## **Test Booklet Code**



## No.: 2216302

This Booklet contains 20 pages.



Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

## **Important Instructions:**

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on side-1 and side-2 carefully with blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use **Blue**/**Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must handover the Answer Sheet to the invigilator in the Room/ Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is X. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your roll no. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is NOT permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admission Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet the second time will be deemed not to have handed over Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the Board with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of the Board.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Х Which is the monomer of Neoprene in the following? 1. \ Some meta - directing substituents in aromatic substitution are given. Which one is most (1) $CH_2 = C - CH = CH_2$ deactivating? -SO<sub>2</sub>H CH<sub>3</sub> (1)(2)-COOH (2) $CH_2 = C - CH = CH_2$  • -NO2 5 (3) (4) -C≡N  $CH_2 = CH - C \equiv CH$ (3) How many grams of concentrated nitric acid solution (4)  $CH_2 = CH - CH = CH_2$ should be used to prepare 250mL of 2.0M HNO<sub>3</sub>? The concentrated acid is 70% HNO<sub>3</sub>. A magnetic moment of 1.73 BM will be shown by one among the following : (1) $90.0 \text{ g conc. HNO}_3$  $[Ni(CN)_{4}]^{2-}$ (2)70.0 g conc. HNO<sub>3</sub> (1)(2)TiCl₄ (3)54.0 g conc. HNO<sub>3</sub> (4)45.0 g conc. HNO<sub>2</sub> (3)  $[CoCl_6]^4$  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$ (4) 8. The order of stability of the following tautomeric compounds is : A metal has a fcc lattice. The edge length of the unit cell is 404 pm. The density of the metal is 2.72 g  $cm^{-3}$ . The molar mass of the metal is :  $CH_2 = C - CH_2 - C - CH_3 \rightleftharpoons$ (N<sub>A</sub> Avogadro's constant =  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  mol<sup>-1</sup>)  $30 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ (1)(2) $27 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$  $20 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ (3)\_ CH<sub>2</sub>  $40 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ (4) Π Structure of the compound whose IUPAC name is 4. 3-Ethyl-2-hydroxy-4-methylhex-3-en-5-ynoic acid is: OH OH  $CH_3 - C = CH - C - CH_3$ COOH III (1)III > II > IOH (2)II > I > IIICOOH II > III > I(3)(2)I > II > III(4)Antiseptics and disinfectants either kill or prevent growth of microrganisms. Identify which of the COOH (3) following statements is not true : OH Chlorine and Iodine are used as strong (1)disinfectants. OH (2) Dilute solutions of Boric acid and Hydrogen, Peroxide are strong antiseptics. COOH (3) Disinfectants harm the living tissues. A 0.2% solution of phenol is an antiseptic (4) while 1% solution acts as a disinfectant. Which of the following structure is similar to graphite? 10. Nylon is an example of : В (1) Polysaccharide B<sub>4</sub>C (2)Polyamide  $B_2H_6$ (3) Polythene (4)Polyester

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11. Among the following ethers, which one will produce 17. methyl alcohol on treatment with hot concentrated HI?

(1) 
$$CH_3 - CH_2 - CH - O - CH_3$$

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_3 \\ I \\ CH_3 - C - O - CH_2 \\ CH_2 \end{array}$$

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- $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{(3)} & \text{CH}_3 \text{CH} \text{CH}_2 \text{O} \text{CH}_3 \\ & & \text{I} \\ & & \text{CH}_3 \end{array}$
- (4)  $CH_3 CH_2 CH_2 CH_2 O CH_3$
- 12. Which of these is **not** a monomer for a high molecular mass silicone polymer?
  - (1)  $Me_2SiCl_2$
  - (2) Me<sub>3</sub>SiCl
  - (3) PhSiCl<sub>3</sub>
  - (4)  $MeSiCl_3$

**13.** Identify the correct order of solubility in aqueous medium:

- (1)  $ZnS > Na_2S > CuS$
- (2)  $Na_2S > CuS > ZnS$
- $(3)/ Na_2S > ZnS > CuS$
- (4) CuS > ZnS > Na<sub>2</sub>S

14. /What is the activation energy for a reaction if its rate doubles when the temperature is raised from 20°C to  $35^{\circ}$ C? (R = 8.314 J mol<sup>-1</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>)

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(1)  $269 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ 

- (2)  $34.7 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- (3)  $15.1 \text{ kJ} \text{ mol}^{-1}$
- (4)  $342 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$
- **15.** A hydrogen gas electrode is made by dipping platinum wire in a solution of HCl of pH = 10 and by passing hydrogen gas around the platinum wire at one atm pressure. The oxidation potential of electrode would be?
  - (1) 0.59 V

- 3) 1.18 V
- (4) 0.059 V

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16. 5 The value of Planck's constant is  $6.63 \times 10^{-34}$  Js. The speed of light is  $3 \times 10^{17}$  nm s<sup>-1</sup>. Which value is closest to the wavelength in nanometer of a quantum of light with frequency of  $6 \times 10^{15}$  s<sup>-1</sup>?

- What is the maximum numbers of electrons that can be associated with the following set of quantum numbers?
  - (1) 6(2) 4 n=3, l=1 and m=-1.
  - (3) 2 (4) 10
- 18. Which of the following lanthanoid ions is diamagnetic?

(At nos. Ce = 58, Sm = 62, Eu = 63, Yb = 70)

- (1)  $Sm^{2+}$
- (2)  $Eu^{2+}$
- (3)  $Yb^{2+}$
- (4)  $Ce^{2+}$
- 19.  $6.02 \times 10^{20}$  molecules of urea are present in 100 mL of its solution. The concentration of solution is:
  - (1) 0.01 M
  - (2) 0.001 M
  - (3) 0.1 M (4) 0.02 M

20. Based on equation  $E = -2.178 \times 10^{-10}$ 

certain conclusions are written. Which of them is not correct?

