RRB PARA MEDICAL JUNIOR HEALTH INSPECTOR QUESTIONS

- 1. A sub-center is meant to be there for every population in Hilly areas
- (a) 1000 (b) 3000 (c) 5000 (d) 10000
- 2 One primary health center should be there for every rural population in the plains
- (a) 10000 (b) 20000 (c) 30000 (d) 40000
- 3 Hind Kusht Nivaran Sangh is a voluntary agency related to the disease:
- (a) Tuberculosis (b) Leprosy (c) Malaria (d) Filaria
- 4 The colour of the center square in the vaccine vial monitor in a well stored polio vaccine should be:
- (a) White (b) Violet (c) Blue (d) Pink
- 5 The world Health Day is celebrated on
- (a) March 1st (b) April 7th (c) July 1st (d) December 1st
- 6 GOBI campaign of the UNICEF includes all except:
- (a) Growth monitoring (b) Observation (c) Breast feeding (d) Immunization 7 The international agency providing support for the National Blindness Control Programme is:
- (a) DANIDA (b) SIDA (c) USAID (d) CARE
- 8 Major symptoms of an AIDS patient is:
- (a) Weight loss (b) Diarrhea (c) Fever (d) All of the above
- 9 The ideal weight for an adult person is calculated on the basis of his:
- (a) Age (b) Height (c) Economic status (d) All of the above
- 10 Risk factors for developing coronary heart disease include:
- (a) Smoking (b) Hypertension (c) Serum Cholesterol (d) All of the above
- 11 The salt intake per day should be kept to a limit of:
- (a) 1 gm daily (b) 5 gm daily (c) 10 gm daily (d) 15 gm daily
- 12 A normal blood pressure is said to be about:
- (a) 300 / 200 (b) 200 / 150 (c) 120 / 80 (d) 70 / 40
- 13 Pulse rate of babies is:
- (a) More than adults (b) Less than adults (c) Same as adults (d) No fixed pattern
- 14 Normal respiratory rates in adults is about:
- (a) 5/ min (b) 10/min (c) 17/min (d) 27/min
- 15 Streptococcal throat infection can later lead to:
- (a) Tuberculosis (b) Leprosy (c) Rheumatic heart Disease (d) Malaria
- 16 India's population at present is about:
- (a) Ten Thousand (b) One Million (c) One Billion (d) Ten Billion

- 17 While calculating birth rates the denominator used is:
- (a) live births (b) mid-year population (c) census population (d) any of the above
- 18 The objective of National population policy is to bring the total fertility rates to replacement level by:
- (a) 2005 (b) 2010 (c) 2015 (d) 2020
- 19 A woman is expected to attend the antenatal clinic at least / month during the first 7 months:
- (a) one (b) twice (c) thrice (d) four times
- 20 On an average a normal healthy woman should gain about kg of weight during pregnancy
- (a) 5 kg (b) 12 kg (c) 20 kg (d) 30 kg
- 21 An unimmunised mother should be given doses of Tetanus toxoid during pregnancy
- (a) one (b) two (c) three (d) four
- 22 The extra amount of calories required during pregnancy is:
- (a) 300 Kcal (b) 440 Kcal (c) 550 Kcal (d) 600 Kcal
- 23 At one year of age a baby should weigh around:
- (a) 5 kg (b) 10 kg (c) 15 kg (d) 20 kg
- 24 As per Baby friendly hospital initiative breast feeding by the mother after normal delivery should be started within:
- (a) one hour (b) five hours (c) 10 hours (d) 24 hours
- 25 Under the ICDS programme the amount of protein provided for children between 1-6yrs is:
- (a) 5 gms (b) 10 gms (c) 15 gms (d) 20 gms
- 26 Father of medicine is:
- (a) Hippocrates (b) Aesculapius (c) Susrutha (d) Thomas Syndenham
- 27 James Lind is related to the disease:
- (a) small pox (b) scurvy (c) scabies (d) scoliosis
- 28 DPT vaccination is related to the disease:
- (a) Polio (b) Measles (c) Pertussis (d) All of the above
- 29 Chicken pox is caused due to a:
- (a) Virus (b) Bacteria (c) Fungus (d) Protozoa
- 30 Measles vaccine is given under the National Immunization Programme
- (a) 1 month (b) 6 months (c) 9 months (d) 15 months
- 31 The classical triad of Rubella include:
- (a) Cataract (b) Cardiac Malformation (c) Deafness (d) all of the above
- 32 BCG vaccination is given to protect against:
- (a) Tuberculosis (b) Meningitis (c) Chicken pox (d) All of the above
- 33 Oral polio vaccine:

