B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER (Common with LL.B.(Hons)3 Year Course First Semester) Law of Contract CODE NO.501 (2013-14)

Paper First

MM: 80 Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

Definition of Contract, Agreement, Offer, Acceptance and Consideration (Section-2), Communication and Revocation of Offer and Acceptance (Section 3-9), Essentials of Contract (Section 10), Competency to Contract (Section 11-12)

Leading Case: Lalman Shukla V. Gauri Dutt (1913) 11 ALL L.J. 489

UNIT-II

Free Consent, Consent by Coercion, Undue Influence, Fraud, misrepresentation and mistake (Section 14-22), Legality of object and consideration (section 23-24), Void Agreements (Section 25-30), Contingent Contracts (Section 31-36)

Leading Case: Mohori Bibee Vs. Dharmodar Ghose (1903) 30 I.A. 114 (PC)

UNIT-III

Contract which must be performed (Section 37-39), By whom contract must be performed(Section 40-45), Time and Place for performance of Contract (Section 46-50), Performance of Reciprocal Promises (Section 51-55), Discharge of Contract (Section 56-57), Certain Relations resembling to those created by Contract (Section 68-72)

Leading Case: Caltex (India) Ltd. V Bhagwani Devi, AIR 1969 SC 405

Breach of Contract (Section 73-75), Specific Performance of Contract under Specific Relief Act-1963 (Section 9-14), Persons for/against whom contracts may be specifically enforced (Section 15-19), Powers of the Court (Section 20-24), Rectification and cancellation of instruments (Section 26-33), Injunctions (Section 36-42)

Leading Case: Syed Dastagir Vs J.R. Gopalakrishna Setty, AIR 1999 SC 3029

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Dr. Avtar Singh : <u>Law of Contract</u>

Dr. R.K. Bangia : <u>Indian Contract Act (Allahabad Law Agency)</u>

Dr. S.K. Kapoor : <u>Contract-I, Central Law Agency</u>

Pollock and Mulla : <u>Indian Contract and Specific Relief Act</u>

D.F. Mulla : The Indian Contract Act
S.T. Desai : The Indian Contract Act

Dr. A.C.Moitra : <u>Principles and Digest of Indian Contract Act</u>

<u>(1998)</u>

Anson's : Law of Contract

B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER (Common with LL.B.(Hons.) 3 Year Course First Semester) Family Law-I CODE NO.502 (2013-14)

Paper Second

MM: 80 Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

Application of Hindu Law, Sources of Hindu, Schools of Hindu Law, Hindu Joint Family, Features of Mitakshra and Dayabhaga Joint Families, Coparcenary, Classification of Property, Karta of Joint Family, Position, Liabilities and Powers of Karta. Karta's powers of Alienation, Coparcener's Power of Alienation, Coparcener's Right to Challenge Improper Alienation, Alienee's Rights and Remedies

Leading Case: <u>Harihar Prasad V Balmika Prasad AIR 1975 SC 733</u>

K.S. Subhiah Pillai V Commissioner of IT AIR 1999 SC 1220

UNIT-II

The nature and concept of Hindu Marriage, Evolution of the Institution of Marriage, The Hindu Marriage Act, 1955, Essential Conditions for Valid Hindu Marriage, Ceremonies of Marriage, Registration of Hindu Marriages, Remedy of Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Void and Voidable Marriages, Judicial Separation and Divorce, Various Types of Grounds for Divorce and Judicial Separation, Fair Trial Rule, Legitimacy of Children, Jurisdiction, Bars to Matrimonial Remedies, Ancillary Reliefs, Permanent Alimony and Maintenance, Custody etc.

