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1. What role does the National Institute of Organic Farming have to play in the organic farming area?
(A) To set standards for the import of material required for organic farming within India
(B) To ensure that Indian farm products conform to the international standard for organic foods
(C) To suggest methods to farmers for producing the best organic products
(D) To import the best organic foods from international countries and harvest them in India
(E) To set up agencies internationally for the marketing of Indian organic produce
2. 

Ans: (C)
2. Which of the following is possibly the most appropriate title for the passage?
(A) Agribusiness in India
(B) Organic Farming in India-An Irony
(C) Inorganic Farming-A Health Hazard
(D) Small and Marginal Farmers
(E) Organic Farming in India and the US

Ans : (B)
3. Why, according to the author, is the term 'organic by default' degrading?
(A) The Indian farmers are adopting incorrect methods of organic farming, thereby rendering the crop useless
(B) As the crop cultivated out of organic farming is rejected by most international agencies
(C) As all the farmers in India do not have any access to chemical fertilizers and pesticides to carry out inorganic farming
(D) As the Govt. has issued a directive to farmers in India to carry out organic farming alone
(E) As it means that the farmers in India cannot afford to use anything but organic methods of farming

Ans: (C)
4. Which of the following are reasons for the increasing demand for organic foods and organic farming?

1. Consumption of inorganic food has given rise to illnesses.
2. Excessive use of pesticides has caused soil erosion.
3. There has been a loss in soil nutrient value of soil due to chemical farming.
(A) Only 2
(B) Only 1 and 2
(C) Only 3
(D) Only 2 and 3
(E) All 1, 2 and 3 are true

Ans: (D)
5. Why according to the author, will the idea of community certification not work ?
(A) As there may not be enough people in the community to work on a non-profit basis
(B) As the farmers may not be forthcoming in providing information about their cultivation practices and thus lead to the failure of this system
(C) As the certification granted through this scheme will not be authentic at all
(D) As certification sought in this manner may give rise to vested interests and also not meet the stringent criteria laid down globally
(E) None of these

Ans: (E)
6. Which of the following is true in the context of the passage?

1. The Indian Govt. is not in favour of acquiring certification to meet global standards.
2. The process of certification is quite time-consuming and expensive.
3. The farmer does not earn much during the three-four years that it takes to get certification.
(A) Only 1 and 3
(B) Only 2
(C) Only 2 and 3
(D) Only 1 and 2
(E) All 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (B)
7. What, according to the author, is a major problem with Organic Farming in India ?
(A) Despite their organic nature most farms in India are not perceived as organic because of mere paperwork
(B) The Govt. has not paid attention to organic farming in India thereby promoting inorganic farming to a great extent
(C) Only recycled organic waste is available to Indian farmers for the purpose of organic farming
(D) Indian farmers are accustomed to the usage of chemicals and their farms have now started losing their fertility
(E) Large number of farmers in India is averse to the idea of organic farming as it is not profitable

Ans: (D)
8. Which of the following, according to the author, are factors that can help in acquiring organic farming certification in India?

1. Providing more bank loans to small farmers.
2. Reducing the quantum of loans being provided to pure crop farmers.
3. Lowering the cost of certification.
(A) Only 1
(B) Only 3
(C) Only 1 and 3
(D) Only 2 and 3
(E) All 1, 2 and 3

Ans: (B)
Directions-(Q.9-12) Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/ group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.
9. ARDUOUS :
(A) Pleasurable
(B) Different
(C) Difficult
(D) Hazardous
(E) Threatening

Ans : (C)
10. FORMULATE:
(A) Regularize
(B) Contemplate
(C) Apply
(D) Frame
(E) Mix

Ans: (D)
11. DEGRADING :
(A) Corrupting
(B) Minimizing
(C) Lowering
(D) Demeaning
(E) Worrying

Ans: (C)
12. TRANSITIONAL :
(A) Extreme
(B) Intermediate
(C) Revolutionary
(D) Base
(E) Changed

