1. A General, while arranging his men, who were 6000 in number, in the form of a square, found that there were 71 men left over. How many were arranged in each row?
(a) 73
(b) 77
(c) 87
(d) 93
2. A number, when divided successively by 4 , 5 and 6, leaves remainders 2, 3 and 4 respectively. The least such number is
(a) 50
(b) 53
(c) 19
(d) 214
3. A number, when divided by 296 , gives 75 as the remainder. If the same number is divided by 37 then the remainder will be
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 19
(d) 31
4. The square root of
$\frac{(0.75)^{3}}{1 \% 0.75} \forall \not \# 0.75 \forall(0.75)^{2} \forall 1!\exists$
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
( ) 4

5 The sum and pr duc of two numbe sae 1 and 35 respe tiv ly. Th sum of their rec proc ls will be
(a) $\frac{1}{3}$
(b) $\frac{1}{5}$
(c) $\frac{12}{35}$
(d) $\frac{5}{12}$
6. If $a^{2} \forall b^{2} \forall \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{b}$, the t e a ue of ${ }^{2}+b^{2}$ will be
(a) 1
(b) $1 \frac{1}{2}$
(c)
(d) $2^{1}$
7. $\mathrm{f}_{*}^{\&} \&_{x} \forall{\underset{x}{x}}_{)^{2}}^{2}=3$, hen $\varepsilon_{*}^{8} x^{3} \forall \frac{1}{x^{3}}$ is equal to
(a) 3
(b) 2
(c) 1
(d) 0
8. $\frac{0.1,0.1,0.1 \forall 0.02,0.02,0.2}{0.2,02,0.2 \forall 0.04,0.04,0.04}$ is qual to
(a 0.12
(b 0.25
(c) .500
( ) . 855
9. If $x \forall \frac{1}{x}=2$, then the value $\mathrm{f} x^{0} \quad \forall \frac{}{100} \mathrm{i}$
( ) 2
b) 0
()
(d -2
10. f $x^{3}+3 x^{2}+3 x=7$, then $x$ is qu 1 to
a) 2
b) $\sqrt[3]{6}$
( ) 1
d) -1
11. If $2 x \forall \frac{2}{x}=1$, then the value of $x^{3} \forall \frac{1}{x^{3}}$ is
а) $\frac{13}{8}$
( ) $\frac{11}{8}$
(c) $\frac{11}{8}$
(d) $\% \frac{13}{8}$
12. The greatest num
$\sqrt{ } \sqrt{ } \sqrt{ }$


## Solved Paper

13. ${\sqrt[3]{(13.608)^{2}} \%(13.392)^{2}}^{i}$ equa to
(a) 0.6
(b) 0.06
(c) 1.8
(d) 2.6
14. $\frac{1}{\# 1,2} \forall \frac{1}{2,3} \forall \frac{1}{3,4} \forall \ldots \forall \frac{1}{99,100}$ is equal to:
(a) $\frac{1}{9900}$ (b) $\frac{99}{100}$
(c) $\frac{100}{99}$
d) $\frac{100}{9}$

15 The sum of al th digits of th n mbe sfrom 1 to 100 is
(a) 5050
(b) 903
( ) 901
(d) 900
6. A s opkee er sell uge insuc a way hat th s llin p ice o 90 g fsuga is the ame as th os p ice of 1 kg of sugar. hat is his gain per cent?
(a) $5 \frac{5}{19}$
(b) $5 \frac{1}{5}$
c) 5
(d) $4 \overline{19}$
17. erson bou $h$ ahorse and a arriag for Rs 2 000. Lat r, he so d the hor e a 20 profita d he arria eat $0 \%$ loss. Th s, he g ined $\%$ in the who et ansaction T ec st pri e of the orse was
(a Rs. 7200
(b Rs. 7500
(c Rs. 8000
d) Rs. 900
18. As $1 l \mathrm{n}$ rti leto $\mathrm{Ba} 15 \%$ rofi. $B$ ell it to C $\mathrm{t} 10 \%$ oss If C ays Rs. 51 . 0 for it $t$ en A purcha ed it at
( ) Rs. 500
( ) Rs. 750
(c Rs. 1000
( ) Rs. 120

1. An rtce is s ld at a cert $i$ fixed $p$ ic . $y$ sel ing t at $\stackrel{2}{2}$ of hat p ice, on $\operatorname{los} \mathrm{s} 1 \%$.

Th $g$ in per en $o$ se ling it at th original price is
(a) 20
(b) $33 \frac{1}{3}$
( ) $\frac{200}{9}$
d) 0
20. A se ls a ar tic e to B for Rs. $4,001 \operatorname{sing}$ $10 \%$ in $t$ e trans ct on $s$ lls it to C ta pr ce w ich w ud have given a ro it of 10 to A. B wha er cent does B gain?
(a) $\frac{75}{2}$
(b) $\frac{100}{3}$
(c) $\frac{20}{9}$
(d) $\frac{50}{7}$

21 Th c st pric $o$ an ar icle is $8 \%$ of ts $m$ rked ric for sal. How mu h p rcent doe the trade man gain after all wi $g$ a iscount of $12 \%$ ?
(a) 20
(b) 2
(c) 10
(d 8

22 A merchan ha annou ced $25 \%$ eb te on price of read $-m$ de arment at e i e of sale If a pu chas eeds to ave a re ate o Rs 400 then $h$ w many shir s, ach c sting s. 320, should he purchase?
(a) 10
( ) 7
(c) 6
(d 5
23. A mer $h$ nt purchas sa wristw tch for $R$. 45 and fixes it ist $r$ ce in a such way that a ter allo in a d scount $\mathrm{f} 10 \%$, h ea ns a prof to $20 \%$ Then the list $p$ ic (i rupees) of the wristwatch is
(a) 500
(b) 600
( ) 750
(d) 80

24 Ar du tio of $1 \%$ nt eprice ftea na les a dea er to purc ase 25 g more te for Rs 2250 . What is th re uc d price per g of tea?
a) Rs. 70
b) Rs. 80
c) Rs. 90
( ) Rs. 10