Leading Case: Kailishwati V Ayudhia Parkash AIR 1977 PLR 216
Naveen Kohli V Neelu Kohli, (2006) 4 SCC 558

UNIT-III

The Hindu Succession Act, 1956, Effects of the Hindu (Succession) Amendment, 2005, Rules of Succession to the Property of Hindu Male, Succession to the Property of Hindu Female, Succession to the Mitakshara Coparcener's Interest, General Rules of Succession, Partition, Subject Matter of Partition, Persons who have a Right to Partition & Right to Share, Persons who are entitled to Share, if, Partition takes place, Modes of Partition, How Partition is effected, Partial Partition, Reopening of Partition, Re-Union.

Leading Case: <u>Raghuvamma V Chenchamma AIR 1964 SC 136</u>
Commissioner of Income Tax V Chandersen, AIR 1986 SC 1753

UNIT-IV

The Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956, Concept of Minority and Guardianship, Natural Guardians and their Powers, Testamentary Guardian: Appointment and Powers, Certified Guardian, Defecto Guardian, Guardian By Affinity, The Hindu Adoption & Maintenance Act, 1956, Nature of Adoption, Essential Conditions for Valid Adoption, Effects of Adoption, Registration of Adoption, Maintenance As Personal Obligation, Maintenance of Dependents, Quantum of Maintenance, Maintenance As a Charge on Property

Leading Cases: G. Appaswami Chettiar V R.Sarangapani AIR 1978 SC 1051

Githa Hariharan V Reserve Bank of India(1999)2 SCC 228

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Mulla - Principles of Hindu Law
Dr. Paras Diwan - Modern Hindu Law
Mayne's - Hindu Law and Usage
Dr. U.P.D.Kesari - Modern Hindu Law
Basant Kumar Sharma - Modern Hindu Law

B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER (Common with LL.B.(Hons.) 3 Year First Semester) Law of Crimes-I CODE NO.503 (2013-14)

Paper Third

MM: 80 Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

Nature and Definition of Crime, State's Power to determine acts or omissions as crime, Distinction between crime and other wrongs, Salient features of Indian Penal Code, Constituent elements of Crime: Human Being, actus reus, mens rea, injury and Punishment, General Explanations (Section 6-52 A), Punishments (Section 53-75), Exceptions (Section 76-106), Abetment (Section 107-120), Criminal conspiracy (Section 120 A & B)

Leading Case: Nalini V State 1999 Cr. L.J. 3124

UNIT-II

Offences against the State (Section 121-130), Offences against the Public Tranquility (Section 141-160), Offences by or Relating to Public Servants (Section 166-171), Contempts of the Lawful authority of Public Servants (Section 172-190), False Evidence and offences against Public Justice (Section 191-229), Offences affecting the Public Health and Safety (Section 268-282)

Leading Case: State of Karnataka V Gangadharaiah, 1997, Cr. L.J. 4068 (SC)

UNIT-III

Offences affecting the Human Body (Section 299-377), Offences against Property (Section 378-462)

Offences relating to documents (Section 463-471), Offences relating to marriage (Section 493-498), Cruelty by Husband or Relatives of Husband Section-498 –A, Defamation (Section 499-502), Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance (Section 503-510), Attempt to commit offences (section 511)

Leading cases: State of UP V Ranjit Singh AIR 1999 SC 1201

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Rattan Lal Dhiraj Lal : <u>Indian Penal Code</u>

R.C. Nigam : <u>Principles of Criminal Law</u>

Dr. Hari Singh Gaur : <u>Penal Law of India</u>

K.D. Gaur : Criminal Law cases and materials

S.N. Misra : Indian Penal Code

B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER (Common with LL.B.(Hons.) 3 Year Course First Semester) Constitutional Law of India CODE NO.504 (2013-14)

Paper Fourth

MM: 80 Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

Preamble, Citizenship, Definition of State Under Art, 12. Rules of Interpretation under Art. 13 Leading Case: Mohmmad Raza V State of Bombay AIR 1966, SC 1436

UNIT-II

Right to Equality(Art.14), Special Provision for Weaker Sections of the Society, Reservation Polity, Fundamental Freedoms under Art.19, Freedom of Press.

