PSYCHOLOGY

CODE :- 16



Time Allowed: Two Hours		Marks: 100
Name:	Roll No.	

Read instructions given below before opening this booklet:

DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

- 1. Use only **BLUE Ball Point** Pen.
- 2. In case of any defect Misprint, Missing Question/s Get the booklet changed. No complaint shall be entertained after the examination.
- 3. Before you mark the answer, read the instruction on the OMR Sheet (Answer Sheet) also before attempting the questions and fill the particulars in the ANSWER SHEET carefully and correctly.
- 4. There are FOUR options to each question. Darken only one to which you think is the right answer. There will be no Negative Marking.
- 5. Answer Sheets will be collected after the completion of examination and no candidate shall be allowed to leave the examination hall earlier.
- 6. The candidates are to ensure that the Answer Sheet is handed over to the room invigilator only.
- 7. Rough work, if any, can be done on space provided at the end of the Question Booklet itself. No extra sheet will be provided in any circumstances.
- 8. Write the BOOKLET SERIES in the space provided in the answer sheet, by darkening the corresponding circles.
- 9. Regarding incorrect questions or answers etc. Candidates kindly see NOTE at the last page of the Booklet.

KL-14/Psycho

Series-A

1.	Which of the following in not a theory (A)Disuse theory	of forgetting?
	(B) Interference theory	
•	(C) Preservation-consolidation theo	ry
	(D) Reinforcement theory	
2	Big five dimensions theory of personal	ity was developed by:
۷.	(A)Freud	(B) Jung
	(C) McCrae & Costa	(D) Allport
	(c) Mediae & costa	(2)p «
3 .	lobe is related with hearing.	
	(A)Occipital	(B) Temporal
	(C) frontal	(D) Parietal
4.	Who among the following developed the	
	(A)Hull	(B) Thorndike
	(C) Guthrie	(D) None of the above
5	developed social distance scale o	f attitude
٥.		(B) Likert
	(A)Bogardus	(D) Edward
	(C) Thurstone	(D) Edward
6.	'The Principles of Psychology' book h	as been written by:
•	(A) Fechner	(B) Titchener
	(C) James	(D) Dewey
	(C) Junes	•
7.	Largest structure of the neuron is	
	(A) Axon	(B) Dendrite
	(C) Soma	(D) Terminal button
8.	Master gland is gland.	(D) Dituitour
	(A) Adrenal	(B) Pituitary
	(C) Thyroid	(D) Sweat
9.	According to Bartlett, remembering is	a mental process.
٠,	(A) Constructive	(B) Reproductive
	(C) Active	(D) Passive
	(C) Active	(D) I ussive
10	. Which of the following is Retention m	ethod?
	(A)Recall method	(B) Recognition method
	(C) Relearning method	(D) All of the above
11	. Author of the famous book 'Remembe	
	(A) Morgan, C. T.	(B) Ebbinghaus, H.
	(C) Bartlett, F.C.	(D) Sigmund Freud
10	. Medulla, pons and midbrain are division	ons of
12	(A) Spinal Cord	(B) Cerebellum
	(C) Brainstem	(D) Hypothalamus
	(U) DIMILIOUILI	√

13. Major structures of the forebrain	
(A) Hypothalamus	(B) Thalamus
(C) Cerebrum	(D) All of the above
14. Reflexes are functions of	
	(B) Brain
(A) Spinal Cord	. ,
(C) Somatic Nervous System	(D) All of the above
15. Wernicke's area is especially related	with
(A)Language	(B) Problem Solving
(C) Learning	(D) Perception
1/	visual would
16 gives shape to objects in our	
(A) Ground	(B) Contour
(C) Proximity	(D) Continuity
17. Stability of the environment as we pe	erceive it, is called
(A)Illusion	(B) Pattern recognition
(C) Constancy	(D) Hallucination
(c) constancy	(D) Handelland
18. Which of the following is the law of	perceptual organization?
(A)Law of closure	(B) Steven's law
(C) Fechner's law	(D) Thorndike's law
19. Peripheral theory of thinking focuses (A) Movement of muscles of voc. (B) Movement of muscles of the (C) Glandular secretion (D) All of the above	al organs ·
20. Basic method of any psychological s	tudy is
(A)Survey	(B) Observation
(C) Field study	(D) Case study
(C) Held stady	(5) cust sumj
21. According to, learning is a select	
(A) Thorndike	(B) Tolman
(C) Hull	(D) Pavlov
22. Who said, 'thinking is sub vocal talk	ing'?
(A) Chomsky	(B) Whorf
(C) Watson	(D) Saphir
(C) watson	(D) 5apini
23. "Emotion is an organic adjustment".	. Who said it?
(A) John Dewey	(B) Harvey Carr
(C) R.S. Woodworth	(D) J.R. Angell
24 stated that we forget because v	ve want to forget
	(B) Bartlett
(A) Freud	` '
(C) Ebbinghaus	(D) Melton

