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(SUBJECT)

5. Mark Paper Code and Roll No. as given in the Hall Ticket with Blue/Black Ball point pen by darkening appropriate circles in Part A of side 1 of the Answer Sheet. Incorrect/not encoding will lead to *invalidation* of your Answer Sheet.

Example: If the Paper Code is 027, and Roll No. is 95640376 fill as shown below:

Paper Code				
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- 6. Please get the signature of the Invigilator affixed in the space provided in the Answer Sheet. An Answer Sheet without the signature of the Invigilator is liable for *invalidation*.
- 7. The candidate should not do rough work or write any irrelevant matter in the Answer Sheet. Doing so will lead to *invalidation*.
- 8. Do not mark answer choices on the Test Booklet. Violation of this will be viewed seriously.
- 9. Before leaving the examination hall, the candidate should hand over the original OMR Answer Sheet (top sheet) to the Invigilator and carry the bottom sheet (duplicate) for his/her record, failing which disciplinary action will be taken.
- 10. Use of whitener is prohibited. If used, the answer sheet is liable for invalidation.

(3)

ID/555

. A

- 1. Drug obtained from plant source
 - (1) Reserpine
 - (2) Penicillin
 - (3) Ethanol
 - (4) Sulfamethoxazole
- 2. Ulcer healing agent useful in peptic ulcer treatment
 - (1) Omeprazole
 - (2) Aluminium hydroxide
 - (3) Ranitidine
 - (4) Sucralfate
- 3. Site of action for anti emetics
 - (1) Basal ganglia
 - (2) Spinal chord
 - (3) Chemorecptor trigger zone
 - (4) Cerebral hemispheres
- 4. In a prescription-D5W-means
 - (1) Distilled water 5 ml
 - (2) Daily-5-times
 - (3) 5 drops of water
 - (4) Dextrose 5% in water

- 5. Example for incompatibility due to chemical reaction
 - (1) Potassium iode + Emetine
 - (2) NaCl + KCl
 - (3) Atropine + Acetylcholine
 - (4) Resinous tincture + Water
- 6. In a prescription '-gtt'- indicates
 - (1) Syrup
 - (2) Tablet
 - (3) Drops
 - (4) Creams
- 7. Why sodium thiosulfate is added to eye drops?
 - (1) As stabilizing agent
 - (2) As reducing agent
 - (3) As buffering agent
 - (4) As vehicle
- 8. What is liquor in prescription order?
 - (1) Ethyl alcohol
 - (2) Solution
 - (3) Mixture
 - (4) Syrup

(4)

Α

ID/555

- 9. What is-ter in die-in prescription?
 - (1) once in three days
 - (2) three tablets at a time
 - (3) three times a day
 - (4) two or three times a day
- 10. Ophthalmic products include all except
 - (1) solution for instilling into the conjunctival sac
 - (2) solution for lubricating contact lens
 - (3) solution for bathing the eye
 - (4) night blindness preventing drugs
- 11. For calculating child dose-drilling's formula is
 - $(1) \quad \frac{Age}{Age + 12} \times Adult \ Dose$
 - (2) $\frac{Age}{Age + 20} \times Adult dose$
 - $(3) \frac{\text{Age}}{20} \times \text{Adult dose}$
 - (4) $\frac{25}{100} \times \text{Adult dose}$
- 12. In a prescription-sexies die (sex.d.).
 - (1) six times a day
 - (2) give to males only
 - (3) give to females only
 - (4) can be given to males or females

- 13. British pharmacopoeia
 - (1) is a book of standards
 - (2) gives list of drugs used in the country
 - (3) enumerates pharmaceutical companies
 - (4) is a therapeutic index
- 14. What is a sedative?
 - (1) Produces sleep
 - (2) Produces hypnotic effect
 - (3) Relieves convulsions
 - (4) Produces calming effect
- 15. Zinc-oxide bandage is
 - (1) Adhesive bandage
 - (2) Impregnated bandage

Ma(L-mortgin)

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- (3) Elastic bandage
- (4) Non elastic bandage