Leading Case: Indira Sawhney v Union of India, AIR 1993, SC 477

UNIT-III

Protection in respect of conviction of offcence (Act-20), Right to Life and Personal Liberty Article 21), Protection against Arrest and Detention (Art 22), Right against Exploitation (Art-23 & 24), Right to Religion (Art 25-28).

Leading Cases: Maneka Gandhi v Union of India, AIR 1978, SC 597

Cultural & Educational Rights of Minorities (Art.29 & 30), Right to Constitutional Remedies (Art, 32), Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

Leading Case: T.M.A. Pai Foundation V State Karanataka AIR 2003 SC 355

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Seervai, H.M. : <u>Constitutional Law of India</u>

Hidayatullah, M. : -do-Tope, T.R. : -do-Shukla, V.N. : -do-

Jain, M.P. : Constitutional Law

Chander Pal : <u>Centre State Relations and Indian Cooperative Federalism</u>
Chander Pal : <u>State Autonomy in Indian Federation: Emerging Trends</u>

J.N.Pandey : Constitutional Law of India

B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER (Common with LL.B.(Hons) 3 Year Course First Semester) Law of Torts CODE NO.505 (2013-14)

Paper Fifth

MM: 80 Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

Nature & Definition of Tort, Motive, Capacity, Joint Tortfeasors, General defences, Remedies (including remedies under MV Act 1989).

<u>Leading Case: Ashby V White (1703) 2 Lord Raym 936</u>

UNIT-II

Vicarious liability, Remoteness of Damage, Extinction of liability, Strict liability and Absolute liability, Negligence, Nervous shock

Leading Cases: Kasturi Lal V State of UP, AIR 1965, SC 1039

UNIT-III

Trespass to land and goods, Detinue and Conversion, Nuisance, Defamation, Conspiracy, Assault & Battery, False imprisonment, Malicious prosecution

Leading Cases: R.K. Karanjia V KMC Thakersay AIR 1970 Bar 424

Evolution of Consumer Law, The Consumer Protection Act, 1986

Leading Cases:-

- i) IMA V V.P. Shantha AIR 1996, SC 550
- ii) Spring Meadows Hospital V Harjot Ahluwalia 1998(2) SCALE 456(SC)

BOOKS RECOMMEDED

Winfield and Jolowicz : On Torts
W.G. Salmond : Law of Torts
Rattan Lal & Dhiraj Lal : The Law of Torts
R.K.Bangia : The Law of Torts
S.K.Kapoor : Law of Torts
N.V. Paranjape : Law of Torts

V.K. Aggarwal : <u>Law on Consumer Protection</u> (students edition

2009), Bharat Publisher

: The Motar Vehicle Act, 1989

B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER

(Common with LL.B.(Hons.) 3 Year Course First Semester)

Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting System CODE NO.506 (2013-14)

Paper Sixth

MM: 80 Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

Background to Legal Profession in India

Meaning and Necessity of Professional Ethics

Standards of Professional Conduct and Etiquette

Cases: (1) Re Vinay Chandra Mishra, AIR 1995 SC 2348.

(2) Supreme Court Bar Association v. Union of India, AIR 1998 SC 1895.

UNIT-II

Status and Virtues of an Advocate

Qualifications and Disqualification for Enrolment

Qualities of an Advocate

Right and Various Duties of Advocate

Bench-Bar Relation

Cases: (1) Smt. Harbans Kaur v. PC Chaturvedi, (1969) 3SCC 712.

(2) Charan Lal Sahu v. Union of India, AIR 1988 SC 107.

UNIT-III

Establishment of Bar Council of India

Functions and Powers of Bar Council

Establishment of State Bar Councils

Functions and Powers of State Bar Councils

Cases: (1) Harish Chandra Tiwari v. Baiju, (2002) 2 SCC 67.

(2) Bhupendra Kumar Sharma v. Bar Council, Pathankot (2002) 1 SCC 470.

