S/SO/2013/02 COMPUTER SCIENCE

Ro	II No.		
		BOOKLET NO.	2101
Candidate should write his/he	r Roll No. in the box above.	Total	No. of Questions: 150
Time: 2 Hours]	No. of Printed Pages	32	[Total Marks: 300

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- 3. The question paper contains **150** questions. The examinee should verify that, the requisite number of questions are printed in the question paper, otherwise he should ask for another question paper.
- 4. The cover page indicates the number of printed pages in the question paper. The examinee should verify that the requisite number of pages are attached in the question paper, otherwise he should ask for another question paper.
- Read carefully the instructions given on the answer sheet supplied and indicate
 your answers accordingly.
- 6. Kindly make necessary entries on the answer sheet only at the places indicated and nowhere else.
- Examinees should specially pay attention that 2 marks will be awarded for correct answer.
- 8. Examinees should do all rough work on the space meant for rough work on the last page of the question paper and nowhere else, not even on the answer sheet.

	2	
1.	Reduced form of the expression A	B' + CD' + BC'D' + ABCD + ABC'D
	is:	
	(A) $A + CD' + BD'$	(B) $A + BCD' + A'CD'$
	(C) $AD' + AD + CD'$	(D) A + CD' + BCD'
2.	Push down automata can most con	veniently represent :
	(A) Context concitive grammans	$(\mathbf{D}) \mathbf{C} = 1 \mathbf{c}$

- (A) Context sensitive grammars
- (B) Context free grammars

Regular grammars

- Unrestricted grammars
- How many switch points are needed in a crossbar switch network that connects 4 processors to 5 memory modules?
 - $(A) \quad 4 \times 5 = 20$

(B) 4 + 5 = 9

(C) $4 \times 5 - 4 = 16$

- (D) $4 \times 5 5 = 15$
- A digital computer has common bus system for 16 registers of 32 bits each. The bus is constructed with multiplexers. How many multiplexers of what size will be needed?
 - (A) 4 multiplexers of size 32×1
 - 32 multiplexers of size 16×1
 - 16 multiplexers of size 32 × 1
 - (D) 8 multiplexers of size 16 × 1
- 5. A deterministic finite state automaton that accepts all strings of 0's and 1's which terminate in last two same symbols will contain minimum:
 - (\mathbf{A}) 3 states

(B) 4 states

 (\mathbf{C}) 5 states

- 6 states (\mathbf{D})
- 6. Which of the following circuits can be used as parallel to serial converter?
 - Digital counter (\mathbf{A})

 (\mathbf{B}) Decoder

Demultiplexer

Multiplexer

7.	Cache men	nory works on the pri	nciple ar	nd idea of :	
	(A) the he	euristic 80-20 rule	(\mathbf{B})	locality of reference	
	(C) virtua	l memory	(D)	segmentation	
8.	If A and B	are non-terminal sym	bols and	w is a string of terminal symbol	
	only, then	which of the following	g is a rig	ght linear grammar ?	
•	$(A) A \rightarrow 0$	$\mathbf{B}w$	(\mathbf{B})	$A \rightarrow Bw/w$	
	$(\mathbf{C}) \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{a}$	$w\mathbf{B}$	· (D)	$A \rightarrow wB/w$	
9.	The number	er of 128 × 8 RAM ch	ips need	ed to provide a memory capacity	
	of 2048 by	tes will be :			
	(A) 8		(B)	16	
	(C) 4		(D)	None of these	
10.	The value	of k , in $LR(k)$ can not	t be:	•	
	(A) 0		(B)	1	
	(C) 2		(D)	None of these	
11.	The langua	ge L = $\{0^n \ 1^n \ 2^i \mid n \ge 1,$	$i \ge 1$ is	generated by the following context	
	free grammar :				
	(A) $S \rightarrow A$	AB, A \rightarrow 0A 0, B \rightarrow	1B2 12		
	(B) S \rightarrow AB, A \rightarrow 0A1 01 B \rightarrow 2B 2				
	$(C) S \rightarrow 0$	$0A1B \mid 01B \mid B, A \rightarrow 01$	$\mathbf{B} \rightarrow \mathbf{S}$	2B 2	
	(D) All of	the above			
12.	Every symb	polic reference to a me	emory or	perand has to be assembled as:	
	(A) offset,	index base	(B)	segment base, offset	
	(C) index	base, offset	(\mathbf{D})	offset	
13.	Which of th	e following shows the	logical s	tate of a digital circuit output for	
	every possi	ble combination of log	ical state	es in the inputs ?	
	(A) Routin	g table	(B)	Function table	
	(C) Decisio	on table	(D)	Truth table	