- (1) Larger the value of n, the larger is the orbit radius.
- (2) Equation can be used to calculate the change in energy when the electron changes orbit.
- (3) For n = 1, the electron has a more negative energy than it does for n = 6 which means that the electron is more loosely bound in the smallest allowed orbit.
- (4) The negative sign in equation simply means that the energy of electron bound to the nucleus is lower than it would be if the electrons were at the infinite distance from the nucleus.
- 21. An excess of AgNO<sub>3</sub> is added to <u>100 mL of a 0.01M</u> solution of dichlorotetraaquachromium(III) chloride.
  - The number of moles of AgCl precipitated would be: (1) 0.002 (2) 0.003
    - 0.003 0.01

  - i) 0.001
- 22. KMnO<sub>4</sub> can be prepared from  $K_2MnO_4$  as per the reaction :

 $3MnO_4^{2^-} + 2H_2O \rightleftharpoons 2MnO_4^- + MnO_2 + 4OH^-$ . The reaction can go to completion by removing

- $OH^{-}$  ions by adding :
- (1) KOH
- (2) CO<sub>2</sub>
- (3) SO<sub>2</sub>

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Х 23. Which of the following compounds will not undergo Roasting of sulphides gives the gas, X as a by-30. Friedal - Craft's reaction easily: product. This is a colorless gas with choking smell (1)Xylene of burnt sulphur and causes great damage to (2)Nitrobenzene respiratory organs as a result of acid rain. Its (3) Toluene aqueous solution is acidic, acts as a reducing agent and its acid has never been isolated. The gas  $\overline{X}$  is : (4) Cumene (1)  $SO_2$ Which of these is least likely to act as a Lewis base? 24. (2) $CO_2$ F<sup>-</sup> (1)(2)BF<sub>3</sub> (3)  $SO_3$ (3) PF<sub>2</sub>  $H_2S$ (4) (4) CO 31. At 25°C molar conductance of 0.1 molar aqueous solution of ammonium hydroxide is The basic structural unit of silicates is : 25. 9.54  $ohm^{-1}$  cm<sup>2</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup> and at infinite dilution its SiO (1) molar conductance is 238 ohm<sup>-1</sup> cm<sup>2</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>. The degree of ionisation of ammonium hydroxide at the same concentration and temperature is: (2)20.800% (1)(3)4.008% (2)40.800% (3). (4) SiC 2.080% (4) 26. Maximum deviation from ideal gas is expected 32. Which of the following statements about the from: interstitial compounds is incorrect? (1) $N_2(g)$ They are chemically reactive. (1)(2) $CH_4(g)$ They are much harder than the pure metal. (2)(3)  $NH_3(g)$ They have higher melting points than the (4)  $H_2(g)$ (3) pure metal. Which is the strongest acid in the following? 27. They retain metallic conductivity., (4) HClO<sub>3</sub> (1)Ş (2)HČIO<sub>4</sub> /· (3) $H_2SO_3$  $NO_2$ NO<sub>2</sub> H2SO4 (4)28. Reaction by which Benzaldehyde cannot be 33. In the reaction prepared : COC  $\oplus N_2 Cl^{\Theta}$ (1) $+H_{2}$ in presence of A is : Pd-BaSO<sub>4</sub> Cu<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1)H<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O (2)CO+HCl in presence of (2)(3)  $H^+/H_2O$ anhydrous AlCl<sub>3</sub> (4) $HgSO_4/H_2SO_4$ COOH + Zn/Hg and conc. HCl 34. Which of the following is electron-deficient? (3) (1) $(SiH_3)_2$ (2)(BH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2 /</sub>  $+ CrO_2Cl_2$  in CS<sub>2</sub> followed (4)(3) PH<sub>3</sub> by H<sub>3</sub>O<sup>+</sup> (4) $(CH_{3})_{2}$ 35. Which one of the following molecules contains no -CH<sub>2</sub>• is aromatic because it 29 The radical,  $\pi$  bond? (1)  $H_2O$ has : 7 p-orbitals and 6 unpaired electrons (1)(2) $SO_2$ (2) 7 p-orbitals and 7 unpaired electrons (3)  $NO_2$ 6 p-orbitals and 7 unpaired electrons (3)(4) $CO_2$ 6 p-orbitals and 6 unpaired electrons (4)

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36 Which of the following does not give oxygen on heating?

- $Zn (ClO_3)_2$ (1)K<sub>2</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>O<sub>7</sub> (2)
- (3)  $(NH_4)_2 Cr_2O_7$
- (4) KClO<sub>2</sub>

Which of the following is a polar molecule? 37.

- SF<sub>4</sub> (1)
- (2) SiF<sub>4</sub>
- XeF₄ (3)
- (4) BF<sub>3</sub>

38. The structure of isobutyl group in an organic compound is:

- $CH_3 CH CH_2 CH_3$ (1)
- (2) $CH_3 - CH_2 -$
- (3)CH

$$(4) \int \frac{CH_3}{CH_3} > CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_3 = CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_2 - CH_3 = CH_3 - C$$

Which of the following is paramagnetic? (1) $O_2^-$ 

(2) 
$$CN^{-}$$
  
(3) NO<sup>+</sup>  
(4) CO

The number of carbon atoms per unit cell of diamond unit cell is :

- 8 (1)(2)6
- 1 (3)
- (4) 4

41.