25 Ra do ated 4 o is income o a chari y an d pos ted $0 \%$ o the est i a Ban. I now eha Rs. 8640 left with him, then his ncome is
(a) R . 12,500
(b) R . 12,000
(c) R . 10,500
(d) s. 0,000

2 . I he length of a rectang e is ncr ase by $10 \%$ nd its bread h s decrea ed y $10 \%$, then its a ea
a) decreases by $1 \%$
b) increases by $1 \%$
c) decreases y $2 \%$
(d) re
27. Three spherical balls of radius $1 \mathrm{~cm}, 2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 3 cm are melted to form a single spherical ball. In the process, the loss of material is $25 \%$. The radius of the new ball is
(a) 6 cm
(b) 5 cm
(c) 3 cm
(d) 2 cm
28. If $A: B=2: 3, B: C=4: 5$ and $C: D=5: 9$, then $A$ : $D$ is equal to
(a) $11: 17$
(b) $8: 27$
(c) $5: 9$
(d) $2: 9$
29. If the length of a rectangle is increased in the ratio 6:7 and its breadth is diminished in the ratio $5: 4$ then its area will be diminished in the ratio
(a) $17: 16$
(b) $15: 14$
(c) $9: 8$
(d) $8: 7$
30. 7 years ago, the ages (in years) of $A$ and $B$ were in the ratio $4: 5$; and 7 years hence they will be in the ratio $5: 6$. The present age of $B$ is
(a) 56 years
(b) 63 years
(c) 70 years
(d) 77 years
31. Two numbers are such that their difference, their sum and their product are in the ratio of $1: 7: 24$. The product of the numbers is
(a) 24
(b) 36
(c) 48
(d) 60
32. $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ are partners in a business. During a particular year, A received one third of the profit, B received one fourth of the profit and C received the remaining Rs. 5000. How much amount of money did a receive?
(a) Rs. 1000
(b) Rs. 3000
(c) Rs. 4000
(d) Rs. 5000
33. Three horses are tethered at 3 corners of a triangular plot of land having sides 20 m , 30 m and 40 m each with a rope of length 7 m . The area (in $\mathrm{m}^{2}$ ) of the region of this plot, which can be grazed by the horses, is
(a) $\frac{77}{3}$
(b) 75
(c) 77
( ) 80

34 A wi e, w en ben in hef rm of a square, $n$ loses $r$ gion of rea $21 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ If the am wire is $b$ nt nto hef rm of a circ e , then th

a) 150 cm 2
b) 152 cm 2
c) 154 cm 2
d) 159 cm
35. her ti fthe re fase toro ac rcet the ar a ft e ir le s14 If the a ea of he ci cle is 154 cm , he erimeter of $t$ e secto is
(a) 20 cm
(b) 25 cm
(c) 36 m
(d) 40 cm
6. I elength of $t$ edi go a of a ube is 6 m . $1=$ vo unt vir clune (minit) is
(a) $18 \sqrt{3}$
(b) $24 \sqrt{3}$
() $8 \sqrt{3}$
(d) $3 \sqrt{3}$

3 . If a $p$ er of rad us $r$ is divided in o four dent cal parts then $t$ e to al su face area $f$ the fou parts is
(a) $/ r^{2}$ quare nit
(b) $2 / r^{2}$ square unit
(c) $8 / r$ squar unit (d) $/ r^{2}$ sq are un $t$
38. A sum of mone, de osited ts me rae er cent $p$ r annum of compo nd int re $t$ double i sel in years. I h w manyye rs wil i becom 1 ti es of it elf at the same rate?
(a) 16
( ) 1
(c) 0
(d) 8
39. Wh $t$ is th difference between he c mpound interest and s mple in er st $n$ Rs. 000 a $5 \%$ p r annum for 2 years?
(a) 10
(b) 11
(c) 2
(d) 00
40. The simple an $c$ mpou $d$ ntere ts $n$ a sum of one for 2 year are s. 8400 and Rs 862 re pe tively. he rate finterest per annum is
(a) 6

## Solved Paper

41. A man can row against the current threefourth of a kilometre in 15 minutes and returns the same distance in 10 minutes. The ratio of his speed to that of the current is
(a) $3: 5$
(b) $5: 3$
(c) $1: 5$
(d) $5: 1$
42. Two places $A$ and $B$ are 100 km apart on a highway. One car starts from $A$ and another from $B$ at the same time. If the cars travel in the same direction at a constant speed, they meet in 5 hours. If the cars travel towards each other, they meet in 1 hour. What is the speed of the car running faster ?
(a) $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(b) $50 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(c) $40 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
(d) $32 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$.
43. A can complete a piece of work in 12 days. B is $60 \%$ more efficient than $A$. The number of days, that $B$ will take to complete the same work, is
(a) 6
(b) $7 \frac{1}{2}$
(c) 8
(d) $8 \frac{1}{2}$
44. Two pipes can fill an empty tank separately in 24 minutes and 40 minutes respectively and a third pipe can empty 30 gallons of water per minute. If all the three pipes are open, empty tank becomes full in one hour. The capacity of the tank (in gallons) is
(a) 800
(b) 600
(c) 500
(d) 400
45. A batsman, in his 12th innings, makes a score of 63 runs and thereby increases his average score by 2 . The average of his score after 12th innings is
(a) 41
(b) 42
(c) 34
(d) 35
46. The greatest number, that divides 43,91 and 183 so as to leave the same remainder in each case, is
(a) 9
(b) 8
(a) $\frac{1}{2}$
(b) $\frac{1}{3}$
(c) $\begin{aligned} & \underline{1} \\ & 4\end{aligned}$
(d) $\frac{1}{5}$
47. he um of he ar as of he 10 squar s, the leng hs of wh sesi es re $20 \mathrm{~m}, 21 \mathrm{~m}, \ldots$ 29 cm respectiv ly is
(a) $685 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(b) $855 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(c) $270 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(d) $1125 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
48. he squ rer ot of
$\frac{9.5,0.0085,18.9}{0.0017,1.9,2.1}$ is
(a) 15
(b) 45
(c) 75
(d) 25
49. If $2 x \forall \frac{1}{x}=6$, then $3 x \frac{1}{2 x}$ is equal to
(a) 4
(b) 8
(c) 9
( ) 2
50. If $x=1 \sqrt{2} \% 12^{\frac{1}{\%}} \mathrm{t}$ en the value of