- The process of organizing the memory into two banks to allow 8 and 16 bit 14. data operation is called:
 - Bank switching
 - Index mapping
 - Two-way memory interleaving
 - Memory segmentation
- 15. Turing machine can be used for:
 - Accepting regular grammars
 - Accepting unrestricted grammars and computation of integer functions
 - Design of a mathematical model
 - (D) Counting number of states in a DFA
- 16. Floating point representation with 8-bit fraction and 6-bit exponent of the binary number + 1001.11 is:
 - (A) Fraction: 01001110, Exponent: 000100
 - Fraction: 10011100, Exponent: 000011
 - (C) Fraction: 00100111, Exponent: 000100
 - (D) Fraction: 01001110, Exponent: 100100
- 17. The speedup ratio for a k-segment pipeline with a clock cycle time t_p used to execute n tasks, given t_n as the time to complete each task by a non-pipelined unit, is expressed as:
 - (A) $S = kt_n/(k + n 1)t_n$
- (B) $S = nt_n/(k + n 1)t_n$
- (C) $S = kt_p/(k + n 1)t_n$
- (D) $S = nt_p/(k + n 1) t_n$
- 18. Let N be the number of bits in the sum obtained by a ripple carry adder. Then the time required by the adder is:
 - (A) Constant time

- 0(N) i.e. linear time
- (C) $0(\log N)$ i.e. logarithmic time (D) $0(N \log N)$

19.

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-	(C)	Power On Self Test (POST)	(D)	Boot Record	
	(A)	Bootstrap loader	(B)	CPU	
	FD/	HD into RAM?			
23.	Whi	ch of the following is more respon	sible	loading operating system from the	
	(C)	2	(D)	none of these	
	(A)	1	(B)	0	
	of a	uxiliary memory it has, is:			
22.	A p	ush down machine behaves like a	finit	e state machine when the number	
	(C)	8mn + 4m	(D)	4 mn + m	
	(A)	m + n	(B)	m.n	
	stat	es is :			
21.	The	number of symbols necessary to	simı	ılate a TM with m symbols and n	
	(C)	$(\mathbf{r}^* + \mathbf{s}^*)^+$	(D)	None of these	
	(A)	(r.s)*	(B)	(r + s)*	
	exp	ression (r*s*)* is equal to :			
20.	For	any two regular expressions r	and s	over the alphabet Σ , the regular	
	(\mathbb{D})	Left factored grammar			
	(C)	Left recursive grammar			
	(B)	GNF grammar			
	(A)	CNF grammar			
	and	a is a terminal symbol represe	nts :		
19.	For	m of production rules given by A –	→ BC	a; where B, A, C are non-terminal	

24.	Access time of a high speed Cache	memory is 40 ns and its hit ratio is 80% .
	Main memory has an access time of	100 ns. The effective access time for CPU
	to access memory is :	
	(A) 52 ns	(B) 70 ns
	(C) 80 ns	(D) 60 ns
25.	Minimum number of 2-input NAND	gates required to implement the function
	$F = (x^t + y^t) (z + w) is :$	
	(A) 6	(B) 4
	(C) 5	(D) 3
26.	P, Q and R are three languages.	If P and R are regular and if PQ = R,
	then:	
	(A) Q has to be regular	(B) Q can not be regular
	(C) Q need not be regular	(D) Q can not be a CFL
27.	The universal TM influenced the	concept of :
	(A) Stored program computers	
	(B) Computability	
	(C) Interpretative implementation	n of programming language
	(D) All of the above	
28.	The language of all words with a	t least 2 a's is described by the regular
	expression :	·
	(A) $b*ab*a(a + b)*$	(B) (ab)*a b*a(ba)*

(C) $(a + b)^* ab^* a(a + b)^*$ (D) all of these

29.	Wh	Which of the following parsers is the most powerful?			
	(A)	Operator precedence	(B)	LALR	
	(C)	Canonical LR	(\mathbf{D})	SLR	
30.	Loc	al and loop optimization inturns	prov	ide motivation for :	
	(A)	Data flow analysis			
	(B)	Constant folding			
•	(C)	Peephole optimization			
	(D)	DFA and constant folding			
31.	A 6-	MHz channel is used by a digital s	ignall	ling system utilizing 4-level signals.	
	The	maximum possible transmission	rate	is :	
	(A)	1.5 Mbaud/sec	(B)	12 Mbaud/sec	
	(C)	24 Mbaud/sec	(D)	6 Mbaud/sec	
32.	FDI	DI is:			
	(A)	ring network	(B)	mesh network	
	(C)	star network	(D)	bus based network	
33.	Inde	efinite blocking is called:			
	(A)	deadlock	(B)	starvation	
	(C)	both (A) and (B)	(D)	none of these	
34.	A p	ublic key encryption system :			
	(A)	allows only the correct receiver	to de	ecode the data	
	(B)	allows any one to decode the d	ata		
	(C)	allows only the correct sender t	o dec	code the data	
	(D)	does not encode the data before	its t	transmission	

	are :
	memory of 32 frames. The number of bits in logical and physical addresses
35.	A logical address space of 8 pages of 1024 words is mapped to a physical