XeF<sub>2</sub> is isostructural with :

- (1)ICl<sub>2</sub> SbCl<sub>2</sub> (2)(3)BaCl (4) TeF<sub>2</sub>
- 42. A reaction having equal energies of activation for forward and reverse reactions has :
  - $\Delta G = 0$ (1)
  - (2) $\Delta H = 0$
  - (3) $\Delta H = \Delta G = \Delta S = 0$
  - $\Delta S = 0$ (4)
- Dipole induced dipole interactions are present in 43. which of the following pairs:

 $Cl_2$  and  $CCl_4$ (1)

HCl and He atoms (2)

- $SiF_4$  and He atoms (3)
- (4) H<sub>2</sub>O and alcohol

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 $Zn(s) + Ag_2O(s) + H_2O(l) \Longrightarrow 2Ag(s) +$  $Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2OH^{-}(aq)$ 

If half cell potentials are

 $Zn^{2+}(aq) + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Zn(s); E^{\circ} = -0.76V$  $Ag_2O(s) + H_2O(l) + 2e^- \rightarrow 2Ag(s) + 2OH^-(aq),$  $E^{\circ} = 0.34 V$ 

The cell potential will be :

- 0.42 V (1)
- 0.84 V (2)
- (3) 1.34 V
- 1.10 V (4)
- 45. Nitrobenzene on reaction with conc. HNO3/H2SO4 at 80-100°C forms which one of the following products?
  - 1,3 Dinitrobenzene (1)
  - (2)1,4 – Dinitrobenzene
  - (3)1, 2, 4 – Trinitrobenzene
  - (4)1,2-Dinitrobenzene

The diagram shows an important concept in the genetic implication of DNA. Fill in the blanks A to C.

$$DNA \xrightarrow{A} mRNA \xrightarrow{B} protein \frac{Proposed by}{C}$$

- (1)A - translation B - transcription C - Erevin Chargaff
- A transcription B translation C Francis (2) -Crick
- (3) A - translation B - extension C - Rosalind Franklin
- A transcription B replication C James (4) Watson
- (à) Perisperm differs from endosperm in :
- having no reserve food (1)
- being a diploid tissue (2)
- (3)its formation by fusion of secondary nucleus with several sperms
- (4) being a haploid tissue

Besides paddy fields, cyanobacteria are also found inside vegetative part of : openin

- (1)Cycas
- (2)Equisetum
- (3) Psilotum
- (4) Pinus

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49.		ch of the following statements is <b>correct</b> in ion to the endocrine system?	53.	Which one of the following organelle in the figure correctly matches with its function ?
	(1)	Organs in the body like gastrointestinal tract, heart, kidney and liver do not produce any hormones.		
	(2)	Non - nutrient chemicals produced by the body in trace amount that act as intercellular messenger are known as hormones.	2 3 1	
	(3)	Releasing and inhibitory hormones are produced by the pituitary gland.		<ul> <li>(1) Golgi apparatus, protein synthesis</li> <li>(2) Golgi apparatus, formation of glycolipids</li> </ul>
	(4)	Adenohypophysis is under direct neural regulation of the hypothalamus.		<ul> <li>(3) Rough endoplasmic reticulum, protein synthesis</li> <li>(4) Rough endoplasmic reticulum, formation of</li> </ul>
50	Ъ. Г		54	glycoproteins A phosphoglyceride is always made up of :
50.	(1)	sporangium is equivalent to : Fruit		(1) only an unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached
	(2) (3)	Nucellus Ovule		(2) a saturated or unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached
	(4)	Embryo sac		<ul> <li>(3) a saturated or unsaturated fatty acid esterified to a phosphate group which is also attached to a glycerol molecule</li> </ul>
51.	have childr	persons with 'AB' blood group marry and sufficiently large number of children, these ren could be classified as 'A' blood group : 'AB'		<ul> <li>(4) only a saturated fatty acid esterified to a glycerol molecule to which a phosphate group is also attached</li> </ul>
	techr prese	group:'B' blood group in 1:2:1 ratio. Modern sique of protein electrophoresis reveals nce of both 'A' and 'B' type proteins in 'AB' group individuals. This is an example of :	55.	During sewage treatment, biogases are produced which include : 125 (1) methane, oxygen, hydrogensulphide
		Incomplete dominance		<ul> <li>(2) hydrogensulphide, methane, sulphur dioxide</li> <li>(3) hydrogensulphide, nitrogen, methane</li> <li>(4) methane, hydrogensulphide, carbon dioxide</li> </ul>
	(2)	Partial dominance	56.	The eye of octopus and eye of cat show different patterns of structure, yet they perform similar
	(3) (4)	Complete dominance Codominance		function. This is an example of : (1) Homologous organs that have evolved due
52.		gnant female delivers a baby who suffers from		<ul> <li>(2)/ to divergent evolution.</li> <li>Analogous organs that have evolved due to convergent evolution.</li> </ul>
U		ed growth, mental retardation, low intelligence ent and abnormal skin.		(3) Analogous organs that have evolved due to divergent evolution.
		s the result of :		(4) Homologous organs that have evolved due to convergent evolution.
	(1)	Low secretion of growth hormone	57.	<ul><li>Which of the following criteria does not pertain to facilitated transport?</li><li>(1) High selectivity</li></ul>
	(3)	Over secretion of pars distalis		<ol> <li>High selectivity</li> <li>Transport saturation</li> <li>Uphill transport</li> </ol>
	(4)	Deficiency of iodine in diet		(4) Requirement of special membrane proteins

