77 () 80

34 A wi e, w en ben in he f rm of a square, n loses r gion of rea 21 cm² If the am wire is b nt nto he f rm of a circ e, then th

are of th c rcle is $\begin{pmatrix} & & \\ & Us & / & 0 \\ & & & 7 \end{pmatrix}$ a) 150 cm2 b) 152 cm2

c) 154 cm2 d) 159 cm

35. her ti f the re f as tor o a c rc et the ar a ft e ir le s 1 4 If the a ea of he ci cle is 154 cm , he erimeter of t e secto is

- 6. T elength of t e di go a of a ube is 6 m.
 - (a) $18\sqrt{3}$ (b) $24\sqrt{3}$

()	0 /2	(d) 2	5
()	8.173	(u) x	13

- **3** . If a p er of rad us r is divided in o four dent cal parts then t e to al su face area f the fou parts is
 - (a) $/ r^2$ quare nit (b) $2/r^2$ square unit
 - (c) 8/ r squar unit (d) $/ r^2$ sq are un t
- 38. A sum of mone , de osited ts mera e er cent p r annum of compo nd int re t double i sel in years. I h w many ye rs wil i becom 1 ti es of it elf at the same rate?

- (c) 0 (d) 8
- **39.** Wh t is the difference between the compound interest and somple in er stone Rs. 000 a 5% p r annum for 2 years?

- **40.** The simple an c mpou d ntere ts n a sum of one for 2 year are s. 8400 and Rs 86 2 re pe tively. he rate f interest per annum is
 - (a) 6

- **41.** A man can row against the current threefourth of a kilometre in 15 minutes and returns the same distance in 10 minutes. The ratio of his speed to that of the current is
 - (a) 3:5 (b) 5:3 (c) 1:5 (d) 5:1
- **42.** Two places A and B are 100 km apart on a highway. One car starts from A and another from B at the same time. If the cars travel in the same direction at a constant speed, they meet in 5 hours. If the cars travel towards each other, they meet in 1 hour. What is the speed of the car running faster ?
 - (a) 60 km/hr. (b) 50 km/hr.
 - (c) 40 km/hr. (d) 32 km/hr.
- **43.** A can complete a piece of work in 12 days. B is 60% more efficient than A. The number of days, that B will take to complete the same work, is

(a) 6 (b)
$$7\frac{1}{2}$$
 (c) 8 (d) $8\frac{1}{2}$

44. Two pipes can fill an empty tank separately in 24 minutes and 40 minutes respectively and a third pipe can empty 30 gallons of water per minute. If all the three pipes are open, empty tank becomes full in one hour. The capacity of the tank (in gallons) is

(a) 800
(b) 600

(c) 500	(d) 400
---------	---------

- 45. A batsman, in his 12th innings, makes a score of 63 runs and thereby increases his average score by 2. The average of his score after 12th innings is

 (a) 41
 (b) 42
 - (c) 34 (d) 35
- **46.** The greatest number, that divides 43, 91 and 183 so as to leave the same remainder in each case, is

(a) 9 (b) 8

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{1}{3}$ (c) $\frac{1}{4}$ (d) $\frac{1}{5}$
- 48. he um of he ar as of he 10 squar s, the leng hs of wh se si es re 20 m, 21 m, ... 29 cm respectiv ly is
 (a) 6 85 cm²
 (b) 8 55 cm²
 - (c) 2 70 cm² (d) 11 25 cm²
- 49. he squ rer ot of

50. If $2x \forall \frac{1}{x} = 6$, then $3x \frac{1}{2x}$ is equal to (a) 4 (b) 8 (c) 9 () 2

1. If
$$x = (1/2)^{1/2} \sqrt{2}^{1/2}$$
 t en the value of

$$\begin{cases} & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\$$

53.
$$\frac{(0.87)^3}{(0.87)^2} \frac{\forall (0.13)^3}{(0.1)^2} (0.1)^3 \text{ is equa to}$$

a) $\frac{1}{2}$ () 2 (c) () $2^{\frac{1}{2}}$

(c) 4 (d) 3
47.
$$\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{16} \ \forall 6\sqrt{7}} \ \%\sqrt{16} \ 6\sqrt{7}$$
 is eq al to