ID/555 (5)A In a prescription order inscription 19. prescription what the denotes abbreviation for every day Guidelines to the patient (1) (1) qid **(2)** qod (2)Guidelines to the pharmacist (3) q dAddress of patient **(3) (4)** Address of prescriber **(4)** 20. What is the meaning of -ou- in a prescription? (1) one unit Example for physical incompatibility once a day (2)(3) orally **(1)** Alkali + Acid (4) both eyes niace seal (4 **(2)** Alkaloid + Acid (3) Magnesium hydroxide + acid 21. What is 'sos' in a prescription order? **(1)** if needed **(4)** Castor oil + water **(2)** subcutaneous (3) without **(4)** at once 'qs' in a prescription means _18. (1) every hour 22. Sterilizing the eye drops are done by following methods except **(2)** sufficient quantity heating in an autoclave **(1) (2)** filtration word para-(3) every time **(3)** adding an antiseptic

(4)

maintaining at 98°C for 30 minutes

(4)

every day

A			
23.		disposable glass apparatus carilized by the following met ept	
	(1)	boiling in water for 30 mts.	
	(2)	hot air oven	
	(3)	infrared convertor oven	
	(4)	forced convection gas oven	
24.	Anti	i-anxiety agent	***
	(1)	imipramine	
	(2)	chlorpromazine	
	(3)	thiopentone	
	(4)	diazepam	
25.	Wha	at is ranitidine?	, 1 !
	(1)	H-2-Receptor antagonist	
	(2)	H-1-Receptor blocker US	
	(3)	H-3-Receptor antagonist	
;	(4)	H-4-Receptor antagonist	
26.	Opio	oid derivative used in cough syru	p SS
	(1)	Pentazocine	
	(2)	Diphenoxylate	
	(3)	Noscapine (8)	

Buprenorphine

(4)

duca 6)	uon	com	ID/555
27.	How	many drops constitute 1 ml?	
	(1)	5	
	(2)	10	
	(3)	15 (4), (2), (3)	
	(4)	20	
28.	Oun	ce by volume is equal to	
	(1)	30 ml	
	(2)	60 ml	
	(3)	90 ml	
	(4)	15 ml	
		• u ig/s+3.500.07 (
29.	Pres	servative used in eye drops i	nclude
	all e	xcept n.zo dry bearing a second	
	(1)	Benzalkonium	
	(2)	Orthotoluene	
	(3)	Chlorocresol	
i :2.	(4)	Thiomer sal	
30.	Exa	mple for osmotic purgative	
	(1)	Magnesium sulfate	
	(2)	Liquid paraffin	

(3)

(4)

Phenolphthalein

Castor oil

www.sakshieducation.com ID/555 A (7) 31. Drugs useful in peptic ulcer all except 35. Formula to calculate dose proportionate to surface area of the body (1) Aluminium hydroxide gel $\frac{surface\ area\ of\ child}{surface\ area\ of\ adult} \times Adult\ dose$ **(1) (2)** Magnesium sulfate $\underline{\text{surface area of child}} \times \mathbf{Adult\ dose}$ (3) Magnesium trisilicate (2)Magnesium hydroxide **(4)** $\frac{surface\ area\ of\ child}{surface\ area\ of\ adult} \times 100\ Adult\ dose$ (3) $\frac{\text{surface area of adult}}{\text{×}} \times \text{Adult dose}$ 32. In a prescription gid means **(4)** age of child **(1)** Four times a day (2)Quantity sufficient 36. 1 gram is equal to how many grains? **(3)** One fourth ounce **(1)** 60 **(2)** 15 Every other day **(4)** (3) 30 (4) 10 33. In a prescription 'post cibum' means (1) Before food Pharmaceuticals may be contaminated After food by all except **(2) (1)** dust (3) As directed **(2)** free organisms Occasionally **(4)** (3)poisonous gases (4) droplets 34. Material tested for microbial contamination include all except 38. International pharmacopoeia published by (1) Catgut UNCTAD (1) (2)Human blood and blood products WHO **(2)** (3) Phenol

Eye drops

(4)

(3)

(4)

UNESCO

UNICET

Α		(8)		ID/555
39.	Tablespoon is equal to	42.	2. What is blood brain barrier?	
	(1) 5 ml		(1) capillaries of the brain	
	(2) 10 ml		(2) fourth ventricles	
	(3) 15 ml		(2) third matrials	
	(4) 30 ml		(3) third ventricle	
			(4) first ventricle	
40.	One quart is equal to			
	*(1). · 250:ml // · ·	43.	3. Broad spectrum anthelmentic	
	(2) 500 ml		(1) piperazine citrate	
	(3) 750 ml		(2) albendazole	
	(4) 1000 ml		er off	
			(3) niclosamide	
41.	As per narcotic drugs act, 'controlled		(4) tetrachloro ethylene	
	substance' means			
	(1) drug banned by states	44.	4. 'BID' in a prescription means	
174	(2) drug notified in the central			
	government gazette		(1) Twice a day hateo.	
e ţ	(3) drug dispensed by registered		(2) Thrice a day	
	medical practioner's order		(3) Two spoons	
	(4) drug included in controlled price		(4) Two tablets	
	list		(4) Two tablets	

