

# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY

# **COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2016**

for Andhra University and Dr. B. R. Ambedkar University, Srikakulam

# **AUCET-2016**



# **INFORMATION BROCHURE**

### **DIRECTOR**

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## PROF. E.A.NARAYANA

I/c. Vice-Chancellor, Andhra University, Chairman, Advisory Committee, AUCET-2016

### **SCHEDULE OF AUCET-2016**

Commencement of Submission of online Applications : 09-03-2016

Last date for submission of online Applications : 16-04-2016

Last Date for submission of online Applications with late fee of

Rs.1000/- : 25-04-2016

Upload of complaints from the candidates 16-04-2016

regarding the online Applications to : 27-04-2016

Downloading Hall-Tickets from website : 30.04.2016

Commencement of Entrance Tests : 05-05-2016

Date of Publication of Results : 21-05-2016

# ANDHRA UNIVERSITY COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2016 (AUCET - 2016) ADMISSION INFORMATION BROCHURE

#### I. GENERAL:

- Directorate of Admissions, Andhra University, Visakhapatnam invites applications from eligible candidates for admission through Andhra University Common Entrance Test (AUCET)-2016 into various Science, Arts, Engineering and Law Courses offered in Campus Colleges of Andhra University (AU), Visakhapatnam, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar University (BRAU), Srikakulam, P.G. Centres, and Colleges affiliated to AU & BRAU offering P.G. Courses for the academic year 2016-2017.
- 2. Candidates who have already passed their qualifying degree examination or who have appeared / are appearing for the final examination in 2016 only are eligible for AUCET-2016. Candidates qualified in advanced supplementary examinations of 2016 are also eligible.
- Candidates seeking admission into various courses of study for which tests are conducted should appear for AUCET-2016. Eligibility criteria for different courses and Tests to be conducted are given in Appendix-I.
- 4. Candidates from other recognised Universities are considered for admission into PG Arts and Science courses only if they possess a three year Bachelor Degree of 10+2+3 or 12+3 or 11+1+3 pattern, with the prescribed minimum percentage of marks, unless otherwise specified. Candidates who acquired Bachelor Degree by Distance Education without 10+2+3 pattern are also eligible for admission into P.G. Courses, subject to submission of residence certificate.
- 5. Bachelor Degrees of B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.A.Litt. and B.L. from Universities other than AP should be recognised by the respective Universities as equivalent thereto.
- 6. The requirement for admission into all Science and Engineering Courses offered by these universities is a minimum aggregate of 50% marks in Group Subjects (Part II) of the qualifying examination unless or otherwise specified. For SC and ST candidates, a minimum aggregate of 45% marks in group subjects (Part II) is sufficient.
- 7. The requirement for Arts, Commerce and Law courses is generally a pass in the appropriate qualifying degree, except for M.Sc. Anthropology for which the requirement is a minimum aggregate of 50% marks in group subjects (Part-II) in the qualifying examination and for SC& ST candidates, a minimum aggregate of 45% marks in the group subjects. The requirement for M.Ed course is a pass with a minimum aggregate of 50% marks (45% for SC & ST Candidates).
- 8. ALLOWING A CANDIDATE FOR AUCET-2016 DOES NOT GUARANTEE A RIGHT OF ADMISSION INTO THE COURSE OF STUDY. A candidate must satisfy the eligibility criteria as given in Appendix-I. Candidates allowed to take the entrance test and subsequently getting seats by furnishing false information are liable for prosecution and cancellation of seats without notice. The decision of the admitting authority is final.
- 9. Candidates who have already completed one P.G. course (Professional or Non-Professional) will not be provided hostel accommodation and will not be considered for any type of scholarship whatsoever, as per G.O.s. in force. As per Govt of A.P. Social Welfare (Edn) Department Memo No. 10537 / SW. Edn. 2/2011 dated. 01.11.2011: The Maximum eligible age for obtaining scholarship in respect of SC, ST and BC is 34 years and in respect of EBC / Minorities / Disabled is 30 years for PG and above courses.
- 10. Candidates who have already studied a P.G. course are not eligible to write the test leading to admission into the same course. Such candidates are liable for disciplinary action.
- 11. The concerned University reserves the right to fill or not to fill the seats earmarked for a particular course on administrative reasons. All admissions are purely provisional and the concerned University reserves the right to cancel the admission at any stage. Further, it also reserves the right to run or not to run a particular course depending on the number of candidates joined in it. A minimum of 10 candidates or 50% of sanctioned strength of seats for a course which ever is less should join in any course under Self Finance or Payment streams to run the course.
- 12. The candidates seeking admission into the courses offered without entrance test should also apply online against this notification.
- 13. MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION IN ALL P.G. COURSES EXCEPT LANGUAGES OFFERED WILL BE IN ENGLISH. HENCE THE CANDIDATES SHALL WRITE THEIR SUBSEQUENT EXAMINATIONS AFTER ADMISSION IN ENGLISH ONLY.
- 14. All disputes pertaining to AUCET-2016 shall fall within the courts jurisdiction of Visakhapatnam only. **II. HOW TO APPLY:**
- 1) SUBMISSION OF FILLED IN APPLICATIONS THROUGH ONLINE: Applications should be submitted through online only.

#### Online Submission

For online submission, visit the Website <a href="www.audoa.in">www.audoa.in</a>, www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa. A candidate has to pay Rs. 500/- (Plus Bank charges applicable for the mode of payment selected) as Registration and Application Processing Fee (and late fee if applicable) by opting any of the following modes of payments: (a) Andhra Bank / State Bank of India Challan (b)Debit / Credit Card / Net Banking. After filling the online Application form with the required details, verify all the details carefully and press Submit button. Filled in Application Form will be generated that contains

Application number along with filled details. Take print out of filled in Online Application Form. Use the Application number for future correspondence till the admission process is completed.

The following information must be kept ready for filling the details Online submission

- a. Select the eligible courses.
- b. Hall-Ticket Number of Qualifying Examination.
- c. Percentage of marks and year of Passing of Qualifying Examination, if Passed.
- d. Date of Birth as per SSC records.
- e. Caste in case of SC/ST/BC candidates.
- f. PH/NCC/ NSS/SPORTS /CAP etc.
- g. Parental Income Upto One lakh or up to Two lakhs or more than Two Lakhs (rupees)
- h. Study or Residence (from M.R.O)or relevant certificate for proof of local status.

Note: The above original certificates are to be submitted during the Counseling for Admission

#### 2) GENERALINSTRUCTIONS:

- The University reserves the right to reject the application of a candidate at any stage, if a) the application
  is incomplete. b) the candidate fails to satisfy the prescribed eligibility conditions. c) false or incorrect
  information is furnished.
- Any change whatsoever, including that of caste/community status or category, shall not be permitted to be made in the filled in application once it is received by the University. No correspondence will be entertained in this regard. Upload of complaints will be allowed during April 16 - 27, 2016.
- 3. The Director, DOA is not responsible for non-submission of application with in the notified date and time for any reason whatsoever.
- 4. The candidate should PRESERVE THE AUCET HALL TICKET to produce at the time of test and later at the time of admission into the course.
- 5. For NCC/ NSS / Sports categories the certificates obtained in qualifying examination alone are considered.
- The candidates need not apply again for admission into University Colleges, P.G. Centres, and Colleges affiliated to AU and BRAU.
- 7. INCOMPLETE APPLICATIONS WILL BE SUMMARILY REJECTED.

#### **III. HALL-TICKETS:**

1. Candidates should download the Hall-Tickets from the University website: www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa or www.audoa.in and attend the examination.

#### **IV. TEST CENTRES:**

- 1. AUCET-2016 will be conducted at the following Test Centres:
  - 1. VISAKHAPATNAM 2. SRIKAKULAM 3. VIZIANAGARAM 4. KAKINADA 5. RAJAHMUNDRY 6. ELURU
  - 7. BHIMAVARAM 8. VIJAYAWADA 9. GUNTUR 10. AMALAPURAM
- 2. Candidate should mention the Centre code and name of his / her choice in Online Application Form. Candidates applying for more than one test are advised to opt for the same Centre as there is a likelihood of clash of dates and timings. Requests for change of Test Centre and Subject opted by the candidate in the Application Form will not be considered under any circumstances.
- 3. When the number of registered candidates for any test is below 200, the test will be conducted at Visakhapatnam centre only.
- 4. Andhra University reserves the right to: (i) allot a Centre other than the candidate's choice, (ii) conduct or not to conduct any test and (iii) cancel a Test/Test Centre based on the number of candidates opted for the Test / Test Centre.
- 5. When the number of applications is less than the number of seats for any test, the test will not be conducted and admissions will be made based on the marks obtained in qualifying degree.

#### V. TEST PROCEDURE:

- 1. The Syllabi for the entrance test can be had from Andhra University websites www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa & www.audoa.in
- 2. Candidates shall come to the Examination hall at least half-an hour before the commencement of the Test.
- 3. Candidates will not be allowed into the examination hall without hall-ticket or after the commencement of the Test. They will not be allowed to leave the examination hall before the stipulated time.
- Calculators, pagers, cell phones, books, papers, logarithm tables, slide-rule or any other calculating aids are NOT ALLOWED into the Examination hall.
- 5. Candidates should answer on the candidate specific ( with candidate name, Hall Ticket Number and photo) OMR ANSWER SHEET only.

6. The Chief Superintendent of the test centre can take disciplinary action on candidates involved in indiscipline, malpractice, impersonation, etc., and the answer scripts of such candidates will not be valued.

#### VI. RANK

- 1. All candidates appeared for the Entrance Test will be awarded AUCET-2016 test-wise Ranks as per marks secured in the test appeared.
- 2. In case of a tie between candidates securing the same mark in a test, the order of merit will be decided on the basis of date of birth of the candidate with priority to older candidate.
- 3. Candidate has to download Rank Card from the website only.
- 4. There is no provision for revaluation or personal verification of the answer sheet.

#### VII. ADMISSION INFORMATION:

- 1. Admission shall be based on the AUCET-2016 Rank, subject to the fulfillment of eligibility criteria as given in Appendix I. For courses, colleges and number of seats Appendix II & Appendix III may be referred.
- 2. The admission schedule will be made available in the websites.
- 3. Information regarding college-wise, course-wise and reservation category-wise seat distribution and fee structure will be made available by the respective Universities after declaration of AUCET-2016 results on the respective web sites (www.andhrauniversity.edu.in/doa).
- 4. At the time of certificate verification at helpline centres candidates should produce the following original certificates in support of the qualification and reservations claimed in the application for verification.
  - (i) AUCET-2016 Rank Card & Hall Ticket.
  - (ii) Degree / Provisional Pass Certificate.
  - (iii) Consolidated Marks statement of the Qualifying Examination.
  - (iv) Transfer and Conduct Certificate from the institution where the candidate last studied. Candidates who have completed / studied already or discontinued and seeking admission to second PG or professional course should submit TC relating to first PG course only. Duplicate TC relating to UG / PG degree should be accompanied by proper evidence of loss of original TC, Police complaint with not tracable and Affidavit. Candidates submitting false TC are liable for cancellation of seat at any stage and are liable for prosecution. (Admission will not be given if TC of the institution where the candidate studied last is not submitted)
  - (v) Migration Certificate (for other Universities)
  - (vi) Date of Birth Certificate (SSC/Matriculation or equivalent Certificate).
  - (vii) Study Certificates for the last seven years or Residence Certificate for preceding seven years of the qualifying examination.
  - (viii) Intermediate original certificate.
  - (ix) Integrated Community Certificate issued by the competent authority in case of SC/ST/BC/EBC/ Minority candidates
  - (x) Valid latest income certificate issued by M.R.O./ Thasildar if fee concession is claimed (the validity of income certificate is four years from the date of issue) or White ration card (GO.M.S.No.186 dt.26.5.2015)
  - (xi) 4 recent passport size Photos.
  - (xii) Candidates opting for admission under NCC/Sports/CAP/PH/NSS quota shall produce relevant original certificate, in addition to the above.
  - (xiii) Discharge certificate and service certificate of the parent in case of children of armed personel.
  - (xiv) Physical fitness certificate from an Asst. Civil Surgeon.
  - (xv) One set of Photostat copies of all the above certificates.
- 5. After verification of the Certificates, at the helpline centre, the candidate will get all his/her Original certificates back except TC, CC and Migration certificate. The receipt of original certificates shall be given to the candidate.
- 6. The cases of pending revaluation will not be considered.
- 7. The concerned University reserves the right to deny entry into AUCET-2016. If the University finds the antecedents of the candidates are bad subsequent to the appearance of AUCET-2016, his/her rank can be cancelled and the candidate can be denied admission into any course under AUCET-2016 or admission can be cancelled even if admission is given.
- 8. All the admissions are purely provisional and the University reserves the right to cancel the admission at any stage.

#### 9. Guidelines for Admission:

- a) The conversion of reserved / special category seats into other category will not be made in the first phase counseling.
- b) The student has to select the course of study through web options.
- c) Candidates who did not claim their reservation / special category at the time of submission of their applications will also be allowed under that particular category subject to production of original certificates.
- d) If seats under Other States quota in M.Sc. Agricultural Biotechnology, M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture and Marine Biotechnology, M.Sc. Space Physics are not filled they shall be converted to seats under open category.

e) Cancellation of seats: Cancellation of seats will be made with 90% refund of total fee prescribed before completion of first phase of counseling and 80% refund of the total fee prescribed before completion of second phase counseling and with no fee refund after second phase of counseling.

#### **10. RESERVATION OF SEATS:**

Admission into various courses of study shall be made on the basis of AUCET-2016 Rank and eligibility criteria subject to the rule of reservation as detailed below:

#### A. LOCAL CANDIDATES:

In every course of study and category (explained in the following section B) 85% of the available seats are reserved in favour of the Local Candidates from the districts of Srikakulam, Vizianagaram, Visakhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Krishna, Guntur and Prakasam belonging to Andhra University area.

- 1. A candidate shall be regarded as a local candidate in relation to a local area (AU/OU/SVU);
  - 1.1 If he/she has studied in an educational institution or educational institutions in such local area for a period of not less than four consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she appeared or first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination as the case may be; OR
  - 1.2 Where, during the whole or any part of the four consecutive academic years in which he/she appeared, or first appeared in the relevant qualifying examination, he/she has not studied in any educational institutions, if he/she resided in that local area for a period of not less than four years immediately preceding the date of commencement of the relevant qualifying examination in which he/she appeared, or first appeared, as the case may be.
- 2. A candidate who is not regarded as local candidate under clause (1.1) above in relation to any local area shall be regarded as a local candidate of AU/OU/SVU.
  - 2.1 If he/she has studied in the educational institutions in the state for a period of not less than seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she appeared or first appeared for the relevant qualifying examination as the case may be, be regarded as a local candidate in relation to (i) Such local area where he/she has studied for the maximum period out of the period of seven years; or (ii) Where the period of his/her study in two or more local areas is equal, such local area where he/she studied last in such equal periods;
  - 2.2 If during the whole or any part of the seven consecutive academic years ending with the academic year in which he/she appeared or first appeared for the relevant qualifying examinations, he/she not studied in the educational institutions, in any local area, but has resided in the State during the whole of the said period of seven years, be regarded as a local Candidate in relation to (i) Such local area where he/she has resided for the maximum period out of the said period of seven years; or (ii) Where the period of his/her residence in two or more local areas is equal, such local area where he she has resided last in such periods.
- 3. The remaining 15% seats can be competed by the categories mentioned below:
  - a) All candidates defined as "Locals" of Andhra University area, and
  - b) The following categories of candidates who are defined as "Non-locals" for the present purpose: (i) All candidates, who are locals for Osmania and Sri Venkateswara University areas. (ii) Candidates who have resided in the State of Andhra Pradesh for a total period of ten years, excluding periods of study outside the State; or either of whose parents have resided in the State for a period of ten years excluding periods of employment outside the State. (iii)Candidates who are spouses/children of those in the employment of the State or Central Government, Public Sector Corporations, Local Bodies, Universities, Educational Institutions recognised by the Government and similar State or quasi Government Institutions within the State. A Certificate to that effect from the Head of the Institution or Department should be enclosed. (G.O.No.646 dated: 10.07.1979)

#### **B. OTHER CATEGORIES OF RESERVATION:**

The allocation of percentage of seats as detailed below is as per G.O.M.S.No.184, Education (EC-2) Department, dt. 20-8-1993, and G.O.M.S.No.116 SW(CV-1) dt. 10-12-1999 as amended uptodate:

- (a) Scheduled Castes (SC):15%; Scheduled Tribes (ST): 6%; Listed Backward Classes (BC: 29%, A-7%, B-10%, C-1%, D-7% and E-4%).
- (b) NCC: 1%; Sports: 0.5%; Children of Armed Forces Personnel (CAP): 2% of seats be filled by horizontal method of reservation. This reservations is applicable for local candidates only.
- (c) PH: 3% of seats be filled by following horizontal method of reservation. In the absence of suitable PH candidates in the respective categories, these seats will be filled-in with other candidates of the same category. This reservation is applicable for local candidates only.
- (d) 33.33% of the seats in each course shall be reserved in favour of women candidates in each category. This rule of reservation shall not be applicable if women candidates selected on merit in each category form 33.33% or more of the seats therein. In the absence of eligible women candidates in categories of SC, ST, BC Groups A, B, C, D, E, CAP, NCC, PH and Sports, those seats will be filled in with men candidates of the same category. (G.O.M.S.no.184, dt. 20-8-1993);
- (e) The number of seats reserved under various categories shall be calculated on the total seats available in the respective units given below as per the existing rules of the respective universities: If there is any

fraction in the calculation of seats under reservation for various categories, it should be rounded off to the nearest number without affecting the sanctioned strength.

- i) All Science courses offered by respective University Campus Colleges and P.G.Centres are taken as one unit each.
- ii) All Science courses offered by all colleges under the Government and Private managements affiliated to AU & BRAU are taken as one unit each.
- iii) All Arts courses offered by campus colleges and PG Centres of the respective Universities are taken as one unit each.
- iv) All Arts Courses offered by all colleges under the Government and Private managements affiliated to AU & BRAU are taken as one unit each.
- v) 5 -year Integrated M.A./M.Sc Programmes offerred in AU Campus colleges are taken as one unit each.
- vi) M.Sc. Applied Chemistry and M.Sc. Computer Science Courses offered in A.U. Engineering College are taken as one unit and M.Sc. Computer Science Courses offered in affiliated college are taken as one unit.
- (f) 1% supernumerary seats in each course are available in A.U. Campus to candidates belonging to AU NSS candidates. The selection of the candidates for the NSS categories will be made under the following three categories i.e., A, B, C.
- "A" Grade: The volunteer should fulfill the Tasks and Targets of two years service along with Special Camp participation and represented the Nation in the International Event in NSS activities OR recipient of Indira Gandhi National NSS Award OR participant in the Republic Day Parade Camp in New Delhi.
- "B" Grade: The volunteer should fulfill the Tasks and Targets of Two years service along with Special Camp participation and participated in the National Integration Camp. Pre-R.D. Camp, Inter-Collegiate Camp, Youth Leadership Training Camp winners of the district, University Youth Festivals, recipients of District/University level NSS Best Service Awards.
- "C" Grade: The volunteer should fulfill the Tasks and Targets of two years service and participation in the Special Camping Programme.
- (g) 5% supernumerary seats in each course are available in Campus colleges of the participating Universities to candidates belonging to Other States. To consider a candidate under **Other States** category, the candidate should have studied in any state other than A.P. and be a native of a place outside A.P.
- (h) 15% supernumerary seats are available in Campus colleges of the participating Universities Colleges to **Foreign students** in each course as per the D.O.No.F.1-30/94 (CPP-11) of UGC subject to their eligibility. Such candidates need not appear for the Entrance Test. Their applications will be considered under separate fee structure applicable to foreign students.