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ev. ad en (1) (2) (3) (4) 59. Inf (1) (2) (3) (4) 50. Th car (1) (2) (3) (4) (2) (3) (4) (2) (3) (4) (4) (3) (4)	Non-random evolution Adaptive radiation, Natural selection Section of Ascaris usually occurs by : eating imperfectly cooked pork. Tse - tse fly. mosquito bite. drinking water containing eggs of Ascaris, e Air Prevention and Control of Pollution Act ne into force in : 1981 1985 1990 1975 hich group of animals belong to the same	65.	fum site a       (1)       (2)       (3)       (4)	ans given in <b>colu</b> and mechanism in <b>Column I</b> Fructose, Na <sup>+</sup> Glycerol, fatty acids Cholesterol, maltose	Column II small intestine, passive absorption duodenum, move as chilomicrons large intestine, active absorption small intestine, active absorption
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59. Inf (1) (2) (3) (4) 50. Th car (1) (2) (3) (4) 51. WH ph (1) (2) (2)	<ul> <li>Fection of Ascaris usually occurs by : <ul> <li>eating imperfectly cooked pork.</li> <li>Tse - tse fly.</li> <li>mosquito bite.</li> <li>drinking water containing eggs of Ascaris,</li> </ul> </li> <li>e Air Prevention and Control of Pollution Act ne into force in : <ul> <li>1981</li> <li>1985</li> <li>1990</li> <li>1975</li> </ul> </li> <li>hich group of animals belong to the same</li> </ul>		(4) Men (1) (2) (3)	Cholesterol, maltose Glycine, glucose strual flow occurs FSH Oxytocin Vasopressin	large intestine, active absorption small intestine, active absorption due to lack of :
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(3) (4) 51. Wh ph (1) (2)	1990 1975 nich group of animals belong to the same <sup>/</sup>		(4)	Progesterone •	
(4) 51. Wh phy (1) (2)	1975 nich group of animals belong to the same $^{\prime}$			r r	
i1. Wh phy (1) (2)	nich group of animals belong to the same $^{\prime}$	(66)	,		1 1 6
(2)	ylum?	· ·	[]	Characteristics	Examples
:	Earthworm, Pinworm, Tapeworm	n hen.	Í	fluid filled between	· -
(3)	Prawn, Scorpion, Locusta 🦯		1 Y I	two joints, provide	s skull bones
(9)	Sponge, Sea anemone, Starfish	.  .		cushion	1
(4)	Malarial parasite, Amoeba, Mosquito		1 1	fluid filled synovia cavity between two	jøint between
		- -	1.	bones	atlas and axis
	nich of the following <b>cannot</b> be detected in a veloping foetus by amniocentesis ?	i.	1	lymph filled betwe	en gliding joint
				two bones, limited	between carpals
(1)	Sex of the foetus			movement	
(2)	Down syndrome		1 1	fluid cartilage between two bones	, Knee joint
(3)	Jaundice	  - 	1 1	limited movements	,
(4)	Klinefelter syndrome	1			
3. / The	Golgi complex plays a major role :			amous condition w und in :	rith non-flagellated gam
(1)	in digesting proteins and carbohydrates	[(	(1)	∕Spirogyra	
(2)	as energy transferring organelles	Ì.			
(3)	in post translational modification of proteins - and glycosidation of lipids	a	(2)	Volvox	
(4)		ļ?	(3)	Fucus	<i>(</i> )

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A stage in cell division is shown in the figure. Select **73**. the answer which gives correct identification of the stage with its characteristics.

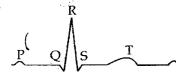


(1)	Late anaphase	chromosomes move away from equatorial plate, golgi complex not present.
<i>(</i> 2)	Cytokinesis	cell plate formed, mitochondria distributed between two daughter cells.
(3)	Telophase	endoplasmic reticulum and nucleolus not reformed yet.
(4)	Telophase	nuclear envelop reforms, golgi complex reforms.

Seed coat is not thin, membranous in :

- (1) Coconut (2) Groundnut
- (3)≰ Gram <
- (4) Maize

70. The diagram given here is the standard ECG of a normal person. The P - wave represents the :



- (1) Initiation of the ventricular contraction
- (2) Beginning of the systole
- (3) End of systole
- (4) Contraction of both the atria

71. Which Mendelian idea is depicted by a cross in which the  $F_1$  generation resembles both the parents?

- (1) 'law of dominance
- (2) inheritance of one gene
- (3) co-dominance

72

- (4) incomplete dominance
- The tendency of population to remain in genetic equilibrium may be disturbed by :
  - (1) lack of migration
  - (2) lack of mutations
  - (3) lack of random mating
  - (4) random mating,

If both parents are carriers for thalessemia, which is an autosomal recessive disorder, what are the chances of pregnancy resulting in an affected child ?

- (1) 50%
- (2) 25%
- (3) 100%
- (4) no chance

4. In plant breeding programmes, the entire collection (of plants/seeds) having all the diverse alleles for all genes in a given crop is called :

- (1) cross hybridisation among the selected parents.
- (2) evaluation and selection of parents.
- (8) germplasm collection.
- (4) selection of superior recombinants.

75. The cell - mediated immunity inside the human body is carried out by :

- (1) B-lymphocytes
- (2) Thrombocytes
- (3) Erythrocytes
- (4) T-lymphocytes

76. Match the name of the animal (column I), with one characteristics (column II), and the phylum/class (column III) to which it belongs:

	Column I	Column II /	Column III	
(1)	Ichthyophis	terrestrial	Reptilia	
		body covered	Pisces	
(2)	Limulus	by chitinous		
		exoskeleton		
(3)	Adamsia	radially	Porifera	
(3)	nuunisiu	symmetrical <sup>1</sup>	romeia	
(4)	Petromyzon	ectoparasite	Cyclostomata	

77. Pigment-containing membranous extensions in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some cyanobacteria are :

- (1) Basal bodies
- (2) Pneumatophores
- (3) Chromatophores 4
- (4) Heterocysts

Kyoto Protocol was endorsed at :

- (1) CoP-5
- (2) CoP-6
- (3) CoP-4
- (4) CoP-3

/

82

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83.