23ueveloped the level of processin	- · · ·
(A)Postman & Egan	(B) Craik & Lockhart
(C) Woodworth & Schlosberg	(D) Melton & Irwin
26. Which among the following is an examp	ole of Autistic thinking
(A)Fantasy	(B) Dream
(C) Wishful thinking	(D) All of the above
27. Estrogen is	
(A) Male sex hormone	(B) Female sex hormone
(C) hormone Pituitary gland	(D) Thyroid gland hormone
28. According to Bandura, reason of aggres	sion is
(A) Imitating others	(B) Intense frustration
(C) Boss compliance	(D) Unjustified frustration
29. Which of the following does not measur	re human motives?
(A)Projective method	(B) Observation method
(C) Questionnaire method	(D) Situational method
30. Which of the following has most import homeostasis?	ant role in the maintenance of
(A) Hypothalamus	(B) Thalamus
(C) Parietal lobe	(D) Cerebellum
31. Which of the following system is impor (A) Sympathetic Nervous System (B) Somatic Nervous System (C) Central Nervous System (D) Parasympathetic Nervous System	
32. According to Freud, are two type	s of instinct.
(A) Id & super ego	(B) Ego & super ego
(C) Aggression & anxiety	(D) Eros & thanatos
33. Achievement motive is categorized as _	
(A) Social motive	(B) Innate motive
(C) Effectance motive	(D) All of these
34. Relation between level of emotional ex is	citement and level of performance
(A) U-shaped	(B) Inverted U- shaped
(C) W-shaped	(D) M- shaped
35. According to, hypotha	lamus is the centre of emotion.
(A)Leeper theory	(B) Lindsley theory
(C) Cannon-Bard theory	(D) James-Lange theory
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

36. According to Allport, is the b	pasic unit of personality structure.
(A) Individual trait	(B) Instinct
(C) Proprium	(D) Functional autonomy
•	(2) Tunetional autonomy
37. According to Kretschmer,i	s not a type of personality
(A) Pyknic	
(C) Athletic	(B) Dysplastic
(C) Auneuc	(D) Endomorphic
38 Who among the following	4. 1.C.4.TO
38. Who among the following constru	
(A) Bellak	(B) Pitrowski
(C) Exner	(D) Morgan
20 W.	
39. Watson rejected on the b	pasis of subjectivity.
(A) Law of recency	(B) Law of effect
(C) Law of conditioning	(D) Law of frequency
Ç	(=) author frequency
40. According to Watson, role of	is the main in language development.
(A) Conditioning	(B) Imitation
(C) Trial & error	
(c) That & Choi	(D) Insight
41 In star shaped group atmostage 1	
41. In star shaped group structure, lead	= -
(A) Authoritarian	(B) Democratic
(C) Bureaucratic	(D) Political boss
42power is most suitable for A	Authoritarian leader.
(A) Reward	(B) Coercive
(C) Legitimate	(D) Referent
	(D) Referent
43 According to Watson, the best way	to reduce temper tantrum of the child is
	to reduce temper tantrum of the child is
(A) To avoid his behaviour	(D) T ' 1 1 '
	(B) To punish him
(C) To encourage him.	(D) To punish him socially
AA The name of the cultivat CW.	0.70
44. The name of the subject of Watson	
(A) Sultan	(B) Albert
(C) Dog	• (D) Cat
45 Which of the following is an acquire	ed emotion?
(A) Love	(B) Shame
(C) Rage	(D) Fear
(-)8•	(D) Fear
46. Who said Type- B thinking is partia	Hry man discretization of the state of the s
(A) Warthairman	lly productive and partially non-productive.
(A) Wertheimer	(B) Tolman
(C) Watson	(D) Koffca
47.0	
47. Gestalt psychologists contributed m	ost in the area of
(A) Learning	(B) Thinking
(C) Perception	(D) Memory
•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

