

## PART—D

## ENGLISH COMPREHENSION

Directions: In Question Nos. 151 to 155, groups of four words are given. In each group, one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word and mark your answer in the Answer Sheet.

151. (A) qestalt (B) imbrolios  
(C) ampasse (D) recondite
152. (A) hindrance (B) corespondence  
(C) insurence (D) assurance
153. (A) adversery (B) adulatory  
(C) advisory (D) arbitrary
154. (A) rogen (B) colleague  
(C) diluge (D) alege
155. (A) malignant (B) impertinant  
(C) independant (D) neglegent

Directions: In the following passage (156 to 165), some of the words have been left out. First read the passage over and try to understand what it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given Mark your answer in the Answer-Sheet.

## PASSAGE (Q. NOS. 156-165)

Almost every full moon night, the officials in Andaman and Nicobar Islands take part in cautions ritual. The tribesmen watch from a safe distance as the officials 156 the island in a boat 157 gifts for them. The islanders come 158 hesitantly only after the officials 159 dumped the coconuts brought 160 them onto the beach and begin 161 away from their small island. On some nights the tribals even 162 up enough courage to swim upto a few feet 163 from the

boat. The officials maintain that they do 164 want to interfere with the way of life of the tribals. The islands 165 heavily on the mainland for most goods.

156. (A) approach (B) depart  
(C) present (D) absent
157. (A) coming (B) leaving  
(C) carrying (D) relieving
158. (A) forward (B) backward  
(C) sides (D) upward
159. (A) has (B) have  
(C) had (D) be
160. (A) by (B) to  
(C) in (D) for
161. (A) watching (B) seeing  
(C) sailing (D) stopping
162. (A) leave (B) muster  
(C) come (D) present
163. (A) correctly (B) distantly  
(C) near (D) away
164. (A) no (B) neither  
(C) not (D) nor
165. (A) spy (B) rely  
(C) occupy (D) reply

Directions: In Question Nos. 166 to 170, some of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error and blacken the rectangle [ ] corresponding to the appropriate letter (A, B, C). If a sentence is free from errors, blacken the rectangle corresponding to (D) in the Answer Sheet.

166. A great many student / have been declared / successful. / No error.

- (A) (B) (C) (D)

167. We are going to launch / this three cross project / within the next few months. / No error  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
168. I hope to go to shopping / this weekend / if the weather permits. / No error  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
169. The lawyer asked / if it was worth to take / the matter to court. / No error  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)
170. After a carefully investigation / we discovered / that the house was infested with termites. / No error  
 (A) (B) (C) (D)

Directions: In question Nos. 171 to 175, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word(s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four and indicate it by blackening the appropriate rectangle [ ] in the Answer Sheet.

171. The company let me \_\_\_\_\_ time of work.  
 (A) take (B) taking  
 (C) to take (D) took
172. I assume \_\_\_\_\_ with me.  
 (A) every one agreeing  
 (B) that every one agrees  
 (C) every one to agree  
 (D) that every one to agree
173. \_\_\_\_\_ the rain forests is very important, if we do not want the flora and fauna found there to become extinct.  
 (A) Reserving (B) Destroying  
 (C) Preserving (D) Maintaining
174. If I had helped him, he \_\_\_\_\_  
 (A) will not be drowned  
 (B) would not be drowned  
 (C) will not have drowned  
 (D) would not have drowned
175. When will you hand \_\_\_\_\_ your assignment?  
 (A) in (B) back  
 (C) down (D) into

Directions: In Question Nos. 176 to 180, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best

expresses the meaning of the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

176. Barren  
 (A) good (B) wholesome  
 (C) unproductive (D) profitable
177. Infamy  
 (A) notoriety (B) glory  
 (C) integrity (D) familiarity
178. Intrepid  
 (A) hesitant (B) fearless  
 (C) extrovert (D) rash
179. Prodigal  
 (A) exclusive (B) productive  
 (C) lavish (D) carefree

Directions: In Question Nos. 181 to 185, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

181. Liberty  
 (A) serenity (B) slavery  
 (C) serfdom (D) subordination
182. Disorderly  
 (A) chaotic (B) organized  
 (C) adjusted (D) arranged
183. Elevation  
 (A) reduction (B) humiliation  
 (C) depression (D) debasement
184. Glossy  
 (A) dull (B) shining  
 (C) weary (D) tired

185. Appropriate  
 (A) dissimilar (B) incomparable  
 (C) unsuitable (D) disparate

Directions: In Question Nos. 186 to 190, four alternatives are given for the Idiom/Phrase. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom/Phrase and mark it in the Answer Book.

186. a damps squib  
 (A) rainy weather  
 (B) a disappointing result  
 (C) a skirt in a laundry  
 (D) none of the above
187. in cold blood  
 (A) angrily (B) deliberately  
 (C) excitedly (D) slowly
188. to take someone for a ride  
 (A) to give a ride to someone  
 (B) to deceive someone  
 (C) to be indifferent  
 (D) to disclose a secret
189. to move heaven and earth  
 (A) to cause an earthquake  
 (B) to try everything possible  
 (C) to pray to all Gods  
 (D) to travel in a rocket
190. to smell in rat  
 (A) to smell foul (B) to see a rat  
 (C) to chase a rat (D) to be suspicious

Directions: In Question Nos. 191 to 195, a sentence is given which / a part of which may need improvement. Alternatives are given at (A), (B) and (C) below which may be a better option. In case no improvement is needed, your answer is (D) Blacken the appropriate rectangle  in the Answer Sheet.

191. What do you for go to school?  
 (A) For what do you go to school?  
 (B) What do you go for to school?  
 (C) What do you go to school for?  
 (D) No improvement.

192. He pleased the directors and this completed his report in good time.  
 (A) He pleased the directors in good time and this completed his report.  
 (B) He completed his report in good time and this pleased the directors.  
 (C) He pleased the directors and completed his report and this in good time.  
 (D) No improvement

193. The countries used to tell King how efficient an administrator he was all day long.  
 (A) The courtiers all day long used to tell the King how efficient an administrator he was.  
 (B) The countries used all day long to tell the King how efficient an administrator he was.  
 (C) The countries used to tell the King all day long how efficient an administrator he was.  
 (D) No improvement.

194. Every Saturday I go out for shopping  
 (A) for shops. (B) To shopping  
 (C) For shop (D) No improvement
195. We had a grand party and we enjoyed very much.  
 (A) We had a grand party and enjoyed very much.  
 (B) We had a grand party to enjoy very much.  
 (C) We had a grand party and we enjoyed ourselves very much.  
 (D) No improvement.

Directions: In Question Nos. 196 to 200, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given word/sentence and indicate it by blackening the appropriate rectangle  in the Answer Sheet.

196. An inscription on a tomb  
 (A) espionage (B) epilogue  
 (C) epitaph (D) elegy

# ANSWER SHEET

151 (d)	152 (a)	153 (c)	154 (b)	155 (a)	156 (a)	157 (c)	158 (a)	159 (b)	160 (d)
161 (c)	162 (b)	163 (d)	164 (c)	165 (b)	166 (a)	167 (b)	168 (a)	169 (b)	170 (a)
171 (a)	172 (b)	173 (c)	174 (d)	175 (a)	176 (c)	177 (a)	178 (b)	179 (c)	180 (d)
181 (b)	182 (d)	183 (c)	184 (a)	185 (c)	186 (b)	187 (a)	188 (b)	189 (b)	190 (d)
191 (c)	192 (b)	193 (c)	194 (d)	195 (c)	196 (c)	197 (b)	198 (a)	199 (b)	200 (a)