(A) 3 bits and 5 bits

(B) 13 bits and 15 bits

(C) 10 bits and 5 bits

- (D) 18 bits and 5 bits
- 36. The average turn around time by using shortest job. First scheduling technique for the four jobs with next burst time as 6, 3, 8 and 7 units respectively will be:
 - (A) 13 units

(B) 15 units

(C) 24 units

(D) 16 units

- 37. Bit vector is defined as:
 - (A) The free space list implemented as a bit map or bit vector
 - (B) No free space list is implemented
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of the above
- 38. Round-Robin scheduling is essentially the pre-emptive version of:
 - (A) SJF
 - (B) FIFO
 - (C) Longest time first
 - (D) Shortest remaining time first
- 39. A packet-switching network:
 - (A) is free
 - (B) can reduce the cost of using an information utility
 - (C) allows communication channel to be shared among more than one user
 - (D) both (B) and (C) above

40.	A bridge operates in :				
	(A) Physical and data link lay	ær			
	(B) Only data link layer				
	(C) Only physical layer				
	(D) Network layer				
41.	The dotted-decimal notation for t	he IP add	ress 10000001 00001011 00001011		
	11101111 is:				
	(A) 129.11.11.239	(B)	249.155.251.15		
	(C) 129.11.10.240	(D)	none of these		
4 2.	An IP address 227.12.14.87 is i	n the foll	owing class :		
	(A) E	(B)	\mathbf{D}		
	(C) B	(\mathbf{D})	\mathbf{C}		
4 3.	The signal to noise ratio for a v	oice grade	e line is 30.1 dB or a power ratio		
	of $1023:1.$ The maximum archivable data rate on this line whose spectrum				
	ranges from 300 Hz to 3400 Hz is :				
	(A) 6200 bps	(B)	34000 bps		
-	(C) 9600 bps	(D)	31000 bps		
44.	An operating system contains 3 user processes each requiring 2 units of resource				
	R. The minimum number of unit	ts of R suc	h that no deadlock will ever arise		
	is:				
	(A) 3	(B)	5		
	(C) 4	(\mathbf{D})	6		
4 5.	If an instruction takes i microse	conds and	l a page fault takes an additional		
	j microseconds, the effective inst	truction ti	me if on an average a page fault		
	occurs every k instruction is:				
	(A) $i + j/k$	(\mathbf{B})	(i + j)/k		
1	$(C) \mathbf{i} + (\mathbf{i} * \mathbf{k})$	(D)	(i + k) * k		

46.	The main advantage of the cond	cept of interrupt is :			
	(A) polling				
	(B) spooling				
	(C) job scheduling				
	(D) blocking the currently runr	ning process			
4 7.	Thrashing is:	ř			
	(A) the high paging activity				
	(B) an activity in which process	ses spent more time paging than executing			
	(C) both (A) and (B)				
	(D) none of the above				
48.	The network interface that permi	its equipment without an ISDN interface to			
	be connected into an ISDN inter	rface is known as :			
	(A) TE2	(B) TA			
	(C) TE	(D) TE1			
4 9.	The number of addresses in bloc	ck, 200.17.21.128/127 is:			
	(A) 16	(\mathbf{B}) 32			
	(C) 31	(D) 24			
50.	A modem that packs 6 bits into e	each signal change and operates at 14,400			
	bps can result in a maximum throughput of :				
	(A) 14400 bps	(B) 9600 bps			
	(C) 2400 bps	(D) 4800 bps			
51.	The probability that a single bit	will be in error on a typical telephone line			
	using 4800 bps modem is 10^{-3} . If no error detection mechanism is used, the				
	residual error rate for a commun	nication line using 9-bit frames is approxi-			
	mately equal to:				
	(A) 0.009	(B) 0.003			
	(C) 0.999	(D) 0.991			

52.	The	desi	patcher	
				_

- (A) schedules the tasks into the processor.
- (B) is always very small and simple
- (C) puts tasks in I/O wait
- (D) never changes task priorities
- 53. At a single terminal CPU, 40% of the users do not need to wait and the average wait time for all users is 50 minutes. The average wait time for those who wait, is approximately:
 - (A) 60