$$
\left.\&_{*}^{*} x^{2} \% \frac{1}{x^{2}}\right)^{3} \text { is }
$$

(a) 2
(b) $0 / 2 \sqrt{2}$
(c) $2 \sqrt{2}$
(d) $\%$
2. ${ }^{\underline{3}}\left(1 \forall^{\underline{1} \ni}\left(1 \forall^{\underline{2} \ni}\left(1 \stackrel{\underline{2} \ni}{ }\left(1 \forall^{\underline{6} \ni}(1 \%)\right.\right.\right.\right.$ 2Э is

equal to
(a) ${ }^{\circ}$
(b)
(c)
(d) $\frac{1}{5}$
53. $\frac{(0.87)^{3} \frac{\forall(0.13)^{3}}{\left(087^{2}(.1)^{2} \% 0.7\right.} \quad(01)}{}$ is equa to
a) $\frac{1}{2}$
( ) 2
(c)
( ) $2^{1}$
(c) 4
(d) 3
54. If $x^{2}+y^{2}-2 x$
47. $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{16 \forall 6 \sqrt{7}} \% \sqrt{16 \quad 6 \sqrt{7}}}$ is eq al to

## Solved Paper

55. The largest among the numbers $\sqrt{7} \sqrt{5}, \sqrt{5} \% \sqrt{3}, \sqrt{9} \% \sqrt{7}, \sqrt{11} \% \sqrt{9}$ is
(a) $\sqrt{7} \% \sqrt{5}$
(b) $\sqrt{5} \% \sqrt{3}$
(c) $\sqrt{9} \% \sqrt{7}$
(d) $\sqrt{1} \% \sqrt{9}$

56 I $x^{1 /} \quad y^{1 / 3}=z^{13}$, t e $\left.x+y-\right)^{3}+7 x y z$ s equal to
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) -1
(d 27
57. If $\sqrt{7 \sqrt{\sqrt{7 \sqrt{7 \ldots . .}}}} 343)^{y-1}$
$t$ en $y$ sequ lto
(a) $\frac{2}{3}$
(b) 1
(c) $\frac{4}{3}$

(d | $\frac{3}{4}$ |
| :--- |

8 If $a^{2}=2$, t en $(a+1)$ s equa o
(a) $a-1$
(b) $\frac{2}{a \% 1}$
(c) $\frac{a \forall 1}{3 \% 2 a}$
(d) $\frac{a \%}{3 \% 2 a}$

5 . The mi sin term in th s qu nce 23,5 , $1, \ldots 17,19$ is
(a) 16
(b) 15
(c) 4
(d) 1
60. The wr ng umber in the sequence
(a) 32
(b) 47
(c) 6
(d) 3
61. $W$ en $t$ e $p$ ice of a toy as inc eas $d$ by 20 , hen mber of oys sold wa dec ease by $5 \%$. What w s ts ffect on the ota sales of $t$ e shop?
(a) $2 \%$ ncrease
(b) $2 \%$ ecrease
(c) $4 \%$ ncrease
(d) $4 \%$ decrea e
62. erson so $d$ a ho se at a gain $f 15 \%$. Ha he oug $t$ it for $25 \%$ es an sold it fo $R$. 601 ss, ewo 1 have ad a prof tof $32 \%$. T e ost price of the ho se was
(a) s. 370
(b) s. 372
(c) s. 375
( ) Rs. 78
3. A sel s nari let $B$ at ain of $5 \%$ Be l itt C at ganof 20 a d ell it o at a ga $n$ of $1 \%$. fD pay Rs 330 fo it h w muc d d it cost to A ?
(a) s. 200
(b) s. 250
(c) s. 275
(d Rs. 290
4. y selli ga ar icl or s. 21, a man ost uch that $t$ e pe cen agel ss wa equ 1 to th co tprce. The cos priceo the arti lewa
(a) s. 30 or Rs 7
(b) s. 35 or Rs. 60
(c Rs. 45
(d) s. 50

6 . Half of 100 rtic es $w$ resol at a pro it $f$ $20 \%$ an heres a ap of to $40 \%$. If al th arti les adb en sol a ap ofit of $5 \%$, th total prof t wo ld ave been Rs. 100 les than ea lie proit. T e ost price o each arti le was
(a Rs. 10
(b Rs. 15
(c Rs. 20
(d Rs. 30
6. The mak t pri e faclock is Rs. 20 . It is o b sol a Rs 2448 at two success ve isc unts. If the f rs dis ount is $10 \%$, t en the se ond discount is
(a) $5 \%$
(b) $10 \%$
(c) $5 \%$
(d) $2 \%$
67. A dea erma ks is go ds $0 \%$ above is ost p ice an th n allows 15 discou t ni . Wha ist $e$ os price $f$ nartic eon hic he gains R. 84 ?
(a) s. 800
(b) s. 560
(c) Rs. 373.33
( ) Rs. 280