(9)

ID/555

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- **45.** Drug obtained by recombinant DNA technology
 - (1) tetanus toxoid
 - (2) penicillin
 - (3) human insulin
 - (4) zidovudine
- **46.** Why thickening agents are used in eye drops?
 - (1) Promote tears
 - (2) Wash and clean eyes
 - (3) Prolong contact with the eye
 - (4) Lubricating the contact lens
- 47. Macrolide antibiotic
 - (1) Clarithromycin
 - (2) Streptomycin
 - (3) Ciprofloxacing id
 - (4) Chloramphenicol
- 48. Centrally acting muscle relaxant
 - (1) Halothane
 - (2) 2-Tubocurarine
 - (3) Mephenesin
 - (4) Succinyl choline

- **49.** Young's formula for calculating child dose
 - (1) Age in years $\div 20 \times Adult dose$
 - (2) Age (Years) \div Age + $12 \times$ Adult dose
 - (3) Age in years $\div \frac{1}{2} \times Adult dose$
 - (4) Age in years + Age + $12 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2}$ Adult dose
- 50. Drug obtained from animal source
 - (1) Dicoumarol
 - (2) Heparin
 - (3) Insulin-human
 - (4) Cocaine
- 51. Bactericidal agent
 - (1) Sulfadoxin
 - (2) Ceftriaxone
 - (3) Tetracycline
 - (4) Chloramphenicol
- 52. Malaria is caused by
 - (1) Plasmodium vivax
 - (2) Entamoeba histolytica
 - (3) Wuchureria bancrofti
 - (4) Necator americana

(10)ID/555 Α **53.** Synthetic drug Antifungal agent Atropine **(1)** Griseofulvin (1) **(2)** Aspirin (2)Silver sulfadiazine (3)Iodine (3)Ribavirin **(4)** Magnesium sulphate **(4)** Neosporin What is the abbreviation to denote 'after **58.** Book of reference published by the food' in a prescription? British pharmacological society on drugs and pharmaceutical substances **(1)** P.C. **(2)** P.F. (1) British National Formulary (3)Prn. **(2) British Pharmaceutical Codex (4)** P.R. British Pharmacopoeia (3) **British Therapeutic Index** The number of parts by weight of the medicament that displaces one part by **59.** Systemic antacid weight of the base **(1)** Aluminium hydroxide gel Calibration **(1)** (2)Magnesium sulfate **(2)** Displacement value **(3)** Sodium bicarbonate (3) Paratonicity **(4)** Magnesium hydroxide gel **(4)** Isotonicity **56.** Blankets can be sterilized by 60. Spread of chicken pox is by **(1)** Dry heat method **(1)** Droplet infection **(2)** Ethylene oxide treatment **(2)** Body fluids in the line **(3)** Autoclaving **(3)** Contaminated foods

(4)

Direct contact

Ionizing radiation

(4)

ID/5	55	(11)	A
61.	Penicillinase resistant penicillin	64.	What are the sources of contamination include all except?
	(1) Benzyl penicillin		(1) The breath
	(2) Cloxacillin		(2) The hands
	(3) Amoxycillin		(3) Atmosphere
	(4) Ampicillin		(4) Fumigants
		65.	Anti-emetic
			(1) Metoclopramide
62.	Gloves are sterilized by		(2) Ethionamide
	(1) Ethylene oxide		(3) Ranitidine
			(4) Apomorphine
	(2) Hot air oven method		
	(3) Dry heat	66.	Drug useful in hepatic amoebiasis
		-	(1) Chloroquine
	(4) Radiant heat		(2) Tetracycline
			(3) Mebendazole
ននិក		, .	(4) Pyrantel pamoate
63.	Analgesic from opium poppy		
į.:	(1) Diazepam	67.	Effect of injecting hypotonic saline intravenously
	(2) Morphine		(1) Damage to venous walls
			(2) Raise in the blood pressure
-	(3) Aspirin		(3) Hemolysis
	(4) Diclofenac		(4) Diuresis