#### C. PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION TO RESERVED SEATS:

- (i) SC, ST and LBC (A, B, C, D, E) seats will be filled as per the order of merit (Rank) in each category.
- (ii) In case of special reservation, University will constitute expert committees with competent authorities and they will fix the priority.
- (iii) Candidates seeking admission under Sports, PH, NCC, CAP and NSS are directed to appear before admission committee along with all original certificates in support of their claim for verification. The admissions are based on the order of priority fixed by the panel of experts and subject to availability of seats in the particular course / college, as per the rules mentioned in Admission Information Brochure AUCET-2016. Only local candidates are eligible for admission under NCC, PH, CAP, NSS and Sports categories.

#### 11. General Regulations during Study of the Course:

- a) As per the UGC guidelines all Candidates admitted into various courses of study are required to put in a minimum of 75% of class room attendance. Candidates not securing a minimum of 75% attendance should repeat the course. The name of a student who continuously remains absent for a period of 10 days from the date of admission without valid reason and intimation to the concerned Head of the Department shall be removed from the rolls.
- b) Candidates admitted into full-time (day) courses should not undertake any assignment /employment or study of any other course simultaneously (except evening diploma course where he/she has to get no objection certificate) and any violation leads to cancellation of admission.
- c) Payment of residential scholarships in respect of eligible students of all reserved categories is conditional on their putting a minimum attendance of 75% in the college in each quarter. If the candidate puts in less than 75% of attendance for valid reasons, he/she shall be paid scholarship in proportion to the attendance. Those who are absent themselves without valid reasons will not be paid any scholarship.
- d) Examinations shall be conducted at the end of each Semester. No supplementary examination will be conducted.
- e) **RAGGING** in any form by any student will make him/her liable for expulsion/punishment as per A.P. Ragging Act 26 of 1997 and subsequent Supreme Court verdict.
- f) Only limited Hostel Accommodation is available. Hostel admission is subject to the rules in force from time to time. Candidates under self-finance category will be considered for hostel accommodation subject to availability of seats only after accommodating students under regular category, with a different Hostel fee structure.

#### **APPENDIX-I:**

#### COURSES OFFERED AND ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR ADMISSION

(All P.G. Courses are of two years duration unless & otherwise specified)

\*Admissions shall be made based on rank obtained in \*Entrance Exam in AUCET-2016\*

Test Code & Name	Course Code & Name	Eligibility
101- Life Sciences	10101 : M.Sc. Biochemistry - A.U.	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) Chemistry/Biochemistry as one of the three subjects (as main wherever applicable) and B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
	10102 : M.Sc. Biotechnology - A.U.	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) with any two of the following subjects: Biotechnology, Biochemistry, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Microbiology, Env. Sciences, Human
	10103 : M.Sc. Biotechnology - B.R.A.U. SKLM	Genetics, Fisheries, Aquaculture and Mathematics, B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
	10104 : M.Sc. Agricultural Biotechnology offered in Department of Botany - A.U.	B.Sc./B.Sc. (Vocational) with any two of the following subjects: Botany, Biotechnology, Microbiology, Biochemistry, Horticulture, Agriculture, Forestry, Genetics, Chemistry, Environmental Sciences, Seed Technology, Zoology, B.Sc.
	10105: M.Sc. Horticulture & Landscape Management - A.U.	(Vocational) with Food Science and Quality Control. or 4 years B.Sc. (Agriculture).
	10106: M.Sc. Environmental Sciences, A.U.	B.Sc. / B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry and any two of the Life Science Subjects as Optionals. B.E.M/B.Sc.(Ag)/B.Sc. (Vocational) with Food Science & Quality Control.
	10107 : M.Sc. Foods, Nutrition & Dietetics-A.U.x	B.Sc. with any life science subject as one of the subjects in Part- II. B.Sc. Home Science, B.Sc. (Vocational) Food Science & Quality Control and B.Sc. with Nutrition as one of the subjects.
	10108 : M.Sc. Botany - A.U.	B.Sc. Botany with any other two science subjects including vocational subjects.
	10109: M.Sc. Human Genetics - A.U.	B.Sc. with any three of the following subjects: Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Biochemistry, Genetics, Human Genetics, Biotechnology, Microbiology and Medical Lab Tech.
	10110 : M.Sc.Marine Biology and Fisheries - A.U.	B.Sc./B.Sc. Vocational Zoology (as main wherever
	10111: M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture & Marine Biotechnology - A.U.	applicable) and any other two science subjects.
	10112 : M.Sc.Marine Biotechnology - A.U. 10113 : M.Sc. Zoology - A.U.	
	10114 : M.Sc. Microbiology - A.U.	B.Sc./B.Sc. Vocational with a combination of any two of the following subjects: Microbiology, Biochemistry, Botany, Zoology, Chemistry, Human Genetics, Environmental Sciences, Home Science, Dairy Sciences, Fisheries, App. Nutrition, Nutrition & Dietetics, Biotechnology, Medical Lab Technology, Public Health, Nursing, Plant Protection, Agricultrue and Horticulture, Forestry, B.Sc. Agriculture, B.Sc. Home Science.
	10115 : M.Sc. Fishery Science - A.U.	B.Sc. Zoology (as main wherever applicable) and any other two science subjects/B.Sc. with Aquaculture, Fisheries and Industrial Fisheries.
	10116: M.Sc. Home Science (2years Self-finance) regular course offered in St.Joseph's Coll for Women(A), VSP	10+2+3 with Food and Nutrition / Food Technology or Composite/General Home Science at B.Sc. level / B.Sc. with Chemistry and Life Sciences.
102 : Physical	10201 : M.Sc.Physics - A.U.	
Sciences	10202: M.Sc.Space Physics - A.U.	
	10203: M.Sc.Nuclear Physics-A.U.	
	10204: M.Sc.(Tech.) Geophysics (3 years duration)-A.U.	B.Sc.with Physics (as main wherever applicable), Mathematics
	10205: M.Sc. Marine Geophysics	and any other non-biological science subject.
	10206 : M.Sc. Tech. Geophysics^ -B.R.A.U. SKLM	
	10207 : M.Sc. Physics - Affiliated Colleges of BRAU, SKLM	
	10208 : M.Sc.Meteorology-A.U.	B.Sc with Physics and Mathematics.
	10209 : M.Sc.Physical Oceanography - A.U.	
	10210 : M.Sc. Electronics & Instrumentation offered in Dept. of Systems Design-AU	B.Sc., with Electronics (as main wherever applicable), Mathematics and any other subject. B.Sc. Mathematics, Physics and any other subject with P.G. Diploma in Electronics, P.G. Diploma in Instrumentation.

Test Code & Name	Course Code & Name	Eligibility				
103 : Mathematical	10301 : M.Sc. Applied Mathematics -A.U.	B.Sc. Mathematics and Physics (as main wherever applicable) or B.Sc. Mathematics with Physical Sciences in Intermediate or 10+2 level.				
Sciences	10302 : M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics - A.U. 10303 : M.A./M.Sc.Mathematics -	B.A/B.Sc.Mathematics (as main wherever applicable)				
	B.R.A.U. SKML  10304: M.Sc. Statistics - A.U.					
	10305 : M.Sc. Statistics with  Computer Science offered in department of Statistics-A.U.	B.Sc./B.A with both Statistics and Mathematics.				
	10306: M.Sc. Computer Science - (2 year Evening Course) offered in A.U. College of Engineering.	(i) To have passed intermediate examination of state of A.P. with Mathematics as a course of study at $10+2$ level; and (ii) Three year B.Sc. degree programme with Mathematics and computer science / Three year B.C.A. degree programme recognized by $AU$				
104 : Chemical Sciences	M.Sc. Chemistry with the following specializations - A.U.  10401: Analytical Chemistry					
	10402 : Bio-Inorganic Chemistry					
	10403 : Environmental Chemistry 10404 : Inorganic Chemistry	B.Sc. /B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry/Applied Chemistry as				
	10405 : Chemistry and Analysis of Foods, Drugs & Water	one of the subjects.				
	10406 : Organic Chemistry					
	10407: Marine Chemistry 10408: M.Sc.Organic Chemistry - B.R.A.U. SKML					
	10409 : Nuclear Chemistry 10410 : Analytical Chemistry -Affiliated College of BRAU - SKLM					
	10411 : Physical Chemistry	B.Sc. /B.Sc. (Vocational) with Chemistry / Applied Chemistry and Mathematics & Physics as the other two subjects.				
	10412 : M.Sc. Applied Chemistry - offered in Department of Engineering Chemistry - AUCE(A)	B.Sc./B.Sc. Vocational Chemistry/Applied Chemistry / Industrial Chemistry (as main wherever applicable) as one of the subjects.				
105 : Geology	10501 : M.Sc. Geology - A.U.	B.Sc. with Geology (as main wherever applicable) with any other two subjects.				
	10502: M.Sc. Tech. Applied Geology (3years duration) - A.U.	B.Sc. Geology (as Main wherever applicable) with any two of the following subjects; Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Mineral benefication and Materials Handling.				
	10503 : M.Sc. Tech. Geology <sup>^</sup> - B.R.A.U. SKLM	B.Sc. with Geology (as main wherever applicable), Mathematics and any other non-biological science subject.				
201 : Humanities &	20101 : M.ComA.U. 20102 : M.Com PGC-A.U - TPG 20103 : M.Com B.R.A.U. SKLM 20104 : M.Com VZM	B.Com. (Including vocational and restructured courses), B.B.M.				
Social Sciences	20105 : M.A. Appl. Economics -A.U. 20106 : M.A. Economics - A.U. 20107 : M.A. Economics - B.R.A.U. SKLM 20108 : M.A. Economics PGC - AU KKD	B.A. with Economics as one of the subjects.				
	20109: M.A. Economics - PGC-A.U -TPG 20110: M.A. Ancient History & Archaeology - A.U.	B.A. with History or B.A.(O.L.) with History or B.F.A				
	20111 : M.A. History - A.U.	B.A with .History or B.A.(O.L) or B.A.L.				
	20112 : M.H.R.M A.U.  20113 : M.H.R.M AU Campus, KKD  20114 : Journalism & Mass					
	& Media Studies - A.U.  20116: M.A. (H.R.D.) - Offered in Law College. A.U.  20117: M.L.I.Sc A.U.	Any graduate degree Recognized by AU.				
	20118: M.L.I.Sc B.R.A.U. SKLM 20119: M.A. Philosophy - A.U. 20120: M.A./M.Sc. Anthropology offered in Department of Anthropology, A.U. 20121: M.A. Sociology - A.U.					
	20122: M.A. Psychology - A.U.	(i) 50% seats to B.A./B.Sc. course with psychology as one of the paper or specialization. (ii) 50% seats to any other degree Recognized by Andhra University. (iii) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.				

Test Code Name	Course Code & Name	Eligibility
201 : Humanities & Social Sciences	20123: M.A. Political Science - A.U. 20124: M.A. Political Science PGC-AU-Kakinada 20125: M.A. Political Science - VZM 20126: M.A.Public Administration -A.U. 20127: M.A. Public Administration PGC-AU-Kakinada	a) 50% seats to students from graduates of Political Science or Public Administration. (b) 50% seats to students from graduates of any other course. (c) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.
	20128 : M.Ed A.U. (2 years duration)  20129 : M.Ed PGC - AU- VZM (2 years duration)	B.Ed./B.A. Ed/B.Sc.Ed./B.E.I.Ed/D.Ed. with graduation/ B.E. & B.Tech. (Recognized by NCTE/RCI with aggregate of 50% marks (Subject to NCTE recognition.)
	20130 : M.Ed PGC-AU TPG (2 years duration) 20131 : M.EdB.R.A.U. SKLM (2 years duration)	3070 maria (Subject to 11012 recognition)
	20132: M.A. Social Work - A.U.  20133: M.A. Social Work - PGC- A.U -Tadepalligudem  20134: M.A. Social Work - B.R.A.U. SKLM	B.A. Social Work / Social Sciences as one of the subjects / B.Sc./B.C.A. / B.Com./B.A.L./B.F.A./B.B.M.
	20135 : M.A. Rural Development - B.R.A.U. SKLM	B.A. with Rural Development or Economics or Social Work or Sociology or Statistics or Public Administration as one of the subjects or B.Com. B.B.M. or PGDCRS or B.Sc. (Agri) from a recognized University.
	20136 : M.P.Ed	B.P.Ed. of this University or B.P.Ed. or B.P.E. of any other University recognized as equivalent there to.
	20137 : Adult & Continuing Education-A.U	(i) 50% Any graduate in Arts (ii) 50% Any other graduate. (iii) Any unfilled seats in any category may be filled by other category.
	20138 : M.A. Yoga & Consciousness	Any graduate with PG Diploma in Yoga of Andhra University or any reputed Yoga institute in India recognized by A.U.
202 : English	20201 : M.A. English - A.U. 20202 : M.A. English - PGC-AU-VZM 20203 : M.A. English PGC-A.U. KKD 20204 : M.A. English PGC-A.U - Tadepalligudem 20205 : M.A. English - B.R.A.U. SKLM	B.A.(special English)/B.A./B.Sc./B.Com./B.A.(OL)/B.F.A./B.A.L.(with Part-I General English for a minimum of 200 marks).
203 : Telugu	20301 : M.A. Telugu - A.U. 20302 : M.A. Telugu - B.R.A.U. SKLM	B.A./B.Com./B.Sc./with Telugu as a subject of study or B.A.(OL) or Bhasha praveena with Part I Telugu of B.A. or B.Com. or Bhasha Praveena with P.O.L.

# SCIENCE COURSES (Admissions will be made based on merit in the qualifying degree marks)

Test Code Name	Course Code & Name	Eligibility
151 : Geography	15101 : M.Sc Geography- B.A Stream-A.U.	B.A. with Geography as one of the subjects.
	15102 : M.Sc. Geography B.Sc. Stream -A.U.	B.Sc. with any three science subjects.  Note: The unfilled seats in one stream shall be filled by the available canididates from the other stream.
152 : M.Tech. Atmospheric Science	15201 : M.Tech. Atmospheric Science (2-Year Course) - A.U.	M.Sc. with 50% in Physics / Electronics / Meteorology / Physical Oceanography / Mathematics / Applied Mathematics / Nuclear Physics / B.Tech. in Mechanical Engineering and B.Tech. in Electronics and Communications Engineering.
153 : M.Tech. Ocean Sciences	15301 : M.Tech. Ocean Sciences (2-Year Course) - A.U.	M.Sc. with 50% in Meteorology / Physical Oceanography / Physics / Electronics / Mathematics / Applied Mathematics / Nuclear Physics / Computer Science & Applications / Geophysics / Environmental Science (Mathematics and Physics at the B.Sc. level is necessary) or B.Tech./B.E. in Civil Engg. / Mechanical Engg. / Computer Science & Engg. / Industrial Engg. / Electronics / Electrical Engg. / Environmental Engg. B.Tech. in Mechanical Engineering and B.Tech. in Electronics and Communications Engineering.
154 : M.Tech. Petroleum Exploration & Production	15401 : M.Tech. Petroleum Exploration & Production (2-Year Course)	Geo Sciences Stream: (M.Sc./M.Sc.(Tech) Geology, Marine Geology, Applied Geology, Geo Informatics, Geophysics, Marine Geophysics and B.Tech. Geo Sciences, Geo Informatics Engineering or equivalent)  Engineering Stream: (B.Tech.Chemical/Mechanical/Petroleum/Applied Petroleum/Petrochemical/Engineering or equivalent).  Note: If the seats in one category are not filled, they can be filled from other category.

#### ARTS COURSES (Admissions will be made based on merit in the qualifying degree marks) Test Code Course Code & Name **Eligibility** Name 251: Sanskrit 25101 : M.A.Sanskrit - A.U. B.A./B.Sc./B.Com with Sanskrit or Vidya Praveena with P.O.L. or Bhasha Praveena with P.O.L. or B.A. (OL) with Sanskrit or Senior P.G.Diploma in Sanskrit. 252: Women Studies 25201: M.A. Women Studies Any graduate degree recognised by AU. 25301: PG Diploma in Co-operation **253: PGDCRS** & Rural Studies (One year) Any bachelor degree in Arts, Science or Commerce with 25401 : M.A. Hindi - A.U. 254 : Hindi Hindi as one of the subjects or any bachelor degree in Arts, Science or Commerce without Hindi as one of the subjects, but with a diploma such as Sahitya Ratna, Bhasha Praveena or Vidwan or Equivalent to that. 255: B.F.A. 25501: B.F.A. (4 years duration)-AU A pass in higher secondary course (H.S.C.) 10+2 pattern or Intermediate examination or its equivalent / 10+3 years Diploma. 25601 : M.F.A. (Sculpture) (2 years duration)-AU B.F.A. (Sculpture) 256 : M.F.A. M.F.A. (Painting) (2 years duration)-AU B.F.A. (Painting) M.F.A. (Print Making) (2 years duration)-AU B.F.A. (Print Making) 257 : Dance 25701: M.A. Dance (Self-Finance) - A.U. i) Candidates with B.A. Dance Kuchipudi/Bharatanatyam. ii) Any degree with Natyavisarada or Govt. Diploma course iii) Any degree with 4 years Govt. Certificate Course in Kuchipudi / Bharata Natyam. iv) Any degree with Audition grade in Doordarshan in Dance 258: Music 25801 : M.A.Music - A.U. i) Candidates with B.A. Music or B.Music ii) Candidate of Any degree with a diploma or 4year certificate course in Music, iii) Any graded artist in AIR in Carnatic Classical Music with any degree. 259: M.Ed Special 25901: M.Ed Special Education (VI) B.Ed Special Education (VI) with aggregate 50% marks (as Education (VI) per RČI norms) (2 years duration)

#### M.A/M.Sc. 5-YEAR INTEGRATED PG PROGRAMMES

Test Code Name	Course Code & Name	Eligibility
551 : Integrated Geology	55101: M.Sc. 5-Year Integrated course in Geology (B.Sc + M.Sc) - offered in Department of Geology - AUCST	A pass in Intermediate with Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry (MPC) / Biology, Physics, Chemistry (BiPC) or equivalent as recognized by Board of Intermediate Education, Andhra Pradesh with a minimum of 50% marks. In case of SC/ST candidates a minimum pass with 45% marks in the qualifying examination is sufficient.
552 : Integrated Economics	55201 : M.A. Economics 5-Year Integrated course (BA + MA) - A.U	A pass in Intermediate or its equivalent examination with a minimum of 50% of marks. in case of SC/ST candidates a minimum pass with 45% marks in the qualifying examination is sufficient. Mathematics be one of the subject at Intermediate level for admission into 5-year Integrated course in Economics (BA+MA).

<sup>\*</sup> The students admitted in 5-Year Integrated courses can avail exit option after the completion of 3 years course period. They will be given B.A./B.Sc degree.

