

Test I
Reasoning

1-4. Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

A word and number arrangement machine when given an input line of words and numbers rearranges them following a particular rule in each step. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement. (All the numbers are two digits numbers)

Input : tall 38 13 rise alt 99 76 32 wise jar
high 28 56 barn
Step I : 13 tall 48 rise 99 76 32 wise jar high
28 56 barn alt
Step II : 28 13 talk 48 ruse 99 76 32 wise jar
high 56 alt barn
Step III : 32 28 13 tall 48 rise 99 76 wise jar 56
alt barn high
Step IV : 48 32 28 13 tall rise 99 76 wise 56 alt
barn high jar
Step V : 56 48 32 28 13 tall 99 76 wise alt barn
high jar rise
Step VI : 76 56 48 32 28 13 99 wise alt barn
high jar rise tall

Step VII : 99 76 56 48 32 28 13 alt barn high jar
rise tall wise

And Step VII is the last step of the above input, as the desired arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out in each of the following questions the appropriate step for the given input.

Input : 84 why sit 14 32 not best ink feet 51
27 vain 68 92

(All the numbers are two digits numbers)

1. Which step number is the following output?
32 27 14 84 why sit not 51 vain 92 68
feet best ink
(a) Step V (b) Step VI
(c) Step IV (d) Step III
(e) There is not such step
2. Which word/number would be at 5th position from the right in Step V?
(a) 14 (b) 92
(c) feet (d) best
(e) why
3. How many elements (words or

place, we have to accept to fact that global growth in 2012 will be tepid. But there is a flipside to this. Softer growth means lower demand for commodities and this is likely to drive a correction in commodity prices. Lower commodity inflation will enable emerging market central banks to reserve their monetary stance. China, for instance, has already reversed it stance and has pared its reserve ratio twice. The RBI also seems poised for a reversal in its rate cycle as headline inflation seems well on its way to its target of 7 per cent for March 2012.

That said, oil might be an exception to the general trend in commodities. Rising geographical tensions, particularly the continuing face-off between Iran and the US, might lead to a spurt in prices. It might make sense for our oil companies to hedge this risk instead of buying oil in the spot market.

As inflation fears abate and emerging market central banks begins to cut rates, two things could happen. Lower commodity inflation would mean lower interest rates and better credit availability. This could set a floor to growth and slowly reverse the business cycle within these economies. Second, as the fear of untamed, runaway inflation in these economies abates, the global investor's comfort levels with their markets will increase.

Which of the emerging markets will outperform and who will get left being? In an environment in which global growth is likely to be weak, economies like India that have a powerful domestic consumption dynamic

should lead; those dependent on exports should, prima facie, fall behind. Specifically for India, a fall in the exchange rate could not have come at a better time. It will help Indian exporters gain market share even if global trade remains depressed. More importantly, it could lead to massive import substitution that favours domestic producers.

Let's now focus on India and start with a caveat. It is important not to confuse a short-run cyclical dip with a permanent de-rating of its long-term structural potential. The arithmetic is simple. Our growth rate can bin the range of 7-10 per cent depending on policy action. Then per cent if we get everything right, 7 per cent if we get it all wrong. Which policies and reforms are critical to taking us to our 10 per cent potential? In judging this, let's again be careful. Let's not go by the laundry list of reforms that FLLs like to wave: increase in foreign equity limits in foreign shareholding, greater voting rights for institutional shareholders in banks, FDI in retail, etc. These can have an impact only at the margin. We need not bend over backwards to appease the FLLs through these reforms- they will invest in our markets when momentum picks up and will be the first to exit when the momentum flags, reforms or not.

The reforms that we need are the ones that can actually raise our sustainable long-term growth rate. These have to come in areas' like better targeting of subsidies, making projects in infrastructure viable of that they draw capital, raising the productivity of agriculture, improving healthcare and education, bringing

the parallel economy under the tax net, implementing fundamental reforms in taxation like GST and the direct tax code and finally easing the myriad rules and regulations that make doing business in India such a nightmare. A number of these things do not require new legislation and can be done through executive order.