Meaning and Scope of Professional and other Misconducts
Background to Law of Contempt
Categories of Contempt of Courts
Contempt by Lawyers and Judges
Powers of State Bar Council to Punish for Professional and other Misconduct
Powers of High Court to Punish Contempt of Subordinate Courts
Cases: (1) DC Saxena v. Chief Justice of India, AIR 1996 SC 2481.

(2) MB Sanghi v. Punjab and Haryana High Court, AIR 1991 SC 1834.

Books Recommended:

- 1. S.P. Gupta, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations
- 2. Kailash Rai, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations
- 3. Dr. Sirohi, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers & Bench Bar Relations

B.A. LL.B.(HONS.) 5 YEAR COURSE FIFTH SEMESTER (Common with LL.B.(Hons.) 3 Year Course First Semester) Company Law CODE NO.507 (2013-14)

ompany Law CODE NO.507 (2013-1 Paper Seventh

> MM: 80 Marks Time: 3 hours

NOTE FOR EXAMINER/PAPER SETTER

The question paper of each course will be divided into Five sections, each of the First Four Sections of the Question Paper will contain 2 questions respectively from Unit-1 to Unit-4 of the syllabus. The students will be required to attempt one question from each section. Section 5 of the question paper shall contain 8 short answer type questions of 3 marks each(without any choice) covering the entire syllabus. As such Section 5 will be compulsory. The examiner will be free to set the questions in problem forms based on case law.

NOTE FOR STUDENTS(ON QUESTION PAPER)

Attempt four questions from sections 1 to 4, selecting at least one question from each section. These questions shall carry 14 marks each. Section 5 is compulsory and each question in this section shall carry 3 marks.

UNIT-I

History of Company Law in India and England, Nature Definition and characteristic of Company, Lifting the Corporate Veil, Kinds of Companies, Formation and incorporation of a Company, Promoter-status, position, function and remuneration, Objects and salient features of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008.

<u>Leading Case: Bennett Colemn & Com. Vs Union of India, AIR 1973 SC 106</u> UNIT-II

Memorandum of association, various clauses, alteration therein, Doctrine of Ultravires, Articles of Association, binding force, alteration, its relation with memorandum of association, Doctrine of Constructive notice, Doctrine of Indoor management and its exceptions, Meeting-meaning, kinds, resolutions, quorum and voting

Leading Case: Ashbury Railway Carriage and Iron Co. Ltd. Vs Riche, (1875) 44 LJ-185

UNIT-III

Directors: position, appointment, qualification, vacation of office, Removal, Resignation, Powers and duties of Directors remuneration of directors, Role of nominee directors, Compensation for loss of office, Managing Director and other managerial personnel, Secretary: definition, qualification, position, appointment duties and qualities, Auditor, qualification, disqualification, appointment, tenure, Re-appointment and removal of an auditor

Leading Case: K. Venkat Rao Vs Rockwool India Ltd. (2002) 108 Comp. Cases 494 A.P.

Majority rules and minority protection, Prevention of Oppression and mis-management, Winding up: types, grounds, who can apply, procedure, Powers of Liquidator, consequences of winding up order, Members and Creditors winding up, Liability of past members-payment of Preferential payment, Winding up of unregistered company, Receiver: power, appointment, duties and liabilities

Leading cases: i) Foss Vs Harbottle(1843) 2 Hare 461

ii) Kedia Industries Ltd. Vs Star Chemical Ltd. (1999) 98 Co. Cases 233

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

Taxmann's (A.K. Majumdar, : Company Law and Practice

Dr. G.K. Kapoor)

L.C.B. Gower : <u>Principles of Modern Company Law</u>

Dr. Avtar Singh : <u>Indian Company Law</u>

Dr. N.D. Kapoor : <u>Company Law</u>

A. Ramayya : A Guide to Companies Act
Kailash Rai : Principles of Company Law
Penningoton : Principles of Company Law
Dr. L.C. Dhingra : Principles of Company Law
Dr. S.C.Tripathi : Modern Company Law