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PRACTICE QUESTION SET ON QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE FOR SSC RECRUITMENT EXAMINATION- 2012

1. Ratio of the principal and the amount after $\mathbf{y r}$ is $\mathbf{1 0}: \mathbf{1 2}$. Then the rate of interest per annum is
(a) $12 \%$
(b) $16 \%$
(c) $18 \%$
(d) $20 \%$
2. A solid cone of height 9 cm with diameter of its base 18 cm is cut out from a wooden solid sphere of radius 9 cm . The percentage of wood wasted is
(a) 25
(b) 30
(c) 30
(d) 75
3. The length of the chord of a circle is $\mathbf{8 \mathrm { cm }}$ and perpendicular distance between centre and the chord is $\mathbf{3 ~ c m}$. Then the radius of the circle is equal to
(a) 4 cm
(b) 5 cm
(c) 6 cm
(d) 8 cm
4. In $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \angle \mathrm{BAC}=90^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{AB}=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{BC}$. Then the measure of $\angle \mathrm{ABC}$ is
(a) $60^{\circ}$
(b) $30^{\circ}$
(c) $45^{\circ}$
(d) $15^{\circ}$
5. The average of 5 numbers is 140 . If one number is excluded, the average of the remaining 4 numbers is $\mathbf{1 3 0}$. The excluded number is
(a) 135
(b) 134
(c) 180
(d) 150
6. If toys are bought at Rs 5 each and sold at Rs 4.50 each, then the loss is
(a) $10 \%$
(b) $11 \%$
(c) $12 \%$
(d) $13 \%$
7. What is the greatest number which will divide 110 and 128 leaving a remainder $\mathbf{2}$ in each case?
(a) 8
(b) 18
(c) 28
(d) 38
8. If $a=23$ and $b=-29$, then the value of $25 a^{2}+40 a b+16 b^{2}$ is
(a) 1
(b) -1
(c) 0
(d) 2
9. If $\left(2^{x}\right)\left(2^{y}\right)=8$ and $\left(9^{x}\right)\left(3^{y}\right)=81$, then $(x, y)$ is
(a) $(1,2)$
(b) $(2,1)$
(c) $(1,1)$
(d) $(2,2)$
10. One chord of a circle is known to be 10.1 cm , The radius of this circle must be
(a) 5 cm
(b) greater than 5 cm
(c) greater than or equal 5 cm
(d) less than 5 cm
11. If $x, y$ are acute angles, $0<x+y<90^{\circ}$ and $\sin \left(2 x-20^{\circ}\right)=\cos \left(2 y+20^{\circ}\right)$, then the value of $\tan (x+$ $y)$ is
(a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
(b) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
(c) $\sqrt{3}$
(d) 1
12. The ratio of the angles $\angle A$ and $\angle B$ of a non-square rhombus $A B C D$ is $4: 5$, then the value of $\angle C$ is
(a) $50^{0}$
(b) $45^{0}$
(c) $80^{0}$
(d) $95^{\circ}$
13. A straight line parallel to $B C$ of $\triangle A B C$ intersects $A B$ and $A C$ at points $P$ and $Q$, respectively. $A P=Q C, P B=4$ units and $A Q=9$ units, then the length of $A P$ is
(a) 2.5 units
(b) 3 units
(c) 6 units
(d) 6.5 units
14. If $x+y=a$ and $x y=b^{2}$, then the value of $x^{3}-x^{2} y-x y^{2}+Y^{3}$ in terms of $a$ and $b$ is
(a) $\left(a^{2}+4 b^{2}\right) a$
(b) $a^{3}-3 b^{2}$
(c) $a^{3}-4 b^{2} a$
(d) $a^{3}+3 b^{2}$
15. From a right circular cylinder of radius 10 cm and height 21 cm , a right circular cone of same base-radius is removed. If the volume of the remaining portion is $4400 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, then the height of the removed cone (taking $\pi=\frac{22}{7}$ ) is
(a) 15 cm
(b) 18 cm
(c) 21 cm
(d) 24 cm
16. $I$ is the incentre of $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}, \angle \mathrm{ABC}=60^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{ACB}=50^{\circ}$. Then, $\angle \mathrm{BIC}$ is
(a) $55^{\circ}$
(b) $125^{0}$
(c) $70^{0}$
(d) $65^{0}$
17. If $(3 a+1)^{2}+(b-1)^{2}+(2 c-3)^{2}=0$, then the value of $(3 a+b+2 c)$ is equal to