201. Which of the following is NOT TRUE according to the passage?
- China's economic growth may decline in the year 2012 as compared to the year 2011
 - The European economy is not doing very well
 - Greece is on the verge of bringing about economic reforms
 - In the year 2012, Japan may post a positive growth and thus pull out of recession
 - All are true
202. Which of the following will possibly be a result of softer growth estimated for the year 2012?
- Prices of oil will not increase
 - Credit availability would be lesser.
 - Commodity inflation would be lesser.
- Only (2)
 - Only (1) and (2)
 - Only (1) and (3)
 - Only (3)
 - All (1), (2) and (3)
203. Which of the following can be said about the present status of the US economy?
- There is not much improvement in the economic scenario of the country from the year 2011
 - The growth in the economy of the country, in the year 2012, would definitely be lesser than 1.8 per cent
 - The expenditure on clothes and electronic commodities, by consumers, is lesser than that in the year 2011
 - There is a change that in 2012 the economy would be better than what has been forecast
 - The pace of change in the employment scenario of the country is very slow.
204. Which of the following is possibly the most appropriate title for the passage?
- The Economic Disorder
 - Indian Economy Versus The European Economy
 - Global Trade
 - The Current Economic Scenario
 - Characteristics of the Indian Economy
205. According to the author, which of the following would characterize Indian growth scenario in 2012?
- Domestic producers will take a hit because of depressed global trade scenario.
 - On account of its high domestic consumption, India will lead
 - Indian exporters will have a hard

- time in gaining market share.
- (a) Only (2)
 (b) Only (1) and (2)
 (c) Only (2) and (3)
 (d) Only (1)
 (e) All (1), (2) and (3)
206. Why does the author not recommend taking up the reforms suggested by FLLs.
- (a) These will bring about only mirror growth
 (b) The reforms suggested will have no effect on the economy of our country, whereas will benefit the FLLS significantly
 (c) The previous such recommendations had backfired
 (d) These reforms will be the sole reason for our country's economic downfall
 (e) The reforms suggested by them are not to be trusted as they will not bring about any positive growth in India.
207. Which of the following is TRUE as per the scenario presented in the passage?
- (a) The highest growth the rate that India can expect is 7 percent
 (b) The fall in the exchange rate will prove beneficial to India
 (c) Increased FDI in retail as suggested by FLLs would benefit India tremendously
 (d) The reforms suggested by the author require new legislation in India
- (e) None of these
208. According to the author, which of the following reforms is/are needed to ensure long term growth in India?
- (1) Improving healthcare and educational facilities.
 (2) Bringing about reforms in taxation.
 (3) Improving agriculture productivity.
- (a) Only (2)
 (b) Only (1) and (2)
 (c) Only (2) and (3)
 (d) Only (1)
 (e) All (1), (2) and (3)
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- 209-212. Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.
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209. **DRAWN**
- (a) entice
 (b) push
 (c) decoy
 (d) attract
 (e) persuade
210. **CLOCK**
- (a) watch
 (b) achieve
 (c) time
 (d) second
 (e) regulate
211. **ABATE**
- (a) rise
 (b) gear
 (c) hurl

- (d) lessen
(e) retreats
212. EMERGING
- (a) raising
(b) developing
(c) noticable
(d) conspicuous
(e) uproaring

213-215. Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in the passage.

213. MYRIAD
- (a) trivial
(b) difficult
(c) few
(d) effortless
(e) countless
214. TEPID
- (f) moderate
(g) high
(h) warm
(i) irregular
(j) little
215. MYTH
- (a) reality
(b) belief
(c) contrast
(d) idealism
(e) falsehood

216-220. Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the question given below them.