Select the answer which correctly matches the 79. endocrine gland with the hormone it secretes and ∕its function/deficiency symptom :

	Endocrine gland	Hormone	Function/deficiency symptoms
(1)	Posterior pituitary	Growth Hormone (GH)	Oversecretion stimulates abnormal growth
(2)	Thyroid gland	Thyroxine	Lack of iodine in diet results in goitre
(3)	Corpus luteum	Testosterone	Stimulates spermatogenesis
(4)	Anterior pituitary	Oxytocin f-	Stimulates uterus contraction during child birth

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80. The first stable product of fixation of atmospheric nítrogen in leguminous plants is :

> (1)Ammonia -

- $NO_3^-$ (2)
- Glutamate (3)

(4) $NO_2^-$ 

Natural reservoir of phosphorus is :

- Animal bones (1)
- (2)Rock
- (3)Fossils
- (4)Sea water
- 82. What external changes are visible after the last moult of a cockroach nymph?

(1)Anal cerci develop

- Both fore wings and hind wings develop-(2)
- (3) Labium develops
- Mandibles become harder (4)

What is the correct sequence of sperm 83 formation?

- (1)Spermatogonia, spermatocyte, spermatozoa, spermatid
- Spermatogonia, spermatozoa, spermatocyte, (2)'spermatid
- Spermatogonia, spermatocyte, spermatid, (3) spermatozoa
- (4) Spermatid, spermatocyte, spermatogonia, spermatozoa

84. Select the wrong statement :

- Anisogametes differ either in structure,  $(1)^{*}$ function or behaviour
- In Oomycetes female gamete is smaller and (2) motile, while male gamete is larger and non-motile
- Chlamydomonas exhibits both isogamy and (3) anisogamy and Fucus shows oogamy
- Isogametes are similar in structure, function (4) and behaviour 1910 - 1
- 85. Monoecious plant of Chara shows occurrence of:
  - stamen and carpel on the same plant (1)
  - upper antheridium and lower oogonium on (2)the same plant
  - (3) upper oogonium and lower antheridium on the same plant
  - antheridiophore and archegoniophore on the (4)same plant

86. The essential chemical components of many coenzymes are:

- Nucleic acids (1)
  - Carbohydrates (2)
- (3) Vitamins .
- (4)Proteins /

Which of the following statements is not true of two 87. genes that show 50% recombination frequency?

- (1)The genes are tightly linked
- The genes show independent assortment (2)
- If the genes are present on the same (3)chromosome, they undergo more than one crossovers in every meiosis

The genes may be on different chromosomes (4)

88. Read the following statements (A-E) and answer the question which follows them.

- In liverworts, mosses, and ferns gametophytes (A) are free - living
- Gymnosperms and some ferns (B) are heferosporous
- Sexual reproduction in Fucus, Volvox and (C) Albugo is oogamous
- The sporophyte in liverworts is mor (D) elaborate than that in mosses

(E) \_ Both, Pinus and Marchantia are dioecious How many of the above statements are correct?

- (1)Two
- (2) Three ~
- (3)Four
- (4)One ¢

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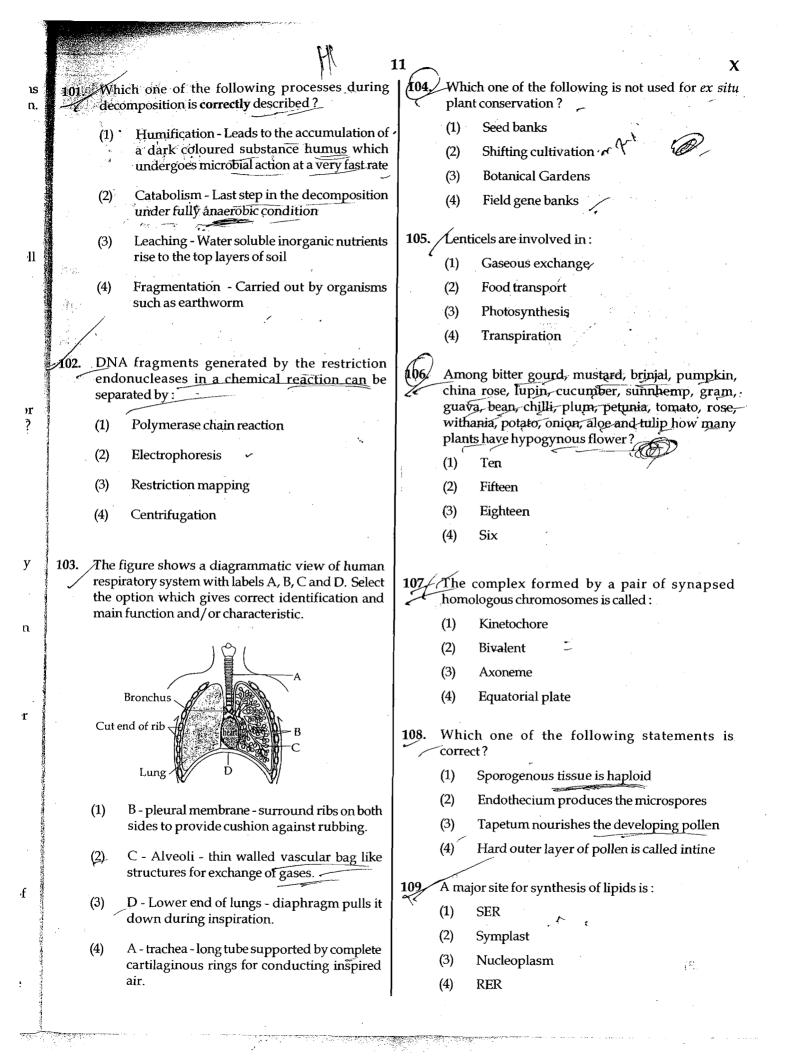
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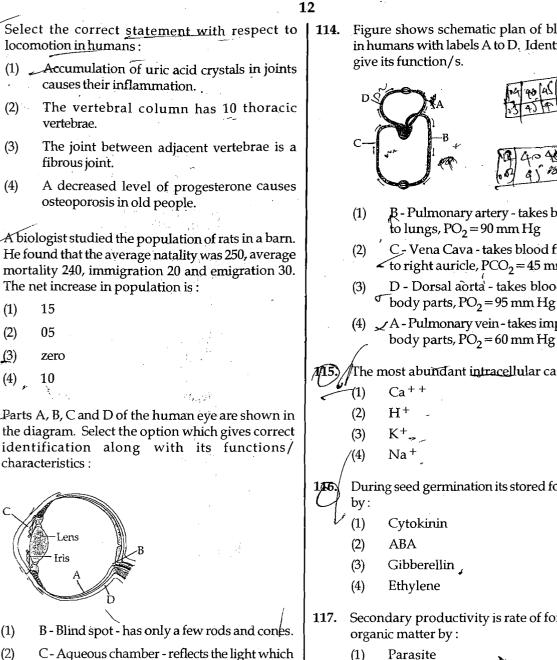
or