68 A shop ee erw sh sto give $5 \%$ com ission n the ma ke price fa article ut also a ts to ar ap of to $10 \%$ If hiscos prce is Rs. 95 , th $n$ the marked $p$ ice is
(a) s. 100
(b) s. 110
(c) s. 120
(d) Rs. 130
69. rishn mur hyea ns s. 15000 per mo th a d pen s $8 \%$ fi. Due to pay revisio , his m nth yincome as increas $\mathrm{db} 2 \%$, but duet $p$ ice ri e, he has to s end $20 \%$ ore. Hi new savi gs are
(a) R. 3400
(b) R. 3000
(c) R. 46
70. Two numbers are respectively $12 \frac{1}{2} \%$ and $25 \%$ more than a third number. The first number is how much per cent of the second number?
(a) 90
(b) 87.5
(c) 25
(d) 12.5
71. Population of a town increases $2.5 \%$ annually but is decreased by $0.5 \%$ every year due to migration. What will be the percentage of increase in 2 years?
(a) 5
(b) 4.04
(c) 4
(d) 3.96
72. $72 \%$ of the students of a certain class took Biology and $44 \%$ took Mathematics. If each student took at least one of Biology or Mathematics and 40 students tookboth of these subjects, the total number of students in the class is
(a) 200
(b) 240
(c) 250
(d) 320
73. Rs. 1050 are divided among $A, B$ and $C$ in such a way that the share of A is $\frac{2}{5}$ of the combined share of $B$ and $C$. A will get
(a) Rs. 200
(b) Rs. 300
(c) Rs. 320
(d) Rs. 420
74. The sides of a right-angled triangle forming right angle are in the ratio $5: 12$. If the area of the triangle is $270 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, then the length of thehypotenuse is
(a) 39 cm
(b) 42 cm
(c) 45 cm
(d) 51 cm
75. Two numbers are in the ratio $5: 6$. If their H.C.F is 4 , then their L.C.M. will be
(a) 90
(b) 96
(c) 120
(d) 150
76. If $a+b+c=1$ and $a b+b c+c a=\frac{1}{3}$ then $a: b$ : $c$ is
(a) $1: 2: 2$
(b) $2: 1: 2$
(c) $1: 1: 1$
(d) $1: 2: 1$
77. $A$ and $B$ enter into partnership with capitals in the ratio $5: 6$. At the end of 8 months $A$ withdraws his capital. They recived profits in the ratio 5:9. Binvested the capital for
(a) 6 months
(b) 8 months
(c) 10 months
(d) 12 months
78. What is the length of the radius of the circumcircle of the equilateral triangle, the length of whose side is $6 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ ?
(a) $6 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$
(b) 6 cm
(c) 5.4 cm
(d) $3 \sqrt{6} \mathrm{~cm}$
79. If the measure of a diagonal and the area of a rectangle are 25 cm and $168 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ respectively, what is the length of the rectangle?
(a) 31 cm
(b) 24 cm
(c) 17 cm
(d) 7 cm
80. The number of coins, each of radius 0.75 cm and thickness 0.2 cm , to be melted to make a right circular cylinder of height 8 cm and radius 3 cm , is
(a) 640
(b) 600
(c) 500
(d) 480
81. If the radius of a sphere is increased by 2 m , its surface-area is increased by 704 m 2 . What is the radius of the original sphere?
\& ${ }_{0}$ * Use $\frac{22}{7+}$
(a) 1 m
(b) 1 m
(c) 1 m
(d) 3 m

82 A right ircular yl nder is circum cribing a he isph re $s$ ch th $t$ the $r$ bases ar com on. T e atio f their volume s
(a) $1: 3$
(b) $1: 2$
(c) $2: 3$
(d) $3: 4$
3. A man nves ed $\frac{-}{3}$ of his ca ita at $7 \% \frac{1}{4}$ t $8 \%$ and the r ma nin at $0 \%$ rate of simple $i$ te est If his annu linc me from int res $s$ is s . 61, the capital nvested w s
(a) Rs. 600
(b) Rs. 560
(c) Rs. 660
(d)

## Solved Paper

84. The compound interest on Rs. 6250 at $12 \%$ per annum for 1 year, compounded halfyearly is
(a) Rs. 772.50
(b) Rs. 772
(c) Rs. 672.50
(d) Rs. 672
85. A sum of money lent at compound interest amounts to Rs. 1460 in 2 years and to Rs. 1606 in 3 years. The rate of interest per annum is
(a) $12 \%$
(b) $11 \%$
(c) $10.5 \%$
(d) $10 \%$
86. If A travels to his school from his house at the speed of $3 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. then he reaches the school 5 minutes late. If he travels at the speed of $4 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$, he reaches the school 5 minutes earlier than school time. The distance of his school from his house is
(a) 1 km
(b) 2 km
(c) 3 km
(d) 4 km
87. A train travelling with a speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ catches another train travelling in the same direction and then leaves it 120 m behind in 18 seconds. The speed of the second train is
(a) $26 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(b) $35 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(c) $36 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
(d) $63 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$
88. A and B together can complete a piece of work in 12 days and $B$ and $C$ together in 15 days. If A is twice as good a workman as C , then in how many days will be alone complete the same work ?
(a) 30
(b) 25
(c) 24
(d) 20
89. 4 men and 6 women together can complete a work in 8 days while 3 men and 7 women together can complete it in 10 days. 20 women working together will complete it in
(a) 36 days
(b) 32 days
(c) 24 days
(d) 20 days
90. The average of two numbers $A$ and $B$ is 20, that of $B$ and $C$ is 19 and of $C$ and $A$ it is 21 . What is the value of $A$ ?
(a) 24
(b) 22
(c) 20
(d) 18

Directions (91-95): The pie chart given below, shows the expenditure on various items and savings of a family during the year 2009. Study the pie chart and answer these questions.

PERCENTAGE OF MONEY SPENT ON VARIOUS ITEMS AND SAVINGS BY A FAMILY DURING 2009

91. If the total income of the family for the year 2009 was Rs. 1,50,000 then the difference between the expenditures on housing and transport was
(a) Rs. 15,000
(b) Rs. 10,000
(c) Rs. 12,000
(d) Rs. 7,500
92. Maximum expenditure of the family other than on food, was on
(a) Housing
(b) Clothing
(c) Others
(d) Education of children
93. The savings of the family for the year were equal to the expenditure on
(a) Food
(b) Housing
(c) Education of children
(d) Clothing
94. The percentage of the income which was spent on clothing, education of children and transport together is
(a) 17
(b) 20
(c) 22
(d) 27
95. If the total income of the family was Rs. 1,50,000 then the money spent on food was
(a) Rs. 20,000
(b) Rs. 23,000
(c) Rs. 30,000
(d) Rs. 34,500

Directions (96-100): Study the bar diagram and answer these questions.