48. Phi-phenomenon is	
(A) Illusion of movement	(B) Illusion of meaning
(C) Distraction of attention	(D) Shifting of attention
	(D) Similing of attention
49. According to Gestalt psychologists, princ	ciple of similarity is
(A) Acquired	(B) Inborn
(C) Both A & B	(D) Based on brain fields
	(2) Based on brain fields
50. Who among below is not a Gestalt psycho-	ologist?
(A) Kohler	(B) Koffca
(C) O'Neil	(D) Lewin
	(-)
51. Total sum of psychological factors is	
(A) Life space	(B) Cognitive map
(C) Isomorphism	(D) All of these
52. Horney emphasized on	•
(A) Archetypes	(B) Inferiority complex
(C) Basic anxiety	(D) Self
50 m	
53. The response evoked by conditioned stimu	ılus after learning is:
(A) UCR	(B) CR
(C) CS	(D) UCS
54. The process of the state of	
54. The process of learning to make one response	onse to one stimulus and another
response or no response to another stimul	us:
(A)Extinction	(B) Stimulus generalization
(C) Stimulus Discrimination	(D) Spontaneous recovery
55. Who is not along the will all the state of	
55. Who is not closely related with the studies (A) Bartlett	of memory?
	(B) Ebbinghaus
(C) Rogers	(D) Miller
56. A Normal personality has	
(A) Proper belongs in 11.0	
(A) Proper balance in Id & super ego	
(B) Perfect balance in Id & ego	
(C) Perfect balance in super ego & ego	
(D) Perfect balance in super ego, Id &	ego
57 stated "cooled interest is the land	
57stated, "social interest is the baromete (A) Adler	er of the psychological health".
(C) Erikson	(B) Otto Rank
(C) LIIKSUII	(D) Jung
58. First psychological laboratory was establish	had in I. J.
(A)Calcutta	
(C) Aligarh	(B) Delhi
(~) / 1115a111	(D) Allahabad

59. Ink blot test is atest.	
(A) Sociometric	(B) Psychometric
(C) Projective	(D) Paper Pencil
60. TAT is a projective test of	technique.
(A)Expressive	(B) Association
(C) Completion	(D) Construction
61. Psychoticism is measured through	
(A)EPQ	(B) EPI
(C) MPI	(D) EPPS
62. Irrational fear of closed space :	
(A) Claustrophobia	(B) Mysophobia
(C) Agoraphobia	(D) Acrophobia
62	
63 coined the term `manic-de	
(A) Brown	(B) Kraeplin
(C) Hippocrates	(D) Freud
64. Fugue is considered as	
(A)Psychological suicide	(B) Psychological depression
(C) Psychological cry	(D) Psychological flight
65. Theory of Insight learning is develop	ed by
(A)Kohler and Koffca	(B) Bandura
(C) Watson	(D) Woodworth
(c) watson	(D) woodworm
66. Schizophrenia is also called	
(A) Dementia praecox	(B) Paranoia
(C) Involutional melancholia	(D) Manic-depressive psychosis
67. Which among the following is the chi	ief symptom of Schizophrenia?
(A) Withdrawal from reality	(B) Disorganized thinking
(C) General Apathy	(D) Indifference
68. Migraine is considered as	
(A) Cardiovascular disorder	(B) Skin disorder
(C) Endocrine disorder	(D) Gastrointestinal disorder
(e) Endocrine disorder	(D) Gastronnestmar disorder
69. A fourteen years person performs imm	oral activities that are not allowed in
society. He will be considered as	· -
(A) Paranoid personality	(B) Anti-social personality
(C) Social criminal	(D) Juvenile delinquent
70 is a thought disorder.	
(A)Conversion hysteria	(B) Paranoia
(C) MDP	(D) All of the above