(B) 80

(C) 70

- (D) = 100
- 54. In a memory system s is the number of sectors per track, and t is the number of tracks per cylinder, then a disk address cylinder i, surface j, sector k can be mapped to one-dimensional block number b as:
 - (A) b = k + s * (j + i * t)
 - (B) b = s + k * (j + i* t)
 - (C) b = i + j * (s + k* t)
 - (D) b = j + i * (s + k* t)
- 55. Belady's anomaly refers to:
 - (A) The decrease in page faults with increase in no. of frames
 - (B) Increase in page faults with decrease in frames
 - (C) Increase in page faults with increase in frames
 - (D) None of the above

For a scheduling problem $(J_{a1},\ J_{a2},\ J_{a3},\ J_{a4})=(6,\ 9,\ 15,\ 20)$ and $(J_{b1},\ J_{b2},\ J_{b3},\ J_{b4})=(12,\ 3,\ 17,\ 28)$ a task T_{a1} must be completed before starting T_{b1} . Which of these is an optimal non-preemptive schedule?

(A) J_1 , J_3 , J_4 , J_2

(B) J_3 , J_4 , J_1 , J_2

(C) J_4 , J_2 , J_1 , J_3

(D) J_2 , J_3 , J_1 , J_4

57. In an operating system, which is the definition of a correct process transition?

(A) Wakeup: ready-running

(B) Despatch: ready-running

(C) Block: ready-blocked

(D) Timer runout : ready-blocked

58. Six files F₁, F₂, F₃, F₄, F₅, F₆ with sizes as 100, 200, 70, 40, 250 and 50 are to be stored on a sequential device in such a way as to optimize the access time. The order of their storage should be:

(A) F_6 , F_5 , F_4 , F_3 , F_2 , F_1

(B) F_1 , F_2 , F_3 , F_4 , F_5 , F_6

(C) F_5 , F_2 , F_1 , F_3 , F_6 , F_4

(D) F_4 , F_6 , F_3 , F_1 , F_2 , F_5

59. A synchronous communication line uses byte oriented protocol with size of each frame as 100 characters (including control bytes). If the bit error probability is 10⁻⁴ and each character is 8 bits long without a parity bit, the probability that the frame will arrive with one or more bit errors is equal to:

(A) $1 - (0.0001)^8$

(B) $(0.9999)^{100}$

(C) $(0.0001)^{100}$

(D) $(1 - (1 - 0.0001)^{800})$

60.	Communication protocols always have a :			
	(A)	Set of symbols	(B)	Start of header
	(C)	Special flag symbol	(D)	\mathbf{BCC}
61 .	Whi	ch one is the most important fea	ature	of the spiral model?
	(A)	Quality management	(B)	Risk management
	(C)	Performance management	(D)	Efficiency management
6 2.	In I	Putnam resource allocation mode	el, R	ayleigh curve is modeled by the
	equa	ation :		
	(A)	$m(t) = 2ate^{-at^2}$		
	(B)	$m(t) = 2kte^{-at^2}$		
	(C)	$m(t) = 2kate^{-at^2}$		•
	(D)	$m(t) = 2kbte^{-at^2}$		
63.	The	function that sets the position	to a (desired point in the file is:
	(A)	fseek()	(B)	getw()
-	(C)	ftell()	(D)	put()
64.	Wha	at does the 'C' statement printf (("%d",	, ++5); prints ?
	(\mathbf{A})	5	(\mathbf{B})	6
	(C)	7	(D)	an error message

What is the result of execution of the following 'C' statements? int i=5;
 do{putchar(i+100); printf("%d", i--);}
 while (i);
(A) i5h4g3f2e1
(B) 14h3g2f1e0

(C) an error message

- (D) none of these
- 66. Which of the following is not a size metric?
 - (A) LOC

(B) FP

(C) Program length

- (D) Cyclomatic complexity
- 67. The failure intensity of a software is 0.005 failures/hour during 10 hours of its operation. The reliability of software can be expressed as:
 - (A) 0.90

(B) 0.92

(C) 0.95

- (D) 0.98
- 68. Assume a class C with objects 01, 02 and 03. For the statement 03 = 01 02 to work correctly, the overloaded operator must:
 - (A) Return a value
 - (B) Create a named temporary object
 - (C) Use the object of which it is a member as an operand
 - (D) Both (A) and (C) above
- 69. Virtual functions in C++ allow to:
 - (A) Use the same function call to execute member function of objects from different classes
 - (B) Create functions that have no body
 - (C) Group objects of different classes so that they can all be accessed by the same function code
 - (D) Create an array of type pointer-to-base-class that can hold pointers to derived class