96. The number of persons killed in coal mines in 2006 was what per cent of those killed in industrial accidents in that year?
(a) 4
(b) 25
(c) 36
(d) 300
97. In which year, minimum number of persons were killed in industrial accidents and coal mines together?
(a) 2006
(b) 2007
(c) 2008
(d) 2009
98. In which year, maximum number of persons were killed in industrial accidents other than those killed in coal mines?
(a) 2006
(b) 2007
(c) 2008
(d) 2009
99. In which years, minimum number of persons were killed in coal mines other than those killed in industrial accidents?
(a) 2006
(b) 2007
(c) 2008
(d) 2009
100. In a year, on average, how many persons were killed in industrial accidents and coal mines together ?
(a) 121.25
(b) 1212
(c) 1212.5
(d) 1000

| ANSWERS |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1. | 2. | 3. | 4. | 5. |
| 6. | 7. | 8. | 9. | 10. |
| 11. | 12. | 13. | 14. | 15. |
| 16. | 17. | 18. | 19. | 20. |
| 21. | 22. | 23. | 24. | 25. |
| 26. | 27. | 28. | 29. | 30. |
| 31. | 32. | 33. | 34. | 35. |
| 36. | 37. | 38. | 39. | 40. |
| 41. | 42. | 43. | 44. | 45. |
| 46. | 47. | 48. | 49. | 50. |
| 51. | 52. | 53. | 54. | 55. |
| 56. | 57. | 58. | 59. | 60. |
| 61. | 62. | 63. | 64. | 65. |
| 66. | 67. | 68. | 69. | 70 |
| 71. | 72. | 73. | 74. | 75. |
| 76. | 77. | 78. | 79. | 80. |
| 81. | 82. | 83. | 84. | 85. |
| 86. | 87. | 88. | 89. | 90. |
| 91. | 92. | 93. | 94. | 95. |
| 96. | 97. | 98. | 99. | 100. |

## EXPLANATIONS

1. Number of men arranged in the form of a square
$=6000-71=5929$
3 Numbe o me arrange i eac row

$$
\sqrt{5929} \quad 77
$$

2. Remainder

2

4
10
153
$5 \quad 214$
4. $\frac{(0.75)^{3}}{1} \quad 0.7 \quad\left[\begin{array}{llll}(0.75)^{2} & 0.75 & 1 & 1\end{array}\right]$

$$
\begin{align*}
& =\frac{(0.75)^{\underline{3}}}{-\forall 1^{\underline{3}} \%(0.75)^{\underline{3}}} \underline{0}^{2} \\
& {\left[(a-b) a+b+{ }^{2}=a-b^{3}\right]} \\
& =\frac{1}{1 \% 0.75}=\frac{1}{0.5}=\frac{100}{25} \quad 4 \\
& 34 \mathrm{q} \text { ar roo } \sqrt{4}=2 \\
& 5 . \\
& x+y=12 \\
& x y=35  \tag{ii}\\
& 3 \quad \frac{x \forall y}{x y}=\frac{1}{y \quad x} \forall \frac{1}{3} \\
& \text { 6. } a^{2} \quad b^{2} \forall \frac{1}{a^{2}} \quad \frac{1}{b^{2}}=4 \\
& 54^{2} \forall \frac{1}{2} \forall b^{2} \forall \frac{1}{b^{2}}=4 \\
& 5 \quad a \%_{a}^{\ni} \quad 2 \forall \& \quad{\underset{b}{b}}^{2} \forall 2=4 \\
& \left.\&_{a \%} \frac{1}{a} \quad \&_{\%}\right)^{2}=0 \\
& 5 a \%^{\underline{1}}=0, b \% \frac{1}{b}= \\
& 5 a=b=+1 \\
& 3 a^{2}+{ }^{2}=1+1=2 \text {. } \\
& 7\left\{x \forall-z^{2}=3\right. \\
& 4 x \forall \frac{1}{x} \quad \sqrt{3} \\
& \text { No , } x^{3} \forall \frac{1}{x} \\
& =1 \sqrt{3} 2^{\beta} \% 3 \sqrt{3} \\
& =3 \sqrt{3} \% 3 \sqrt{3}=0 \\
& \text { 8. If } 0.1=1 \text { then, } 0 \text {. }=2 a \\
& \text { and } 00=\text { he , } 004=2 b \\
& 3 \mathrm{E} \text { pr s in } \\
& \begin{array}{cc}
, a & \forall b, b \\
\hline a, 2 & a \forall 2 b \quad b, 2
\end{array}  \tag{i}\\
& \frac{a^{3}}{8 a^{3}} \frac{\forall}{\forall b}=\frac{a^{3} \forall b^{3}}{\left(a^{3} \forall b^{3}\right.}=\frac{1}{8}=0.125 \\
& 10 x^{3}+3 x^{2}+3 x \quad 7 \\
& 5 x^{3} \quad 3 x^{2}+3 x+1=7+1 \quad 8 \\
& 5\left(x+1^{3} \quad 2^{3}\right. \\
& x+2 \\
& 5 x 1 \\
& \text { 1. } x \forall \frac{2}{x} \\
& 5 \quad x \forall \frac{1}{x}=\frac{1}{2} \ldots \text { (i) } \\
& 3 \quad x^{3} \forall \frac{1}{x^{3}} \\
& =-{ }^{3} \quad-\quad- \\
& \begin{array}{lll}
- & - \\
- & - &
\end{array} \\
& s \text { of the surds }=\mathrm{LCM} \text { of 2,3, } \\
& 5 \text { and } 7=210 \\
& 5^{\frac{1}{2}}=5^{\frac{105}{210}}=15^{105} \xlongequal{\frac{1}{210}}
\end{align*}
$$

$4^{\frac{1}{3}}=4^{\frac{70}{210}}=14^{70} \overbrace{2210}^{\frac{1}{2}}$
$2^{\frac{1}{5}}=2^{\frac{42}{210}}=12^{42} 2^{\frac{1}{210}}$
$3^{\frac{1}{7}}=3^{\frac{30}{210}}=13^{30} 2^{\frac{1}{20}}$
3 4The largest number
$=5^{\frac{1}{2}}=\sqrt{5}$
13. Exp ession

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\sqrt[3]{(13.608)^{2} \%(3.392)^{2}} \\
& =\sqrt[3]{(13.608 \forall 13.392)(13.60 \% 13.392)} \\
& \sqrt[3]{27,0.216} \\
& =\sqrt[3]{\frac{27,216}{1000}} \\
& =\frac{3 \quad 6}{10}=1
\end{aligned}
$$