54. If
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x$$

55. The largest among the numbers $\sqrt{7}$ $\sqrt{5}$, $\sqrt{5}$ % $\sqrt{3}$, $\sqrt{9}$ % $\sqrt{7}$, $\sqrt{11}$ % $\sqrt{9}$ is (a) $\sqrt{7} \% \sqrt{5}$ (b) $\sqrt{5} \% \sqrt{3}$ (c) $\sqrt{9} \% \sqrt{7}$ (d) $\sqrt{1}$ % $\sqrt{9}$ **56** I $x^{1/}$ $y^{1/3} = z^{1/3}$, t e $x + y - y^{3} + 7xyz$ s equal to (a) 0 (b) 1 (d 27 (c) -1 **57.** If $\sqrt{7\sqrt{\sqrt{7}\sqrt{7}}}$ $343)^{y-1}$ t en y s equ l to (a) $\frac{2}{3}$ (b) 1 <u>3</u> (c) $\frac{1}{3}$ (d 8 If $a^2 = 2$, t en (a + 1) s equa o (b) $\frac{2}{a\%1}$ (a) *a* − 1 (d) $\frac{a\%}{3\%2a}$ (c) $\frac{a \forall 1}{3 \% 2a}$ **5**. The mi sin term in the square 23, 5, , 1 , ... 17, 19 is (a) 16 (b) 15 (d) 1 (c) 4 **60.** The wr ng umber in the sequence (b) 47 (a) 32 (c) 6 (d) 3 **61.** W ent e p ice of a toy as inc eas d by 20, hen mber of oys sold wa dec ease by 5%. What w s ts ffect on the ota sales oft eshop? (a) 2% ncrease (b) 2% ecrease (d) 4% decrea e (c) 4% ncrease 62. erson so d a ho se at a gain f 15%. Ha he oug tit for 25% es an sold it fo R. 601 ss, ewo l have ad a prof t of 32%. T e ost price of the ho se was (a) s. 370 (b) s. 372 (c) s. 375 () Rs. 78

- **3.** A sel s nar i let B at ain of 5% B sel itt C at gan of 20 a d ell it o at a gan of 1 %. f D pay Rs 330 fo it h w muc d d it cost to A?
 - (a) s. 200 (b) s. 250
 - (c) s. 275 (d Rs. 290
- 4. y selli g a ar icl or s. 21, a man ost uch that t e pe cen age l ss wa equ l to th co tpr ce. The cos priceo the arti le wa (a) s. 30 or Rs 7 (b) s. 35 or Rs. 60 (c Rs. 45 (d) s. 50
- **6** . Half of 100 rtic es w re sol at a pro it f 20% an he res a ap of to 40%. If al th arti les ad b en sol a ap ofit of 5%, th total prof t wo ld ave been Rs. 100 les than ea lie pro it. T e ost price o each arti le was
 - (a Rs. 10 (b Rs. 15 (c Rs. 20 (d Rs. 30
- 6. The makt prie faclock is Rs. 20. It is obsola Rs 2448 at two success ve iscunts. If the frs disount is 10%, t en the se ond discount is

a)	5%	(b)	10%

(c) 5% (d) 2 %

- **67.** A dea er ma ks is go ds 0% above is ost p ice an th n allows 15 discout n i. Wha is t e os price f n artic e on hic he gains R . 84 ?
 - (a) s. 800 (b) s. 560
 - (c) Rs. 373.33 () Rs. 280
- 68 A shop ee er w sh s to give 5% com ission n the ma ke price f a article ut also a ts to ar ap of to 10% If his cos pr ce is Rs. 95, th n the marked p ice is

(a) s. 100 (b) s. 110

- (c) s. 120 (d) Rs. 130
- **69.** rishn mur hy ea ns s. 15000 per mo th a d pen s 8 % f i . Due to pay revisio , his m nth y income as increas d b 2 %, but due t p ice ri e, he has to s end 20% ore. Hi new savi gs are
 - (a) R . 3400 (b) R . 3000
 - (c) R . 46

70. Two numbers are respectively $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ and

25% more than a third number. The first number is how much per cent of the second number?

(a) 90 (b) 87.5

(c) 25 (d) 12.5

- 71. Population of a town increases 2.5% annually but is decreased by 0.5% every year due to migration. What will be the percentage of increase in 2 years?(a) 5 (b) 4.04
 - (c) 4 (d) 3.96
- **72.** 72% of the students of a certain class took Biology and 44% took Mathematics. If each student took at least one of Biology or Mathematics and 40 students tookboth of these subjects, the total number of students in the class is
 - (a) 200 (b) 240 (c) 250 (d) 320
- **73.** Rs. 1050 are divided among A, B and C in

such a way that the share of A is $\frac{2}{5}$ of the

combined share o	of B and C. A will get
(a) Rs. 200	(b) Rs. 300
(c) Rs. 320	(d) Rs. 420

- **74.** The sides of a right-angled triangle forming right angle are in the ratio 5: 12. If the area of the triangle is 270 cm^2 , then the length of the hypotenuse is
 - (a) 39 cm (b) 42 cm
 - (c) 45 cm (d) 51 cm
- **75.** Two numbers are in the ratio 5 : 6. If their H.C.F is 4, then their L.C.M. will be