(a) 3
(b) -1
(c) 2
(d) 5
18. Among the numbers $\sqrt[6]{12}, \sqrt[3]{4}, \sqrt[4]{5}, \sqrt{3}$, the least one is
(a) $\sqrt[6]{12}$
(b) $\sqrt[3]{4}$
(c) $\sqrt[4]{5}$
(d) $\sqrt{3}$
19. A trader marks his goods $45 \%$ above the cost price and gives a discount of $20 \%$ on the marked price. The gain percentage on goods he makes, is
(a) 15
(b) 14
(c) 29
(d) 16
20. The simplified value of $(\sec x \sec y+\tan x \tan y)^{2}-(\sec x \tan y+\tan x \sec y)^{2}$ is
(a) -1
(b) 0
(c) $\sec ^{2} \mathrm{x}$
(d) 1
21. Speed of a boat is $5 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ in still water and the speed of the stream is $\mathbf{3 k m} / \mathrm{h}$. If the boat takes 3 $h$ to go to a place and come back, the distance of the place is
(a) 3.75 km
(b) 4 km
(c) 4.8 km
(d) 4.25 km
22. The single discount equivalent to the discount series of $\mathbf{2 0 \%}, \mathbf{1 0 \%}, \mathbf{5 \%}$ is
(a) $11.66 \%$
(b) $31.6 \%$
(c) $31.66 \%$
(d) $32 \%$
23. If $x y(x+y)=1$, then the value of $\frac{1}{x^{3} y^{3}}-x^{3}-y^{3}$ is
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) 3
(d) -2
24. Two vessels $A$ and $B$ contain acid and water mixed in the ratio $2: 3$ and $4: 3$. In what ratio must these mixtures be mixed to form a new mixture containing half acid and half water?
(a) $5: 7$
(b) $1: 2$
(c) $2: 1$
(d) $7: 5$
25. The base of a right pyramid is a square of side 40 cm long. If the volume of the pyramid is $\mathbf{8 0 0 0}$ $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ then its height is
(a) 5 cm
(b) 10 cm
(c) 15 cm
(d) 20 cm
26. If $\frac{X}{2 X^{2}+5 X+2}=\frac{1}{6}$, Value of $\left(x+\frac{1}{x}\right)$ is
(a) 2
(b) $\frac{1}{2}$
(c) $-\frac{1}{2}$
(d) -2
27. Each internal angle of regular polygon is two times its external angle. Then, the number of sides of the polygon is
(a) 8
(b) 6
(c) 5
(d) 7
28. The perimeter of a rhombus is 40 cm and the measure of an angle is $60^{\circ}$, then the area of it, is
(a) $100 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(b) $50 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(c) $160 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(d) $100 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
29. The ratio of the areas of the incircle and the circumcircle of a square is
(a) $1: 2$
(b) $2: 3$
(c) $3: 4$
(d) $4: 5$
30. The ratio of the sum to the $L C M$ of two natural numbers is $7: 12$. If their HCF is 4 , then the smaller number is
(a) 20
(b) 16
(c) 12
(d) 8
31. Both the end digits of a 99 digit number $\mathbf{N}$ are $\mathbf{2}$. $\mathbf{N}$ is divisible by 11 , then all the middle digits are
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) 4
32. If $0<x<\frac{\pi}{2}$ and $\sec x=\operatorname{cosec} y$, then the value of $\sin (x+y)$ is
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) $\frac{1}{2}$
(d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$
33. A solid wooden toy is in the shape of a right circular cone mounted on a hemisphere. If the radius of the hemisphere is 4.2 cm and the total height of the toy is 10.2 cm , find the volume of the wooden toy (nearly)
(a) $104 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(b) $162 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(c) $427 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(d) $266 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
34. A can do a piece of work in 12 days. $B$ is $50 \%$ more efficient than $A$. In how many days $B$ will finish the same work?
(a) 6 days