- (a) If China is the world's factory, India has become the world's outsourcing centre – keeping in the with this image.
- (b) But India's future depends crucially on its ability to compete fully the Creative Economy — not just in tech and software, but across design and entrepreneurship; arts culture and entertainment; and the knowledge-based professions of medicine, finance and law.
- (c) While its creative assets outstrip those of other emerging competitors, India must address several challenges to increase its international competitiveness as the world is in the midst of a sweeping transformation.
- (d) This transformation is evident in the fact that the world is moving from an industrial economy to a Creative Economy that generates wealth by harnessing intellectual labour, intangible goods and human creative capabilities.
- (e) Its software industry is the world's second-largest, its each outsourcing accounts for more than half of the \$ 300 billion global industry, according to a technology expert.
- (f) If the meeting of world leaders at Davos is any indication, Indication, India is rapidly becoming an economic 'rock star'.
216. Which of the following should be the SIXTH (LAST) sentence after the rearrangement?
- (a) A (b) B
(c) C (d) D
(e) F
217. Which of the following should be the THRID sentence after the rearrangement?
- (a) A (b) B
(c) C (d) D
(e) F
218. Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after the

- rearrangement?
 (a) A (b) B
 (c) C (d) F
 (e) E
219. Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after the rearrangement?
 (a) F (b) B
 (c) C (d) A
 (e) E
220. Which of the following should be the SECOND sentence after the rearrangement?
 (a) A (b) B
 (c) C (d) D
 (e) F
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- 221-225. The following questions consist of a single sentence with one blank. Only are given six words denoted by A, B, C, D, E & F as answer choice and from the six choices you have to pick tow correct answer, either of which will make the sentence meaningfully complete.
221. _____ before the clock struck 8 on Saturday night, India Gate was swamped with people wearing black tee-shirts and holding candles.
 (A) Minutes (b) Time
 (c) Later (d) Quickly
 (e) Since (f) Second
 (a) (b) and (e)
 (b) (a) and (c)
 (c) (a) and (f)
 (d) (b) and (d)
 (e) (c) and (e)
222. The States should take steps to _____ the process to teachers' appointments as the Centre has already sanctioned six lakh posts.
 (a) fasten (b) move
 (c) hasten (d) speed
 (e) early (f) quicken
 (a) (d) and (f)
 (b) (a) and (c)
 (c) (c) and (f)
 (d) (d) and (e)
 (e) (b) and (d)
223. A senior citizen's threatened her every day and physically harmed her, forcing her to transfer her property to him.
 (a) superficially (b) mistakenly
 (c) allegedly (d) miserably
 (e) doubtfully (f) purportedly
 (a) (c) and (f)
 (b) (a) and (e)
 (c) (c) and (e)
 (d) (d) and (f)
 (e) (a) and (c)
224. Medical teachers said that the management had continued to remain _____ to their cause leading to the stretching of the strike.
 (a) unmoved (b) lethargic
 (c) unconcerned (d) apathetic
 (e) indifferent (f) bored
 (a) (b) and (c)
 (b) (c) and (f)
 (c) (a) and (e)
 (d) (a) and (d)
 (e) (d) and (e)
225. The parents had approached the high court to _____ the government order

- after their children, who passed UKG, were denied admission by a school
- (a) void (b) quash
(c) annul (d) stay
(e) lift (f) post
- (a) (a) and (d)
(b) (b) and (c)
(c) (c) and (e)
(d) (e) and (f)
(e) (c) and (d)
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- 226-235. Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error or idiomatic error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is 'No error', the answer is '5'. (Ignore errors of punctuation, if any).
-
226. The Government has asked
(a)
individuals/ with income over Rs. 10
(b)
lakhs to / electronic files tax returns
(c)
for the year 2011-12, / something
which was optical till last year. No error
(d) (e)
227. The power tariff and already / been
(a)
increased twice in / the last 15 months
(b) (c)
and the Electricity Board had also /
levied additional monthly charges to
(d)
consumers. No error
(e)
228. Despite of curfew / in some areas,
(a) (b)
minor / communal incidents were
(c)
reported / from different areas of the
walled city. No error
(d) (e)
229. This comes / at a time / when fund
(a) (b) (c)
allocation / is been doubled. No error
(d) (e)
230. As the prison will get / an official
(a) (b)
telephone facility soon, the prisoners
/ won't have to make calls in discreet
(c)
manner / through smuggled mobile
phones. No error
(d) (e)
231. The area was plunged into / darkness
(a)
mid a wave of / cheering and shouting
(b) (c)
/ slogans like 'Save The Earth'. No error
(d) (e)
232. The poll contestants approached / the
(a)
commission complaining that the
(b)
hoardings / violated the code of
(c)
conduct / and influenced public
perception. No error
(d) (e)
233. The country has / adequate laws but
(a) (b)