(a)	90	(D)	90
(c)	120	(d)	150

- **76.** If a + b + c = 1 and $ab + bc + ca = \frac{1}{3}$ then a : b :
 - c is
 - (a) 1:2:2 (b) 2:1:2
 - (c) 1:1:1 (d) 1:2:1

- 77. A and B enter into partnership with capitals in the ratio 5 : 6. At the end of 8 months A withdraws his capital. They recived profits in the ratio 5 : 9. Binvested the capital for

 (a) 6 months
 (b) 8 months
 (c) 10 months
 (d) 12 months
- 78. What is the length of the radius of the circumcircle of the equilateral triangle, the length

of whose side is $6\sqrt{3}$ cm?

- (a) $6\sqrt{3}$ cm (b) 6 cm
- (c) 5.4 cm (d) $3\sqrt{6} \text{ cm}$
- **79.** If the measure of a diagonal and the area of a rectangle are 25 cm and 168 cm² respectively, what is the length of the rectangle?
 - (a) 31 cm (b) 24 cm
 - (c) 17 cm (d) 7 cm
- 80. The number of coins, each of radius 0.75 cm and thickness 0.2 cm, to be melted to make a right circular cylinder of height 8 cm and radius 3 cm, is
 (a) (40, (b) (00, (c) 500, (d) 480

(a) 640 (b) 600 (c) 500 (d) 480

81. If the radius of a sphere is increased by 2m, its surface-area is increased by 704 m2. What is the radius of the original sphere?

$$\mathcal{K}_{0}$$
 Use $\frac{22}{7}$

(a) 1 m (b) 1 m (c) 1 m (d) 3 m

82 A right incular yl nder is circum cribing a he isph res ch th t the r bases ar com on. T e atio f their volume s
(a) 1:3
(b) 1:2
(c) 2:3
(d) 3:4

3. A man nves ed $\frac{1}{3}$ of his ca ita at 7% $\frac{1}{4}$ t 8% and the r ma nin at 0% rate of simple i te est If his annu linc me from int res s is s. 61, the capital nvested w s (a) Rs. 60 0 (b) Rs. 56 0 (c) Rs. 66 0 (d)

- 84. The compound interest on Rs. 6250 at 12% per annum for 1 year, compounded halfyearly is
 - (a) Rs. 772.50 (b) Rs. 772
 - (c) Rs. 672.50 (d) Rs. 672
- 85. A sum of money lent at compound interest amounts to Rs. 1460 in 2 years and to Rs. 1606 in 3 years. The rate of interest per annum is
 - (a) 12% (b) 11%
 - (c) 10.5% (d) 10%
- 86. If A travels to his school from his house at the speed of 3 km/hr. then he reaches the school 5 minutes late. If he travels at the speed of 4 km/hr, he reaches the school 5 minutes earlier than school time. The distance of his school from his house is (b) 2 km
 - (a) 1 km
 - (c) 3 km (d) 4km
- 87. A train travelling with a speed of 60 km/hr catches another train travelling in the same direction and then leaves it 120 m behind in 18 seconds. The speed of the second train is (a) 26 km/hr(b) 35 km/hr
 - (c) 36 km/hr (d) 63 km/hr
- 88. A and B together can complete a piece of work in 12 days and B and C together in 15 days. If A is twice as good a workman as C, then in how many days will be alone complete the same work?
 - (a) 30 (b) 25
 - (d) 20 (c) 24
- 89. 4 men and 6 women together can complete a work in 8 days while 3 men and 7 women together can complete it in 10 days. 20 women working together will complete it in (a) 36 days (b) 32 days

(-)		(-)) -
(C)	24 days	(d)	20 days

- **90.** The average of two numbers A and B is 20, that of B and C is 19 and of C and A it is 21. What is the value of A?
 - (a) 24 (b) 22
 - (c) 20 (d) 18

Directions (91-95): The pie chart given below, shows the expenditure on various items and savings of a family during the year 2009. Study the pie chart and answer these questions.

PERCENTAGE OF MONEY SPENT ON VARIOUS **ITEMS AND SAVINGS BY A FAMILY DURING 2009**



- **91.** If the total income of the family for the year 2009 was Rs. 1,50,000 then the difference between the expenditures on housing and transport was
 - (b) Rs. 10,000 (a) Rs. 15,000
 - (c) Rs. 12,000 (d) Rs. 7,500
- 92. Maximum expenditure of the family other than on food, was on
 - (a) Housing (b) Clothing
 - (c) Others
 - (d) Education of children
- **93.** The savings of the family for the year were equal to the expenditure on
 - (a) Food (b) Housing
 - (c) Education of children
 - (d) Clothing
- **94.** The percentage of the income which was spent on clothing, education of children and transport together is
 - (a) 17 (b) 20
 - (c) 22 (d) 27
- 95. If the total income of the family was Rs. 1,50,000 then the money spent on food was (a) Rs. 20,000 (b) Rs. 23,000
 - (c) Rs. 30,000 (d) Rs. 34,500

Directions (96-100): Study the bar diagram and answer these questions.