<sup>^</sup> M.Sc.(Tech.) Geology / Geophysics offered in BRAU is a flexable 3 year course. In case if the student opts for an early graduation the student will be awarded M.Sc.Degree at the end of second year, if he qualifies in two years of study.

<sup>#</sup> Seats will be be filled on all India basis.

#### **APPENDIX-II**

#### SYLLABI FOR ENTRANCE TESTS IN SCIENCE, ARTS, COMMERCE & ENGINEERING

#### 101 - Life Sciences

Max. Marks: 100

- 1. **Cell Biology**: Ultrastructure of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell, Structure and function of cell organelles. Cell division Mitosis and Meiosis. Chromosomes structure, Karyotype.
- 2. **Genetics**: Mendelian principles, Gene Interaction, Linkage and Crossing over, Sex determination, Sex linkage, Mutations Genic and chromosomal (Structural and numerical); Chromosomal aberrations in humans. Recombination in prokaryotes transformation, conjugation, transduction, sexduction. Extra genomic inheritance.
- Molecular Biology and Genetic Engineering: Structure of eukaryotic gene, DNA and RNA structure, DNA replication in pro and eukaryotes, Transcription and translation in pro and eukaryotes, genetic code. Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes, Principles of recombinant DNA technology. DNA vectors, Transgenesis. Applications of genetic engineering.
- 4. **Biotechnology**: Plant and animal cell culture, cloning, Fermentors types and process, Biopesticides, biofertilizers, Bioremediation, Renewable and non renewable energy resources, Non-conventional fuels.
- 5. **Biomolecules**: Carbohydrates, proteins, amino acids, lipids, vitamins and porphyrins. Enzymes classification and mode of action, enzyme assay, enzyme units, enzyme inhibition, enzyme kinetics, Factors regulating enzyme action.
- 6. **Immunology**: Types of immunity, cells and organelles of immune system, Antigen antibody reaction. Immunotechniques, Hypersensitivity, Vaccines.
- 7. **Techniques:** Microscopy Light and Electron, Centrifugation, Chromatography, Eletrophoresis, Calorimetric and Spectrophotometric techniques, Blotting techniques, PCR, DNA finger printing.
- 8. Ecology, Environment and Evolution: Theories and evidences of organic evolution, Hardy Weinberg law. Components of an ecosystem, Ecological pyramids, Biogeochemical cycles, Ecological adaptations. Climatic and edaphic and biotic factors. Ecological sucession Hydrosere and xerosere, Natural resources, Biodiversity, current environmental issues, Environmental pollution, Globla warming and climate change.
- 9. **Physiology**: Structure and function of liver, kidney and heart, composition of blood, blood types, blood coagulation, Digestion and absorption, Endocrinology, Muscle and Nervous system.
- 10. **Metabolism**: Metabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, aminoacids and nucleic acids. Biological oxidation and bioenergetics.
- Animal Science: Biology of invertebrates and chordates, Embryology of chordates, Classification of marine environment - Physical and chemical parameters, Marine, estuarine, reservoir and riverine fisheries, Cultivation of fin and shell fish. Culture practices.
- 12. **Plant Science**: Classification of cryptogams and phanerogams. General characteristics of taxonomic groups at class and family level Water relations and mineral nutrition of plants, Plant growth regulators, Ethnobotany and medicinal plants, Biology of plant seed, Photosynthesis.
- 13. **Microbiology**: Microbes Types, distribution and biology. Isolation and cultivation of bacteria and virus. Staining techniques. Bacterial growth curve, Microbial diseases food and water borne, insect borne, contact diseases in humans. Microbial diseases in plants by bacteria, fungi and virus, Plant microbe interactions.
- 14. **Nutrition**: Biological value of proteins, protein malnutrition, disorders, Chemistry and physiological role of vitamins and minerals in living systems.

#### 102 - Physical Sciences

Max. Marks: 100

#### Electricity, Magnetism and Electronics

- 1. Electrostatics: Gauss law and its applications-Uniformly charged sphere, charged cylindrical conductor and an infinite conducting sheet of charge. Deduction of Coulmb's law from Gauss law Mechanical force on a charged conductor Electric potential Potential due to a charged spherical conductor, electric field strength from the electric dipole and an infinite line of charge. Potential of a uniformly charged circular disc.
- 2. Dielectrics: An atomic view of dielectrics, potential energy of a dipole in an electric field. Polarization and charge density, Gauss's law for dielectric medium- Relation between D,E, and P. Dielectric constant, susceptibility and relation between them. Boundary conditions at the dielectric surface. Electric fields in cavities of a dielectric-needle shaped cavity and disc shaped cavity.
- 3. Capacitance: Capacitance of concentric spheres and cylindrical condenser, capacitance of parallel plate condenser with and without dielectric. Electric energy stored in a charged condenser force between plates of condenser, construction and working of attracted disc electrometer, measurement of dielectric constant and potential difference.
- 4. Magnetostatics: Magnetic shell potential due to magnetic shell field due to magnetic shell -equivalent of electric circuit and magnetic shell Magnetic induction (B) and field (H) -permeability and susceptibility Hysteresis loop.
- 5. Moving charge in electric and magnetic field: Hall effect, cyclotron, synchrocyclotron and synchrotron force on a current carrying conductor placed in a magnetic field, force and torque on a current loop, Biot -Savart's law and calculation of B due to long straight wire, a circular current loop and solenoid.
- **6. Electromagnetic induction :** Faraday's law Lenz's law expression for induced emf time varying magnetic fields -Betatron -Ballistic galvanometer theory damping correction self and mutual inductance, coefficient of coupling, calculation of self inductance of a long solenoid -toroid energy stored in magnetic field transformer Construction, working, energy losses and efficiency.
- 7. Varying and alternating currents: Growth and decay of currents in LR, CR and LCR circuits Critical damping. Alternating current relation between current and voltage in pure R,C and L-vector diagrams -Power in ac circuits. LCR series and parallel resonant circuit Q-factor. AC & DC motors-single phase, three phase (basics only)
- 8. Maxwell's equations and electromagnetic waves: A review of basic laws of electricity and magnetism displacement current Maxwell's equations in differential form Maxwell's wave equation, plane

- electromagnetic waves -Transverse nature of electromagnetic waves, Poynting theorem, production of electromagnetic waves (Hertz experiment).
- 9. Basic Electronics: Formation of electron energy bands in solids, classification of solids in terms of forbidden energy gap. Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductors, Fermi level, continuity equation p-n junction diode, Zener diode characteristics and its application as voltage regulator. Half wave and full wave, rectifiers and filters, ripple factor (quantitative) p n p and n p n transistors, current components in transistors, CB.CE and CC configurations transistor hybrid parameters determination of hybrid parameters from transistor characteristics -transistor as an amplifier concept of negative feed back and positive feed back Barkhausen criterion, RC coupled amplifier and phase shift oscillator (qualitative).
- 10. Digital Principles: Binary number system, converting Binary to Decimal and vice versa. Binary addition and subtraction (1's and 2's complement methods). Hexadecimal number system. Conversion from Binary to Hexadecimal vice versa and Decimal to Hexadecimal vice versa.
  Logic gates: OR,AND,NOT gates, truth tables, realization of these gates using discrete components. NAND, NOR as universal gates, Exclusive OR gate, De Morgan's Laws statement and proof, Half and Full adders.

#### Parallel adder circuits.

#### **Modern Physics**

- 1. Atomic SpectraIntroduction Drawbacks of Bohr's atomic model Sommerfeld's elliptical orbits relativistic correction (no derivation). Stern & Gerlach experiment Vector atom model and quantum numbers associated with it. L-S and j-j coupling schemes. Spectral terms, selection rules, intensity rules. Spectra of alkali atoms, doublet fine structure. Alkaline earth spectra, singlet and triplet fine structure. Zeeman Effect, Paschen-Back Effect and Stark Effect
- 2. Molecular Spectroscopy: Types of molecular spectra, pure rotational energies and spectrum of diatomic molecule, determination of internuclear distance. Vibrational energies and spectrum of diatomic molecule. Raman effect, Classical theory of Raman effect. Experimental arrangement for Raman effect and its applications.
- 3. Quantum MechanicsInadequacy of classical Physics: (Discussion only) Spectral radiation Planck's law. Photoelectric effect Einstien's photoelectric equation. Compton's effect (quantitative) experimental verification. Stability of an atom Bohr's atomic theory. Limitations of old quantum theory.
- **4. Matter Waves**:de Broglie's hypothesis wavelength of matter waves, properties of matter waves. Phase and group velocities. Davisson and Germer experiment. Double slit experiment. Standing de Brogile waves of electron in Bohr orbits.
- **5. Uncertainity Principle:**Heisenberg's uncertainty principle for position and momentum (x and px), Energy and time (E and t). Gamma ray microscope. Diffraction by a single slit. Position of electron in a Bohr orbit. Particle in a box. Complementary principle of Bohr.
- **6. Schrodinger Wave Equation:**Schrodinger time independent and time dependent wave equations. Wave function properties Significance. Basic postulates of quantum mechanics. Operators, eigen functions and eigen values, expectation values. Application of Schrodinger wave equation to particle in one and three dimensional boxes, potential step and potential barrier.
- 7. Nuclear PhysicsNuclear Structure: Basic properties of nucleus size, charge, mass, spin, magnetic dipole moment and electric quadrupole moment. Binding energy of nucleus, deuteron binding energy, p-p and n-p scattering (concepts), nuclear forces. Nuclear models liquid drop model, shell model.
- 8. Alpha and Beta Decays: Range of alpha particles, Geiger Nuttal law, Gammow's theory of alpha decay. Geiger Nuttal law from Gammow's theory. Beta spectrum neutrino hypothesis, Fermi's theory of p-decay (qualitative).
- 9. Nuclear Reactions: Types of nuclear reactions, channels, nuclear reaction kinematics. Compound nucleus, direct reactions (concepts). Nuclear Detectors GM counter, proportional counter, scintillation counter, Wilson cloud chamber and solid state detector Solid State Physics
- Crystal Structure: Crystalline nature of matter. Cystal lattice, Unit Cell, Elements of symmetry. Crystal systems, Bravais lattices. Miller indices. Simple crystal structures (S.C., BCC, CsCI, FCC, NaCl diamond and Zinc Blends)
- 11. X-ray Diffraction: Diffraction of X-rays by crystals, Bragg's law, Experimental techniques Laue's method and powder method.
- Nanomaterials: Introduction, Nan particles, metal nanoclusters, semiconductor nanoparticles, carbon clusters, carbon nanotubes, quantum nanostructures nanodot, nanowire and quantum well. Fabrication of quantum nanostructures.
- 13. Bonding in Crystals: Types of bonding in crystals characteristics of crystals with different bindings. Lattice energy of ionic crystals determination of Medelung constant for NaCl crystal, calculation of Born coefficient and repulsive exponent. Born Haber cycle.
- **14. Magnetism:** Magnetic properties of dia, para and ferromagnetic materials. Langevin's theory of paramagnetism. Weiss' theory of ferromagnetism -Concepts of magnetic domains, antiferromagnetism and ferrimagnetism ferrites and their applications.
- 15. Superconductivity: Basic experimental facts zero resistance, effect of magnetic field, Meissner effect, persistent current, Isotope effect Thermodynamic properties, specific heat, entropy. Type I and Type II superconductors. Elements of BCS theory-Cooper pairs. Applications. High temperature superconductors (general information)

#### Thermodynamics and Optics

- Kinetic theory of gases: Introduction Deduction of Maxwell's law of distribution of molecular speeds, Experimental verification Toothed Wheel Experiment, Transport Phenomena - Viscosity of gases - thermal conductivity - diffusion of gases.
- 2. Thermodynamics: Introduction Reversible and irreversible processes Carnot's engine and its efficiency Carnot's theorem Second law of thermodynamics, Kelvin's and Claussius statements Thermodynamic scale of temperature Entropy, physical significance Change in entropy in reversible and irreversible processes Entropy and disorder Entropy of universe Temperature- Entropy (T-S) diagram Change of entropy of a perfect gas-change of entropy when ice changes into steam.

- 3. Thermodynamic potentials and Maxwell's equations: Thermodynamic potentials Derivation of Maxwell's thermodynamic relations -Clausius-Clayperon's equation Derivation for ratio of specific heats Derivation for difference of two specific heats for perfect gas. Joule Kelvin effect expression for Joule Kelvin coefficient for perfect and Vanderwaal's gas.
- 4. Low temperature Physics: Introduction Joule Kelvin effect liquefaction of gas using porous plug experiment. Joule expansion Distinction between adiabatic and Joule Thomson expansion Expression for Joule Thomson cooling Liquefaction of helium, Kapitza's method Adiabatic demagnetization Production of low temperatures Principle of refrigeration, vapour compression type. Working of refrigerator and Air conditioning machines. Effects of Chloro and Fluro Carbons on Ozone layer; applications of substances at low-temperature.
- 5. Quantum theory of radiation: Black body-Ferry's black body distribution of energy in the spectrum of Black body -Wein's displacement law, Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jean's law Quantum theory of radiation Planck's law deduction of Wein's law, Rayleigh-Jeans law, from Planck's law -Measurement of radiation Types of pyrometers Disappearing filament optical pyrometer experimental determination Angstrom pyroheliometer determination of solar constant, effective temperature of sun.
- 6. Statistical Mechanics: Introduction to statistical mechanics, concept of ensembles, Phase space, Maxwell-Boltzmann's distribution law, Molecular energies in an ideal gas, Bose-Einstein Distribution law, Fermi-Dirac Distribution law, comparison of three distribution laws, Black Body Radiation, Rayleigh-Jean's formula, Planck's radiation law, Weins Displacement, Stefan's Boltzmann's law from Plancks formula. Application of Fermi-Dirac statistics to white dwarfs and Neutron stars.
- 7. The Matrix methods in paraxial optics: Introduction, the matrix method, effect of translation, effect of refraction, imaging by a spherical refracting surface. Imaging by a co-axial optical system. Unit planes. Nodal planes. A system of two thin lenses.
- 8. Aberrations: Introduction Monochromatic aberrations, spherical aberration, methods of minimizing spherical aberration, coma, astigmatism and curvature of field, distortion. Chromatic aberration the achromatic doublet Removal of chromatic aberration of a separated doublet.
- 9. Interference: Principle of superposition coherence temporal coherence and spatial coherence -conditions for Interference of light Interference by division of wave front: Fresnel's biprism determination of wave length of light. Determination of thickness of a transparent material using Biprism -change of phase on reflection Lloyd's mirror experiment. Interference by division of amplitude: Oblique incidence of a plane wave on a thin film due to reflected and transmitted light (Cosine law) Colours of thin films Non reflecting films interference by a plane parallel film illuminated by a point source Interference by a film with two non-parallel reflecting surfaces (Wedge shaped film) Determination of diameter of wire-Newton's rings in reflected light with and without contact between lens and glass plate, Newton's rings in transmitted light (Haidinger Fringes) -Determination of wave length of monochromatic light Michelson Interferometer types of fringes Determination of wavelength of monochromatic light, Difference in wavelength of sodium 0^2 lines and thickness of a thin transparent plate.
- 10. Diffraction: Introduction Distinction between Fresnel and Fraunhoffer diffraction Fraunhoffer diffraction: Diffraction due to single slit and circular aperture Limit of resolution Fraunhoffer diffraction due to double slit Fraunhoffer diffraction pattern with N slits (diffraction grating) Resolving Power of grating Determination of wave length of light in normal and oblique incidence methods using diffraction grating. Fresnel diffraction: Fresnel's half period zones area of the half period zones -zone plate Comparison of zone plate with convex lens Phase reversal zone plate diffraction at a straight edge difference between interference and diffraction.
- 11. Polarization: Polarized light: Methods of Polarization, Polarization by reflection, refraction, Double refraction, selective absorption, scattering of light Brewsters law Malus law Nicol prism polarizer and analyzer Refraction of plane wave incident on negative and positive crystals (Huygen's explanation) Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate -Babinet's compensator Optical activity, analysis of light by Laurent's half shade polarimeter.
- 12. Laser, Fiber Optics and Holography: Lasers: Introduction Spontaneous emission Stimulated emission Population inversion. Laser principle Einstein coefficients Types of Lasers He-Ne laser -Ruby laser Applications of lasers. Fiber Optics: Introduction Optical fibers Types of optical fibers Step and graded index fibers Rays and modes in an optical fiber Fiber material Principles of fiber communication (qualitative treatment only) and advantages of fiber communication. Holography: Basic Principle of Holography Gabor hologram and its limitations, Holography applications.

#### **Mechanics and Waves and Oscillations**

- 1. Vector Analysis: Scalar and vector fields, gradient of a scalar field and its physical significance. Divergence and curl of a vector field and related problems. Vector integration, line, surface and volume integrals. Stokes, Gauss and Greens theorems- simple applications.
- 2. Mechanics of Particles: Laws of motion, motion of variable mass system, motion of a rocket, multi-stage rocket, conservation of energy and momentum. Collisions in two and three dimensions, concept of impact parameter, scattering cross-section, Rutherford scattering
- 3. Mechanics of rigid bodies: Definition of Rigid body, rotational kinematic relations, equation of motion for a rotating body, angular momentum and inertial tensor. Eulers equation, precession of a top, Gyroscope, precession of the equinoxes
- **4. Mechanics of continuous media :** Elastic constants of isotropic solids and their relation, Poisson's ratio and expression for Poisson's ratio in terms of y, n, k. Classification of beams, types of bending, point load, distributed load, shearing force and bending moment, sign conventions, simple supported beam carrying a concentrated load at mid span, cantilever with an end load
- 5. Central forces: Central forces definition and examples, conservative nature of central forces, conservative force as a negative gradient of potential energy, equation of motion under a central force, gravitational potential and gravitational field, motion under inverse square law, derivation of Kepler's laws, Coriolis force and its expressions.
- 6. Special theory of relativity: Galilean relativity, absolute frames, Michelson-Morley experiment, Postulates of special theory of relativity. Lorentz transformation, time dilation, length contraction, addition of velocities, mass-energy relation. Concept of four vector formalism.
- 7. Fundamentals of vibrations: Simple harmonic oscillator, and solution of the differential equation- Physical characteristics of SHM, torsion pendulum, measurements of rigidity modulus, compound pendulum,

- measurement of 'g', combination of two mutually perpendicular simple harmonic vibrations of same frequency and different frequencies, Lissajous figures
- 8. Damped and forced oscillations: Damped harmonic oscillator, solution of the differential equation of damped oscillator. Energy considerations, comparison with undamped harmonic oscillator, logarithmic decrement, relaxation time, quality factor, differential equation of forced oscillator and its solution, amplitude resonance, velocity resonance
- 9. Complex vibrations: Fourier theorem and evaluation of the Fourier coefficients, analysis of periodic wave functions-square wave, triangular wave, saw-tooth wave
- 10. Vibrations of bars: Longitudinal vibrations in bars- wave equation and its general solution. Special cases (i) bar fixed at both ends ii) bar fixed at the mid point iii) bar free at both ends iv) bar fixed at one end. Transverse vibrations in a bar- wave equation and its general solution. Boundary conditions, clamped free bar, free-free bar, bar supported at both ends, Tuning fork.
- 11. Vibrating Strings: Transverse wave propagation along a stretched string, general solution of wave equation and its significance, modes of vibration of stretched string clamped at both ends, overtones, energy transport, transverse impedance
- **12. Ultrasonics**: Ultrasonics, properties of ultrasonic waves, production of ultrasonics by piezoelectric and magnetostriction methods, detection of ultrasonics, determination of wavelength of ultrasonic waves. Velocity of ultrasonics in liquids by Sear's method. Applications of ultrasonic waves.