(b) 8 days
(c) 12days
(d) 24 days
35. Each interior angle of a regular polygon is three times its exterior angle, then the number of sides of the regular polygon is
(a) 9
(b) 8
(c) 10
(d) 7
36. Selling an article at a profit of $\mathbf{5 \%}$, Mr $X$ gets Rs 150 more than selling it at a loss of $\mathbf{5 \%}$. Mr $X$ purchased the article at
(a) Rs 15,000
(b) Rs 1500
(c) Rs 150
(d) Rs 15
37. The ratio of the radii of two circles is $1: 2$, then the ratio of their areas is
(a) $1: 2$
(b) $2: 1$
(c) $1: 4$
(d) $4: 5$
38. The true discount on a sum of money during 2 yr hence at $5 \%$ is Rs 15 . Find the sum.
(a) 150
(b) 165
(c) 170
(d) 160
39. The average weight of 5 persons sitting in a boat is 38 kg . The average weight of the boat and the persons sitting in the boat is 52 kg . What is the weight of the boat?
(a) 228 kg
(b) 122 kg
(c) 232 kg
(d) 242 kg
40. The value of the expression $x^{4}-17 x^{3}+17 x^{2}-17 x+17$ at $x=16$ is
(a) 0
(b) 1
(c) 2
(d) 3
41. Find the value of $\sqrt{4+\sqrt{44}+\sqrt{10000}=\text { ? }}$
(a) 4
(b) 2
(c) 8
(d) 6
42. The average of squares of first $\mathbf{1 1}$ consecutive even numbers is
(a) 225
(b) 165
(c) 184
(d) 178
43. The LCM of two numbers is 48 . The numbers are in the ratio $2: 3$. The sum of the numbers is
(a) 28
(b) 32
(c) 40
(d) 64
44. The value of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2+1}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{4}+\sqrt{3}}+\frac{1}{\sqrt{100}+\sqrt{99}}$, is
(a) 1
(b) 9
(c) $\sqrt{99}$
(d) $\sqrt{99}-1$
45. If the cost price is $95 \%$ of the selling price, what is the profit per cent?
(a) 4
(b) 4.75
(c) 5
(d) 5.26
46. On a certain sum of money, the difference between the compound interest for a year, payable half-yearly, and the simple interest for a year is Rs.180. If the rate of interest in both the cases is $10 \%$, then sum is
(a) Rs. 60000
(b) RS. 72000
(c) Rs. 62000
(d) Rs. 54000
47. The monthly income of $H$ and $W$ is in the ratio $4: 3$ and the expenditure is in the ratio $3: 2$. If each of them saves Rs. 600 per month, the income of $W$, in rupees is
(a) Rs. 1200
(b) Rs. 2400
(c) Rs. 1800
(d) Rs. 9000
48. If $\frac{a}{b}=\frac{2}{3}$ and $\frac{b}{c}=\frac{4}{5}$, then $(a+b):(b+c)=$ ?
(a) $3: 4$
(b) $4: 5$
(c) $5: 9$
(d) $20: 27$
49. In a class, the average score of girls in an examination is 73 and that of boys is 71 . The average score for the whole class is 71.8 . Find the percentage of girls.
(a) $40 \%$
(b) $50 \%$
(c) $55 \%$
(d) $60 \%$
50. The cost of an article worth Rs. 100 is increased by $10 \%$ first and again increased by $10 \%$. The total increase in rupees is
(a) Rs. 20
(b) Rs. 21
(c) Rs. 110
(d) Rs. 121

## Answers:

| 1 | (d) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (d) |
| 3 | (b) |
| 4 | (b) |
| 5 | (c) |
| 6 | (a) |
| 7 | (b) |
| 8 | (a) |
| 9 | (a) |
| 10 | (b) |


| 11 | (d) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 12 | (c) |
| 13 | (c) |
| 14 | (c) |
| 15 | (c) |
| 16 | (b) |
| 17 | (a) |
| 18 | (c) |
| 19 | (d) |
| 20 | (d) |


| 21 | (c) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 22 | (b) |
| 23 | (c) |
| 24 | (a) |
| 25 | (a) |
| 26 | (b) |
| 27 | (b) |
| 28 | (b) |
| 29 | (a) |
| 30 | (c) |


| 31 | (d) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 32 | (a) |
| 33 | (d) |
| 34 | (b) |
| 35 | (b) |
| 36 | (b) |
| 37 | (c) |
| 38 | (b) |
| 39 | (b) |
| 40 | (b) |


| 41 | (a) |
| :--- | :--- |
| 42 | (c) |
| 43 | (c) |
| 44 | (b) |
| 45 | (d) |
| 46 | (b) |
| 47 | (c) |
| 48 | (d) |
| 49 | (a) |
| 50 | (b) |