96. The number of persons killed in coal mines in 2006 was what per cent of those killed in industrial accidents in that year?

(a) 4	(b) 25
(c) 36	(d) 300

- 97. In which year, minimum number of persons were killed in industrial accidents and coal mines together?
 - (a) 2006 (b) 2007
 - (c) 2008 (d) 2009
- 98. In which year, maximum number of persons were killed in industrial accidents other than those killed in coal mines?
 - (b) 2007 (a) 2006
 - (d) 2009 (c) 2008
- 99. In which years, minimum number of persons were killed in coal mines other than those killed in industrial accidents?

(a) 2006	(b) 2007
(c) 2008	(d) 2009

100. In a year, on average, how many persons were killed in industrial accidents and coal mines together?

(a) 121.25	(b) 1212
(c) 1212.5	(d) 1000

2)	1212.5	(d)	1000

ANONENO							
	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.		
	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.		
	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.		
	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.		
	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.		
	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.		
	31.	32.	33.	34.	35.		
	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.		
	41.	42.	43.	44.	45.		
	46.	47.	48.	49.	50.		
	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.		
	56.	57.	58.	59.	60.		
	61.	62.	63.	64.	65.		
	66.	67.	68.	69.	70		
	71.	72.	73.	74.	75.		
	76.	77.	78.	79.	80.		
	81.	82.	83.	84.	85.		
	86.	87.	88.	89.	90.		
	91.	92.	93.	94.	95.		
	96.	97.	98.	99.	100.		

EXPLANATIONS

- 1. Number of men arranged in the form of a square
 - = 6000 71 = 5929
 - 3 Numbe o me arrange i eac row

 $\sqrt{5929}$ 77

2. Remainder

2

4



4.
$$\frac{(0.75)^3}{1 \ 0.7}$$
 [(0.75)² 0.75 1 1]

$$= \frac{(0.75)^{3} \forall (1 - 0.75)[(0.75)^{2} \frac{\forall (0.75)}{1 \sqrt[9]{0.75}} \frac{1}{1 \sqrt[9]{12}} \frac{1}{1 \sqrt[9]{0.75}} = \frac{1}{1 \sqrt[9]{0.75}} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{2 \sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{3} \sqrt[9]{3} x \frac{1}{x} \frac{1}{x} x$$

$$= \frac{(0.75)^{3} \forall 1^{2} \frac{\sqrt{9}(0.75)^{3}}{0.2}}{[(a-b) a + b + ^{2} = a - b^{3}]} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sqrt[9]{3} \sqrt{3} = 0$$
8. If $0.1 = 1$ then, $0 = 2$
and $0 = he$, $0 = 3$
3 4 q ar roo $\sqrt{4} = 2$
5. $x + y = 12$...(i)
 $x y = 35$...(ii)
3 $\frac{x \forall y}{xy} = \frac{1}{y} \sqrt{1} = \frac{12}{3}$
6. $a^{2} b^{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{b^{2}} = 4$
5. $a^{3} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{b^{2}} =$

$$= \begin{cases} & \forall \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{7}^{3} \% x. \frac{1}{x^{*}} x \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{3}{x^{*}} \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{7}{7}^{3} \%_{3} \sqrt{3} \\ &= 3\sqrt{3} \%_{3} \sqrt{3} = 0 \\ 3. \text{ If } 0.1 = 1 \text{ then, } 0. = 2a \\ \text{and } 0.0 = \text{ he } , 0.04 = 2b \\ 3 \text{ E pr s in} \\ & \frac{a}{a, 2} \frac{\forall b, b}{a, 2} \\ & \frac{a^{3}}{\sqrt{b}} \frac{\forall b, b}{a, 2} \\ & \frac{a^{3}}{8a^{3}} \frac{\forall b}{b} = \frac{a^{3} \forall b^{3}}{(a^{3} \forall b^{3})} = \frac{1}{8} = 0.125 \\ 0. x^{3} + 3x^{2} + 3x & 7 \\ 5 x^{3} - 3x^{2} + 3x + 1 = 7 + 1 \\ 3 x^{4} + 2 \\ 5 x - 1 \\ 1. x \sqrt{\frac{2}{x}} \\ 5 x \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} = \frac{1}{2} \dots (i) \\ 3 x^{3} \sqrt{\frac{1}{x^{3}}} \\ &= -\frac{3}{-2} \\ & - -\frac{1}{-2} \\ & - -\frac{1}{$$