#### 103 - Mathematical Sciences

Max. Marks: 100

#### LINEAR ALGEBRA AND VECTOR CALCULUS

Linear Algebra: Vector spaces, General properties of vector spaces, Vector subspaces, Algebra of subspaces, linear combination of vectors. Linear span, linear sum of two subspaces, Linear independence and dependence of vectors, Basis of vector space, Finite dimensional vector spaces, Dimension of a vector space, Dimension of a subspace. Linear transformations, linear operators, Range and null space of linear transformation, Rank and nullity of linear transformations, Linear transformations as vectors, Product of linear transformations, Invertible linear transformation.

The adjoint or transpose of a linear transformation, Sylvester's law of nullity, characteristic values and characteristic vectors , Cayley- Hamilton theorem, Diagonalizable operators. Inner product spaces, Euclidean and unitary spaces, Norm or length of a vector, Schwartz inequality, Orthogonality, Orthonormal set, complete orthonormal set, Gram - Schmidt orthogonalisation process.

**Multiple integrals and Vector Calculus**: Multiple integrals: Introduction, the concept of a plane, Curve, line integral- Sufficient condition for the existence of the integral. The area of a subset of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ , Calculation of double integrals, Jordan curve, Area, Change of the order of integration, Double integral as a limit, Change of variable in a double integration.

Vector differentiation. Ordinary derivatives of vectors, Space curves, Continuity, Differentiability, Gradient, Divergence, Curl operators, Formulae involving these operators. Vector integration, Theorems of Gauss and Stokes, Green's theorem in plane and applications of these theorems.

#### **Abstract Algebra & Real Analysis**

**GROUPS:** Binary operations- Definitions and properties, Groups—Definition and elementary properties, Finite groups and group composition tables, Subgroups and cyclic subgroups. Permutations—Functions and permutations ,groups of permutations, cycles and cyclic notation, even and odd permutations, The alternating groups. Cyclic groups - Elementary properties ,The classification of cyclic groups , sub groups of finite cyclic groups. Isomorphism - Definition and elementary properties, Cayley's theorem, Groups of cosets, Applications, Normal subgroups - Factor groups , Criteria for the existence of a coset group, Inner automorphisms and normal subgroups, factor groups and simple groups, Homomorphism- Definition and elementary properties, The fundamental theorem of homomorphisms, applications.

**RINGS:** Definition and basic properties, Fields, Integral domains, divisors of zero and Cancellation laws, Integral domains, The characteristic of a ring, some non – commutative rings, Examples, Matrices over a field, The real quaternions, Homomorphism of Rings - Definition and elementary properties, Maximal and Prime ideals, Prime fields

REAL NUMBERS: The Completeness Properties of R, Applications of the Supremum Property.

Sequences and Series - Sequences and their limits, limit theorems, Monotonic Sequences, Sub-sequences and the Bolzano-Weirstrass theorem, The Cauchy's Criterion, Properly divergent sequences, Introduction to series, Absolute convergence, test for absolute convergence, test for non-absolute convergence.

Continuous Functions-continuous functions, combinations of continuous functions, continuous functions on intervals, Uniform continuity.

**DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION:** The derivative, The mean value theorems, L'Hospital Rule, Taylor's Theorem. Riemann integration - Riemann integral , Riemann integrable functions, Fundamental theorem.

#### DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS & SOLID GEOMETRY

**Differential equations of first order and first degree**: Linear differential equations; Differential equations reducible to linear form; Exact differential equations; Integrating factors; Change of variables; Simultaneous differential equations; Orthogonal trajectories.

**Differential equations of the first order but not of the first degree:** Equations solvable for p; Equations solvable for y; Equations solvable for x; Equations that do not contain x (or y); Equations of the first degree in x and y - Clairaut's equation.

**Higher order linear differential equations :** Solution of homogeneous linear differential equations of order n with constant coefficients. Solution of the non-homogeneous linear differential equations with constant coefficients by means of polynomial operators. Method of undetermined coefficients; Method of variation of parameters; Linear differential equations with non-constant coefficients; The Cauchy-Euler equation

**System of linear differential equations:** Solution of a system of linear equations with constant coefficients; An equivalent triangular system. Degenerate Case:  $p_1(D)$   $p_2(D)$   $p_3(D)$  = 0.

#### SOLIDGEOMETRY

**The Plane:** Equation of plane in terms of its intercepts on the axis, Equations of the plane through the given points, Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given plane, Bisectors of angles between two planes, Combined equation of two planes, Orthogonal projection on a plane.

**The Line:** Equations of a line, Angle between a line and a plane, The condition that a given line may lie in a given plane, The condition that two given lines are coplanar, Number of arbitrary constants in the equations of a straight line. Sets of conditions which determine a line, The shortest distance between two lines. The length and equations of the line of shortest distance between two straight lines, Length of the perpendicular from a given point to a given line, Intersection of three planes, Triangular Prism.

**The Sphere:** Definition and equation of the sphere, Equation of the sphere through four given points, Plane sections of a sphere. Intersection of two spheres; Equation of a circle. Sphere through a given circle; Intersection of a sphere and a line. Power of a point; Tangent plane. Plane of contact. Polar plane, Pole of a plane, Conjugate points, Conjugate planes; Angle of intersection of two spheres. Conditions for two spheres to be orthogonal; Radical plane. Coaxial system of spheres; Simplified from of the equation of two spheres.

Cones, Cylinders and conicoids: Definitions of a cone, vertex, guiding curve, generators. Equation of the cone with a given vertex and guiding curve. Enveloping cone of a sphere. Equations of cones with vertex at origin are homogenous. Condition that the general equation of the second degree should represent a cone. Condition that a cone may have three mutually perpendicular generators Intersection of a line and a quadric cone. Tangent lines and tangent plane at a point. Condition that a plane may touch a cone. Reciprocal cones. Intersection of two cones with a common vertex. Right circular cone. Equation of the right circular cone with a given vertex, axis and semi-vertical angle. Definition of a cylinder. Equation to the cylinder whose generators intersect a given conic and are parallel to a given line, Enveloping cylinder of a sphere. The right circular cylinder. Equation of the right circular cylinder with a given axis and radius.

The general equation of the second degree and the various surfaces represented by it; Shapes of some surfaces. Nature of Ellipsoid. Nature of Hyperboloid of one sheet.

#### 104 - Chemical Sciences

Max. Marks: 100

#### **INORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

- s-block elements: General characteristics of groups I & II elements, diagonal relationship between Li & Mg, Be & Al.
- 2. p-block elements:

General characteristics of elements of groups 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17

Group – 13: Synthesis and structure of diborane and higher boranes (B<sub>4</sub>H<sub>10</sub> and B<sub>5</sub>H<sub>9</sub>), boron-nitrogen compounds (B<sub>3</sub>N<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub> and BN)

Group – 14: Preparation and applications of silanes and silicones, graphitic compounds.

Group - 15: Preparation and reactions of hydrazine, hydroxylamine, phosphazenes.

Group - 16: Classifications of oxides based on (i) Chemical behaviour and (ii) Oxygen content.

Group - 17: Inter halogen compounds and pseudo halogens

- 3. Organometallic Chemistry: Definition and classification of organometallic compounds, nomenclature, preparation, properties and applications of alkyls of 1, 2 and 13 group elements.
- 4. Chemistry of d-block elements: Characteristics of d-block elements with special reference to electronic configuration, variable valence, magnetic properties, catalytic properties and ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states and e.m.f. Comparative treatment of second and third transition series with their 3d analogues. Study of Ti, Cr and Cu traids in respect of electronic configuration and reactivity of different oxidation states.
- 5. Chemistry of f-lock elements: Chemistry of lanthanides electronic structure, oxidation states, lanthanide contraction, consequences of lanthanide contraction, magnetic properties, spectral properties and separation of lanthanides by ion exchange and solvent extraction methods. Chemistry of actinides electronic configuration, oxidation states, actinide contraction, position of actinides in the periodic table, comparison with lanthanides in terms of magnetic properties, spectral properties and complex formation.
- 6. Theories of bonding in metals: Valence bond theory, Explanation of metallic properties and its limitations, Free electron theory, thermal and electrical conductivity of metals, limitations, Band theory, formation of bands, explanation of conductors, semiconductors and insulators.
- 7. Metal carbonyls and related compounds EAN rule, classification of metal carbonyls, structures and shapes of metal carbonyls of V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co and Ni. Metal nitrosyls and metallocenes (only ferrocene).
- 8. Coordination Chemistry: IUPAC nomenclature, bonding theories review of Werner's theory and Sidgwick's concept of coordination, Valence bond theory, geometries of coordination numbers 4-tetrahedral and square planar and 6-octahedral and its limitations, crystal filed theory, splitting of d-orbitals in octahedral, tetrahedral and square-planar complexes low spin and high spin complexes factors affecting crystal-field splitting energy, merits and demerits of crystal-field theory. Isomerism in coordination compounds structural isomerism and stereo isomerism, stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers.
- Spectral and Magnetic Properties of Metal Complexes: Electronic absorption spectrum of [Ti(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>e</sub>]<sup>3+</sup> ion. Types of magnetic behavior, spin-only formula, calculation of magnetic moments, experimental determination of magnetic susceptibility – Gouy method.
- 10. Reactivity of metal complexes: Labile and inert complexes, ligand substitution reactions  $S_N 1$  and  $S_N 2$ , substitution reactions of square planar complexes Trans effect and applications of trans effect.
- Stability of Metal Complexes: Thermodynamic stability and kinetic stability, factors affecting the stability of metal complexes, chelate effect, determination of composition of complex by Job's method and mole ratio method.
- **12.** Hard and soft acids bases (HSAB): Classification, Pearson's concept of hardness and softness, application of HSAB principles Stability of compounds / complexes, predicting the feasibility of a reaction.
- 13. Bioinorganic Chemistry: Essential elements, biological significance of Na, K, Mg, Ca, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn and chloride (Cl·). Metalloporphyrins hemoglobin, structure and function, Chlorophyll, structure and role in photosynthesis.

#### **ORGANIC CHEMISTRY**

 Structural theory in Organic Chemistry: Types of bond fission and organic reagents (Electrophilic, Nucleophilic, and free radical reagents including neutral molecules like H<sub>2</sub>O, NH<sub>3</sub> & AlCl<sub>3</sub>). Bond polarization: Factors influencing the polarization of covalent bonds, electro negativity – inductive effect. Application of inductive effect (a) Basicity of amines (b) Acidity of carboxylic acides (c) Stability of carbonium ions. Resonance or Mesomeric effect, application to (a) acidity of phenol, and (b) acidity of carboxylic acids. Hyper conjugation and its application to stability of carbonium ions, Free radicals and alkenes, carbanions, carbenes and nitrenes. Types of Organic reactions: Addition – electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical. Substitution – electrophilic, nucleophilic and free radical. Elimination- Examples (mechanism not required).

- 2. Acyclic Hydrocarbons: Alkanes— IUPAC Nomenclature of Hydrocarbons. Methods of preparation: Hydrogenation of alkynes and alkenes, Wurtz reaction, Kolbe's electrolysis, Corey-House reaction. Chemical reactivity inert nature, free radical substitution mechanism. Halogenation example- reactivity, selectivity and orientation. Alkenes Preparation of alkenes (a) by dehydration of alcohols (b) by dehydrohalogenation of alkyl halides (c) by dehalogenation of 1,2 dihalides (brief mechanism), Saytzev's rule. Properties: Addition of hydrogen heat of hydrogenation and stability of alkenes. Addition of halogen and its mechanism. Addition of HX, Markonikov's rule, addition of H<sub>2</sub>O, HOX, H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>2</sub> with mechanism and addition of HBr in the presence of peroxide (anti Markonikov's addition). Oxidation hydroxylation by KMnO<sub>4</sub>, OsO<sub>4</sub>, peracids (via epoxidation) hydroboration, Dienes Types of dienes, reactions of conjugated dines 1,2 and 1,4 addition of HBr to 1,3 butadiene and Diel's Alder reaction. Alkynes Preparation by dehydrohalogenation of dihalides, dehalogenation of tetrahalides, Properties; Acidity of acetylenic hydrogen (formation of Metal acedtylides). Preperation of higher acetylenes, Metal ammonia reductions Physical properties. Chemical reactivity electrophilic addition of X<sub>2</sub>, HX, H<sub>2</sub>O (Tautomerism), Oxidation with KMnO<sub>4</sub>, OsO<sub>4</sub>, reduction and Polymerisation reaction of acetylene.
- 3. Alicyclic hydrocarbons (Cycloalkanes): Nomenclature, Preparation by Freunds methods, heating dicarboxylic metal salts. Properties reactivity of cyclopropane and cyclobutane by comparing with alkanes, Stability of cycloalkanes Baeyer's strain theory, Sachse and Mohr predictions and Pitzer's strain theory. Conformational structures of cyclobutane, cyclopentane, cyclohexane.
- 4. Benzene and its reactivity: Concept of resonance, resonance energy. Heat of hydrogenation, heat of combustion of Benezene, mention of C-C bond lengths and orbital picture of Benzene. Concept of aromaticity aromaticity (definition), Huckel's rule application to Benzenoid (Benzene, Napthalene) and Non Benzenoid compounds (cyclopropenyl cation, cyclopentadienyl anion and tropylium cation) Reactions General mechanism of electrophilic substitution, mechanism of nitration. Friedel Craft's alkylation and acylation. Orientation of aromatic substitution Definition of ortho, para and meta directing groups. Ring activating and deactivating groups with examples (Electronic interpretation of various groups like NO<sub>2</sub> and Phenolic). Orientation of (i). Amino, methoxy and methyl groups (ii). Carboxy, nitro, nitrile, carbonyl and Sulfonic acid groups. (iii). Halogens (Explanation by taking minimum of one example from each type).
- 5. Polynuclear Hydrocarbons Structure of naphthalene and anthracene (Molecular Orbital diagram and resonance energy) Any two methods of preparation of naphthalene and reactivity. Reactivity towards electrophilic substitution. Nitration and sulfonation as examples.
- 6. Halogen compounds: Nomenclature and classification of alkyl (into primary, secondary, tertiary), aryl, aralkyl, allyl, vinyl, benzyl halides. Chemical Reactivity, formation of RMgX Nucleophilic aliphatic substitution reaction-classification into S<sub>N</sub>1 and S<sub>N</sub>2. Energy profile diagram of S<sub>N</sub>1 and S<sub>N</sub>2 reactions. Stereochemistry of S<sub>N</sub>2 (Walden Inversion) S<sub>N</sub>1 (Racemisation). Explanation of both by taking the example of optically active alkyl halide 2bromobutane. Ease of hydrolysis companion of alkyl, benzyl, alkyl, vinyl and aryl halides.
- 7. Hydroxy compounds: Nomenclature and classification of hydroxy compounds. Alcohols: Preparation with hydroboration reaction, Grignard synthesis of alcohols. Phenols: Preparation i) from diazonium salt, ii) from aryl sulphonates, iii) from cumene. Physical properties- Hydrogen bonding (intermolecular and intramolecular). Effect of hydrogen bonding on boiling point and solubility in water. Chemical properties:
  - a. acidic nature of phenols.
  - b. formation of alkoxides/phenoxides and their reaction with RX.
  - c. replacement of OH by X using PCI<sub>s</sub>, PCI<sub>s</sub>, PBr<sub>s</sub>, SOCI<sub>s</sub> and wit HX/ZnCI<sub>s</sub>.
  - d. esterification by acids (mechanism).
  - e. dehydration of alcohols.
  - f. oxidation of alcohols by CrO<sub>3</sub>, KMnO<sub>4</sub>
  - g. special reaction of phenols. Bromination, Kolb-Schmidt reaction, Riemer-Tiemann reaction, Fries rearrangement, azocoupling. Identification of alcohols by oxidation with KMnO<sub>4</sub>, ceric ammonium nitrate, lucas reagent and phenols by reaction with FeCl<sub>3</sub>. Polyhydroxy compounds: Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement.
- 8. Carbonyl compounds: Nomenclature of aliphatic and aromatic carbonyl compounds, structure of the carbonyl group. Synthesis of aldehydes from acid chlorides, synthesis of aldehydes and ketones using 1,3-dithianes, synthesis of ketones from nitriles and from carboxylic acids. Physical properties: absence of hydrogen bonding, keto-enol tautomerism, reactivity of carbonyl group in aldehydes and ketones. Nucleophilic addition reaction with a) NaHSO<sub>3</sub>, b) HCN, c) RMgX, d) NH,OH, e)PhNHNH<sub>2</sub>, f) 2,4 DNPH, g) Alcohols-formation of hemiacetal and acetal. Halogenation using PCl<sub>2</sub> with mechanism. Base catalysed reactions: a) Aldol, b) Cannizzaro reaction, c) Perkin reaction, d) Benzoin condensation, e) Haloform reaction, f) Knoevenagel reaction. Oxidation of aldehydes-Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones. Reduction: Clemmensen reduction, Wolf-Kishner reduction, MPV reduction, reduction with LiAlH, and NaBH, Analysis of aldehydes and ketones with a) 2,4-DNT test, b) Tollen's test, c) Fehling text, d) Schiff test, e) Haloform test (with equation).
- 9. Carboxylic acids and derivatives: Nomenclature, classification and structure of carboxylic acids. Methods of preparation by a) hydrolysis of nitriles, amides and esters. b) carbonation of Grignard reagents. Special methods of preparation of aromatic acids by a) oxidation of side chain. b) hydrolysis by benzotrichlorides. c) Kolbe reaction. Physical properties: Hydrogen bonding, dimeric association, acidity- strength of acids with examples of trimethyl acetic acid and trichloroacetic acid. Relative differences in the acidities of aromatic and aliphatic acids. Chemical properties: Reactions involving H, OH and COOH groups- salt formation, anhydride formation, acid chloride formation, amide formation and esterification (mechanism). Degradation of carboxylic acids by Huns-Diecker reaction, decarboxylation by Schimdt reaction, Arndt-Eistert synthesis, halogenation by Hell-Volhard- Zelinsky reaction. Derivatives of carboxylic acids: Reaction of acid chlorides, acid anhydrides, acid amides, esters (mechanism of the hydrolysis of esters by acids and bases).
- 10. Active methylene compounds: Acetoacetic esters: preparation by Claisen condensation, keto-enol tautomerism. Acid hydrolysis and ketonic hydrolysis. Preparation of a) monocarboxylic acids. b) dicarboxylic acids. Reaction with urea Malonic ester: preparation from acetic acid. Synthetic applications: Preparation of
  - a) monocarboxylic acids (propionic acid and n-butyric acid).
  - b) dicarboxylic acids (succinic acid and adipic acid).
  - c) á, â-unsaturated carboxylic acids (crotonic acid). Reaction with urea.