70.	Whi	ich of the following parsing meth	nods	handles left-recursive grammars?		
	(\mathbf{A})	top-down parsing	(B)	bottom-up parsing		
	(C)	both (A) and (B)	(D)	none of these		
71.	For	a function of n variables, bound	dary	value analysis yields :		
	(A)	4n + 3 test cases	(B)	4n + 1 test cases		
	(C)	n + 4 test cases	(D)	none of these		
72.	A pı	rogram requires two 8-bit integers	as in	puts. If only one second is required		
	to e	xecute one set of inputs, how muc	h tim	e will it take to execute all possible		
	com	binations of inputs?				
	(\mathbf{A})	15 hours	(B)	$8 \times 8 \times 2$ seconds		
	(C)	$2^8 \times 2^8 \times 2$ seconds	(D)	18 hours		
73.	In Java the difference between break and continue statements is:					
	(\mathbf{A})	break causes the complete term	minat	ion of the loop whereas continue		
		terminates only current iteration				
	(B)	break causes the termination of	the cu	arrent iteration of the loop whereas		
	continue terminates the loop permanently					
	(C) break causes the complete termination of the loop whereas continue does					
		not términate the execution at all				
	(D)	none of the above				
74.	Whi	ich Java package is automatica	lly a	vailable when you write a Java		
	prog	gram ?				
	(A)	java.text	(B)	java.lang		
	(C)	java.swing	(D)	java.util		
		·		<u>.</u>		

<i>7</i> 5.	Assertions are most closely associat	ed with what type of error !								
	(A) run-time	(B) compile-time								
	(C) logic	(D) disk								
76.	In C++ which of the following is most	likely used to convert from a user define								
	class to basic type?									
	(A) a conversion function that is a	member of a class								
	(B) an overloaded = operator									
	(C) a one-argument constructor									
	(D) a built-in conversion function									
77.	The purpose of regression testing is to:									
	(A) increase confidence in the correctness of a modified program									
	(B) locate errors in a modified pro	ogram								
	(C) preserve the quality and relia	bility of software								
	(D) all of the above									
78.	A program P calls subprograms P1	and P2. If P1, can fail 50% times an								
	P2 can fail 40% times, then P can	fail:								
	(A) 50%	(B) 60%								
	(C) 10%	(D) 70%								
79.	The relationship between data elen	nents in a module is called:								
	(A) coupling	(B) cohesion								
	(C) modularity	(D) none of these								

80. Which class in Java provides many methods that you can call to control											
	threads, including yield, sleep and set priority?										
	(A) Thread	(B)	Runnable								
	(C) Group	(D)	None of these								
81.	What is the output of the following	; 'C' <u>r</u>	orogram :								
	main()	•									
	{										
	int $x=10$, $y=10$, $z=5$, i;										
	i=x < y < z;		·								
	printf("\n%d", i);										
	}										
	(A) 1	(B)	0								
	(C) error	(D)	5								
82.	If x[10] is an array of 10 integers, the	hen w	hich of the following will point to								
	the second element of the array?										
	(A) x[2]	(B)	x[1]								
	(C) $(x + 1)$	(D)	(x + 2)								
83.	Which of the following C statement	s is s	syntactically correct?								
	(A) for ();	(B)	for(;);								
	(C) for (;;);	(D)	none of these								
			-								

	$\mathbf{J}_{\mathbf{i}}$
84.	A friend function can be used to :
	(A) Avoid arguments between classes
	(B) Allow access to classes whose source code is unavailable
•	(C) Allow one class to access an unrelated class
	(D) Increase the versatility of an overloaded operator
85 .	YACC generates parsers based on :
	(A) LALR(1) grammars
	(B) LL(1) grammars
	(C) Operator-precedence grammars
	(D) General context free grammars
86.	Which one is not a requirement elicitation technique ?
	(A) interview (B) the use case approach
	(C) fact finding (D) data flow diagrams
87.	BNF is meta language for describing :
	(A) the syntax of a language
	(B) context free grammars
	(C) both (A) and (B)
	(D) shell programming
88	. Minimum number of times the body of do while loop is executed is
	(A) zero (B) one
	(C) infinite (D) three

89.	According to Brooks, if n is the number of programmers in a project team,								
	then	the number of communication	path	is:					
	(A)	n(n - 1)/2	(B)	n log n					
	(C)	n	(D)	n(n + 1)/2					
90.	\mathbf{Acco}	rding to the COCOMO basic mo	del t	he expression $E = a(kLOC)^b$. The					
-	unit	of E is:							
	(A)	PM(Person Month)	(\mathbf{B})	PY(Person Year)					
	(C)	PH(Person Hour)	(D)	EMD					
91.	A lo	ogical schema is :							
	(A)	The entire database							
	(B)	A standard way to organise in	form	ation into accessible parts					
	(C)	The way data is actually store	ed on	disk					
•	$\dot{\mathbf{D}}$	None of the above							
92.	Wh	ich of the following languages ha	s rec	ently become the de facto standard					
	for	interfacing application programs	s witl	h RDBMS ?					
	(A)	dBASE	(B)	4GL					
	(C)	Oracle	(D)	\mathbf{SQL}					