•			
	۱	72.	Preservative useful in eye drops

- (1) Mercuric chloride
- (2) Chlorine water
- (3) Bromine water
- (4) Phenyl mercuric nitrate
- 73. Drug useful in petitmal epilepsy
 - (1) Phenytoin sodium
 - (2) Ethosuximide
 - (3) Carbamazepine
 - (4) Phenobarbitone
- 74. Narcotic drugs and psychotropic drugs act, 1985, came into effect on

hazepam

- (1) 1.1.1985
- (2) 14.11.1985
- (3) 26.1.1986
- (4) 14.11.1986

68. 'R' in a prescription means

- (1) Repeat
- (2) Rectify
- (3) Take
- (4) Supply

69. Prevention of illicit traffic in narcotic and psychotropic drugs act was enacted in

damento.

- (1) 1986
- (2) 1987.
- (3) 1988
- (4) 1989

70. Ciprofloxacin is drug of choice in

hep are arrestiasis

- (1) Tonisilitis
- (2) Urinary tract infections
- (3) Fungal infections
- (4) Scabies

71. 'AC' means in a prescription

(1) before rising

emines our raquid entire e

- (2) before food
- (3) shake well
- (4) water

(3)

(4)

Nifedipine

Nitroglycerine

per oral normally

post lunch

Α

Proton pump inhibitor U.S.P. stands for **75**. Sucralfate United States Pharmacopoiea **(1)** (1)(2)United Nations Pharmacopoiea (2)Milk of magnesia **Unsaturated Solutions and Powders** Ranitidine (3)(3)United States National Formulary Omeprazole **(4)** (4)Broad spectrum antibiotic Fluoro quinolones include all except 80. 76. Ampicillin (1) Ofloxacin (1) (2) Cefazolin Sparfloxacin **(2)** Doxycycline (3) Pefloxacin (3)Clarithromycin (4)Cloxacillin (4) In a prescription 'signature' means What is 'SS' in a prescription? solution saturated Doctor's initials (1)(1) Patient's initials (2)**(2)** syrupy solution Instructions to the patient (3)(3) one hale Pharmacist's initials (4) when needed (4)82. What is the meaning of prullin a Calcium channel blocker useful 78. prescription? nois white angina per rectum normally **(1)** Atewolol (1)**(2)** Aspirin when needed (2)

(3)

(4)

Α		(14)	ID/555
83.	Semi-synthetic drug	87.	Digitalis is useful in
,	(1) Penicillin-G		(1) Hypertension
	(2) Ampicillin-N		(2) Angina
	(3) Rifamycin-B		(3) Hypotension
	(4) Streptomycin		(4) Congestive heart failure
84.	Cardiac glycoside	88.	One teaspoonful is equal to
	(1) Enalapril		(1) 30 ml
	(2) Hydralazine (3) Digoxin		(2) 15 ml
	(4) Hydrochlorothiazide		(3) 10 ml
			(4) 5 ml
85.	Antineoplastic drug		Tarolton protes som som en and
	(1) Methotrexate	89.	In a prescription 'signa' means
	(2) Piperazine citrate		(1) signatures
	(3) Amantadine		(2) signs and symptoms
<u> </u>	(4) Co-Trimoxazole		(3) single items
			(4) label
86.	Therapeutic use of hypertonic solution injection	ni	blocker maeloid
	(1) Hypovolemic shock	90.	Retroviral infection
	i este		(1) Small pox
			(2) Influenza
	occlusion damage to vein an		(3) HIV
	(4) For dissolving powers for injection		(4) Cytomegalovirus

- 91. 'Unguentum' means
 - (1) cream
 - (2) lotion
 - (3) ointment
 - (4) plaster
- 92. What is rectified spirit?
 - (1) 75% ethanol
 - (2) 100% ethanol
 - (3) 90% ethanol
 - (4) 50% ethanol
- 93. In a prescription 'vespere' means
 - (1) Talk in whisper
 - (2) Russel's viper
 - (3) In the evening
 - (4) At the morning
- **94.** Functions of sympathetic system include all except
 - (1) Dilatation of the pupil
 - (2) Constriction of the pupil
 - (3) Conversion of glycogen to glucose in liver
 - (4) Production of sweat

- 95. Antihypertensive agent
 - (1) Amphetamine
 - (2) Adrenaline
 - (3) Salbutamol
 - (4) Propranolol
- 96. One kilo gram is equal to
 - (1) 2.2 pounds
 - (2) 3.0 pounds
 - (3) 3.3 pounds
 - (4) 4 pounds
- 97. What is strophanthus?
 - (1) Diuretic
 - (2) Antianemic
 - (3) Cardiac glycoside
 - (4) Antianginal