#### 11. Exercises in interconversion

- Nitrogen compounds: Nitro hydrocarbons: Nomenclature and classification nitro hydrocarbons structure. Tautomerism of nitroalkanes leading to aci and keto form. Preparation of Nitroalkanes. Reactivity halogenation, reaction with HONO (Nitrous acid), Nef reaction and Mannich reaction leading to Michael addition and reduction. Amines (Aliphatic and Aromatic): Nomenclature, Classification into 1°, 2°, 3° Amines and Quarternary ammonium compounds. Preparative methods -1. Ammonolysis of alkyl halides 2. Gabriel synthesis 3. Hoffman's bromamide reaction (mechanism). 4. Reduction of Amides and Schmidt reaction. Physical properties and basic character Comparative basic strength of Ammonia, methyl amine, dimethyl amine, trimethyl amine and aniline comparative basic strength of aniline, N-methylaniline and N,N-dimethyl aniline (in aqueous and non-aqueous medium), steric effects and substituent effects. Use of amine salts as phase transfer catalysts. Chemical properties: a) Alkylation b) Acylation c) Carbylamine reaction d) Hinsberg separation e) Reaction with Nitrous acid of 1°, 2°, 3° (Aliphatic and aromatic amines). Electrophilic substitutions of Aromatic amines Bromination and Nitration. oxidation of aryl and 3° Amines. Diazotization Cyanides and isocyanides: Nomenclature (aliphatic and aromatic) structure. Preparation of cyanides from a) Alkyl halides b) from amides c) from aldoximes. Preparation of isocyanides from Alkyl halides and Amines. Properties of cyanides and isocyanides, a) hydrolysis b) addition of Grignard reagent iii) reduction iv) oxidation.
   Heterocyclic Compounds: Introduction and definition: Simple 5 membered ring compounds with one hetero
- 13. Heterocyclic Compounds: Introduction and definition: Simple 5 membered ring compounds with one hetero atom Ex. Furan. Thiophene and pyrrole. Importance of ring system presence in important natural products like hemoglobin and chlorophyll. Numbering the ring systems as per Greek letter and Numbers. Aromatic character 6- electron system (four-electrons from two double bonds and a pair of non-bonded electrons from the hetero atom). Tendency to undergo substitution reactions. Resonance structures: Indicating electron surplus carbons and electron deficient hetero atom. Explanation of feebly acidic character of pyrrole, electrophillic substitution at 2 or 5 position, Halogenation, Nitration and Sulphonation under mild conditions. Reactivity of furan as 1,3-diene, Diels Alder reactions (one example). Sulphonation of thiophene purification of Benzene obtained from coal tar). Preparation of furan, Pyrrole and thiophene from 1,4,- dicarbonyl compounds only, Paul-Knorr synthesis, structure of pyridine, Basicity Aromaticity Comparison with pyrrole one method of preparation and properties Reactivity towards Nucleophilic substitution reaction chichibabin reaction.
- 14. Carbohydrates : Monosaccharides: All discussion to be confined to (+) glucose as an example of aldo hexoses and (-) fructose as example of ketohexoses. Chemical properties and structureal elucidation: Evidences for straight chain pentahydroxy aldehyde structure (Acetylation, reduction to n-hexane, cyanohydrin formation, reduction of Tollen's and Fehling's reagents and oxidation to gluconic and saccharic acid). Number of optically active isomers possible for the structure, configuration of glucose based on D-glyceraldehyde as primary standard (no proof for configuration is required). Evidence for cyclic structure of glucose (some negative aldehydes tests and mutarotation). Cyclic structure of glucose. Decomposition of cyclic structure (Pyranose structure, anomeric Carbon and anomers). Proof for the ring size (methylation, hydrolysis and oxidation reactions). Different ways of writing pyranose structure (Haworth formula and chair conformationa formula). Structure of fructose: Evidence of 2 ketohexose structure (formation of penta acetate, formation of cyanohydrin its hydrolysis and reduction by HI to give 2-Carboxy-n-hexane). Same osazone formation from glucose and fructose, Hydrogen bonding in osazones, cyclic structure for fructose (Furanose structure and Haworth formula). Interconversion of Monosaccharides: Aldopentose to aldo hexose eg: Arabinose to D-Glucose, D-Mannose (Kiliani Fischer method). Epimers, Epimerisation Lobry de bruyn van Ekenstein rearrangement. Aldohexose to Aldopentose eg: D-glucose to D-arabinose by Ruff'f degradation. Aldohexose (+) (glucose) to ketohexose (-) (Fructose) and Ketohexose (fructose) to aldohexose (Glucose)
- 15. Amino acids and proteins : Introduction: Definition of Amino acids, classification of Amino acids into alpha, beta, and gama amino acids. Natural and essential amino acids definition and examples, classification of alpha amino acids into acidic, basic and neutral amino acids with examples. Methods of synthesis: General methods of synthesis of alpha amino acids (specific examples Glycine, Alanine, valine and leucene) by following methods: a) from halogenated carboxylic acid b) Malonic ester synthesis c) strecker's synthesis. Physical properties: Optical activity of naturally occurring amino acids: L-configuration, irrespective of sign rotation, Zwitterion structure salt like character solubility, melting points, amphoteric character, definition of isoelectric point. Chemical properties: General reactions due to amino and carboxyl groups lactams from gamma and delta amino acids by heating peptide bond (amide linkage). Structure and nomenclature of peptides and proteins.
- **16. Mass Spectrometry**: Basic principles Molecular ion / parent ion, fragment ions / daughter ions. Theory formation of parent ions. Representation of mass spectrum. Identification of parent ion, (M+1), (M+2), base peaks (relative abundance 100%) Determination of molecular formula Mass spectra of ethylbenzene, acetophenone, n-butyl amine and 1- proponal.

#### **PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY**

- 1. Gaseous state: Compression factors, deviation of real gases from ideal behavior. Van der Waal's equation of state. P-V Isotherms of real gases, Andrew's isotherms of carbon dioxide, continuity of state. Critical phenomena. The van der Waal's equation and the critical state. Relationship between critical constants and van der Waal's constants. The law of corresponding states and reduced equation of states. Joule Thomson effect. Liquefaction of gases: i) Linde's method and ii) Claude's method.
- 2. Liquid state: Intermolecular forces, structure of liquids (qualitative description). Structural differences between solids, liquids and gases. Liquid crystals, the mesomorphic state. Classification of liquid crystals into Smectic and Nematic. Differences between liquid crystal and solid/liquid. Application of liquid crystals as LCD devices.
- 3. Solid state: Symmetry in crystals. Law of constancy of interfacial angles. The law of rationality of indices. The law of symmetry. Definition of lattice point, space lattice, unit cell. Bravis lattices and crystal systems. X-ray diffraction and crystal structure. Bragg's law. Determination of crystal structure by Bragg's method and the powder method. Indexing of planes and structure of NaCl and KCl crystals. Defects in crystals. Stoichiometric and non-stoichiometric defects. Band theory of semoconductors. Extrinsic and intrinsic semiconductors, n-and p-type semiconductors and their applications in photo electrochemical cells.
- 4. Solutions: Liquid-liquid ideal solutions, Raoult's law. Ideally dilute solutions, Henry's law. Non-ideal solutions. Vapour pressure composition and vapour pressure-temperature curves. Azeotropes-HCl-H<sub>2</sub>O, ethanol-water systems and fractional distillation. Partially miscible liquids-phenol-water, trimethylamine-water, nicotine-water systems. Effect of impurity on consulate temperature. Immiscible liquids and steam distillation. Nernst distribution law. Calculation of the partition coefficient. Applications of distribution law.

- 5. Colloids and surface chemistry: Definition of colloids. Solids in liquids (sols), preparation, purification, properties -kinetic, optical, electrical. Stability of colloids, Hardy-Schulze law, protective colloid. Liquids in liquids (emulsions) preparation, properties, uses. Liquids in solids (gels) preparation, uses. Adsorption: Physical adsoption, chemisorption. Freundlich, Langmuir adsorption isotherms. Applications of adsorption
- 6. Phase rule: Concept of phase, components, degree of freedom. Derivation of Gibbs phase rule. Phase equilibrium of one component water system. Phase equilibrium of two-component system, solid-liquid equilibrium. Simple eutectic diagram of Pb-Ag system, desilverisation of lead. Solid solutions- compound with congruent melting point- (Mg-Zn) system, compound with incongruent melting point NaCl- water system. Freezing mixtures.
- 7. Dilute solutions: Colligative properties. Raoult's law, relative lowering of vapour pressure, its relation to molecular weight of non-volatile solute. Elevation of boiling point and depression of freezing point. Derivation of relation between molecular weight and elevation in boiling point and depression in freezing point. Experimental methods of determination. Osmosis, osmotic pressure, experimental determination. Theory of dilute solutions. Determination of molecular weight of non-volatile solute from osmotic pressure. Abnormal Colligative properties. Van't Hoff factor, degree of dissociation and association.
- 8. Electrochemistry: Specific conductance, equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance. Variation of equivalent conductance with dilution. Migration of ions, Kohlrausch's law. Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limitations. Ostwald's dilution law. Debye-Huckel-Onsagar's equation for strong electrolytes (elementary treatment only). Definition of transport number, determination by Hittorf's method. Application of conductivity measurements-determination of dissociation constant (K<sub>a</sub>) of an acid, determination of solubility product of sparingly soluble salt, conductometric titrations. Types of reversible electrodes- the gas electrode, metal-metal ion, metal-insoluble salt and redox electrodes. Electrode reactions, Nernst equation, single electrode potential, standard Hydrogen electrode, reference electrodes, standard electrode potential, sign convention, electrochemical series and its significance. Reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of electrochemical cells. EMF of a cell and its measurements. Computation of cell EMF. Applications of EMF measurements, Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (DG, DH and K). Determination of pH using quinhydrone electrode, Solubility product of AgCl. Potentiometric titrations.
- 9. Chemical kinetics: Rate of reaction, factors influencing the rate of a reaction-concentration, temperature, pressure, solvent, light, catalyst. Experimental methods to determine the rate of reaction. Definition of order and molecularity. Derivation of rate constants for first, second, third and zero order reactions and examples. Derivation for time half change. Methods to determine the order of reactions. Kinetics of complex reactions (first order only): opposing reactions, parallel reactions, consecutive reactions and chain reactions. Effect of temperature on rate of reaction, Arrhenius equation, concept of activation energy. Theories of reaction rates- collision theory-derivation of rate constant for bimolecular reaction. The transition state theory (elementary treatment).
- 10. Photochemistry: Difference between thermal and photochemical processes. Laws of photochemistry-Grothus-Draper's law and Stark-Einstein's law of photochemical equivalence. Quantum yield. Ferrioxalate actinometry. Photochemical hydrogen-chlorine, hydrogen-bromine reaction. Jablonski diagram depicting various processes occurring in the excited state, qualitative description of fluorescence, phosphorescence, non-radiative processes (internal conversion, intersystem crossing). Photosensitized reactions- energy transfer processes (simple example)
- 11. Thermodynamics : The first law of thermodynamics-statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy. Heat capacities and their relationship. Joule's law-Joule-Thomson coefficient. Calculation of w, q, dU and dH for the expansion of perfect gas under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible processes. State function. Temperature dependence of enthalpy of formation-Kirchoff's equation. Second law of thermodynamics. Different Statements of the law. Carnot cycle and its efficiency. Carnot theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature. Concept of entropy, entropy as a state function, entropy changes in cyclic, reversible, and irreversible processes and reversible phase change. Calculation of entropy changes with changes in V & T and P&T. Entropy of mixing inert perfect gases. Entropy changes in spontaneous and equilibrium processes. The Gibbs (G) and Hlmholtz (A) energies. A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontaneity-advantage over entropy change. Gibbs equations and the Maxwell relations. Variation of G with P, V and T.

#### **Chemistry and Industry**

#### 1. Separation techniques

- 1. Solvent extraction: Principle and process, Batch extraction, continuous extraction and counter current extraction. Application Determination of Iron (III)
- 2. Chromatography: Classification of chromatography methods, principles of differential migration adsorption phenomenon, Nature of adsorbents, solvent systems, Rf values, factors effecting Rf values.
  - a. Paper Chromatography: Principles, Rf values, experimental procedures, choice of paper and solvent systems, developments of chromatogram ascending, descending and radial. Two dimensional chromatography, applications.
  - b. Thin layer Chromatography (TLC): Advantages. Principles, factors effecting Rf values. Experimental procedures. Adsorbents and solvents. Preparation of plates. Development of the chromatogram. Detection of the spots. Applications.
  - c. Column Chromatography: Principles, experimental procedures, Stationary and mobile Phases, Separation technique. Applications
  - d. High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Principles and Applications.
  - e. Gas Liquid Chromatography (GLC): Principles and Applications
- Spectrophotometry: General features of absorption spectroscopy, Beer-Lambert's law and its limitations, transmittance, Absorbance, and molar absorptivity. Single and double beam spectrophotometers. Application of Beer-Lambert law for quantitative analysis of
  - 1. Chromium in K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub>
  - 2. Manganese in manganous sulphate Iron (III) with thiocyanate.

#### 3. Molecular sectorscopy

(i) Electronic spectroscopy: Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with molecules and types of molecular spectra. Potential energy curves for bonding and antibonding molecular orbitals. Energy levels of molecules (ó,ð, n). Selection rules for electronic spectra. Types of electronic transitions in molecules effect of conjugation. Concept of chromophore.

- (ii) Infra red spectroscopy: Energy levels of simple harmonic oscillator, molecular vibration spectrum, selection rules. Determination of force constant. Qualitative relation of force constant to bond energies. Anharmonic motion of real molecules and energy levels. Modes of vibrations in polyatomic molecules. Characteristic absorption bands of various functional groups. Finger print nature of infrared spectrum.
- (iii) Raman spectroscopy: Concept of polarizavility, selection rules, pure rotational and pure vibrational Raman spectra of diatomic molecules, selection rules.
- (iv) Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy (¹H-NMR) Principles of nuclear magnetic resonance, equivalent and non-equivalent protons, position of signals. Chemical shift, NMR splitting of signals spin-spin coupling, coupling constants. Applications of NMR with suitable examples ethyl bromide, ethanol, acetaldehyde, 1,1,2-tribromo ethane, ethyl acetate, toluene and acetophenone.
- (v) Spectral interpretation: Interpretation of IR, UV-Visible, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR and mass spectral data of the following compounds 1. Phenyl acetylene 2. Acetophenone 3.Cinnamic Acid 4. para-nitro aniline.

#### Drugs, formulations, pesticides and green chemistry

#### 1. Drugs

- 1. Introduction: Drug, disease (definition), Historical evolution, Sources Plant, Animal synthetic, Biotechnology and human gene therapy
- 2. Terminology: Pharmacy, Pharmacology, Pharmacophore, Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics (ADME, Receptors brief teartment) Metabolites and Anti metabolites.
- 3. Nomenclature: Chemical name, Generic name and trade names with examples
- 4. Classification: Classification based on structures and therapeutic activity with one example each.
- 5. Synthesis: Synthesis and therapeutic activity of the following drugs., L-Dopa, Chloroquin, Omeprazole, Albuterol and ciprofloxacin.
- 6. Drug Development: Pencillin, Separation and isolation, structures of different pencillins
- HIV-AIDS: Immunity CD-4 cells, CD-8 cells Retrovirus, replication in human body. Investigation available, prevention of AIDS. Drugs available examples with structures: PIS: Indinavir (Crixivan), Nelfinavir (Viracept), NNRTIS: Efavirenz (Susrtiva), Nevirapine (Viramune) NRTIs: Abacavir (Ziagen), Lamivudine (Epivir, 3TC) Zidovudine (Retravir, AZT, ZDV)
- 8. Monographs of drugs: Eg Paracetamol, Sulpha methoxazole (Tablets)

#### 2. Formulations

- 1. Need of conversion of drugs into medicine. Additives and their role (brief account only)
- 2. Different types of formulations

#### 3. Pesticides

- Introduction to pesticides types Insecticides, Fungicides, Herbicides, Weedicides, Rodenticides plant growth regulators, Pheremones and Hormones. Brief discussion with examples, Structure and uses.
- 2. Synthesis and presnt status of the following.

DDT, BHC, Malathion, Parathion, Endrin, Baygon, 2,4-D and Endo-sulphon

#### 4. Green Chemistry

Introduction: Definition of green Chemistry, need of green chemistry, basic principles of green chemistry Green synthesis: Evalution of the type of the reaction i) Rearrangements (100% atom economic), ii) Addition reaction (100% atom economic), Pericyclic reactions (no by-product).

Selection of solvent:

- i) Aqueous phase reactions ii) Reactions in ionic liquids iii) Solid supported synthesis iv) Solvent free reactions (solid phase reactions)
- ii) Green catalysts: i) Phase transfer catalysts (PTC) ii) Biocatalysts

#### Microwave and Ultrasound assisted green synthesis:

- 1. Aldol condensation
- 2. Cannizzaro reaction
- 3. Diels-Alder reactions
- 4. Strecker synthesis
- 5. Willaimson synthesis
- 6. Dieckmann condensation

#### Macromolecules, materials Science and catalysis

- 1. **Macromolecules**: Classification of polymers, chemistry of polymerization, chain polymerization, step polymerization, coordination polymerization tacticity. Molecular weight of polymers-number average and weight average molecular weight, degree of polymerization, determination of molecular weight of polymers by viscometry, Osmometry and light scattering methods. Kinetics of free radical polymerization, derivation of rate law. Preparation and industrial application of polyethylene, PVC, Teflon, polyacrylonitrile, terelene and Nylon66. Introduction to biodegradability.
- 2. Materials science: Superconductivity, characteristics of superconductors, Meissner effect, types of superconductors and applications. Nanomaterials- synthetic techniques, bottom-up-sol-gel method, top-down- electro deposition method. Properties and applications of nano-materials. Composites-definition, general characteristics, particle reinforce and fiber reinforce composites and their applications.
- 3. Catalysis Homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis, comparision with examples. Kinetics of specific acid catalyzed reactions, inversion of cane sugar. Kinetics of specific base catalyzed reactions, base catalyzed conversion of acetone to diacetone alcohol. Acid and base catalyzed reactions-hydrolysis of esters, mutarotation of glucose. Catalytic activity at surfaces. Mechanisms of heterogeneous catalysis. Langmuir-Hinshelwood mechanism. Enzyme catalysis: Classification, characteristics of enzyme catalysis. Kinetics of enzyme catalyzed reactions-Michaelis Menton law, significance of Michaelis constant (K\_n) and maximum velocity (V\_na). Factors affecting enzyme catalysis- effect of temperature, pH, concentration and inhibitor. Catalytic efficiency. Mechanism of oxidation of ethanol by alcohol dehydrogenase.

