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**Question Paper Code : 51396**

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MAY/JUNE 2014.

Third Semester

Electronics and Communication Engineering

EC 2204/EC 35/EC 1202 A/080290015/10144 EC 305 – SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS

(Regulation 2008/2010)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A — (10 × 2 = 20 marks)

1. Sketch the following signals

(a)  $x(t) = 2t$  for all  $t$

(b)  $x(n) = 2n - 3$ , for all  $n$

2. Given  $x[n] = \{1, -4, 3, 1, 5, 2\}$ . Represent  $x[n]$  in terms of weighted shifted impulse functions.

3. State the conditions for convergence of fourier series.

4. State any two properties of ROC of laplace transform  $X(s)$  of a signal  $x(t)$ .

5. State the necessary and sufficient condition for an LTI continuous time system to be Causal.

6. Find the differential equation relating the input and output a CT system

represented by 
$$H(j\Omega) = \frac{4}{(j\Omega)^2 + 8j\Omega + 4}$$

7. What is an anti-aliasing filter?

8. State the multiplication property of DTFT.

9. Find the overall impulse response  $h(n)$  when two systems  $h_1(n) = u(n)$  and  $h_2(n) = \delta(n) + 2\delta(n-1)$  are in series.

10. Using Z-transform, check whether the following system is stable.

$$H(z) = \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{2z}{z - 3}, \quad \frac{1}{2} < |z| < 3.$$

PART B — (5 × 16 = 80 marks)

11. (a) (i) Given  $x(t) = \frac{1}{6}(t+2), -2 \leq t \leq 4$   
 $= 0$  otherwise

Sketch (1)  $x(t)$  (2)  $x(t+1)$  (3)  $x(2t)$  (4)  $x(t/2)$ . (8)

- (ii) Determine whether the discrete time sequence

$$x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{7}n + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + \cos\frac{\pi}{3}n$$

is periodic or not. (8)

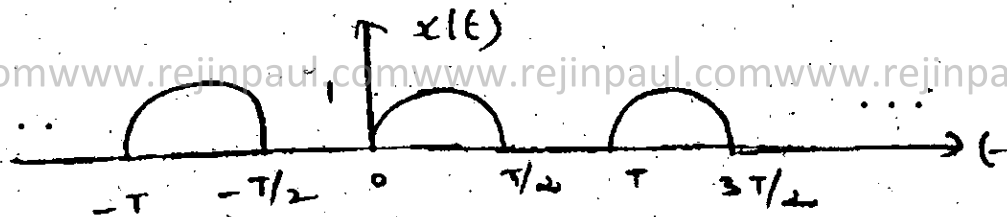
Or

- (b) Check the following systems are linear, stable

(i)  $y(t) = e^{x(t)}$  (8)

(ii)  $y(n) = x(n-1)$ . (8)

12. (a) Find the fourier series coefficients of the signal shown below :



Or

- (b) Find the inverse laplace transform of  $X(s) = \frac{1}{(s+5)(s-3)}$  for the ROCs

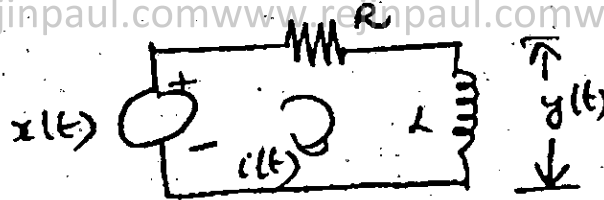
(i)  $-5 < \text{Re}\{s\} < 3$ . (8)

(ii)  $\text{Re}\{s\} > 3$ . (8)

13. (a) Using convolution integral, determine the response of a CTLTI system  $y(t)$  given input  $x(t) = e^{-\alpha t}u(t)$  and impulse response  $h(t) = e^{-\beta t}u(t)$ ,  $|\alpha| < 1, |\beta| < 1$ .

Or

- (b) Find the frequency response of the system shown below :



14. (a) Using convolution property of DTFT, find the inverse DTFT of

$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \frac{1}{(1 - \alpha e^{-j\omega})^2}, \quad |\alpha| < 1.$$

Or

- (b) Find the inverse Z-transform of  $X(z) = \frac{z^2}{(z - 0.5)(z - 1)^2}, |z| > 1$ .

15. (a) Find the convolution of sum of  $x[n] = r^n$  and  $h[n] = u[n]$ . (16)

Or

- (b) A casual LTI system is described by  $y[n] - \frac{5}{6}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{6}y[n-2] = x[n]$  where  $x[n]$  is the input to the system  $h[n]$  is the impulse response of the system. Find

(i) System function  $H(z)$

(ii) Impulse response  $h(n)$ .