$$\frac{1}{4^{3}} = \frac{70}{4^{210}} = 14^{70} 2^{\frac{1}{210}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2^{5}} = 2^{\frac{42}{210}} = 12^{42} 2^{\frac{1}{210}}$$

$$\frac{1}{3^{7}} = 3^{\frac{30}{210}} = 13^{30} 2^{\frac{1}{20}}$$
3 4The largest number

$$= \frac{1}{5^2} = \sqrt{5}$$

- 13. Exp ession
 - $= \sqrt[3]{(13.608)^2 \% (3.392)^2}$ = $\sqrt[3]{(13.608 \forall 13.392)(13.60 \% 13.392)}$ $\sqrt[3]{27, 0.216}$ = $\sqrt[3]{\frac{27, 216}{1000}}$ = $\frac{3-6}{10} = 1.$
- 16. Pr fit per cent
- $= \frac{\text{True weight \%False weight}}{\text{False weight}}, 1 0$ $= \frac{1000\%950}{950} 100$ $= \frac{10}{1} = \frac{5}{19}$ 17. f he P fhors b Rs. x, h n CP of car i ge = Rs. (20000 - x) 3 x, $\frac{12}{10}$ (20000 %), $\frac{90}{100}$ $= 0 00, \frac{102}{10}$ 5 120 + 8 0000 - 0
- = 20400030x = 2 4 000 - 180 000 240000 $3 = \frac{240000}{3} = s. 00$ **1**. I a article is old o B a x% prof t/o s nd sells the s me to C at y% pro it/loss, then C's C.P $= ' CP \frac{\$100 \ 6 \ x}{100} \stackrel{3}{\downarrow} \frac{\$ 00 \ 6 \ y}{100} \stackrel{3}{\downarrow}$ 3 A's CP = C's CP <u>100</u> **3 &** 100 1 0 \forall 15 00 \%10+ = 17.5 , $\frac{10}{115}$, $\frac{100}{9}$ Rs 500 **19.** e th C P. o t e a ticle be Rs. 1 0. 3 S.P. o th art cl $\times \frac{1}{3} = 90$ 3 S P. of t earticl $=\frac{90,3}{1}=135$ 3 Pro it er ce ta the riginal pric = 5**20.** A s C P. $= 450 \ 0, \ \frac{10}{90} = \text{Rs.} 50000$ 3 B's S.P. <u>110</u> = 5 00100 = Rs. 5 0 0 3 's rofit erce

$$= \frac{100, 100}{80} \text{ Rs } 125$$

S afte th discount
Rs. $\frac{8125 \cdot 883}{100} = \text{Rs. } 10$
3 Gain p r cent 10
3. If t emar ed pri e of he wr st watch be Rs.
x, th n
 $x_{,} \frac{90}{100} = \frac{-50, 10}{0} = 540$
5 $x = \frac{50, 100}{90} = \text{ s. } 00$
24. Let the o ig nal pr ce f teab Rs. / g
Ne price Rs. $\binom{89x}{104}$ /kg
 $3 \frac{22500}{9x} \frac{22500}{x} = 25$
 $1 \frac{5}{22} \frac{200}{10} \frac{810}{x} \frac{91}{x} = 2$
 $5 \frac{2}{2} 500 \frac{810}{x} \frac{91}{9x} = 2$
 $5 \frac{2}{2500} \frac{25 \times 9}{5}$
 $5 \frac{22500}{25 \times 9} = 100$
New rice
 $= \frac{10}{10} \frac{10}{0} = \text{Rs. } 90 \text{ per kg}$
25. Let a 's ncome = Rs. 100.
D na ion t charity = R . 4
Amount e osi e in a k

avi gs 100-13.6 = Rs. 8 .4
Q Rs. 86.4 = 100
R . 864 =
$$\frac{100}{86}$$
, 8640
= Rs. 1 000
26. Ef ect n are
= $(10 \ 10 \ \frac{10, 10}{9})\%$
& $\%$ \Rightarrow
 $100 \ +$
= 1%
H re, n vative sign show decr as .
7. Vo me o h new bal
= $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{2}{3}$ ($r^3 \forall \frac{3}{2} \forall r_3^3$)
 $(1^3 + 2^3 + 3)$
= / (+ 8 + 27)
= 6p c bic cm.
 $\frac{4}{3}$ / = 36
5 $r = \frac{6}{4} \frac{3}{4} = 2$
3 $r = \sqrt[3]{27} = 3$ cm
30 7 y a s g , A s ag x e rsa d 's ge=
 $5x \text{ ears}$
 $\frac{4x \forall 4}{1} = \frac{6}{5}$
5 $2 \times 70 = 24x + 84$
5 $x = 84 - 7 = 14$
6, 10