#### **GENERAL CHEMISTRY**

- 1. Atomic Structure and elementary quantum mechanics: Blackbody radiation, Planck's radiation law, photoelectric effect, Compton effect, de Broglie's hypothesis, Heisenberg's uncertainty principle. Postulates of quantum mechanics. Schrodinger wave equation and a particle in a box, energy levels, wave functions and probability densities. Schrodinger wave equation for H-atom. Separation of variables, Radial and angular functions, hydrogen like wave functions, quantum numbers and their importance.
- Chemical Bonding: Valence bond theory, hybridization, VB theory as applied to CIF<sub>3</sub>, BrF<sub>5</sub>, Ni(CO)<sub>4</sub>, XeF<sub>2</sub>. Dipole moment orientation of dipoles in an electric field, dipole moment, induced dipole moment, dipole moment and structure of molecules. Molecular orbital theory LCAO method, construction of M.O. diagrams for homonuclear and hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules (N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, HCI, CO and NO). Comparision of VB and MO theories.
   Stereochemistry of carbon compounds: Molecular representations- Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-Horse formulae. Stereoisomerism, Stereoisomers: enantiomers, diastereomers- definition and evamples. Conformational and configurational isomerism, definition. Conformational isomerism of ethane.
- 3. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds: Molecular representations- Wedge, Fischer, Newman and Saw-Horse formulae. Stereoisomerism, Stereoisomers: enantiomers, diastereomers- definition and examples. Conformational and configurational isomerism- definition. Conformational isomerism of ethane and n-butane. Enantiomers: Optical activity- wave nature of light, plane polarised light, interaction with molecules, optical rotation and specific rotation. Chiral molecules- definition and criteria- absence of plane, center, and Sn axis of symmetry- asymmetric and disymmetric molecules. Examples of asymmetric molecules (Glyceraldehyde, Lactic acid, Alanine) and disymmetric molecules (trans -1,2-dichloro cyclopropane). Chiral centers: definition- molecules with similar chiral carbon (Tartaric acid), definition of mesomers- molecules with dissimilar chiral carbons (2,3-dibromopentane). Number of enantiomers and mesomers- calculation. D,L and R,S configuration for asymmetric and disymmetric molecules. Cahn-Ingold-Prelog rules. Racemic mixture- racemisation and resolution techniques. Diastereomers: definition- geometrical isomerism with reference to alkenes- cis, trans and E,Z- configuration.
- **4. General Principles of Inorganic qualitative analysis**: Solubility product, common ion effect, characteristic reactions of anions, elimination of interfering anions, separation of cations into groups, group reagents, testing of cations.
- 5. Molecular symmetry: Concept of symmetry in chemistry-symmetry operations, symmetry elements. Rotational axis of symmetry and types of rotational axes. Planes of symmetry and types of planes. Improper rotational axis of symmetry. Inversion centre. Identity element. The symmetry operations of a molecule form a group. Flow chart for the identification of molecular point group.

#### 6. Theory of quantitative analysis

- a) Principles of volumetric analysis. Theories of acid-base, redox, complexometric, iodometric and precipitation titrations, choice of indicators for these titrations.
- b) Principles of gravimetric analysis: precipitation, coagulation, peptization, coprecipitation, post precipitation, digestion, filtration and washing of precipitate, drying and ignition, precipitation from homogenous solutions, requirements of gravimetric analysis.
- 7. Evaluation of analytical data. : Theory of errors, idea of significant figures and its importance, accuracy methods of expressing accuracy, error analysis and minimization of errors, precision methods of expressing precision, standard deviation and confidence limit.

#### 8. Introductory treatment to:

- a) Pericyclic Reactions Concerted reactions, Molecular orbitals, Symmetry properties HOMO, LUMO, Thermal and photochemical pericyclic reactions. Types of pericyclic reactions – electrocyclic, cycloaddition and sigmatropic reactions – one example each.
- b) Synthetic strategies Terminology Disconnection (dix), Symbol (), synthon, synthetic equivalent (SE), Functional group interconversion (FGI), Linear, Convergent and Combinatorial syntheses, Target molecule (TM). Retrosynthesis of the following molecules
- 1) acetophenone 2) cyclohexene 3) phenylethylbromide
- c) Asymmetric (Chiral) synthesis Definitions-Asymmetric synthesis, enantiomeric excess, diastereomeric excess, stereospecific reaction, definition, example, dehalogenation of 1,2-dibromides by I: stereoselective reaction, definition, example, acid catalysed dehydration of 1-phenylproponol.

### 105 - Geology

Max. Marks: 100

#### Palaeontology, Indian Geology and Economic Geology

Palaeontology: Definition of palaeontology, conditions of fossilization, modes of preservation and uses of fossils. Phylum Echinodermata and Phylum Brachiopod, Phylum Mollusca and Phylum Arthropoda, Phylum Hemichordata, Phylum Coelenterata. Study of the following fossils with respect to their classification, morphology and geological distribution. Cidaris, Micraster, Holaster, Hemiaster, Terebratula, Spinifer, Rhynchonella, Productus, Turritella, Murex, Cypraea, Natica, Voluta, Pecten, Gryphaea, Arca, Cardita, Exogyra, Nautilus, Ammonoids, Belemnites, Calymene, Paradoxide, Corals and Graptolites. Plant fossils: Glossopteris, Gangam Operas, Ptylophyllum. Indian Geology: Definition of stratigraphy, principles of stratigraphy, lithostratigraphy, standard geological timescale. Physiographic divisions of India with their stratigraphic and structural characteristics. Dharwar System, Cuddapah System, Vindhyan System, Kurnool System and Gondwana System. Triassic of Spiti, Jurssic of Kutch, Cretaceous of Tiruchirapalli, Deccan Traps and their Age, Siwaliks with vertebrate fossils. Geology of Andhra Pradesh. Stratigraphic contacts – boundaries between Archaean and Proterozoic; and Cretaceous and Tertiary.

Economic Geology: Definition of Economic Geology, Global tectonics and metallogeny – mineral resources and mineral deposits, Importance of economic minerals and rocks, ore minerals, gangue minerals (gangue). Ore, industrial minerals, tenor and grade; Syngenetic deposits, epigenetic deposits. Classification of mineral deposits – Bateman's classification modified by Jenson. Processes of formation of mineral deposits; endogenetic and exogenetic processes. Study of ore deposits of gold, copper, lead, zinc, aluminium, iron, manganese, chromium, uranium and thorium with respect to their mineralogy, uses, mode of occurrence, origin and distribution in India. Distribution of industrial minerals in India for the following industries: abrasives, cement, ceramics, glass, fertilizers and chemicals, and insulators. Fossils fuels: Coal, it's origin and types of coal – Coal deposits of India. Oil and Natural Gas: Origin, migration and entrapment and distribution in India, Use of micropaleontology in oil exploration, Gemstones and Dimensional Stones. Atomic minerals: Uraninite, pitchblende, coffenite; Beach sands: monazite, ilmenite, rutile, zircon and their uses. Mineral resources of Andhra Pradesh.

#### Petrology and Structural Geology

Nature and scope of Petrology — Definition of rock, classification of rocks into igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic. Distinguishing features of the three types of rocks. Igneous rocks: Classification into plutonic, hypabyssal and volcanic rocks; Forms — Lava flows, intrusions, sills, laccolith, lopolith, dykes, ring dykes, cone sheets, volcanic necks, phacoliths and batholiths. Structures: vescicular, amygdaloidal, block lava, ropy lava, pillow lava, flow, jointing and sheet structures. Platy, columnar and prismatic structures. Textures — Definition of texture, micro-structure, devitrification. Allotriomorphic, hypidiomorphic, panidiomorphic, porphyritic, polikilitic, orbicular, spherulitic, perlitic. Classification of igneous rocks — CIPW and Tyrrell tabular classification. Descriptive study of the following rocks types: granite, granodiorite, syenite, nepheline syenite, diorite, pegmatite, gabbro, anorthosite, peridotite, pyroxenite, dunite, dolerite, rhyolite, obsidian, trachyte, andesite and basalt. Composition and constitution of magma — Crystallization of magma, unicomponent and binary systems, eutectic and solid solutions. Origin of igneous rocks — Bowen's reaction principle, differentiation and assimilation. Sedimentary rocks: Sources of sediments — mechanical and chemical weathering, modes of transportation, stratification. Sedimentary structures: types of bedding, surface marks, deformed bedding and solution structures. Classification of sedimentary rocks: Clastic — rudaceous, arenaceous, and argillaceous; Non-Clastic — calcareous, carbonaceous, ferruginous, phosphatic, and evaporates. Descriptive study of the following sedimentary rocks — conglomerate, breccia, sandstone, grit, arkose, greywacke, shale, limestone, and shelly limestone. Metamorphic mocks: Definition of metamorphism, grades and zones of metamorphism. Metamorphic minerals — stress and antistress minerals — Structures of metamorphism, grades and zones of metamorphism. Of argillaceous, arenaceous and calcareous rocks. Dynamothermal meta

**Structural Geology**: Definition of structural geology, aim and objectives of structural geology; Importance of study of structures, primary and secondary structures; Outcrops, attitude of beds; Strike, dip and apparent dip, and Use of clinometer. Primary structures. Folds – description, nomenclature and recognition in the field. Joints – geometrical and genetic classification. Faults – geometrical and genetic classification and recognition in the field. Effects of faults on the outcrops. Unconformities – definition, types, and recognition in the field. Distinguishing the faults from unconformities. Definitions of overlap, offlap, outlier, cleavage, schistosity, foliation and lineation.

#### Physical Geology, Crystallography and Mineralogy

Physical Geology: General aspects, definition of geology – Basic assumptions of Geology – Its relationship with other sciences – Branches of geology – Aim and applications of Geology. Earth as a planet – It's shape, size, density – movements and their effects. Origin and age of the earth. Geological processes – exogenic and endogenic. Definition of weathering – types of weathering of rocks – physical and chemical. Definition of erosion and deposition, cycle of erosion, transportation and deposition, agents of erosion. Rivers: erosion, transportation and deposition of river (fluvial) cycle in different stages – Development of typical landforms by river erosion and deposition. V-shaped valley, waterfall, alluvial fan, meander, ox-bow lake, flood plane, natural plane, peneplain and delta. Types of rivers. Glaciers: Definition of a glacier – types – development of typical landforms by glacial erosion and deposition – cirque, U-shaped valley – changing valley; Rocks – monadrocks, morains, drum-line, kama, eskors and varves, characteristic features of glaciated regions. Groundwater: starage of ground water – porosity, permeability, acquifer, water table – zone of saturation, artesian well, spring, geysers – development of typical landforms by erosion and deposition by groundwater (Karst topography), sinkhole, cavern, stalactites and stalagmites. Seas: Offshore profile – landforms of sea – marine deposits and coral reefs. Lacustrine deposits, atmospheric circulation, weather and climatic changes, land-air-sea interaction. Earth's heat budget and global climatic changes. Wind: Development of characteristic features by winds (arid cycle), erosion and deposition – pedestal rock – mushroom topography – Incelberg – Ventifacts – locus and sand dunes. Earth movements: definition of diastrophism, epirogenic and orogenic movements – mountains, geosyncline. Basic concepts of isostasy, continental drift and plate tectonics. Earthquakes: causes, kinds of earthquake waves, earthquake zones, interior of the earth. Volcanoes: origin

Crystallography: Definition of crystal – amorphous and crystalline states – morphology of crystals – face, edge, solid angle and interfacial angle. Forms: simple, combination, closed and open forms. Symmetry: Plane, axis, centre, crystallographic axes, parameters, indices, crystallographic notation – Parameter system of Weiss, Index system of Miller. Classification of Crystals into '7' systems. Morphological study of the following classes of symmetry: a) Cubic system – Normal (Galena) type, b) Tetragonal system – Zircon type, c) Hexagonal system — Beryl type, d) Trigonal system – Calcite type, e) Orthorhombic system — Barytes type, f) Monoclinic system — Gypsum type, and g) Triclinic system – Axinite type. Twinning in crystals – definition of twin, twin plane, twin axis and composition plane.

Mineralogy: Definition of a mineral — Classification of minerals into rock forming and ore forming minerals. Physical properties of minerals — colour, streak, play of colours, opalescence, asterism, transparency, luster, luminescence, fluorescence, form, hardness, tenacity, cleavage, parting, fracture, specific gravity, magnetic properties, electrical properties, pyro- and piezo-electricity. Modes of mineral formation: Occurrence and association of minerals. Chemical properties of minerals — isomorphism — solid solution — polymorphism — allotropy, pseudomorphism, radioactivity, silicate structure. Descriptive Mineralogy: Study of physical and chemical properties and mode of occurrence of the following mineral groups: Nesosilicate — Olivine, garnet and aluminium silicates; Sorosilicate — epidote; Cyclosilicate — beryl; Inosilicate — pyroxene and amphibole; Phyllosilicate — mica, hydrous magnesium silicate; Tektosilicate — feldspars, feldspathoids and quartz; Miscellaneous — staurolite, tourmaline, zircon, calcite, corundum and apatite. Optical Mineralogy: Optical properties of minerals — lisotropic and Anisotropic — Polarized light, refractive index — Double refraction, Uniaxial and Biaxial minerals — Nicol Prism and it's

Max. Marks: 100

#### 201. Humanities & Social Sciences

Reasoning: Analogy Test – Alphabet Series – Test of Direction Sense – Coding – Decoding test – Number series – Puzzle – Problem on Age Calculation – Blood Relations – Calendar – Decision Making – Number Series – Matrix – Mathematical Reasoning – Statement and Assumption – Statement and Arguments – Dice – Clock – Inserting the Mission Character – Clerical Aptitude – Word formation – Venn Diagram.

**Numerical Ability**: General aptitude with emphasis on logical reasoning, graphical analysis, analytical ability, quantitative comparisons, series formation, puzzles, etc. Time and distance - Time and work General arithmetic aptitude - Ratios, Percentage Increase/Decrease - - Numerical Logic - Arithmetic Test - Numerical Reasoning - Data Interpretation - Numerical Estimation.

**General English:** Active/Passive Voice; Parts of Speech; Time, Tense and Aspect; Phrasal Verbs; Auxiliary verbs; Use of Shall, will, For, Since; Idioms and Phrases; Common Errors; Preposition; Synonyms and Antonyms; Precis Writing and Comprehension

Current Affairs: Current events of national and international importance. - History of India and Indian National Movement. - Indian and World Geography - Physical, Social, Economic Geography of India and the World. - Indian Polity and Governance - Constitution, Political System, Panchayati Raj, Public Policy. - Economic and Social Development Sustainable Development, Poverty, Inclusion, Demographics, Social Sector initiatives, etc. General issues on Environmental Ecology, Bio-diversity and Climate Change - that do not require subject specialization. General Science.

#### 202. English

Max. Marks: 100

- 1. Literary terms, Genres, Literary Movements and Trends, Critical concepts.
- 2. Verb, verb patterns and structures, phrasal verbs concord, Active and Passive Voice, Prepositions, Question tags, Articles, synonyms and antonyms, one word substitutes, Note taking, confusables.
- 3. Comprehension unknown poem and passage, Letter writing, Idioms, and phrases.

#### 203. Telugu

Max. Marks: 100

- తెలుగు భాషా చరిత్ర వ్యాకరణం : 1. ద్రావిడ భాషలు వ్యవహర్త ప్రాంతాలు. 2. ఆంధ్రం తెలుగు తెలుగు ఫట్టుపూర్వోత్తరాలు వాని వ్యాప్తి. 3. ప్రైన్నయ యుగ భాషా స్వరూపం. 4. ధ్వనుల మార్పులు : వర్ణ సమీకరణం, వర్ణ విభేదం, వర్ణ వ్యత్యయం, వర్ణ సామ్యాం, తాలవ్యీంకరణం, శ్వానత నాదత. 5. అర్ధవిపరిణామం : అర్ధ సంకోచం, అర్ధవ్యాకోచం, నభ్యోక్తి, మృదూక్తి, అర్ధగ్రామ్యత, లక్ష్యార్ధాలు. 6. అన్యదేశ్యాలు 7. ఆదాన ప్రదానాలు. 8. మాందలిక భేదాలు పరిచయం, వ్యాకరణం, తెలుగు సాహిత్య చరిత్ర, సాహిత్య విమర్శ : 1. కావ్య ప్రకరణం. 2. రస ప్రకరణం 3. రూపక ప్రకరణం 4. ఆధునిక ప్రక్రియులు 5. సాహిత్య విమర్శ ప్రయోజనం.
- గర్య భాగం : 1. గాలివాన పాలగుమ్మి పద్మరాజు, 2. ఆకల్ ఆచార్య కొలకలూరి ఇనాక్, 3. నమ్ముకున్న నేల ఆచార్య కేతు విశ్వనాధరెడ్డి. 4. జైలు పొట్లపల్లి రామారావు, 5. తెలుగు భాషా – ఆచార్య గుజ్జర్లమూడి కృసాచారి, 6. వ్యక్తిత్వ వికాసం – ఆచార్య రాచపాళెం చంద్రదేఖర రెడ్డి, 7. మాధ్యమాలకు రాయడం – ఆచార్య ఎస్.జె.డి. చంద్రదేఖర్, 8. అభివ్యక్తి నైపుణ్యాలు – డా॥ పి.వి. సుబ్బారావు వ్యాకరణం : సంధులు, సమాసాలు, అలంకారాలు, చందస్సు.
- ్రామీన పద్య భాగం : N గంగా శంతసుల కథ నన్నయ, 2. మూషిక మార్జాల వృత్తాంతం తిక్కన, 3. హంసీ చక్రవాక సంవాదం అల్లసాని పెద్దన, 4. ఎఱుకత – తరిగొండ వెంగమాంబ, 5. వామనావతారము – పోతన, 6. శాలివాహన విజయము – కొఱవి గోపరాజు, 7. గ్రీష్మర్తువు – రాఘునాథనాయకుడు, ఆధునిక కవిత్వం : 1. మా కొద్దీ తెల్ల దొరతనము – గరిమెళ్ళ సత్యనారాయణ, 2. మహాప్రస్థానం – శ్రీ శ్రీ..3. ముసాఫరులు – గుర్రం జాఘన, 4. మేఘదూతము – పుట్టపర్తి నారాయణాచార్యులు, 8. మనిషి – అందెశ్రీ 9. రాయలసీమ – గంజికేంద్రము – బెళ్ళూరి శ్రీనివాసమూర్తి, 10. వంటిల్లు – విమల

### MODEL QUESTION PAPER

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

1. For all Tests, the candidate has to answer 100 multiple choice questions in 90 minutes. Each question contains four alternative answers (a, b, c, d). The candidate must mark the answer on OMR Sheet and should not answer any where on the Test booklet.