- (a) Live vaccine (b) Killed vaccine (c) Freeze dried vaccine (d) Recombinant vaccine
- 34 Hepatitis A virus is mainly transmitted through:
- (a) facial-oral route (b) parental route (c) sexual transmission (d) blood transmission
- 35 Rice water stools is seen in:
- (a) Cholera (b) Typhoid (c) Salmonellosis (d) Botulism
- 36 DOTS is related to the disease:
- (a) Leprosy (b) Tuberculosis (c) Hepatitis (d) Malaria
- 37 Ancylostomiasis is the other name for
- (a) Hook worm (b) Round worm (c) Tape worm (d) Guinea worm
- 38 The worm infestation eliminated from India is:
- (a) Hook worm (b) round worm (c) Tape worm (d) Guinea worm
- 39 Dengue fever is transmitted by:
- (a) aedes (b) culex (c) anopheles (d) mansonia
- 40 Malaria is caused by:
- (a) bacteria (b) protozoan (c) virus (d) fungus
- 41 The disease not present in India is
- (a) dengue (b) yellow fever (c) Japanese encephalitis (d) kyasanur forest disease
- 42 Leptospirosis is transmitted through:
- (a) rat urine (b) rat bite (c) mosquito (d) dog bite
- 43 Beef tape worm is:
- (a) Taenia saginata (b) Taenia solium (c) Echinococcus granulosis (d) Guenia worm
- 44 Trachoma is a disease related to:
- (a) eyes (b) ears (c) nose (d) throat
- 45 Leprosy should be treated for a minimum period of:
- (a) life long (b) 20 yrs (c) 5 yrs (d) 6-12 months
- 46 Gonorrhea is a disease transmitted through
- (a) food (b) needle prick (c) blood transfusion (d) sexually
- 47 Modifiable risk factors in case of hypertension include all except
- (a) age (b) obesity (c) salt intake (d) alcohol intake
- 48 Rheumatic heart disease is related to the condition:
- (a) throat infection (b) ear infection (c) eye infection (d) leg infection
- 49 Goiter is related to the gland:
- (a) pancreas (b) thyroid (c) parotid (d) adrenals
- 50 Diabetes is caused due to deficiency of:
- (a) insulin (b) ptyalin (c) thyroxin (d) glucagon
- 51 Most common cause of blindness in India is:

- (a) cataract (b) glaucoma (c) refractive index (d) vitamin A deficiency
- 52 Barrier method of contraception is:
- (a) condom (b) intraââ,¬â•œuterine device (c) oral pills (d) injectables
- 53 One gram of protein will give Kcal/gm
- (a) 4 (b) 9 (c) 12 (d) 15
- 54 The reference protein is:
- (a) egg (b) milk (c) meat (d) fish
- 55 Limiting Amino acid in plus is:
- (a) lysine (b) threonine (c) methionine (d) valine
- 56 The amount of protein required by an Indian adult is grm protein/kg body wt.
- (a) 0.5 (b) 1 (c) 5 (d) 10
- 57 Saturated fatty acids are all except
- (a) lauric (b) palmitic (c) stearic (d) oleic
- 58 Deficiency of vitamin D causes
- (a) rickets (b) scurvy (c) night blindness (d) all of the above
- 59 Pellagra is a deficiency disease caused due to the deficiency of
- (a) riboflavin (b) thiamine (c) niacin (d) folate
- 60 Rich source of vitamin A is
- (a) ripe papaya (b) ripe mango (c) green leafy vegetables (d) all of the above
- 61 The mineral that is associated with anemia is:
- (a) calcium (b) iron (c) magnesium (d) sodium
- 62 Infections primarily of animals that can be transmitted through milk is all except
- (a) tuberculosis (b) brucellosis (c) Q fever (d) malaria
- 63 The addition of colouring agents to food is called
- (a) food additives (b) food adulteration (c) food fortification (d) none of the above
- 64 As per the Mid-day meal programme the meals should supply at least of the total energy requirement
- (a) 1/3rd (b) 1/4th (c) $\tilde{A}, \hat{A}\frac{1}{2}$ (d) 3/4th
- 65 The type of learning relating to skills is:
- (a) cognitive (b) affective (c) psychomotor (d) all of the above
- 66 The average population of a village in India is estimated to be:
- (a) 5000 (b) 2500 (c) 1500 (d) 550
- 67 The amount of bleaching powder required to disinfect 1000 liters of water is
- (a) 1.5 gms (b) 2.5 gms (c) 3.5 gms (d) 4.5 gms
- 68 Hardness of water can be caused due to

- (a) chlorides (b) sulphates (c) nitrates (d) all of the above
- 69 Free and combined chlorine in water can be determined using:
- (a) orthotoludine test (b) methylene blue test (c) phosphatase test (d) all of the above