A	(*	16) ID/555
98.	Drugs classified under narcotic drugs	101. Zidovudine is used in chemotherapy of
	and psychotropic agents include all	(1) Acute immuno deficiency syndrome
	except	(2) Small pox
	(1) Ephedrine	(3) Influenzal pneumonia
	(2) Cocaine	(4) Bronchogenic carcinoma
	(3) Heroin	102. In what disease heart fails as a pump?
	(4) Hashish	(1) Angina pectoris
	e (Capadana da a) de	(2) Hepatic coma
99.	Dapsone is useful in	(3) Congestive cardiac failure (4) Nephrotic syndrome
	(1) Tuberculosis	(1) Replied Syndrome
	(2) Leprosy	103. In a prescription 'OID' means
	(3) Malabsorption syndrome	(1) one fourth to have no Head and the second
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2) one quart
	(4) AIDS	(3) once in four days
	a Sidmone of the Children	(4) four times a day
100.	Vehicles in ophthalmic drops include all	elolo a fisympather are closed
	except on the second of the se	104. Catgut is sterilized by
	(1) ethanol	(1) Dry heat method
	(2) isotonic phosphate	(2) Autoclavin
	(3) special boric acid	(3) Ionizing radiation
	(1) having anid	(4) Chemical method

(4) boric acid

- 105. Example for Type I hyper sensitivity reaction
 - (1) Complement mediated cell damage
 - (2) IgE mediated reaction
 - (3) Serum sickness
 - (4) Cell mediated immunity reaction
- 106. What is the normal cardiac output?
 - (1) 1 litre/minute
 - (2) 2 litres/minute
 - (3) 4 litres/minute
 - (4) 5 litres/minute
- 107. Enzyme responsible for conversion of glucose to glucose-6-PO₄
 - (1) glycogen synthase
 - (2) G-6-Phosphatase
 - (3) Glucokinase
 - (4) Phosphorylase
- 108. Containers for eye drops should be having all the properties except
 - (1) child proof
 - (2) preserving the stability of contents
 - (3) not adversely affect contents
 - (4) withstand sterilization

- 109. In a prescription what is 'bi terne in die' (b t i d)
 - (1) best taken in day time
 - (2) taken at bed time
 - (3) take tablet with breakfast
 - (4) two or three times a day
- 110. One of the following is not a Parasympathetic response
 - (1) contracts intestinal smooth muscle
 - (2) increases heart rate
 - (3) decrease heart rate
 - (4) stimulates gastric secretions
- 111. Anti-anginal agent
 - (1) hydrochlorothiazide
 - (2) reserpine
 - (3) glyceryl trinitrate
 - (4) sodium thiosulphate
- 112. Method of sterilizing metal instruments
 - (1) Adding antiseptic solution
 - (2) Steam under pressure
 - (3) Hot air oven
 - (4) Radioactive isotopes

113. Lysins are antibodies

- (1) which neutralize toxins
- (2) cause germs to stick together
- (3) kills organism by causing them to burst open into fragments
- (4) combine with antigens on the outer surface of germs

114. In a prescription 'STAT' means

- (1) straight
- (2) one half
- (3) at once
- (4) single tablet at a time

115. Vasodilator anti-hypertensive

- (1) sodium nitro prusside
- (2) propranolol
- (3) verapamil
- (4) digokin

116. In a prescription H.S. Hora Somne

- (1) evening time
- (2) after dinner
- (3) at bed time
- (4) before and after lunch

117. Complement is

- (1) system of enzymes producing lysis of cells
- (2) haptens which stimulate immuno reaction
- (3) globulin conferring immunity
- (4) vaccine

118. Gastro intestinal hormones include all except

- (1) Gastrin
- (2) Chole cystokinin
- (3) Secretin
- (4) Angiotensin

119. Blood pressure is regulated by all except

- (1) Vasomotor centre
- (2) Aortic baro receptors
- (3) Juxtaglomerular cells
- (4) Loop of hende

120. Normal saline

- (1) 10% sodium chloride
- (2) 20% sodium chloride
- (3) 0.9% sodium chloride
- (4) 0.1% sodium chloride