71.	According to, one stimulus become	es a signal for the presentation of
	the other.	
	(A)Hull	(B) Bandura
	(C) Watson	(D) Pavlov
72.	Full form of CAT is:	
	(A) Child's Appreciation Test	(B) Children's Apperception Test
	(C) Child's Apprehension Test	(D) Children's Apprehession Test
73.	Who said that 'conscious experience is pro-	cess- like'?
	(A) William James	(B).Wundt
	(C).McDougell	(D) Titchener
74.	Agoraphobia is a	
	(A) Fear of eating with public	(B) Flat effect
	(C) Fear of travelling	(D) Fear of closed space
75.	is based on role playing techniqu	ie.
	(A)Psychodrama	(B) Marital therapy
	(C) Encounter group therapy	(D) Humanistic therapy
76.	Behaviour therapy is based on the	
	(A) Principles of learning	(B) Principles of motivation
	(C) Principles of perception	(D) All of the above
77.	Identify the correct sequence in the following	
	(A) Desensitization procedure – Consta training	ruction of hierarchies-Relaxation
	(B) Relaxation training- Construction of Procedure	of hierarchies- Desensitization
	(C) Construction of hierarchies- Relax procedure	ation training- Desensitization
	(D) Relaxation training- Desensitization hierarchies	on procedure – Construction of
78.	Cognitive Behaviour therapy focuses on	•
	(A) To establish adjustment between b	ehaviour and belief of the client
	(B) To establish relevant cognition in t	the client
	(C) To remove maladaptive behaviour	of the client
	(D) To remove confusing elements from	m the belief of the client
79.	Cognitive therapy was developed by	
	(A)Beck	(B) Benjamin
	(C) Freud	(D) Ellis
80.	Existential therapy is a type of	
	(A) Behaviour therapy	(B) Interpersonal relation therapy
	(C) Humanistic experiential therapy	(D) Psychodynamic therapy

(A)	tional analysis therapy v Fromme Ellis	vas given by(B) Erich Berne (D) Perls
(A)	g is also called In vivo technique Implosive therapy	(B) Assertive therapy(D) Systematic Desensitisation
(A)	constructed 'picture Machover Bellak	frustration test'. (B) Rosenzweig (D) Holtzman
1. I 2. E	the correct match: d : p Ego : re Super ego : m	leasure principle eality principle corality principle
(B) (C)	Only 1 correct Only 2 correct 2 & 3 correct 1,2 & 3 all correct	
(A)	ng to, "brain is a J. B. Watson B.F. Skinner	mystery box". (B) A. P Wiss (D) E.C.Tolman
(A)	f internal locus of contro More aggressive Less frustrated	ol are: (B) Less aggressive (D) Controlled frustrated
(A)	ng totheory, emoti Leeper Opponent process	on provides energy to motives. (B) Tomkins (D) Incentive
(A)	of 'cognitive map' was g Skinner Guthrie	(B) Hull (D) Tolman
(A)	tion is afactor of a Psychosocial Biological	abnormal behaviour. (B) Sociocultural (D) Social
(A)	ept of 'Electra complex' Otto Rank Sigmund Freud	was given by (B) Adler (D) Jung
(A) (B) (C)	ng to Galton, 'Intelligenc Acquired Inborn Partially inborn and part Culture free	
92. A boy of (A) (C)	100	(B) 120 (D) 130

93.	Raven's progressive matrices is ainte	elligence test.	
	(A) Performance	(B) Verbal	
	(C) Non-verbal	(D) Non-language	
94.	In Guilford model, memory (M) is the compo	onent of	
	(A)Product	(B) Operation	
	(C) Content	(D) All of the above	
95	Reticular formation is related with		
)).	Reticular formation is related with (A)Emotion	(D) M	
		(B) Motor control	
	(C) Reflex action	(D) Sleep	
96.	96connects left and right hemisphere.		
	(A) Corpus callosum	(B) Central sulcus	
	(C) Lateral fissure	(D) Frontal fissure	
97.	Sampling theory of intelligence was develope	·	
	(A) Thurstone	(B) Thompson	
	(C) Vernon	(D) Guilford	
98.	A behaviour pattern involving self-starvation adolescent girls is called:	especially prevalent in	
	(A)Bulimia	(B) Paranoia	
	(C) Anorexia nervosa	(D) Happiness	
00. CAS (Comp. 1.4.1)			
//.	GAS (General Adaptation Syndrome) consists (A) Alarm		
		(B) Exhaustion	
	(C) Resistance	(D) All of the above	
100.	Which of the following is not true about psyc (A) It is direct.	hological measurement?	
	(B) There is no absolute zero point in it		
	(C) They are repeated		
	(D) It is partial not perfect		
	_	•	
		•	
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