16. Pr fit per cent
$=\frac{\text { True weight } \% \text { False weight }}{\text { False weight }}, 10$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1000 \% 950}{950} \\
= & \frac{10}{1}=\frac{5}{19}
\end{aligned}
$$

17. f he P fhors b Rs. $x, \mathrm{~h} \mathrm{n}$ CP of car i ge=Rs. $(20000-x)$
$3 x, \frac{12}{10} \quad(20000 \%), \frac{90}{100}$
$=000, \frac{102}{10}$
$5120+80000-0$
$=204000$
$30 x=24000-180000$
240000
$3=\frac{240000}{3}=$ s. 00
18. I a article is old o B a $x \%$ prof $\mathrm{t} / \mathrm{o} \mathrm{s}$ nd sells the s me to C at $y \%$ pro it/loss, then C's C.P
$\left.=, C P \frac{81006 x}{100}\right\} \frac{\& 006 y \ni}{100} t$
$3 \mathrm{~A}^{\prime} \mathrm{sCP}=\mathrm{C}^{\prime} \mathrm{sCP}$
$\frac{100}{10 \forall 15} \ni \frac{\& 100}{00 \% 10}+$
$=17.5, \frac{10}{115}, \frac{100}{9}$ Rs 500
19. e th CP.ot ea ticlebe Rs. 10.

3 S.P. o th art cl $\times \frac{-}{3}=90$
3 S P. of t earticl
$=\underline{90,3}=135$
3 Pro it erce ta the riginal pric $=5$ 20. AsC P.
$=4500, \frac{10}{90}=$ Rs. 50000
3 B's S.P.
$=500 \quad \frac{110}{100}$
=Rs. 500
3 's rofit erce

## Solved Paper

$=\frac{100,100}{80}$ Rs 125
$S$ afte th discount
Rs. ${ }_{*}^{8125 \quad 100} \quad{ }^{88}=$ Rs. 10
3 Gain p rcent 10
3. Ift emar ed pri eof he wr st watch beRs. $x$, th n
$x, \frac{90}{100}=\frac{50,10}{0}=540$
$5 x=\frac{50,100}{90}=$ s. 00
24. Let theo ig nal pr ce fteab Rs. / g

Ne price Rs. $\frac{\{9 x}{104} 3 / \mathrm{kg}$
$3 \frac{\underline{22500}}{\frac{9 x}{1}} \quad \frac{22500}{x}=25$
$\left.5 \quad 2200 \frac{810}{x} \% \frac{1}{x}\right)=2$
$52500 \% \frac{0 \%}{9 x}+{ }_{+}=25$
$52250025 \times 9$
$5 x=\frac{250}{25,9}=100$
New rice
$=\overline{10} \quad 10=$ Rs. 90 per kg
25. Let a 's ncome=Rs. 100 .

D na iont charity $=\mathrm{R} .4$
Amount e osie in a k
avi gs $100-13.6=$ Rs. 8.4
Q Rs. $86.4=100$

$$
\text { R. } 864=\frac{100}{86 .}, 8640
$$

= Rs. 1000
26. Ef ect nare
$=\left(\begin{array}{lll}10 & 10 & \underline{10,10}\end{array}\right) \%$

| \& | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | + |

= $1 \%$
H re, n vative sign show decr as .
7. Vo meo h newbal
$=\frac{3}{4}, \overline{3}\left(r^{3} \forall{ }_{2}^{3} \forall r_{3}^{3}\right)$

$$
\left(1^{3}+2^{3}+3\right)
$$

$=/(+8+27)$
$=6 \mathrm{pc}$ bic cm.
$\frac{4}{3} /=36$
$5 r=\frac{63}{4}=2$
$3 r=\sqrt[3]{27}=3 \mathrm{~cm}$
307 y as g,Asag $\quad x$ e rsad 's ge $=$ $5 x$ ears
$\frac{4 x \forall 4}{1}=-$
$52 \mathrm{x}+70=24 \mathrm{x}+84$
$5 x=84-7=14$
6, 10

3 B's prese tage
$=\frac{}{10}=\mathrm{s}$.

## $=5+7=\times 1+7 \quad 77$ ye

tal profit

## Solved Paper

$=\frac{5000,12}{5}$ Rs 1200

3 A s sha $\mathrm{e}=\mathrm{R} \cdot{ }_{*}^{\& \underline{1}}, 12000{ }_{4}^{3}$
= Rs. 400
3. Si eof th squ re
$\sqrt{11}=11 \mathrm{~m}$
3 Len tho h ire $=\times 11$
4 m
$32 / r=4$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \quad \frac{2}{7}, r=4 \\
& 5=7 c
\end{aligned}
$$

3 Are of ci cle $=/^{2}$
$=\frac{22}{7} \quad 7,7$
$=54$ q.c.
3. If the gee fe of the c b exc t en,

$$
\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{3} x & =6 \\
x & =\frac{6}{\sqrt{ }}=2 \sqrt{3}
\end{aligned}
$$

3 Volume f thec $\mathrm{be}=(\text { edge })^{3}$
$=2 \sqrt{3}, 2 \sqrt{ }, 2 \sqrt{3}$
$=24 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
3. Requ red $t \mathrm{t}$ l sur ace area
$=4 / r^{2}+4 \times / r^{2}$
$=8 / r^{2}$ sq.u it
39. D fference
$=\operatorname{rin}$ ipal $\left.\left.\frac{r}{100}\right)^{2}=400 \quad \frac{5}{100}\right\}^{2}=\mathrm{R} .1$
40. $\quad$ iffe e ce $=$ Rs. $(8652-840)=$ Rs. 252

$$
\text { Rate }=\frac{2, \mathrm{D} \text { ff rence }}{\text { S.I. }}, 00
$$

$=\frac{2 \quad 52}{400} 10=6$
4 . atio f heir effic e c
= $10: 60=: 8$
3 Ratio of time taken $=8: 5$
T me aken b
$=12, \frac{5}{8}=\frac{5}{2}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$ ys
4. Cap cityo t etank $=$ gallons