#### General Model Paper

Time: 90 Min Max. marks: 100

- 1. The Scattering cross section has dimension of
  - (a) Volume
- (b) Area

(a) Remains constant (b) Decreases (c) Increases

- (c) Density
- (d) Length
- 2. In an irreversible process, the entropy of a system
  - in an ineversible process, the entropy of a system
- (d) Becomes infinite

- 3. Table 'A' of Companies Act gives
  - (a) A model minute book

- (b) A model form of balance sheet
- (c) A model memorandum of association
- (d) A model articles of association

## APPENDIX - III(A)

# COURSEWISE STUDENT INTAKE IN SCIENCE COURSES OFFERED IN A.U. COLLEGE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING

T Code	C Codo	Name of the Course	Donartmont		No.c	f Sea	ts
┝	C_Code	Name of the Course	Department	R	SF	AIB	Total
101	10101	M.Sc. Biochemistry	Biochemistry	16	14		30
	10102	M.Sc. Biotechnology	Biotechnology		30		30
	10104	M.Sc. Agricultural Biotechnology	Dotony		20	4	24
	10105	M.Sc. Horticulture & Landscape	Botany				
		Mangement			24		24
	10106	M.Sc. Environmental Science	Environmental Sci	12	12		24
	10107	M.Sc. Foods, Nutrition & Dietetics	AU College of Science		40		40
	10108	M.Sc. Botany	& Technology Botany	46	16		62
	10109	M.Sc. Human Genetics	Human Genetics	16	14		30
	10110	M.Sc. Marine Biology and Fisheries	Tramair Genetios	12	4		16
	10111	M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture	MID	12	_		10
	10111	& Marine Biotech	M.L.R		12	5	17
	10112	M.Sc. Marine Biotehnology			16		16
	10113	M.Sc. Zoology	Zoology	42	12		54
	10114	M.Sc. Microbiology	Microbiology		36		36
	10115	M.Sc. Fishery Science	Zoology		36		36
102	10201	M.Sc. Physics	Physics	50	18		68
	10202	M.Sc. Space Physics	1 1193103	5		5(R)	10
	10203	M.Sc. Nuclear Physics	Nuclear Physics	28	6		34
	10204	M.Sc. (Tech) Geophysics	Geophysics	20	10		30
	10205	M.Sc. Marine Geophysics	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10	5		15
	10210	M.Sc. Electronics & Instrumentation	Systems Design		60		60
	10208	M.Sc. Meteorology	Meteorology & Phy-	16	5	5	26
	10209	M.Sc. Physical Oceanography	sical Oceanography	16	5	5	26
103	10301	M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	Applied Mathematics	28	12		40
	10302	M.A./M.Sc. Mathematics	Mathematics	30	50		80
	10303	M.Sc. Statistics	Statistics	28	12		40
	10304	M.Sc. Statistics with Computer Science	Cidiotios		20		20
	10306	M.Sc. Computer Science	Compu. Sci. (Engg)		30		30
104	10401	M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry		12	6		18
	10402	M.Sc. Bio-inorganic Chemistry	Inorganic & Analytical Chemistry	10			10
	10403	M.Sc. Environmental Chemistry	Chemistry	10			10
	10404	M.Sc. Inorganic Chemistry		12			12
	10405	M.Sc. Chemistry and Analysis of Foods, Drugs & Water	Organic Chemistry,	12			12
	10406	M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	F.D & Water	12	6		18

T 0. 1.	0.0.1	Name of the October	Damantonant	No.of Seats				
I_Code	C_Code	Name of the Course	Department	R	SF	AIB	Total	
104	10407	M.Sc. Marine Chemistry		6			6	
	10409	M.Sc. Nuclear Chemistry	P.N.C.O	8			8	
	10411	M.Sc. Physical Chemistry		14	6		20	
	10412	M.Sc. Applied Chemistry	Engineering Chemistry	10	20		30	
105	10501	M.Sc. Geology	Geology	20	5	5	30	
	10502	M.Sc.(Tech) Applied Geology	plied Geology Geology 20 5 5				30	
151	15101	M.Sc. Geography B.Sc Stream	Geography	12 4			16	
	15102	M.Sc. Geography BA Stream		12	4		16	
152	15201	M.Tech. Atmospheric Science	Meteorology & Phy-	5	5	5	15	
153	15301	M.Tech. Oceanic Sciences	sical Oceanography	5	5	5	15	
M.Tec	h. Petrol	eum Exploration & Production						
154	15401(a)	Geo Science Stream	Delta Studies		19		19	
	(b)	Engineering Stream	Delta Studies		19		19	
		M.A/M.Sc 5-YEAR INTEGRAT	EDPGPROGRAMMES					
T Code	C_Code	Name of the Course	Department		No.o	f Sea	ts	
	C_Code	Name of the Course	Department	R	SF	AIB	Total	
551	55101	M.Sc. 5-Year Integrated course in Geology (B.Sc + M.Sc)	Geology		20	4	24	
552							30	
		TOTAL		555	643	48	1246	

Note: R - Regular, SF - Self-Finance, AIB - All India Basis.

### APPENDIX-III(B)

# COURSEWISE STUDENT INTAKE IN ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN A.U. COLLEGE OF ARTS AND COMMERCE, LAW & P.G. CENTRES

	C Code	Name of the Course	Department	No.of Seats			
	0_00dc	Nume of the oodise	Dopartment	R	SF	Total	
201	20101	M.Com	Commerce & Mgt.Std	60		60	
	20102	M.Com	(AU-PGC-TPG)		30	30	
	20104	M.Com	(AU-PGC-VZM)		60	60	
	20105	M.A. Applied Economics	Economics	30	10	40	
	20106	M.A. Economics	Economics	50	10	60	
	20108	M.A. Economics	(AU - PGC - KKD)		40	40	
	20109	M.A. Economics	(AU - PGC - TPG)		30	30	
	20110 M.A. Ancient Histroy & Archaeology		History	10	10	20	
	20111	M.A. History	History	30	20	50	
	20112	M.A. Human Resouce Management	M.H.R.M.	30	30	60	
	20113	M.A. Human Resouce Management	(AU - PGC - KKD)	30	20	50	
	20114	M.A. Journalism & Mass Communication	M.J.M.C.	15	15	30	
	20115	M.S. Mass Communication &					
		Media Studies			30	30	
	20116	M.A. Human rights & Duties	H.R.D.(Law college)	20	20	40	
	20117	M.A. Library & Information Sciences	M.L.I.Sc.	30	10	40	
	20119	M.A. Philosophy	Philosophy	30		30	
	20120	M.A./M.Sc. Anthropology	Anthropology	24		24	
	20121	M.A. Sociology	Sociology	15	15	30	
	20122	M.A. Psychology	Psychology	12	12	24	

### APPENDIX-III(B)

# COURSEWISE STUDENT INTAKE IN ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN A.U. COLLEGE OF ARTS AND COMMERCE, LAW & P.G. CENTRES

T Code	C Code	Name of the Course	Department	No.of Seats			
	0_00dc	Nume of the Gourge	Dopartment	R	SF	Total	
	20123	M.A. Political Science	Politics & Public Admn	30	30	60	
	20124	M.A. Political Science	(AU - PGC - KKD)	25	15	40	
	20125	M.A. Political Science	(AU - PGC - VZM)		40	40	
	20126	M.A. Public Administration	Politics & Public Admn	30	30	60	
	20127	M.A. Public Administration	(AU - PGC - KKD)	25	15	40	
	20128	M.Ed. (NCTE Recognised)	Education	50	-	50	
		M.Ed. I.A.S.E (NCTE Recognised)	IASE	50	-	50	
	20129	M.Ed. (NCTE Recognised)	(AU - PGC - VZM)	50	-	50	
	20130	M.Ed. (Under consideration by NCTE)	(AU - PGC - TPG)		50	50	
	20132	M.A. Social Work	Social Work	35	15	50	
	20133	M.A. Social Work	(AU - PGC - TPG)		30	30	
	20136	M.P.Ed	M.P.Ed		60	60	
	20137	M.A. Adult & Continuing Edu-AU	Education		30	30	
	20138	M.A. Yoga & Consciousness	Yoga & Consciousness	-	30	30	
202	20201	M.A. English	English	30	20	50	
1	20202	M.A. English	(AU - PGC - VZM)		40	40	
	20203	M.A. English	(AU - PG - KKD)	30	20	50	
] [	20204	M.A. English	(AU - PGC - TPG)		40	40	
203	20301	M.A. Telugu	Telugu	40	20	60	

### APPENDIX-III(B)

T Code	C Code	Name of the Course	Department	N	lo.of S	eats
1_0000	0_0000		_ oparamone	R	SF	Total
251	25101	M.A. Sanskrit	Sanskrit	16	4	20
252	25201	M.A. Women Studies	Women Studies	20		20
253	25301	PGDCRS	Economics	20		20
254	25401	M.A. Hindi	Hindi	40	10	50
255	25501	B.F.A.	Fine Arts	20	10	30
256	25601	M.F.A. (Sculpture )			10	10
		M.F.A (Painting)			10	10
		M.F.A (Print Making)			10	10
257	25701	M.A. Dance	Dance		10	10
258	25801	M.A. Music	Music	5	5	10
259	25901	M.Ed Special Education (VI)	Education		12	12
		A.U.CAMPUS TOTAL		742	528	1270
		A.U.PGCENTRES TOTAL		160	430	590
		GRANDTOTAL		902	958	1860

(AU - PGC - VZM) = Andhra university Post Graduate Centre, Vizianagaram

(AU - PGC - KKD) = Andhra university Post Graduate Centre, Kakinada

(AU - PGC - TPG) = Andhra university Post Graduate Centre, Tadepalligudem

## APPENDIX-III (C)

	COU	RSE - WISE STUDENT I	NTAKE (SELF-	FINANCE	SEATS) IN	N SCIENCE	COURSE	S OFFEREI	O IN AFF	ILIATED	COLLE	GES	
			Test Code		101					102 103		104	
S.No.	C Code	Name of the College	Course Code	10101	10102	10107	10114	10113	10201	10302	10306	10401	10406
	<u></u>	Traine or and conlege	Test Name	Bioche -mistry	Biotech -nology	Botany	Micro biology	Zoology	Physics	Maths	Comp. Sci	Anal Chem	Org Chem
1	102	A.M.A.L. College, Anakap	alle	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
2	103	A.Q.J. College, Visakhapa	itnam	30	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	30	30
3	104	Aditya Degree College, Vis	sakhapatnam.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
4	105	B.V.K. College, Visakhapa	atnam.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
5	107	Chaitanya Degree College Women, Gajuwaka,Visakhapatnam		-	-	-	-	30	-	40	40	-	30
6	108	D.V.N. College, Anakapall	le,VSP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
7	110	Dr. L.B. College, Visakhapatnam		30	30		30	-	-	40	40	30	30
8	111	Dr.V.S.Krishna Govt. Colle	ege, VSP	-	30	30	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
9	112	G.V.P. College, Visakhapa	atnam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	30
10	113	Konatala Arts & Sci., Ana	kapalle.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
11	115	MSRS.Sidhardha Deg. Co	ollege, VSP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
12	116	M.V.R. College, Gajuwaka	a, VSP *	30	30	30	30	-	-	-	-	30	30
13	119	Poorna Sai Deg. College, Y	′ellamanchili.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
14	120	PRISM Degree College, Vi	sakhapatnam.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
15	121	Pydah College, Visakhapa	ıtnam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
16	122	Raghu Deg. College, Daka	amarri, VSP.	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	30
17	124	Samata Degree College, V	isakhapatnam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-
18	127	Sri Sai Srinivasa deg.Coll,	Paravada. VSP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
19	128	St. Joseph's Coll. For Wo	men,VSP	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	30

			Test Code			101			102	103		104	
S.No	C Code	Name of the College	Course Code	10101	10102	10107	10114	10113	10201	10302	10306	10401	10406
			Test Name	Bioche -mistry	Biotech -nology	Botany	Micro biology	Zoology	Physics	Maths	Comp. Sci	Anal Chem	Org Chem
20	129	T.S.R. & T.B.K. Degree Co	ollege,	-	-	30	30	30	-	-	-	30	30
21	130	Visakha Govt.Women's C	oll., VSP	-	-	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-
22	301	A.G.L. Degree College, Viz	zianagarm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
22	305	M.S.N. Deg & P.G. Coll,Tho	otapalem ,VZM.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
23	306	M.R. P.G. College, Viziana	agaram.	30	30	-	30	-	30	40	-	30	30
24	307	Maharshi Deg Coll, Gajapath	ninagaram, VZM.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
25	308	Pragathi Deg. College, Kotl	havalasa,VZM.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
26	309	Rajah R.S.R.K.R.R. Colleg	ge, Bobbili.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
27	310	Rangamudri Deg. College, C	hilakapalli, VZM.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
28	311	S.K. Degre College, Ayyan	napeta,VZM.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
29	312	Sree Chaitanya Deg. Colle	ege, Vzm	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
30	314	Sri Vivekananda Degree Colle	ge, S.Kota, VZM.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
31	316	Maharajah's College (A), V	izianagaram	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
32	317	Punyagiri Degree College,	S.Kota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	30
33	318	Vagdevi Degree College, Ko	othavalsa VZM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
34	319	Sri Sai Degree College, Sid	ddinagar, VZM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30
35	320	Satya Sai Degree College,	, VZM	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30

M.V.R. Degre College, Gajuwaka, VSP, offers = 10301 - M.Sc. Applied Mathamatics (40), 308- Pragathi Deg. College, Kothavalasa, VZM offers = 10301 - M.Sc. Applied Mathamatics (40). 121 Pydah College, Visakhapatnam offers = 10303 - M.Sc. Statistics (40), 128 - St. Joseph's College for women, Vsp offers = 10116- M.Sc. Home Science (40).

### APPENDIX-III(D)

	COURSE - WISE STUDENT INTAKE (SELF-FINANCE SEATS) IN ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN AFFILIATED COLLEGES												
			Test Code			2	201				202	203	
S.No	C Code	Name of the College	Course Code	20101	20106	20111	20112	20122	20128	20132	20201	20301	
	_	rame or the conego	Test Name	M.Com	Economics	History	M.H.R.M	Psychology	M.E.d	Social Work	English	Telugu	
1	101	A.G.L. College, Visakhapa	tnam	-	-	-	40	-	-	40	40	-	
2	102	A.M.A.L. College, Anakapa	alle (Aided)	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
3	104	Aditya Degree College, Vis	akhapatnam	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	
4	107	Chaitanya College for Wome	en, GWK, VSP	50	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	
5	110	Dr.L.B. College, Visakhapa	atnam	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	40	-	
6	112	G.V.P. College, Visakhapa	atnam	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	
7	118	A.V.N. Deg. College, Visal	chapatnam	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
8	121	Pydah College, Visakhapa	tnam	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
9	123	SVVPVMC Mahilavidyape	eth, Deg.	40	n, Deg.						40		
		Coll. (PG), VSP		40	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	
10	126	Sri Gowri Degree College,	VSP	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
11	128	St. Joseph's Coll. For Wor	men, VSP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	
12	130	Visakha Govt.Women's C	oll., VSP	-	-	-	-	40	-	40	40	-	
13	302	Gayatri Degree Coll, Parva	thipuram, VZM	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	
14	304	M.R. College of Education	, Viziangarm.	-	-	-	-	-	50	-	-	-	
15	305	M.S.N. Deg & P.G. Coll,Th	otapalem,VZM	-	-	-	40	-	-	40	-	-	
16	306	M.R. P.G. College, Viziana	agaram.	50	50	40	40	-	-	40	40	-	
17	307	Maharshi Deg & PG Coll, G	ajapathinagram	-	-	-	40	-	-	-	-	-	
18	308	Pragathi Deg. College, Kot	havalasa,Vzm.	-	-	-	40	-	-	40	-	-	
19	309	Rajah R.S.R.K.R.R. College	e, Bobbili, VZM.	-	-	-	-		-	_	40		
20	310	Rangamudri Deg. College, C	hilakapalli, Vzm.	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	
21	311	SK Degree College, Ayyar	napeta, VZM.	40	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
22	314	Sri Vivekananda Degree Colle	ge, S.Kota, Vzm.	-	-	-	40	-	-	40	-	-	
23	317	Punyagiri Degree College,	S.Kota	-	-	-	-	-	-	40	-	-	
24	318	Vagdevi Degree College, Ko	othavalsa VZM	-		-	40		-	-	-	-	

#### APPENDIX-III(F):

#### COURSE WISE STUDENT INTAKE IN COURSES OFFERED IN DR. B.R. AMBEDKAR UNIVERSITY. SRIKAKULAM, ETCHERLA & ITS AFFILIATED COLLEGES Course wise student intake 20107 20118 10207 10408 10503 20103 10103 10206 10303 10410 20131 20134 20135 20205 20302 S.No C Code Name of the College Org Social Work Rural **Tech** Bio-Phy Anal. Tech Comm-M.L Econo-M.Ed. Telugu Eng-Maths Develo Chem Geo tech. sics Chem. Geology erce mics .I.Sc # pment physic lish 1 32(R) 32(R) 32(R) 32(R) 32 (R) 24(R) 12(R) 32(R) Dr. B.R.A.U. 24(R) 12(R) 32(R) 32(R) 32(R) 8(SF) 3(SF) 8(SF) 8(SF) | 8(SF) 8(SF) 8 (SF) 6(SF) 3(SF) 6(SF) 8(SF) 8(SF) 8(SF) AFFILIATED COLLEGES 36(SF 201 Aditya Degree College, SKLM 1 6(M) 202 Chaitanya E.S. Degree College, 36(SF 36(SF Srikakulam 6(M) 6(M) Gayatri College, of Science & 3 204 36(SF 36(SF 36(SF 6(M) 6(M) 6(M) Management, Munasabpet, SKLM 4 205 Govt. Degree College, Tekkali, 30(SF) 30(SF) 36(SF) Srikakulam 30(SF 206 Govt. Degree College, Narasannapeta 30(SF) 30(SF) 40(SF) 207 Govt.DegreeCollegeforMEN.SKLM 40(SF) 30(SF) 30(SF) 208 Govt.degreeCollegeforWomen,SKLM 30(SF) 209 SaiSivaRohitDegreeCollege,SKLM 3(M) 30(SF 9 212 SUN Degree College, SKLM 40(SF) 213 Vamsadhara Deg Coll, Kotabommali 10 Prajana College of Sci & Arts, 11 214 40(SF) Kasibugga palasa

206-Govt. Degree College, Narasannapeta - M.A. Politics (30SF)

207-Govt. Degree College for MEN, SKLM - M.Sc. Botany (30SF)

 $208\text{-}Govt.degreeCollege for Women, SKLM-M.Sc.\ Zoology\ (30SF)$ 

#### **Notes:**

R= Regular seats; SF= Self-finance; M= Management seats. # Subjected to NCTE Recognition.