ID/555 (19)A 121. Facilitated diffusion of glucose takes 124. Reflex arc functions at the level of place in all sites except cerebellum (1) (1) skeletal muscle cerebral hemispheres (2)(2) adipose tissue (3)medulla (3)insulin dependant tissues (4) spinal cord **(4)** renal tubules 125. Increased frequency of defecation and water content in stools is called 122. Transmitter in sympathetic system (1)Constipation acetylcholine **(1) (2)** Diarrhea (2)nor-adrenaline (3)Steatorrhea **(3)** glutamine **(4)** Malena **(4)** glycine 126. Hypothalamic function includes all 123. Uses of isotonic saline does not include except **(1)** I.V. injection regulation of posterior pituitary **(2)** Intra-cutaneous injection (2)regulation of anterior pituitary Hypothalamus (3) Sub-cutaneous injection **(3)** control of reproduction

(4)

Injection into varicose veins

(4)

control of respiration

Α	· (:	20)	ID/555
127.	Pulmonary tuberculosis spreads by	130. Wh	at is myocardial infarction?
	(1) insect vectors	(1)	Pain due to ischemic death of myocardium
	(2) indirect contact	(2)	Pain decreased heart rate
	(3) droplet infection	(3)	Pain to due increased blood
	(4) direct contact		pressure
		(4)	Pain to due heart failure
	Which vessel is highly muscular?		
,		131. Ant	ibodies are
	(1) capillary	(1)	immunogens
	(2) vein	(2)	haptens
	(3) lymphcapillary	(3)	immuno globulins
	(4) artery	(4)	allergens
	y designate the position to		
129.	Antidiarrheal agents include all except	132. Res	piratory center is present in
	(1) Kaolin	(1)	Cerebral hemisphere
	(2) Pectin per a la la gent de la constant de la co	(2)	Hypothalamus
	(3) Diphenoxylate	(3)	Pons
	(4) Magnesium sulfate	(4)	Medulla

(21)

133.	Under aerobic conditions pyruvic acid is metabolized to CO_2 and H_2O through
	(A) 77 11 15 15 17

- (1) Embden Meyer's pathway
- (2) Citric acid cycle
- (3) Lactic acid pathway
- (4) H.M.P. Shunt

134. Action of vagus on heart

- (1) Tachycardia
- (2) Bradycardia
- (3) Increased force
- (4) Increased A V conduction

135. Drug useful tape infestation

- (1) Penicillin
- (2) Niclosamide
- (3) Metronidazole
- (4) Tetrachloro ethylene

136. Bacteriostatic agent

- (1) Ceftriaxone
- (2) Gentamicin
- (3) Cotrimoxazole
- (4) Chloramphenicol

137. In a prescription super scription includes

- (1) Active ingredient
- (2) Prescribers particulars
- (3) Instructions to the patient
- (4) Warning
- 138. Publication of British Medical
 Association and pharmaceutic society for
 prescribers and pharmacists in National
 Health Services
 - (1) British pharmacopoiea
 - (2) British pharmacopoiea codex
 - (3) British National Formulary
 - (4) British therapeutic index

Α		(22)	ID/555
139.	NSAID	142. Oral vaccine	
•	(1) Aspirin	(1) Hepatitis-A	
	(2) Diazepam	(2) Hepatitis-B	
	(3) Chloroquin	(3) Salk's vaccine	
	(4) Morphine	(4) Sabin's vaccine	
140.	Vaccine that can afford protection	n 143. Example for a narrow	spectrum
	against tuberculosis and leprosy	antibiotic	
	ം വ്യവസ്യക്കാന് വ		
	(1) Salk's vaccine	(1) Doxy cycline	
	(2) B.C.G. vaccine	(2) Mino cycline	
	(3) Sabin's vaccine	(3) Methacycline	•
	(4) Tuberculin	(4) Benzyl penicillin	
.i. ss	Salt Grand to Jude 18 49		
141.	What type of solution is normal saline?	144. What is co-trimoxazole?	56 IS
	(1) Hypertonic	(1) Penicillin + Sulfadimidin	e
	(2) Isotonic	(2) Sulfadoxine + Pyrimetha	mine
	(3) Paratonic.	(3) Sulfamethoxazole + Trim	ethoprim
	(4) Hypotonic	(4) Triple sulfa	

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

Hunger

Nausea and Vomiting

Secretion and Motility

Appetite suppression

(2)

(3)

(4)

paint

Liquid medicament applied as a

Liquid medicament as enema

Liquid medicament given orally