3 Part of $t$ e tank fille i 1 minute
$=\frac{x}{4} \forall \frac{x}{40} \quad 30$
$36 \underset{*}{24} \frac{x}{4} \forall \frac{x}{4} \% 3 \underset{A}{\text { F }}=x$
$3 \frac{x}{24} \quad \frac{x}{0} \% \frac{x}{6}=30$
$5 \frac{x \forall 3 x \quad 2 x}{12}=30$
$5 \quad \overline{20}=3 \quad x=60$ ga lons
45. A erageo heb $t \mathrm{~m}$ nupto 11th i nings $=3-12 \times 2=39$
3 equi e av rag $=32=41$
4. R qui ed num er
$=\mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{F}$ of $(91-43),(183-91)$ and $(183-43)$
$=\mathrm{HCF}$ o


$$
=\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3 \forall \sqrt{7} \% \forall \sqrt{7}}=\frac{1}{2}
$$

48. Requi ed $u=0+1+.+2^{2}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
&=\left.1+2+.+2^{2}-1+2+.+19\right) \\
&= \frac{29(29 \forall 1)(2,29 \forall 1)}{6} \% \frac{19(19 \forall 1)(2,19 \forall 1)}{6} \\
& \quad \mathrm{Q} 1^{2} \forall 2^{2} \quad . . \forall^{2} 0 \frac{n(\forall 1)(2 n \forall 1)!}{6}!
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
=8555-2470
$$

$$
=608 \mathrm{sq} \cdot \mathrm{~cm} .
$$

49. Expression
$=\frac{9.5,0008,18.9}{0.007,1.9,2 .}$
$=225$
3 Requir dsqua ot
$\sqrt{25} 1$
$5 . x=1 \begin{array}{ll}\sqrt{2} & 12^{0^{\frac{1}{2}}}{ }_{2}\end{array}$
$5 \quad x-2 \quad \sqrt{2} \%$
$3^{2}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{ } \% 1}=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \% 1}, \frac{\sqrt{2} \forall 1}{\sqrt{2} \forall 1}$
$=\sqrt{2} \forall 1$
$3 \frac{1}{x^{2}}=\sqrt{2} \% 1$
$3 x^{2} \% \frac{1}{x^{2}}=\sqrt{ } \forall 1 \quad \sqrt{2} \forall 1$
50. xpre so
$=\frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{3} \frac{5}{3}, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{13}{7}, \frac{1}{1}=\frac{1}{7}$
51. If $0.87=a$ and $0.13=b \mathrm{t}$ e,

$$
\frac{\left(\forall b\left(\forall b^{2} a\right)\right.}{a^{2} \forall a}
$$

$$
=08+01
$$

$54 x-x+{ }^{2}+6 \quad 1$
$5 x 21+{ }^{2}+6=0$
$x-)+(\quad) \quad 0$
$=x-1=05 \quad x=1$
and, $y+3=05 \quad y=-3$

$$
x^{2} \quad y^{2}=1+9=0
$$

5. $\sqrt{7} \% \sqrt{5}=\frac{1 \sqrt{7} \% \sqrt{\underline{5} 21 \sqrt{7}} \forall \sqrt{ }}{\sqrt{7 \forall \sqrt{5}}}$
$=\frac{2}{\sqrt{7} \forall \sqrt{5}}$ im lar y,

$$
\sqrt{5} \% \sqrt{3}=\frac{2}{\sqrt{5} \forall \sqrt{3}}
$$

$$
\sqrt{9} \quad \sqrt{7}=\frac{2 \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{9} \forall 7}
$$

$\sqrt{11} \% \sqrt{9}=\frac{2}{\sqrt{11} \forall \sqrt{9}}$
Lar estnu be $=\sqrt{5} \% \sqrt{3}$
because its denominato st es a lest.
56. $x^{\frac{1}{3}} \forall y^{\frac{1}{3}}=\frac{1}{3}$

Cu i gb ths des, we have,


## Cubing again,

$$
\begin{gathered}
(x+y-z)^{3}=-27 x y z \\
\left(\begin{array}{c}
2
\end{array} \quad 2 x y\right.
\end{gathered}
$$

57. Le $\sqrt{7 \sqrt{7 \sqrt{7 \sqrt{7 \ldots .}}}}$

O squarin bot sides,
$x \quad 7 x$
$52^{2}-x=5 \quad(-7$
$5 x=7$
$7=\left(\begin{array}{lll}3 & 1 & 3\end{array}\right.$
$y-3$
534
$5 y=\underline{4}$
$5 .{ }^{2}=2$
$5 a+=\sqrt{2} \forall 1$
From Iternative (4)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \frac{a \% 1}{\% 2 a}=\frac{\sqrt{2} \% 1}{32 \sqrt{2}} \\
& =\frac{\sqrt{2} \% 1}{3 \% 2 \sqrt{ }}, \frac{3 \forall 2 \sqrt{2}}{32 \sqrt{2}} \\
& =\frac{\sqrt{2} \% 34 \% 2 \sqrt{2}}{9 \% 8} 1 \forall \sqrt{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

5. It i sequence of $f r t$ prim $u \quad b$ rs.
6. $+5=13$
$3+2$
$1+1=2$
$2+14=467 \quad 7$
$46+17=63$
7. Eff ct on sale

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.=\&_{0} \% 15 \% \frac{20,15}{10}\right) \\
& =\% \text { i creas }
\end{aligned}
$$

62. f h CP of hor e eRs.x
$t$ en its SP $\frac{115}{100} x$
New CP $=$ Rs. ${ }_{4}^{83} x_{+}^{\ni}$
$3 \frac{11 x}{100} \% 60$

$$
\frac{3}{4} x, \frac{3}{00}=\frac{99 x}{10}
$$

$5 \frac{15 x}{100} \quad \frac{99 x}{10}=60$
$5 \frac{16 x}{100}=60$
$5 x=\frac{60,00}{1}=$ Rs. 35
$63 \mathrm{~A}^{\prime} \mathrm{C}=33, \frac{100}{12}, \frac{10}{120}, \frac{10}{110}$
$=\mathrm{R} .20$
6 . If h CP fart ceb s., then
$\frac{\% 1}{x} \quad 00=x^{3}$
$5 \quad 2^{2}-00 \quad 210=0$
$x-0 x-30 x+200$
$5 \quad(-70)-30(x \quad 70=0$
$5 \quad x-0)(x-70=$
$5=$ Rs. 30 or Rs. 70
65. Let th CP of a hatcle eRs. $x$.