# FEE STRUCTURE FOR ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN AU CAMPUS AND AFFILIATED COLLEGES FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2016-2017

COURSE	R/SF	* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
M.Com.	R	1855.00	8000.00
M.Com. Affiliated College (Aided)	SF	1855.00	11900.00
M.Com. Affiliated College (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
M.A. Economics	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Applied Economics	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.0.0	9500.00
M.A. Economics. Affiliated College (Aided)	SF	1855.00	11900.00
M.A. Economics. Affiliated College (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
M.A. 5 - Year Integrated Course in Economics	SF	1855.00	10800.00
M.A. English	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. English, Affiliated College, (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
B.F.A.	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	19000.00
M.F.A (Print Making, Painting, Sculpture)	SF	6530.00	26600.00
M.A. Hindi	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. History	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Ancient History & Arch.	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. History, Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
M.H.R.M.	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	6530.00	26600.00
M.H.R.M., Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	SF	6530.00	26600.00
M.A. Human Rights & Duties	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	14500.00
M.J.M.C.	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	13000.00
M.L.I.Sc.	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	10900.00
M.Ed. Dept. of Education	R	1855.00	20000.00
M.Ed IASE	R	1855.00	20000.00
M.Ed. Affiliated College (Unaided)	SF	15000.00	35000.00
M.S. Mass Communication & Media Studies	SF	1855.00	13000.00
M.A. Philosophy	R	1855.00	8000.00
M.A. Political science	R	1855.00	8000.00
M.A. Public Administration	SF	1855.0.0 1855.00	9500.00 8000.00
IVI.A. FUUIIC AGIIIIIIISUUUUII	R SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Politics & Pub.Admn,Affi.Coll. (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
M.A. Psychology	R	1855.00	8000.00
,	SF	1855.00	19700.00

# FEE STRUCTURE FOR ARTS COURSES OFFERED IN AU CAMPUS AND AFFILIATED COLLEGES FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2016-2017

COURSE	R/SF	* Eligible ST / SC / BC-A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
M.A. Sanskrit	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Social Work	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	10900.00
M.A. Social Work, Affiliated Colleges (Aided)	SF	1855.00	11900.00
M.A. Social Work, Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
M.A./M.Sc. Anthropology	R	1855.00	8000.00
M.A. Sociology	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Telugu	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Telugu, Affiliated Colleges (Aided))	SF	1855.00	11900.00
M.A. Telugu, Affiliated Colleges (Unaided)	SF	1855.00	14000.00
M.P.Ed.	SF	15000.00	35000.00
M.A. Dance	SF	1855.00	9500.00
M.A. Music	R	1855.00	8000.00
	SF	1855.00	13000.00
M.A. Women Studies	R	1855.00	8000.00
PGDCRS	R	955.00	9000.00
M.Ed Special Education (VI)	SF	1855.00	20000.00
M.A. Yoga & Consciousness	SF	5000.00	25000.00
M.A. Adult Education	SF	1855.00	11900.00

#### R - Regular, SF - Self-Finance

- \*Note-1 SC, ST candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 2,00,000/-) and BC (A,B,C,D&E) and EBC candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 1,00,000/-) are eligible for sanction of tuition fee, special fee and examination fee put together to a maximum amount of Rs. 20,000/- by the respective SC / ST / BC Welfare Departments, Andhra Pradesh as per the existing rules. Candidates must pay the admission fee and caution deposit at the time of admission. The sanction of the above said fee is subject to approval by the respective State Departments. Candidates will have to pay the full fee in case the respective State Departments do not reimburse the above said amount.
- Note-2 Candidates have to pay study or tour / field work fee in the respective Departments where they are part of the curriculum.
- Note-3 However, if the candidate does not get the sanction of the course fee amount from the Department of Social Welfare, Andhra Pradesh, he/she has to pay the prescribed course fee. The candidate has to give an undertaking at the time of admission to this effect.
- Note-4 Eligibility for Reimbursement of Tuition Fee (RTF) for Convener Quota of seats: All Students admitted by the Convener as Notified by the Government under the Quota meant for the convener shall be eligible for the Post Matric Scholarships (PMS Scheme). However, the Students admitted under Management Quota of seats or through Spot Admissions (i.e) left over seats of the Convener quota filled by the Management subsequently in the Institutional Spot Admissions will not be eligible for the PMS Scheme. (Vide Go.Ms.No. 66 SW-Edn., Department dated: 08-09-2010)
- Note-5 The existing fee structure is subject to change as per the G.O. to be issued by the Govt. of A.P. Variations, if any, will be adjusted after the G.O is issued.
- Note-6 Special Fee Rs.1320/- which includes: Fresher's Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, College Day Celebration Rs.150/-, (Inter University fee (IUT) Rs.100/-, Library Fee Rs.200/-, Placement Fee Rs.100/-, Conselling Fee (employment bureau) Rs.50/-, Youth Festival Fee Rs.70/-, Medicine / Medical Inspection Fee Rs.100/-, Stationery Fee Rs.150/-, Audio-Visual Education Fee Rs.50/-, Poor Student aid fund Rs.100/-, Department association Fee Rs.100/-.

FEE STRUCTURE FOR SCIENCE COURSES OFFERED IN AU CAMPUS AND AFFILIATED COLLEGES FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2016-2017						
COURSE	R/SF	* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)			
M.Sc. Bio-chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	30600.00	50600.00			
M.Sc. Bio-technology	SF	30600.00	50600.00			
M.Sc. Environmental Sciences	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Botany	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	12800.00	32800.00			
M.Sc. Agricultural Bio-technology	SF	28000.00	48000.00			
M.Sc. Horticulture & Landscape Management	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Analytical Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	12800.00	32800.00			
M.Sc. Bio-inorganic Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
M.Sc. Environmental Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
M.Sc. Food, Drugs & Water Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
M.Sc. Inorganic Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
<u> </u>	SF	12800.00	32800.00			
M.Sc. Marine Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
M.Sc. Nuclear Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
M.Sc. Organic Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	12800.00	32800.00			
M.Sc. Physical Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	12800.00	32800.00			
M.C. Carlette		<u> </u>				
M.Sc. Statistics	R SF	2050.00 2050.00	10000.00 18500.00			
M.Sc. Statistics with Computer Science	SF	13500.00	33500.00			
M.Sc. Foods, Nutrition & Dietetics	SF	13500.00	33500.00			
M.Sc. Geography	R	2050.00	10000.00			
Wi.Sc. Geography	SF	2050.00	18400.00			
M.Sc. Geology	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	2050.00	12900.00			
M.Sc.(Tech) Applied Geology	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF/AIB	2050.00	12900.00			
M.Sc. 5-year Integrated course in Geology	SF	10000.00	30000.00			
M.Sc. Human Genetics	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	30600.00	50600.00			
M.Sc. Coastal Aquaculture & Marine Biotech.	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Marine Biology & Fisheries	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Marine Biotechnology	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Applied Mathematics	R	2050.00	10000.00			
N.G. N. d.	SF	2050.00	18500.00			
M.Sc. Mathematics	R	2050.00	10000.00			
M.C. Miarabiala ar	SF	2050.00	18500.00			
M.Sc. Microbiology M.Sc. Geophysics - M.Sc. (Tech.)	SF R	20600.00 2050.00	40600.00 10000.00			
wi.sc. deophysics - Wi.sc. (Tech.)	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Marine Geophysics	R	2050.00	10000.00			
Wilder Marine Geophysics	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Meteorology	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Sc. Physical Oceanography	R	2050.00	10000.00			
and a supplied to the supplied	SF	2800.00	22800.00			
M.Tech. Atmospheric Science	R	2050.00	10000.00			
1	SF/AIB	2050.00	17400.00			
M.Tech. Oceanic Sciences	R	2050.00	10000.00			
	SF/AIB	2050.00	18500.00			

COURSE	R/SF	* Eligible ST / SC / BC- A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
M.Sc. Nuclear Physics	R	2050.00	10000.00
	SF	12800.00	32800.00
M.Sc. Physics	R	2050.00	10000.00
	SF	12800.00	32800.00
M.Sc. Electronics & Instrumentation	SF	13430.00	33430.00
M.Sc. Space Physics	R	2050.00	10000.00
M.Sc. Zoology	R	2050.00	10000.00
	SF	12800.00	32800.00
M.Sc. Fisheries Science	SF	2800.00	22800.00
M.Tech. Petroleum Exploration	SF	63300.00	83300.00
M.Sc. Home Science	SF	12800.00	32800.00

#### R - Regular, SF - Self-Finance

- \* Note-1 SC, ST candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 2,00,000/-) and BC (A,B,C,D&E) and EBC candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 1,00,000/-) are eligible for sanction of tuition fee, special fee and examination fee put together to a maximum amount of Rs. 20,000/- by the respective SC / ST / BC welfare departments, Andhra Pradesh as per the existing rules. Candidates must pay the admission fee and caution deposit at the time of admission. The sanction of the above said fee is subject to approval by the respective state departments. Candidates will have to pay the full fee in case the respective state departments do not reimburse the above said amount.
- Note-2 Candidates have to pay study or tour / field work fee in the respective departments where they are part of the curriculum.

  Note-3 However, if the candidate does not get the sanction of the course fee amount from the Department of Social Welfare,
  Andhra Pradesh, he/she has to pay the prescribed course fee. The candidate has to give an undertaking at the time of
  admission to this effect.
- Note-4 Eligibility for Reimbursement of Tuition Fee (RTF) for Convener Quota of seats: All Students admitted by the Convener as Notified by the Government under the Quota meant for the convener shall be eligible for the Post Matric Scholarships (PMS Scheme). However, the Students admitted under Management Quota of seats or through Spot Admissions (i.e) left over seats of the Convener quota filled by the Management subsequently in the Institutional Spot Admissions will not be eligible for the PMS Scheme. (Vide Go.Ms.No. 66 SW-Edn., Department dated: 08-09-2010)
- Note-5 The existing fee structure is subject to change as per the G.O. to be issued by the Govt. of A.P. Variations, if any, will be adjusted after the G.O is issued.
- Note-6 Special Fee Rs.1320/- which includes: Fresher's Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, College Day Celebration Rs.150/-, (Inter University fee (IUT) Rs.100/-, Library Fee Rs.200/-, Placement Fee Rs.100/-, Counseling Fee (employment bureau) Rs.50/-, Youth Festival Fee Rs.70/-, Medicine / Medical Inspection Fee Rs.100/-, Stationery Fee Rs.150/-, Audio-Visual Education Fee Rs.50/-, Poor Student aid fund Rs.100/-, Department association Fee Rs.100/-.

#### FEE STRUCTURE FOR ENGINEERING COURSES OFFERED IN AU CAMPUS FOR THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2016-2017

COURSE		* Eligible ST / SC / BC-A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.)	Others (Rs)
M.Sc. Applied Chemistry	R	2050.00	10000.00
	SF	12800.00	32800.00
M.Sc. Computer Science	SF	12800.00	32800.00

#### R - Regular, SF - Self-Finance

- \* Note-1 SC, ST candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 2,00,000/-) and BC (A,B,C,D&E) and EBC candidates (whose parental or guardian income is upto Rs. 1,00,000/-) are eligible for sanction of tuition fee, special fee and examination fee put together to a maximum amount of Rs. 20,000/- by the respective SC / ST BC welfare departments, Andhra Pradesh as per the existing rules. Candidates must pay the admission fee and caution deposit at the time of admission. The sanction of the above said fee is subject to approval by the respective State Departments. Candidates will have to pay the full fee in case the respective State Departments do not reimburse the above said amount.
- Note-2 Candidates have to pay study or tour / field work fee in the respective Departments where they are part of the curriculum.
- Note-3 However, if the candidate does not get the sanction of the course fee amount from the Department of Social Welfare, Andhra Pradesh, he/she has to pay the prescribed course fee. The candidate has to give an undertaking at the time of admission to this effect.
- Note-4 Eligibility for Reimbursement of Tuition Fee (RTF) for Convener Quota of seats: All Students admitted by the Convener as Notified by the Government under the Quota meant for the convener shall be eligible for the Post Matric Scholarships (PMS Scheme). However, the Students admitted under Management Quota of seats or through Spot Admissions (i.e) left over seats of the Convener quota filled by the Management subsequently in the Institutional Spot Admissions will not be eligible for the PMS Scheme. (Vide Go.Ms.No. 66 SW-Edn., Department dated: 08-09-2010)
- Note-5 The existing fee structure is subject to change as per the G.O. to be issued by the Govt. of A.P. Variations, if any, will be adjusted after the G.O is issued.
- Note-6 Special Fee Rs.1760/- which includes: Games & Athletics Fee Rs.200/-, Reading Room Fee Rs.100/-, Library Fee Rs.200/-, Medicine Fee Rs.100/-, Medical Inspection Fee Rs.50/-, Stationery Fees Rs.150/-, Audio Visual Education Fee Rs.50/-, Poor Student Aid Fund Rs.100/-, Inter-University Sports Rs.80/-, Dramatic Association Fee Rs.50/-, University Union Fee Rs.80/-, College Magazine Fee Rs.60/-, Departmental Association Fee Rs.100/-, Student Social Service League Rs.40/-, Fresher's Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, College Day Celebrations Rs.150/-, NCC Rs.50/-, NSS Rs.50/-.
- Note-7 Candidates seeking admission into 6year integrated (B.Tech.+M.Tech.) Dual Degree, and Twinning Programmes in A.U. Engineering College under payment category are not eligible for Reimbursement / Scholarship. In addition to the above the candidate has to pay Rs. 6000/- towards autonomous fee and Rs. 3000/- as accreditation fee.

#### Dr. B.R.Ambedkar University & Affiliated Colleges Fee Structure of Science and Arts Courses for the Academic Year - 2016-2017 \* Eligible ST / SC / BC-**COURSE** R/SF Others (Rs) A,B,C,D&E and EBC (Rs.) M.Sc. Biotechnology 3340.00 23340.00 R SF 13340.00 33340.00 M.Sc. Organic Chemistry R 1890.00 6960.00 SF 13340.00 33340.00 SF 35385.00 M.Sc.Org.Chem (Affiliated Coll. Unaided) 15385.00 35385.00 M.Sc.Anal. Chem.(in Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 15385.00 R 1890.00 6960.00 M.Sc.Tech.Geology SF 3340.00 23340.00 M.Sc. Mathematics R 1890.00 6960.00 SF 18340.00 1890.00 M.Sc.(Tech)/Geo-Physics R 1890.00 6960.00 SF 23340.00 3340.00 15385.00 M.Sc. Botany (in Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 35385.00 M.Sc. Zoology (in Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 15385.00 35385.00 M.Sc.Physics (in Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 15385.00 35385.00 M.Com R 1695.00 5275.00 SF 1695.00 9145.00 M.Com. (Affil.Coll. - Unaided) SF 1695.00 14745.00 M.A.Economics R 1695.00 5045.00 SF 1695.00 9145.00 M.A.Economics (in Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 1695.00 14745.00 M.A.English R 1695.00 4935.00 SF 1695.00 9145.00 M.A.English (Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 1695.00 14745.00 M.L.I.Sc. R 1695.00 5045.00 SF 1695.00 11145.00 M.Ed. R 1915.00 21915.00 SF 18145.00 38145.00 M.A.Social Work R 5780.00 1695.00 SF 1695.009145.00 M.A.Social Work (Affil.Coll.-Unaided) SF 1695.00 11245.00 R M.A.Telugu 1695.00 4925.00 SF 1695.00 9145.00 M.A.Telugu (Affil.Coll.-Unaid SF 1695.00 14745.00 M.A.Rural Development R 1695.00 5045.00 SF 9145.00 1695.00 M.A.Political Science (Affil.Coll.-Unaid SF 1695.00 11245.00

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# **AUCET - 2016**

### **OMR ANSWER SHEET**

OMR Sheet No. :

SECTION 1

Hall Ticket Number:
Name:
Father's Name:
Date & Time:
Test Code & Name:
Centre:



SECTION II

### AUCET - 2016 OMR ANSWER SHEET

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USE BLACK BALL POINT PEN ONLY

#### ANSWERS (Use BLACK BALL POINT PEN only)

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39	(3)	0	0	0	64	(3)	(3)	0	0
40	0	0	0	0	65.	0	0	0	0
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83	0	(1)	0	0	
64	0	0	0	0	
85	0	(3)	0	0	
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89	(3)	0	0	0	
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### SIDE -I

## **ANDHRA UNIVERSITY**

# COMMON ENTRANCE TEST (AUCET) - 2016 For Andhra University, Visakhapatnam Dr. B.R. Ambedkar University, Srikakulam.

## **OMR ANSWER SHEET**

Hal	Hall Ticket Number									
Que	estion Paper Booklet No.									
Si	gnature of the Candidate		Signature of the Invigilator							
	INSTRUCTIONS		<i>ప</i> ూచనలు							
1.	DO NOT fold, tear, wrinkle, tie, staple, do any rough work or make any stray marks on the OMR Answer Sheet.	1.	ఈ పత్రము పైన ఏదైన రఫ్ పర్క్ గాని, పత్రమును మడవటముగాని, గీతలు గాని, చింపటంగాని, పిన్ చేయటం గాని చేయరాదు.							
2.	If the OMR sheet <u>or</u> Question Paper Booklet is defective ask the invigilator to change it at the beginning of the Test.	2.	OMR sheet తో కాని Question Paper Booklet తో తోపమున్నచో invigilator వద్ద మంచి మరియొక OMR sheet ను లేదా Question Paper Booklet ను ప్రారంభంతోనే తీసుకొంనండి.							
3.	<b>Section-II</b> : Use <b>H B Pencil only</b> to fill the boxes (□) of Series code and subject Code and the circles (O) failing which your answer sheet will be invalidated.	3.	Section - II : ඒ බීළුබ් පිරිසි ක්වෙණා හඬු දූ පිරිසි හම් සුමාර්ධ කරිණා ක්රියා ක්රියා ක්රියා ක්රියා සිට							
(i)	EXAMPLE to fill the circles:	(i)	) කුෂුකාතා හිංඩි.ස ඩතුළුණ හටත් හඳානකා.							
	Correct Method:       Wrong Method:         ● b c d       ② b c d         ② • c d       ② ∑ c d         ③ b • d       ③ b c •         ③ b c •       ③ b c •	`	கூதுண்ஸ் ஸ்சாசு ல்லஸ்ல் கூதுண்ஸ் குஷ்.ரசு ல்லல்ல்							
(ii)	Mark your series code which is (A or B or C) printed on your question booklet "at the appropriate place in the OMR sheet of Section II" with HB pencil by darkening one relevant circle out of three given, failing which your answer sheet will be invalidated.	(i)	) మీ ప్రశావత్రము పైన ముఖ్యంచబడిన సీలిస్ కోడ్సు (A గాని B ) మీ సమాధాన పత్రములోని Section II లో కేటాయించబడిన స్థలములో గల మూడు వృత్తములలో ఒకే వృత్తమును హెచ్.బి. పెన్సిత్తో బాగుగా నల్లగా రుద్ది నింవవలెను. అట్లులోనిచో మీ నమాధాన వత్రము							
	If your Test Booklet Series is 'A' please fill as shown below.		పరిశీలించబడదు.							
	<b>● B</b>		మీ ప్రశ్నాపత్రము సిలీస్ కోడ్ Á అయినచో ఈ క్రింబి విధముగా వింపవలెను.							
4.	To change an answer, erase the already darkened circle completely and make fresh mark.	4.	జవాబును మార్చవలెనన్న మొదట నింపిన వృత్తమును పూర్తిగా రబ్బరుతో							
5.	Please obtain the signature of the invigilator in the space provided, failing which your Answer sheet will be invalidated.	5.	ඡායීඪ ඡරාබෑෂ් හවැඩිාත් කු්ෂුකාාකා කාර්ම ත්වූෆ රාඬු හිටක්ක්මිතා. කිා කරුබ්දුජාන (invigilator) ටිගාදේ හට ජෙනාා කිා තිකාඳ ත ක්ෂුකාණ් හිරි හිට ඔබ ත් වෙනාණ් බෑට යට යි. ඒ ඔබණ් කා තිකාඳ ත ක්ෂුකාා කට සිට සිට සිට සිට සිට සිට සිට සිට සිට සි							

# DIRECTORATE OF ADMISSIONS ANDHRA UNIVERSITY, VISAKHAPATNAM.



Prof. O. ANIEL KUMAR Director, Directorate of Admissions, Andhra University,

### Advisory Committee, AUCET-2016

- 1. Vice Chancellor, Chairman
- 2. Rector
- 3. Principal, College of Arts & Commerce
- 4. Principal, College of Engineering(A)
- 5. Principal, College of Pharmaceutical Sciences
- 6. Principal, Dr. B.R.Ambedkar College of Law
- 7. Principal, College of Science & Technology
- 8. Principal, College of Engineering for women

- 9. Registrar
- 10. Dean, Academic Affairs
- 11. Dean, College Development Council
- 12. Dean, PG & Professional Examinations
- 13. Director, School of Distance Education
- 14. Web Master
- 15. Associate Directors, Directorate of Admissions
- 16. Hon. Director, Computer Centre
- 17. Director, Directorate of Admissions, Convener