3	B's prese tage	
	$= \frac{10}{10} =$	s. 96

= 5 + 7 = × 1 + 7 77 ye

tal profit _ _

$$= \frac{5000, 12}{5} \text{ Rs } 1200$$
3 A s sha e = R $\cdot \frac{81}{*}$, $12000\frac{3}{4}$
= Rs. 40 0
3 . Si eofth squ re
 $\sqrt{1 1} = 11 \text{ m}$
3 Len tho h ire = $\times 11$
4 m
3 2/r = 4
 $\frac{2}{7}$, $r = 4$
5 = 7 c
3 Are of ci cle = / 2
 $= \frac{22}{7}$ 7, 7
= 54 q.c.
3 . If the gee fe of the c b exc t en,
 $\sqrt{3}x = 6$
 $x = \frac{6}{\sqrt{-}} = 2\sqrt{3} c$
3 Volume f the c be = (edge)³
 $= 2\sqrt{3}$, $2\sqrt{-}$, $2\sqrt{3}$
 $= 24\sqrt{3} \text{ cm}^{3}$
3 . Requ red t t 1 sur ace area
 $= 4/r^{2} + 4 \times /r^{2}$
 $= 8/r^{2} \text{ sq. u}$ it
39. D fference
 $= rin ipal \frac{8}{100}r^{2} = 4 \ 00 \ \frac{5}{1004}r^{2} = \text{R} . 1$
40. iffe e ce = Rs. (8652 - 84 0) = Rs. 252
Rate = $\frac{2}{0}$, D ff rence
 $rac{2}{10}$, 00

$$= \frac{2 - 52}{400} 1 \ 0 = 6$$
4. atio f heir effic e c
= 1 0: 60 = :8
3 Ratio of time taken = 8:5
T me aken b
= 12, $\frac{5}{8} = \frac{-5}{2} = \frac{1}{2} d$ ys
4. Cap city o t e tank = gallons
3 Part of t e tank fille i 1 minute
= $\frac{x}{4} \forall \frac{x}{40} \ 30$
3 $6 \frac{\&x}{*24} \forall \frac{x}{4} \% 3 \frac{3}{4} = x$
3 $\frac{x}{24} \ \frac{x}{0} \% \frac{x}{6} = 30$
5 $\frac{x \forall 3x \ 2x}{12} = 30$
5 $\frac{-x}{20} = 3$ $x = 6 \ 0 \ ga \ lons$

45. A erage o heb t m n upto 11th i nings = 3 − 12 × 2 = 39

3 equi e av rag = 3
$$2 = 41$$

4 . R qui ed num er = H F of (91 – 43), (183 – 91) and (183 – 43) = HCF o



$$= \frac{\sqrt{7}}{3 \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{7}} \sqrt{33} \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{7}}} = \frac{1}{2}$$
48. Required $u = 0 + 1 + ... + 2^{2}$

$$= 1 + 2 + ... + 2^{2} - 1 + 2 + ... + 19)$$

$$= \frac{29(29 \sqrt[3]{1}(2, 29 \sqrt[3]{1})}{6} \sqrt[3]{19(19 \sqrt[3]{1}(2, 19 \sqrt[3]{1})}]$$

$$= \frac{29(29 \sqrt[3]{1}(2, 29 \sqrt[3]{1})}{6} \sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$Q 1^{2} \sqrt[3]{2}^{2} ... \sqrt[3]{2} 0 \frac{n(... \sqrt[3]{1})(2n \sqrt[3]{1})}{6} \frac{1}{9}$$

$$= 8555 - 2470$$

$$= 608 \text{ sq.cm.}$$
49. Expression
$$= \frac{9.5, 0.008, 18.9}{0.00 7, 1.9, 2.}$$

$$= 225$$
3 Requir d squa ot
$$\sqrt{25} 1$$
5 . $x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$
3 $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1}$

$$3 \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{1} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$$

$$3 \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$$
3 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$
3 $\frac{1}{x^{2}} = \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$
3 $\frac{1}{x^{2}} = \sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$
4 $\sqrt{2} \sqrt{1}$
5 . xpre s o
$$= \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{13}{7}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{7}$$
5 . If $0.87 = a$ and $0.13 = bt e$,
$$xpre s \text{ on } = \frac{a^{3}-b}{-}$$