| 100 | $\frac{0}{120}$ | $\underline{100} \quad 12$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Solved Paper

67. CP of article $=\mathrm{Rs}$.

3 Mark d pric
$=\frac{130}{100}=\mathrm{R} \cdot \frac{13 x}{1}$
3 S. .
$=\frac{13 x}{10}, \frac{85}{10}=$ Rs. $\frac{221 x}{00}$
$3 \frac{221 x}{20}=845 \quad \frac{21}{20}=84$
$5 x=\frac{84,20}{21}=$ Rs. 800
8. Mar e pr c = Rs. 8. then

$$
\frac{, 95}{100} \frac{9 \quad 110}{0} 5 \quad x=\operatorname{Rs} 110
$$

6 . (*) Initia e penditure of K ishnamurthy

$$
5000, \frac{80}{100} \text { Rs. } 1200
$$

New income
$\frac{1500 \quad 120}{100}=$ Rs. 18000
N wexpenditur
$=\frac{100012}{100}=$ Rs. 140
3 Ne avings $=1000-1440$
= Rs 360
N te: It is not an answe choice
70. First number
$=100 \forall \frac{5}{2} \quad \frac{25}{2}$
$S$ cond num er $=125$
3 R quired perc ntage
$=\frac{225}{215}, 100=90$
71. Pe centage o increase

$$
=\&_{2} \forall 2 \forall \frac{2,2}{10} 4 \%=.04 \%
$$

72 Per entage of stu en s op i g f r both ubj cts
$=2+44-00=16$
, then
$\frac{1}{10} 05 \quad x=\frac{400}{16}=5$
73. $\mathrm{A}:+=2: 5$
$34 \mathrm{~A}^{\prime}$ 's s ar $=\overline{7} \quad 1050=\mathrm{R} .30$
$75 \mathrm{~N} \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{e} \mathrm{s}=5 x$ a d 6
H $\mathrm{F}=x=4$
$3 \mathrm{C} \times x$
$\times 6 \times 120$
$6 a+=1$
$a \quad b c+c=\frac{-}{3}$
$2 \quad 2+2$
$=(+b+c)^{2}-2(b+b+c)$
$1 \%-\quad \overline{3}$
1 a $1, a=\quad c=\frac{1}{3}$
$5 a: b: c=1: 1: 1$
77. I nv sted for $y \mathrm{~m} \mathrm{n}$ hs hen
$\frac{5,8}{6, y}=\underline{5}$
$5 y=12$ month .
9. $l \quad b \quad 65$..(i
$l b \quad 6 \quad . .(i)$
$l+$

$$
\begin{equation*}
 \tag{iii}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
6250 \times 0.1236=\text { Rs. } 72.5
$$

85. $\left.140=\mathrm{P}\}_{*}^{\&} 1 \forall \frac{R}{00}\right\}$
$166=\mathrm{P} \&_{*}^{\&}\left(\forall \frac{R}{100}\right)^{3}$
Dividinge uat on (ii) y (i)
$1 \forall \frac{R}{10} \quad \frac{1606}{160}$
$3 \frac{\mathrm{R}}{100}=\frac{10 \% 146}{1460}$
$=\frac{146}{1460}=\frac{1}{10}$
8 . fthed s ancebe weent eschool an home be $x \mathrm{~m}$, hen
$\frac{-}{3} \% \frac{x}{4} \quad \frac{10}{60} 5 \quad \frac{x}{1}=\frac{1}{6}$
$5 \times \frac{-}{6}, 12=\mathrm{km}$
$\& 0,5 \ni$
86. $\left.60 \mathrm{mph}=\frac{-}{8}\right) \mathrm{m} \mathrm{s} \mathrm{c}$
$=-\underline{0} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
87. R qu red ratio $=$ Volume f emi-sphe e :

V l meo y iner

$$
=-/^{3}: r^{3}=2:
$$

8.T 2 h lf years
$R$ te $=6 \%$
$=\mathrm{CI} \quad \mathrm{P} \& \mathcal{1}_{100^{4}}{ }^{2} \%$ !
$=625-_{-*}^{\&} \forall{\left.\frac{6}{100}\right)^{2}}^{2} \%$ !

If the spe $d$ fsecond $t$ ai $e \quad$ ec he $\frac{5}{3} \% \quad \underline{12} \quad-$
$\times 3 m+7 \times$
10 w
Solved Paper

292 w
5 m 911
3 4m + 6w 50w
${ }_{1} \mathrm{D}_{1} \mathrm{M} \mathrm{D}$
$55 \times 8=0 \quad 2$
$5 \mathrm{D}_{2} \quad \frac{5,8}{20}=20 \mathrm{~d} y$
9. A 0

B 8
$\mathrm{C}+\mathrm{A}=42$
Ona dn,
( $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}$ ) $0+38 \quad 2 \quad 2$
$5 \mathrm{~A}+\quad=6$
$3 \mathrm{~A}=\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{C})-\mathrm{B}+$ ) $60-38=22$
91. xp nditure on ousing and transport
$=15000, \frac{1}{100}$
= Rs 1000
92. I is bvi us rom the pi char.

Food $23 \%$, Others $90 \%$
93. Housi $915 \%$

Savings $15 \%$
94. Requ re er e ta e $=10+12+5$ = $2 \%$
9. Expe diture on food
$=$ Rs. $\left.\psi_{*}^{8150} \frac{00, ~ 23}{100}\right)$
= Rs. 34500
6. Required ercentage

$$
=\frac{00}{1200}, \quad 00 \quad 25
$$

97. um er of per o skled in 200 $=00+20=100$
9 . It is obvious from he bar di gra .
Req i ed number of the dea $=100$
9 . It is obvious from hebar di gra . Req i ed number of th dead $=50$ 100. Required ave age

$$
=\underline{100 \quad 1050}
$$