- problems / arise when these are not /
 (c)
 implemented in letter and spirit.
 (d)
 No error
 (e)
234. The Management feels that / the
 (a)
 employees of the organisation are /
 (b)
 non-productive, and do not want / to
 (c)
 work hard. No error
 (d) (e)
235. As far the issue of land encroachment/
 (a)
 in village is concerned, people will /
 (b)
 have to make a start from their villages
 (c)
 by / sensitize and educating the
 villages about this issue. No error
 (d) (e)
-
- 236-240. Which of the phrase (1), (2), (3) and
 (4) given below each sentence should replace
 the word/phrase printed in bold in the
 sentence to make it grammatically correct? If
 the sentence is correct as it is given and no
 correction is required, mark (5) as the answer.
-
236. US secretary of state made it clear it
 time running out for diplomacy over
 Iran's nuclear programme and said that
 talks aimed at preventing Tehran from
 acquiring a nuclear weapon would
 resume in April.
- (a) runs out
 (b) was running out
 (c) ran out
 (d) run
 (e) No correction required
237. While the war of the generals rage on,
 somewhere in small town India,
 wonderful things are happening,
 quietly and minus fanfare.
 (a) rage
 (b) raging
 (c) rages on
 (d) raged on
 (e) No correction required
238. According to WWF, the small island
 nation of Samoa was the first in switch
 off its lights for Each Hour.
 (a) first to switch of
 (b) the first to switch off
 (c) the first of switch off
 (d) first in switch of
 (e) No correction required
239. The campaign is significant because
 not just the youth are directly
 appealing to the world but because
 their efforts challenges the chimera of
 normalcy in the area.
 (a) not just because
 (b) just not because
 (c) not just
 (d) because just
 (e) No correction required
240. The doctor's association has
 threatened to go on indefinite strike
 support of their teachers.
 (a) on supporting to

- (b) to supporting
- (c) for support
- (d) in support of
- (e) No correction required

- (c) material
- (d) issue
- (e) most
- 242. (a) raise (b) brings
- (c) refer (d) stop
- (e) cause

241-250. In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five word/phrase are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word/phrase in each case.

- 243. (a) sensed (b) called
- (c) nothing (d) but
- (e) term
- 244. (a) due (b) result
- (c) reason (d) those
- (e) because

Greenhouse gases are only (241) of the story when it comes to global warning. Changes to one part of the climate system can (242) additional changes to the way the planet absorbs or reflects energy. These secondary changes are (243) climate feedbacks, and they could more than double the amount of warming caused by carbon dioxide alone. The primary feedbacks are (244) to snow and ice, water vapour, clouds, and the carbon cycle.

- 245. (a) done
- (b) known (c) ruled
- (d) bestowed
- (e) said

Perhaps the most well (245) feedback comes from melting snow and ice in the Northern Hemisphere. Warming temperature are already (246) a growing percentage of Arctic sea ice, exposing dark ocean water during the (247) sunlight of summer. Snow cover on land is also (248) in many areas. In the of (249) snow and ice, these areas go from having bright, sunlight-reflecting surfaces that fool the planet to having dark, sunlight-absorbing surface that (250) more energy into the Earth system and cause more warming.

- 246. (a) mastering
- (b) sending
- (c) melting
- (d) calming
- (e) increasing
- 247. (a) make-shift
- (b) ceasing
- (c) troubled
- (d) perpetual
- (e) absent

- 241. (a) whole (b) part

- 248. (a) dwindling
- (b) manufactured
- (c) descending
- (d) generating
- (e) supplied
- 249. (a) progress
- (b) reduced
- (c) existence
- (d) midst
- (e) absence
- 250. (a) repel (b) waft
- (c) monitor (d) bring
- (e) access