Ans : (B)
Directions-(Q. 13-15) Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.
13. VIABLE :
(A) Impossible
(B) Negative
(C) Deadly
(D) Practical
(E) Rudimentary

Ans: (A)
14. INEVITABLY :
(A) Avoidably
(B) Mostly
(C) Certainly
(D) Expectedly
(E) Predictably

Ans : (A)
15. ACCORDANCE:
(A) Division
(B) Quarrel
(C) Tune
(D) Enmity
(E) Conflict

Ans: (E)
Directions-(Q. 16-20) Which of the phrases (A), (B), (C) and (D) given below each sentence should replace the word/phrase printed in bold in the sentence to make it grammatically correct? If the sentence is correct as it is given and no correction is required, mark (E) as the answer.
16. Since Riya did not want to be disturbed while studying, she left the phone off hooks.
(A) off the hook
(B) off hooking
(C) for the hook
(D) of hook
(E) No correction required

Ans: (A)
17. Since Shilpa was overburdened with work, Deepa decided to gave her hand.
(A) giving hands
(B) give her a hand
(C) giving her handful
(D) gave her hands
(E) No correction required

Ans: (B)
18. Despite having passed out from school over ten years back, most schoolmates has keep touch with each other.
(A) are kept touched
(B) is keeping touch
(C) keep touched
(D) had kept in touch
(E) No correction required

Ans: (C)
19. Sheela has well awareness of the fact that her actions would have terrible repercussions.
(A) was well aware of
(B) has aware for
(C) is aware to
(D) is in awareness with
(E) No correction required

Ans: (A)
20. Shashi tried as hard he would to win the race but failed to do so.
(A) as hardly so he could
(B) as hard as he could
(C) hardly so as
(D) so hard that could
(E) No correction required

Ans: (B)
Directions- (Q. 21-25) In each of the following questions four words are given of which two words are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning. Find the two words which are most nearly the same or opposite in meaning and indicate the number of the correct letter combination, by darkening the appropriate oval in your answer sheet.
21. (1) Disciple
(2) Student
(3) Academy
(4) Martyr
(A) $1-3$
(B) 3-4
(C) 2-3
(D) 2-4
(E) 1-2

Ans: (E)
22. (1) Magnetic
(2) Cherished
(3) Valued
(4) Forlorn
(A) 3-4
(B) 1-2
(C) 2-4
(D) 2-3
(E) 1-4

Ans: (D)
23. (1) Ordinary
(2) Vague
(3) Custom
(4) Exceptional
(A) 1-2
(B) 2-3
(C) 3-4
(D) 1-4
(E) 2-4

Ans: (D)
24. (1) Damaged
(2) Hurried
(3) Condemned
(4) Measured
(A) $1-2$
(B) 3-4
(C) 2-4
(D) 2-3
(E) 1-4

Ans: (C)
25. (1) Remote
(2) Troubled
(3) Secluded
(4) Apparent
(A) 2-3
(B) 1-4
(C) 2-4
(D) 3-4
(E) 1-3

Ans: (E)
Directions-(Q. 26-30) Rearrange the following six sentences (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) and (6) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.
(1) A legal framework is, thus, now available for promoting energy efficiency in all sectors of the economy.
(2) The increasing preference for commercial energy has led to a sharp increase in the demand for electricity and fossil fuels.
(3) There is still a considerable potential for repairing such damage and reducing energy consumption by adopting energy efficiency measures at various sectors of our country.
(4) This framework is nothing but the Energy Conservation Act, 2001, the success of which greatly depends on the people who take the lead in supporting this programme.
(5) This use of fossil fuels has resulted in emission of a huge quantity of carbon dioxide causing serious environmental damage.
(6) These adopted measures will not only reduce the need to create new capacity requiring high investment, but also result in substantial environmental benefits.
26. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
(E) 5

Ans: (B)
27. Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement ?
(A) 5
(B) 6
(C) 1
(D) 4
(E) 2