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89.	The i is :	incorrect statement with regard to Haemophilia	95.		ation in gene frequencies within populations occur by chance rather than by natural selection.
	(1)	It is a recessive disease		This	is referred to as :
	(2)	It is a dominant disease		(1)	Genetic drift
	(3)	A single protein involved in the clotting of		(2)	Random mating
	245	blood is affected		(3)	Genetic load
	(4)	It is a sex - linked disease		(4)	Genetic flow
90.	Adv	antage of cleistogamy is :	96.	Ase	lentary sea anemone gets attached to the shell
	(1)	More vigorous offspring	<	linin	g of hermit crab. The association is:
	(2)	No dependence on pollinators		(1)	Symbiosis
	(3)	Vivipary		(2)	Commensalism -
	(4)	Higher genetic variability		(3)	Amensalism
91. 🦯	A	sition state structure of the substrate formed		(4)	Ectoparasitism
<u> </u>		ng an enzymatic reaction is :	97.	Whic	h of the following is <b>not</b> correctly matched for
	(1)	permanent but unstable			rganism and its cell wall degrading enzyme?
	(2)	transient and unstable		(1)	Plant cells - Cellulase
	(3)	permanent and stable		(2)	Algae - Methylase
	(4)	transient but stable		(3)	Fungi - Chitinase
	1			(4)	Bacteria - Lysozyme
9 <u>7</u> .	/in cn	ina rose the flowers are :	00	Drod	wet of soviel reproduction concrelly
	,(L)	Actinomorphic, epigynous with valvate aestivation	98.	gener	
	(2)	Zygomorphic, hypogynous with imbricate aestivation		(1)	Prolonged dormancy
	(3)	Zygomorphic, epigynous with twisted		•	New genetic combination leading to variation
	~ /	aestivation	ļ	(3)	Large biomass
	(4)	Actinomorphic, hypogynous with twisted aestivation		(4)	Longer viability of seeds
	/		99.		h of the following represent maximum number ecies among global biodiversity ?
93. /		of a tree can be estimated by :		$\frac{1}{(1)}$	Lichens
	(1)	biomass		(2)	Fungi
	(2) (3)	number of annual rings		(3)	Mosses and Ferns
	(3) (4)	diameter of its heartwood		(4) <sub>4</sub>	Algae
	(4)	its height and girth		1.20	0
4.		h of the following are likely to be present in sea water?	100.		of the legal methods of birth control is :
, a	(1)	Eubacteria 2		(1)	by abstaining from coitus from day 10 to 17 of the menstrual cycle
	(2)	Blue-green algae		(2)	by having coitus at the time of day break
	(3)	Saprophytic fungi		(3)	by a premature ejaculation during coitus
ŧ,	(4)	Archaebacteria		(4)	abortion by taking an appropriate medicine

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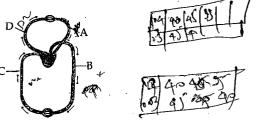


- (1)(2) does not pass through the lens.
- (3)D - Choroid - its anterior part forms ciliary body.
- A Retina contains photo receptors rods (4) and cones.

Which of the following are correctly matched with respect to their taxonomic classification?

- (1)Centipede, millipede, spider, scorpion-Insecta
- (2)House fly, butterfly, tsetsefly, silverfish-Insecta
- (3) Spiny anteater, sea urchin, sea cucumber-Echinodermata
- (4)Flying fish, cuttlefish, silverfish - Pisces

Figure shows schematic plan of blood circulation in humans with labels A to D. Identify the label and



- **B** Pulmonary artery takes blood from heart
- C- Vena Cava takes blood from body parts  $\checkmark$  to right auricle, PCO<sub>2</sub> = 45 mm Hg
- D Dorsal aorta takes blood from heart to

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(4)  $\checkmark$  A - Pulmonary vein - takes impure blood from

The most abundant intracellular cation is :

During seed germination its stored food is mobilized

Secondary productivity is rate of formation of new

- (1)Parasite
- (2) Consumer 4
- (3) Decomposer
- (4) Producer

The colonies of recombinant bacteria appear white 118. in contrast to blue colonies of non-recombinant bacteria because of :

- (1)Insertional inactivation alphaof galactosidase in non-recombinant bacteria
- (2) Insertional inactivation of alphagalactosidase in recombinant bacteria
- Inactivation of glycosidase enzyme in (3) recombinant bacteria
- (4) Non-recombinant bacteria containing betagalactosidase

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(2)

(3)

(4)

(1)

(2)

<u>(3</u>)

(4)

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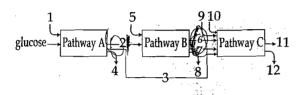
112.