$$\frac{(\forall b (\forall b^2 \ a))}{a^2 \forall a}$$

$$= 08 + 01$$
54 $x - x + {}^2 + 6 = 1$
5 $x = 2 + 2 + 6 = 0$
 $x -) + () 0$
 $= x - 1 = 05 \ x = 1$
and, $y + 3 = 05 \ y = -3$
 $x^2 \ y^2 = 1 + 9 = 0$
5. $\sqrt{7} \ \%\sqrt{5} = \sqrt{\sqrt{7} \ \sqrt{5}}$
 $= \frac{1}{\sqrt{7} \ \sqrt{5}} \sqrt{5}$
im lar y ,
 $\sqrt{5} \ \%\sqrt{3} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5} \ \sqrt{3}}$
 $\sqrt{9} \ \sqrt{7} = \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{9} \ \sqrt{7}}$
Lar estnu be $= \sqrt{5} \ \%\sqrt{3}$
because its denominato st es a lest.
56. $x^{\frac{1}{3}} \ \sqrt{y^3} = \frac{1}{3}$
Cu i gb ths des, we have,
 $a \ \forall b \ \% b$



Cubing again, $(x+y-z)^3 = -27 xyz$ (z) 2 xy 0 **57.** Le $\sqrt{7\sqrt{7\sqrt{7}}}$ O squarin bot sides, *x* 7*x* $5^2 - x = 5(-7)$ 5 x = 7 $7 = (3 \ 1 \ 3 \ -3)$ y-3 534 5 $y = \frac{4}{2}$ 5. $^{2} = 2$ $\sqrt{}$ 5 $a + = \sqrt{2} \forall 1$ From lternative (4) $\frac{a\%1}{\%2a} = \frac{\sqrt{2}\%1}{32\sqrt{2}}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{2}\%1}{3\%2\sqrt{7}}, \frac{3\forall 2\sqrt{2}}{3}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$ $=\frac{\sqrt{2} \% 4 \% 2 \sqrt{2}}{9 \% 8} \qquad 1 \,\forall \sqrt{2}$ 5. It i sequence of fr t prim u b rs. **6**. +5 = 133 + 2 1 + 1 = 22 + 14 = 467746 + 17 = 6361. Eff ct on sale $= \frac{\& 0\%15\%\frac{20,15}{10}}{10}$ = % i creas

62. f h CP of hor e e Rs. x t en its SP $\frac{115}{100}x$ New CP = Rs. $\frac{83}{4}x_+^3$ $3 \frac{11 x}{100}$ %60 $\frac{3}{4}x$, $\frac{3}{00} = \frac{99x}{10}$ $5 \frac{15x}{100} \frac{99x}{10} = 60$ $5 \frac{16x}{100} = 60$ 5 $x = \frac{60, 00}{1} = \text{Rs. 3}$ 5 **63** A' C = 33 , $\frac{100}{12}$, $\frac{10}{120}$, $\frac{10}{110}$ = R . 20 6. If h CP fart ceb s., then $\frac{-\% 1}{x} = 00 = x^3$ $5 ^{2} - 00$ $21 \ 0 = 0$ x - 0x - 30x + 2 0 = 05 $(-70) - 30(x \ 70 = 0$ 5 x - 0)(x - 70 =5 = Rs. 30 or Rs. 70 **65.** Let th CP of a hat cle $e \operatorname{Rs.} x$. <u>120 0 4 100 12</u> 00 100

67. CP of article = Rs. 3 Mark d pric $= \frac{130}{100} = R \cdot \frac{13x}{1}$ 3 S. . $= \frac{13x}{10}, \frac{85}{10} = Rs. \frac{221x}{00}$ 3 $\frac{221x}{20} = 845 \frac{21}{20} = 84$ 5 $x = \frac{84, 20}{21} = Rs. 800$ 8. Mar e pr c = Rs. 8 then $-\frac{95}{100} = \frac{9 - 110}{0} = 5 x = Rs = 110$ 6 . (*) Initia e penditure of K ishnamurthy

5000,
$$\frac{80}{100}$$
 Rs. 12 00

New income

$$\frac{15\ 00\ 120}{100} = \text{Rs.}\ 18000$$

N w expenditur

$$= \frac{1\ 000\ 12}{100} = \text{Rs. } 1\ 4\ 0$$
3 Ne avings = 1 000 - 144 0
= Rs 36 0
N te: It is not an answe choice