93. For a database relation R(A, B, C, D), the domains of A, B, C and D include only atomic values. The following functional dependencies and those that can be inferred from them also exist:

$$A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow D$$

The relation is in:

- (A) 1NF but not in 2NF
- (B) 2NF but not in 3NF

(C) 3NF

- (D) None of these
- 94. A database schema R(A, B, C) depicts the following functional dependencies:

$$A \rightarrow BC, B \rightarrow C, A \rightarrow B, AB \rightarrow C$$

The canonical cover for this set is:

- (A) $A \rightarrow BC$ and $B \rightarrow C$
- (B) $A \rightarrow BC$ and $AB \rightarrow C$
- (C) $A \rightarrow BC$ and $A \rightarrow B$
- (D) $A \rightarrow B$ and $B \rightarrow C$
- 95. Which of the data model is independent of both hardware and DBMS?
 - (A) external

(B) internal

(C) conceptual

- (D) all of these
- 96. What will be the result of statement SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE SALARY in (4000, 8000)?
 - (A) all employees whose salary is either 4000 or 8000
 - (B) all employees whose salary is between 4000 and 8000
 - (C) all employees whose salary is not between 4000 and 8000
 - (D) none of the above

97.	The	value of scale-up, if the original	syst	em can process 1000 transactions
	in a	given time and the parallel syst	em ca	an process 300 transactions in the
	sam	e time, is:		
	(A)	2	(B)	3
	(C)	4	(D)	None of these
98.	Whi	ch of the following is <i>not</i> a DD	L sta	tement?
	(A)	ALTER	(B)	DROP
	(C)	CREATE	(D)	SELECT
99.	Whi	ch of the following is a spatial	index	ing method ?
	(A)	X-trees	(B)	R-trees
	(C)	B-trees	(D)	None of these
100.	Deg	ree of a table with 5000 rows a	nd 50	O columns is :
	(A)	50	(B)	500
	(C)	5000	(D)	None of these
101.	Whi	ch of the following clauses is	usual	ly used together with aggregate
	func	etions?		
	(A)	ORDER BY ASC	(B)	GROUP BY
	(C)	ORDER BY DESC	(D)	None of these

102.	Which of these expresses the specific number of entity occurrences associate
	with one occurrence of the related entity?
	(A) degree (B) connectivity
	(C) cardinality (D) None of these
103.	Which of the following transformation is referred to as commutativity
	projection and join ?
	(A) $\pi_{L_1 \cup L_2}$ (R \bowtie S) $\equiv \pi_{L_1}$ (R ₁)) $\bowtie_C \equiv \pi_{L_2}$ (S))
	(B) $R \cup S \equiv S \cup R$
	(C) $R \cap S \equiv S \cap R$
	(D) Both (B) and (C)
l 04 .	Which of the following is a statement after which you can <i>not</i> issue a commi
	command?
	(A) INSERT (B) SELECT
	(C) UPDATE (D) DELETE
05.	VDL is used to specify:
	(A) internal schema (B) external schema
	(C) conceptual schema (D) none of these
06.	OLAP is:
	(A) A dynamic synthesis of multidimensional data
	(B) A analysis of multidimensional data
	(C) A consolidation of large volume of multidimensional data
	(D) All of the above

107.	In c	distributed query processing, sen	ni-joir	operation is used to :
	(\mathbf{A})	Reduce the size of a relation t	hat n	needs to be transmitted
	(B)	Reduce the communication cost	t	
	(C)	Both (A) and (B)		
	(D)	None of the above		
108.	The	time required to insert an	eleme	ent in a stack with linked list
	imp	lementation is :		
	(A)	0(1)	(B)	$0(\log_2 n)$
	(C)	0(n)	(\mathbf{D})	$0(n \cdot log_2 n)$
109.	The	postfix equivalent of the prefix	. × -	- AB - CD is :
	(\mathbf{A})	AB + CD - *	i B u	ABCD + - *
	(C)	AB + CD * -	(D)	AB + - CD *
110.	The	worst case time required to sea	rch a	given element in a sorted linked
	list	of length n is:		
	(\mathbf{A})	0(1)	(B)	$0(\log_2 n)$
	(\mathbf{C})	0(n)	(D)	$0(n \log_2 n)$
111.	The	maximum number of binary	trees	that can be formed with three
	unla	abelled nodes is :		
	(\mathbf{A})	1	(B)	5
	(C)	4	(D)	3