-			1	3		3	K
on nd	119.		ch of the following Bt crops is being grown in	126.	Macı	ro molecule chitin is :	
nd			a by the farmers ?		(1)	phosphorus containing polysaccharide	
		(1)	Cotton		(2)	sulphur containing polysaccharide	
r X		(2)	Brinjal		(3)	simple polysaccharide	
		(3)	Soybean		· (4)	nitrogen containing polysaccharide	
		(4)	Maize	127.	The	H-zone in the skeletal muscle fibre is du	е
	(20)	Inter	fascicular cambium develops from the cells of :		to:		
	$\mathbb{N}^{2}$	1	Xylem parenchyma	Í	(1)	the central gap between myosin filaments in	1
	K '	(2)	Endodermis	· .	(D)	the A - band.	
art		(3)	Pericycle	ļ	(2)	the central gap between actin filament extending through myosin filaments in the	
		(3)	/Medullary rays			- band.	2
rts		(+)	vicuullary rugs	1	(3)	extension of myosin filaments in the centra	d
	<b>\$</b> 21.		ch one of the following is <b>not</b> the function of	1		portion of the A - band.	
to	$\mathbb{Z}$	place	enta? It :		(4)	the absence of myofibrils in the central portion	a
1 and 1	Ŭ	(1)	secretes estrogen.			of A-band.	
m	фr —	(2)	facilitates removal of carbon dioxide and	128	Meio	psis takes place in : $V \in V$	
er die bestellt.			waste material from embryo.		(1)	Conidia	
		(3)	>secretes oxytocin during parturition.	ł	(2)	Gemmule	
1000 CONTRACTOR 1000		(4)	facilitates supply of oxygen and nutrients to		(3)	Megaspore	
Takita		t. Lines	embryo.		(4)	Meiocyte —	
		¥ 4 97 •		1.00			_
	122.	medi	th of the metabolites is common to respiration- iated breakdown of fats, carbohydrates and	129.		agram showing axon terminal and synapse i n. Identify correctly at least two of A - D.	5
ed		prote		1	1966		
		(1)	Fructose 1, 6 - bisphosphate Pyruvic acid				
		(2)	5			В	
		(3)	Acetyl CoA	ļ		e	
	· ~	(4)	Glucose - 6 - phosphate				
	123.	)Acco to:	rding to Darwin, the organic evolution is due		Ň		
₹w	Ŭ	(1)	Interspecific competition.		(1)	B - Synaptic connection	
		(2)	Competition within closely related species.	1	(1)	D-K <sup>+</sup>	
		(3)	Reduced feeding efficiency in one species due		(2)	A - Neurotransmitter	
			to the presence of interfering species.			B - Synaptic cleft	
	$\sim$	(4)	/Intraspecific competition.		(3)	C - Neurotransmitter D - Ca <sup>+ +</sup>	
	124.	Whic	h enzyme/s will be produced in a cell in which		(4)	A - Receptor	
ite	$\left  U \right\rangle$	there	is a nonsense mutation in the lac Y gene?		(- <b>9</b> /	C-Synaptic vesicles	
int	$\sim$	(1)	Lactose permease	120	TATE:		+
		(2)	Transacetylase 💰	130.		ch one of the following is <b>not</b> a correc ment?	ι
ıa-		(3)	Lactose permease and transacetylase		(1)	Botanical gardens have collection of living	<b>g</b> .
a	. /	(4)	β - galactosidase			plants for reference.	
ia-	125.		od producer of citric acid is :		(2)	A museum has collection of photographs of plants and animals.	f
in		(1)	Pseudomonas	}	(3)	Key is a taxonomic aid for identification of	f
		(2)	Clostridium		·	specimens.	
ta-	- 	(3)	Saccharomyces /	[	(4)	Herbarium houses dried, pressed and	t
		(4)	Aspergillus_#	ł	,	preserved plant specimens.	

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- 14
- 131. Global warming can be controlled by :
  - (1) Reducing reforestation, increasing the use of fossil fuel.
  - (2) Increasing deforestation, slowing down the growth of human population.
  - (3) Increasing deforestation, reducing efficiency of energy usage.
  - (4) \_\_\_\_\_Reducing deforestation, cutting down use of fossil fuel.

The three boxes in this diagram represent the three major biosynthetic pathways in aerobic respiration. Arrows represent net reactants or products.



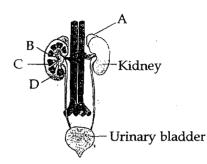
Arrows numbered 4, 8 and 12 can all be :

- (1) ATP
- (2)  $H_2O$
- (3)  $FAD^+$  or  $FADH_2$
- (4) NADH

Artificial insemination means :

- (1) transfer of sperms of hasband to a test tube containing ova
- (2) artificial introduction of sperms of a healthy donor into the vagina
- (3) introduction of sperms of a healthy donor directly into the ovary
- (4) transfer of sperms of a healthy donor to a test tube containing ova
- **134.** One of the representatives of Phylum Arthropoda is :
  - (F) silverfish
  - (2) pufferfish
  - (3) flying fish
  - (4) cuttlefish

**135.** Figure shows human urinary system with structures labelled A to D. Select option which correctly identifies them and gives their characteristics and/ or functions.