70. First number

=
$$100 \forall \frac{-5}{2} \frac{2.5}{2}$$

S cond num er = 125
3 R quired perc ntage
= $\frac{225}{2.1.5}$, $100 = 90$

71. Pe centage o increase

$$= \frac{8}{2} \forall 2 \forall \frac{2}{10} \downarrow \% = .04\%$$

72 Per entage of stu en s op i g f r both ubj cts
= 2 + 44 - 00 = 16

, then

$$\frac{1}{10} \quad 05 \quad x = \frac{400}{16} = 5$$
73. A: + = 2:5
3 4A's s ar = $\frac{1}{7} \quad 1050 = R \cdot 3 \quad 0$
75 N m e s = 5x a d 6
H F = x = 4
3 C × x
× 6 × 120
6 a + = 1
a bc + c = $\frac{1}{3}$
2 2₊ 2
= (+b+c)²-2(b+b+c)
1%- $\frac{1}{3}$
1 a 1, a = c = $\frac{1}{3}$
5 a:b:c = 1:1:1
77. I nv sted for y m n hs hen
 $\frac{5}{6}, \frac{8}{5} = \frac{5}{6}$
5 y = 12 month.
9. l b 6 5 ..(i)
l+

$$\sqrt{961} \quad 31 \qquad \dots(iii)$$
(b) $l \quad b \quad 2lb$
62 16 28
 $3 \ l-b = \sqrt{28} = 17 \qquad \dots(iv)$
Fr mequatio s (ii) a d (iv),
 $l = 8$
 $= \frac{4}{2} = 24 \text{ cm}$
80. Vol me of he cylin e =/ h
 $l \times 3 \qquad 8 = 72l \text{ cm}^3$
ol me fone on
 $= l \times 0.75) \times 0.2$
N mber o coins
 $= \frac{72l}{l, 0.75, 0.75, 0.2} = 640$
1 4/ $r + 2^2$ $l r^2 = 70$
5 $(r + 2) \qquad r \qquad \frac{0}{4l}$
5 $r^2 + 4r \quad 4 - 2$
 $\frac{7}{4} = 5$
5 $4r = 56 - 4 = 52$
5 $r = 13$ e re
82. R qu red ratio = Volume f emi-sphe e :
V l me o y iner

$$=\frac{-}{3}/3$$
: $r^3 = 2$:

8 . T 2 h lf years R te = 6%

$$= CI \quad P \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}^{2} \% :$$
$$= 625 \quad - \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ - \end{pmatrix}^{4} \forall \frac{6}{100} \end{pmatrix}^{2} \% :$$
$$= 625 \quad - \begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 1 \\ - \end{pmatrix}^{4} \forall \frac{6}{100} \end{pmatrix}^{2} \% :$$

6250 × 0.1236 = Rs. 7 2.5

85. 14 0 =
$$P_{*}^{8} 1 \forall \frac{R}{00}^{3}$$
 ...(i)
16 6 = $P_{*}^{8} 1 \forall \frac{R}{100}^{3}$...(ii)
Dividing e uat on (ii) y (i)

$$1 \forall \frac{R}{1 \ 0} \quad \frac{1606}{1 \ 60}$$
$$3 \quad \frac{R}{100} = \frac{1 \ 0 \ \%146}{1460}$$
$$= \frac{146}{1460} = \frac{1}{10}$$

8 . f the d s ance be ween t e school an home be x - m, hen

$$\frac{-3}{3} \% \frac{x}{4} = \frac{10}{60} 5 \frac{x}{1} = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$5 x = \frac{-1}{6}, 12 = -12 \text{ km}$$
87. 60 mph = $\frac{(-1)}{(-1)(-1)(-1)} \text{ m s c}$

 $= \frac{0}{m}$ /sec

If the spe d f second t ai e / ec he

$$\frac{5}{3}$$
% $\frac{12}{2}$

× 3m + 7 × 10w

Solved Paper

2 92 w
5 m 9 11
3 4m + 6w 50w

$${}_{1}D_{1}$$
 M D
5 5 × 8 = 0 2
5 D₂ $\frac{5}{20}$ = 20 d y
9 . A 0
B 8
C + A = 42
On a d n ,
(A + B) 0 + 38 2 2
5 A + = 6
3 A = A + C) - B +)
60 - 38 = 22

91. xp nditure on ousing and transport

$$= 150 \ 00 \ , \ \frac{1}{100}$$

- $= Rs \ 1 \ 000$
- **93.** Housi 9 15% Savings 15%

94. Require er e ta e = 10 + 12 + 5= 2 % 9. Expe diture on food $= \text{Rs.} \begin{pmatrix} 8150 & 00, 23 \\ * & 100 \end{pmatrix}$ = Rs. 34500 6. Required ercentage $=\frac{00}{1200}, 00$ 25 97. um er of per o s k l ed in 200= 00 + 20 = 1009. It is obvious from he bar di gra . Req i ed number of the dea = 1 009. It is obvious from he bar di gra . Req i ed number of th dead = 50100. Required ave age 1 00 1050