70 In a house window area should be at least of the floor area

(a) 1/20th (b) 1/10th (c) 1/5th (d) 1/2

71 Overcrowding is said to exist if no of persons over 9 yrs of age not husband and wife, of opposite sexes are obliged to

sleep in the same room

(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5

72 The method of waste disposal in which waste is disposed along with night soil is known as

- (a) dumping (b) tipping (c) composting (d) incineration
- 73 The mosquito which lays its eggs on the leaves of certain aquatic plants is
- (a) aedes (b) anopheles (c) mansonia (d) culex
- 74 The tiger mosquito is
- (a) anopheles (b) culex (c) aedes (d) mansonia
- 75 Biological control of mosquitoes is by using
- (a) minerals oils (b) fishes (c) insecticides (d) all of the above 76 Lindane is a:
- (a) DDT (b) BHC (c) malathion (d) fention

77 Zinc phosphide is an efficient

(a) rodenticide (b) insecticide (c) bactericide (d) disinfectant

78 Bird flu is caused by:

- (a) virus (b) bacteria (c) fungus (d) protozoa
- 79 The normal human body contains
- (a) 20 chromosomes (b) 25 chromosomes (c) 36 chromosomes (d) 46 chromosomes
- 80 Among the blood groups the blood group considered as the universal donor is
- (a) A group (b) B group (c) AB group (d) 0 group
- 81 The sex chromosome composition of XO is related to
- (a) turners syndrome (b) klienfelters syndrome (c) super female (d) none of the above
- 82 Erythroblastosis foetalis is a disease related to
- (a) blood groups (b) red blood cells (c) white blood cells (d) platelets
- 83 Births and deaths should be registered with in
- (a) 7 days (b) 14 days (c) 21 days (d) 30 days
- 84 The census is taken at intervals of
- (a) 5 yrs (b) 10 yrs (c) 15 yrs (d) 20 yrs

- 85 The diseases notifiable to the WHO under the international Regulation Act are all except
- (a) cholera (b) plague (c) yellow fever (d) diphtheria 86 The best method to present data to the man on the street is:
- (a) bar chart (b) pie chart (c) pictogram (d) frequency polygon 87 When a set of numbers is arranged in ascending or descending order and the center number is taken it is called a:
- (a) mean (b) median (c) mode (d) range 88 Socratic method of communication is
- (a) one-way (b) two-way (c) verbal (d) non-verbal 89 The recommended illumination required for casual reading is
- (a) 50 lux (b) 100 lux (c) 300 lux (d) none of the above 90 A daily exposure of ...dB is about the limit people can tolerate without substantial damage to bearing
- (a) 35 (b) 55 (c) 65 (d) 85 91 The best method that can be used to teach mothers on how to use oral rehydration solution is
- (a) Lecture (b) Flash cards (c) Demonstration (d) Panel discussion 92 Message in a poster created for health education should be
- (a) short (b) simple (c) direct (d) all of the above 93 Resource for health planning are:
- (a) man power (b) money (c) material (d) all of the above 94 The committee that visualized the development of primary health center is:
- (a) Bhore Committee (b) Mukerji Committee (c) Chadah Committee (d) Shrivastav Committee
- 95 Zila parishad is at the:
- (a) Village level (b) Town level (c) Block level (d) District level 96 The drug used for tuberculosis include all except
- (a) dapsone (b) rifampicin (c) ethambutol (d) isoniazid 97 Crude death rate in India as per the latest population statistics is:
- (a) 25 (b) 20 (c) 15 (d) 8 98 Infant mortality rate in Kerala is about / 1000 live births
- (a) 67 (b) 50 (c) 25 (d) 14 99 Sex ratio in Kerala is / 1000 males
- (a) 850 (b) 933 (c) 1000 (d) 1058 100 As per the ICDS scheme an Anganwadi worker is meant to be there for every....population
- (a) 500 (b) 1000 (c) 3000 (d) 5000

Answers

1 B	11 D	21 B	31 D	41 B	51 A	61 B	71 A	81 A	91 C
2 C	12 C	22 A	32 A	42 A	52 A	62 D	72 C	82 A	92 D
3 B	13 A	23 B	33 A	43 A	53 A	63 A	73 C	83 C	93 D
4 A	14 C	24 A	34 A	44 A	54 A	64 A	74 C	84 B	94 A
5 B	15 C	25 D	35 A	45 D	55 C	65 C	75 B	85 D	95 D
6 B	16 C	26 A	36 B	46 D	56 B	66 D	76 B	86 C	96 A
7 A	17 B	27 B	37 A	47 A	57 D	67 B	77 A	87 B	97 D
8 D	18 B	28 C	38 D	48 A	58 A	68 D	78 A	88 B	98 D
9 B	19 A	29 A	39 A	49 B	59 C	69 A	79 D	89 B	99 D
10D	20 B	30 C	40 B	50 A	60 D	70 C	80 D	90 D	100B