112.	A f	ull binary tree with n leaf node	s con	tains :						
	(\mathbf{A})	n nodes	(B)	\log_2 n nodes						
	(C)	2n-1	(D)	2 ⁿ nodes						
113.	The	e time complexity of an algorithm	n wit	ch n inputs is expressed as :						
		T(n) = T(n - 1) + 1/n if n > 1	1							
		= 1, otherwise								
	The	order of complexity of this algo	orithn	n is :						
	(A)	0(log n)	(B)	$0(\mathbf{n})$						
	(C)	$0(n^2)$	(D)	$0(n^n)$						
114.	Whi	ich of the following traversal tec	hniqu	ues lists nodes of a binary search						
	tree	in ascending order ?								
	(A)	postorder	(B)	inorder						
	(C)	preorder	(\mathbf{D})	none of these						
115.	Whi	ich of the following algorithm des	sign t	echniques is used in the quicksort						
	algo	rithm ?								
	(A)	dynamic programming	(B)	back-tracking						
	(C)	greedy method	(D)	divide and conquer						
116.	A te	ext is made up of the characters	s a, b	o, c. d. e each occurring with the						
	prob	probabilities 0.12, 0.40, 0.15, 0.08, and 0.25 respectively. The optimal coding								
	tech	nique will have the average len	gth c	of:						
	(A)	2.15	(\mathbf{B})	3.01						
	(C)	2.30	(\mathbf{D})	1.78						

117. The linked list representation of sparse matrices is superior to the generalised

	dope vector method because	it is:
•	(A) conceptually easier	
	(B) completely dynamic	
	(C) efficient in accessing ar	n entry
	(D) efficient if the sparse n	natrix is a band matrix
118.	Minimum number of colours	needed to colour a graph with one vertex and
	two edges is:	
	(A) 4	(B) 3
	(C) 2	(D) 1
119.	An advantage of chained ha	shing table (external hashing) over the open
	hashing is:	
·	(A) Worst case complexity of	of search operation is less
	(B) Space used is less	
	(C) Deletion is easier	
	(D) None of the above	
120.	The number of interchanges	(swap) needed to sort the numbers 8, 22, 7, 9,
	31, 19 5, 13 in ascending or	der, using bubble sort is :
	(A) 11	(B) 12
	(C) 13	(D) 14
121.	The minimum number of ed	ges in a connected cyclic graph of n vertices
• ;	is:	
	(A) n - 1	(\mathbf{B}) n
	(C) $n + 1$	(D) none of these

122. Heap allocation is required for language	.ages :	•
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- (A) that support recursion
- (B) that support dynamic data structures
- (C) that use dynamic scope rules
- (D) none of the above
- 123. The number of 'ADD' and 'REMOVE' operations required to access n/2 the element of a queue of 'n' elements so that the original queue remains the same after the access is:
 - (A) 4 * n

(B) 8 * n

(C) 4 * n - 1

- (D) 8 * n 1
- The following sequence of operations is performed on stack push(1), push(2), pop, push(1), push(2), pop, pop, pop, push(2), pop. The sequence of popped values are:
 - (A) 2, 2, 1, 1, 2

(B) 2, 2, 1, 2, 2

(C) 2, 1, 2, 2, 1

- (D) 2, 1, 2, 2. 2
- 125. If B is the circuit matrix of a graph with k components, e edges, and n vertices, the rank of B is:
 - (A) n k