Ans : (B)
28. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after rearrangement?
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
(E) 6

Ans: (D)
29. Which of the following should be the LAST (SIXTH) sentence after rearrangement?
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
(E) 5

Ans: (D)
30. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
(E) 5

Ans: (A)
Directions-(31-40) Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (E). (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).
31. More than half the food products (A) / targeted at babies and toddlers have (B) / a high sugar content and are (C) / excessive sweet. (D) No error (E)
Ans: (D)
32. The foreign company has so far declined to (A) / directly comment on the Indian company's move, (B) / which analysts is say is a sign the company wanting to (C) / fight for its presence in the market. (D) No error (E)
Ans: (C)
33. After forty years of trying to (A) / understand why asbestos causes cancer (B) / researchers have now finally (C) / unravelled the mystery. (D) No error (E)
Ans : (C)
34. A property dealer was (A) / shoot dead by four unidentified jacket-clad men (B) / while taking a morning walk (C) / in a park. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)
35. The auditions for India's first ever (A) / reality-based pop band hunt, is (B) / going on in full swing, (C) / with numerous entries came in. (D) No error (E) Ans: (D)
36. To curbing the spread of violence, (A) / authorities brought under curfew (B) / more areas in the State, where (C) / three youths were killed. (D) No error (E) Ans: (A)
37. Demand for diesel cars, which has (A) / been on the rise for the last few years, (B) / may dip as the government is increasing the price (C) / of the fuel, bringing it closer to that of petrol. (D) No error (E)
Ans: (C)
38. Not only was the actress over the moon (A) / as winning an award, but was (B) / also deeply touched by the support (C) / she got from the industry. (D) No error (E)

Ans : (B)
39. The protestors went on a rampaging (A) / and set ablaze three shops (B) / resulting in injuries to thirty people (C) / including women and children. (D) No error (E)
Ans: (A)
40. Hectic schedules can (A) / take a toll on anybody and (B) / the solutions to this is (C) / a quick holiday to some exotic location. (D) No error (E)
Ans: (C)

Directions-(Q. 41-50) In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.
India has become, in purchasing power parity terms, the fourth largest economy in the world. India's economic ...(41)... since 1980 has been among the ...(42)... rapid. Although India managed its one incipient crisis in the early 1990s, it avoided the catastrophic losses ...(43).... While many ...(44)... that exposing India's economy to global competition would reveal India's economic ...(45)..., it has rather revealed strengths and often unexpected strengths in new areas no planner would have ...(46)... of. India is increasingly taking its ...(47)... on the global stage and in international forums as a 21 st century superpower. The generations of politicians and policy makers who have been ...(48)... of leading India to where it is today can be justifiably ...(49)... of the transformation. But achievements create new ...(50)..., two of which are improving service delivery, particularty to the poor, through greater accountability and expanding the benefits of rapid growth across sectors, regions and people.
41. (A) decline
(B) policy
(C) crisis
(D) treaty
(E) growth

Ans: (E)
42. (A) several
(B) very
(C) most
(D) much
(E) so

Ans : (C)
43. (A) end
(B) deterioration
(C) thus
(D) together
(E) elsewhere

Ans: (C)
44. (A) asked
(B) feared
(C) think
(D) spoke
(E) believe

Ans : (B)
45. (A) growth
(B) space
(C) gain
(D) weakness
(E) void

Ans: (D)
46. (A) questioned
(B) dreamed
(C) arranged
(D) plan
(E) wanted

Ans : (B)
47. (A) matter
(B) place
(C) life
(D) generation
(E) mark

Ans : (B)
48. (A) part
(B) issues
(C) humans
(D) figment
(E) thought

Ans : (A)
49. (A) worried
(B) angry
(C) honoured
(D) distinguished
(E) proud

Ans: (E)
50. (A) impossibilities
(B) evaluations
(C) challenges
(D) comparisons
(E) dangers

Ans: (C)