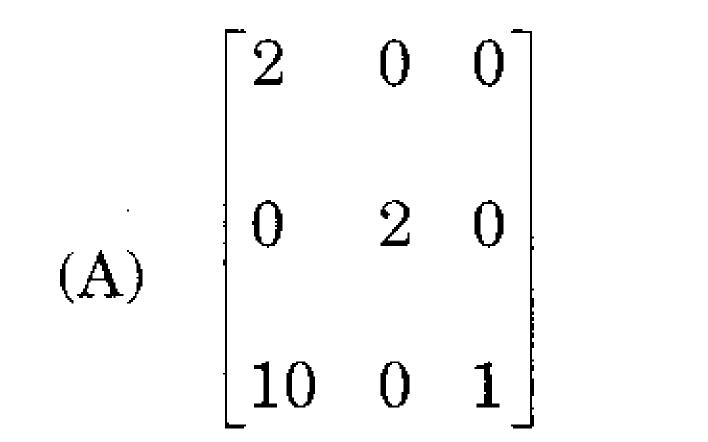
(B) e - n + k

 $(C) \quad e - n + 2k$

(D) e + n - k

126.	Gan	charts may be prepared with :										
	(A)	spread sheet	(B)	database management system								
	(C)	word processor	(D)	(A) and (C) both								
127.	Whi	ich is normally used where a high degree of interaction is necessary										
	(A)	batch mode processing										
	(B)	remote terminal processing										
-	(C)	intelligent terminal processing										
	(D)	online processing										
128.	If th	If the logical interaction intersection of the 4-bit codes for end points of										
	line	e is not zero, the line lies :										
	(\mathbf{A})	entirely on the screen	(B)	entirely off the screen								
	(C)	partially on the screen	(D)	none of these								
129.	An	exploded slice is a feature of a	• •									
	(A)	bar chart	(B)	pie chart								
	(C)	line graph	(D)	none of these								
130.	Ani	mation is nothing but running o	of:									
	(A)	scenes	(B)	blocks								
	(C)	bits	(D)	scan-lines								

131.	If a	point	(x,	y) is	first	scaled	by a	factor	S_{x}	= S _y =	= 2,	then	translated	. by
	t. =	10, t,	., =	0. T	he re	sultant	tran	sforma	tion	matr	ix w	rill be	<u>.</u> :	



 $\begin{bmatrix}
10 & 0 & 1 \\
0 & 2 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 2
\end{bmatrix}$

(D) none of these

- 132. XML documents can be created using:
 - (A) Wizards

(B) Editors

(C) Operating system

- (D) HTML
- 133. Javascript is mainly used with:
 - (A) database

(B) text

(C) web pages

- (D) VB
- 134. Which of the following colour graphics display adapter has the highest resolution?
 - (A) HGA

(B) CGA

(C) VDA

- (D) SVGA
- 135. Which one is the fastest driver of JDBC?
 - (A) type 1

(B) type 2

(C) type 3

(D) type 4

l36.	How many instances of a servelet	can be created?	
	(A) 1	(B) 2	
	(C) 3	(D) none of these	
137.	Which one of the following is not a responsibility of the stub in RMI		
	(A) Initiating remote calls		
	(B) Marshalling arguments to be	sent	
	(C) Informing the remote referen	ce layer that the call is complete	
	(D) Calling the actual remote object implementation .		
38.	How many types of lists are suppo	orted by HTML?	
	(A) 2	(B) 3	
	(C) 5	(D) none of these	
39.	An alternative protocol to the TCP is:		
	(A) UDP	(B) SMTP	
	(C) EDP	(D) None of these	
4 0.	$P \leftrightarrow Q$ is logically equivalent to :		
	$(\mathbf{A}) (\mathbf{P} \ \land \ \mathbf{Q}) \ \rightarrow \ (\mathbf{P} \ \lor \ \mathbf{Q})$		

(B) $(P \land Q) \leftarrow (P \lor Q)$

 $(C) \quad (P \lor Q) \to (P \land Q)$

(D) None of the above

- 141. If there exists exactly one production deriving every non-terminal in a context free Grammar, then L(G) is :
 - (A) A finite set
 - (B) A set containing only one string
 - (C) An infinite set
 - (D) None of the above
- 142. Which of the following is *not* true about dynamic type checking?
 - (A) All the type errors are detected
 - (B) Type checking is done during the execution
 - (C) It increases the cost of execution
 - (D) None of the above
- 143. Which of the following does the parent and child process share after a fork()?
 - (A) The same PCB
 - (B) The same stack
 - (C) Data declared global to the program
 - (D) None of the above
- 144. Which of the following statements are true of (hard and soft) real-time scheduling?
 - (A) They minimize the average weight time
 - (B) They maximize CPU utilization
 - (C) They use multi-level queues
 - (D) None of the above

145.	\sim (P \rightarrow Q) is equivalent to	• •		
	$(A) \sim P \wedge Q$	(B)	$P \vee Q$	
	(C) $P \wedge \sim Q$	(D)	$\sim P \wedge \sim Q$	
146.	Embedded computers typically run on which operating system?			
	(A) Windows XP	(B)	Clustered	
	(C) Real-time	(D)	None of these	
147.	Block Cache and Buffer Cache are used :			
	(A) to improve disk perform	mance		
	(B) to handle interrupts			
	(C) to increase the capacity of main memory			
	(D) to speed up main men	nory read oper	ration	
148.	Which of the following is not a part of CRT ?			
	(A) Phosphor screen	(B)	Shadow mask	
•	(C) Gas plasma	(D)	Electron gun	
149.	A synthesized attribute is an attribute whose value at a parse tree node depends			
	on:			
	(A) Attributes at siblings level only			
	(B) Attributes at children nodes only			
	(C) Attributes at parent nodes only			
	(D) None of the above			
150.	How many bits are requir	red to encode	all 26 letters, 10 symbols and	
	10 numerals ?		-	
	(A) 5	(B)	6	
	(C) 7	(\mathbf{D})	46	