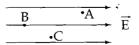


- (1) B Pelvis broad funnel shaped space inner to hilum, directly connected to loops of Henle.
- (2) C Medulla inner zone of kidney and contains complete nephrons.
- (3) D Cortex outer part of kidney and do not contain any part of nephrons.
- (4) A Adrenal gland located at the anterior part of kidney. Secrete Catecholamines which stimulate glycogen breakdown

14

141

- **136.** A uniform force of  $(3\hat{i} + \hat{j})$  newton acts on a particle of mass 2 kg. Hence the particle is displaced from position  $(2\hat{i} + \hat{k})$  meter to position  $(4\hat{i} + 3\hat{j} - \hat{k})$ meter. The work done by the force on the particle is :
  - (1) 6 J
  - (2) 13 J
  - (3) 15 J
  - (4) 9 J
- **137.** A, B and C are three points in a uniform electric field. The electric potential is :



- (1) maximum at B
- (2) maximum at C
- (3) same at all the three points A, B and C.
- (4) maximum at A

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15 A coil of self-inductance L is connected in series 142. A gas is taken through the cycle  $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$ , as 138. ures with a bulb B and an AC source. Brightness of the shown. What is the net work done by the gas? ctly bulb decreases when: 1d P (10<sup>5</sup> Pa) number of turns in the coil is reduced. (1)(2)a capacitance of reactance  $X_C = X_L$  is included in the same circuit. (3)an iron rod is inserted in the coil.  $\frac{1}{8}$  V (10<sup>-3</sup> m<sup>3</sup>) (4) frequency of the AC source is decreased. 1000 J (1) 1 139. The upper half of an inclined plane of inclination  $\theta$ (2) Zero is perfectly smooth while lower half is rough. A -2000 I (3) block starting from rest at the top of the plane will again come to rest at the bottom, if the coefficient of (4) 2000 J ner friction between the block and lower half of the plane nle. is given by : 143. A wire loop is rotated in a magnetic field. The ۱nd 20 frequency of change of direction of the induced e.m.f. is : not (1) twice per revolution (2) $\mu = 2 \tan \theta$ 3 (2)four times per revolution (3) $\mu = \tan \theta$ ior (3) six times per revolution ich 1 (4) once per revolution (4) 144. The velocity of a projectile at the initial point A is 140. The wettability of a surface by a liquid depends  $(2\hat{i}+3\hat{j})$  m/s. It's velocity (in m/s) at point B is : icle primarily on: om surface tension (1).*k*) (2)density is: (3) angle of contact between the surface and the liquid. viscosity (4) $-2\hat{i}+3\hat{j}$ (1) $2\hat{i}-3\hat{j}$ (2) 141. The condition under which a microwave oven heats up a food item containing water molecules most  $2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}$ (3) efficiently is : tric  $-2\hat{i}-3\hat{i}$ (1)The frequency of the microwaves has no (4) relation with natural frequency of water molecules. 145. The following four wires are made of the same Microwaves are heat waves, so always (2) material. Which of these will have the largest produce heating. extension when the same tension is applied? (3)Infra-red waves produce heating in a (1) $length = 100 \, cm$ , diameter =  $1 \, \text{mm}$ microwave oven. (2) $length = 200 cm_{e}$ diameter =  $2 \,\mathrm{mm}$ (4)The frequency of the microwaves must match (3)  $length = 300 \, cm$ , diameter = 3 mm the resonant frequency of the water molecules. (4)  $length = 50 \, cm$ diameter  $= 0.5 \,\mathrm{mm}$ 

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**146.** A wire of resistance 4  $\Omega$  is stretched to twice its original length. The resistance of stretched wire would be:

(1)  $4\Omega$ 

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- (2) 8 Ω
- (3) 16 Ω
- (4) 2Ω

147. A piece of iron is heated in a flame. It first becomes dull red then becomes reddish yellow and finally turns to white hot. The correct explanation for the above observation is possible by using :

- (1) Wien's displacement Law
- (2) Kirchoff's Law
- (3) Newton's Law of cooling
- (4) Stefan's Law

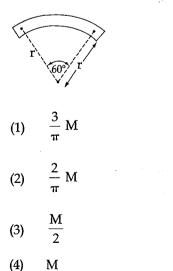
**148.** A small object of uniform density rolls up a curved surface with an initial velocity 'v'. It reaches up to a

maximum height of  $\frac{3v^2}{4g}$  with respect to the initial

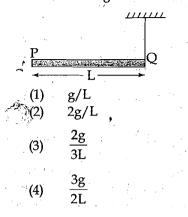
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position. The object is :

- (1) Solid sphere
- (2) Hollow sphere
- (3) Disc
- (4) Ring
- **149.** A bar magnet of length '*l*' and magnetic dipole moment 'M' is bent in the form of an arc as shown in figure. The new magnetic dipole moment will be :



**150.** A rod PQ of mass M and length L is hinged at end P. The rod is kept horizontal by a massless string tied to point Q as shown in figure. When string is cut, the initial angular acceleration of the rod is :



- 151. In a n-type semiconductor, which of the following statement is true :
  - (1) Electron are minority carriers and pentavalent \_atoms are dopants.
  - Holes are minority carriers and pentavalent atoms are dopants.
  - (3) Holes are majority carriers and trivalent atoms are dopants.

(4) Electrons are majority carriers and trivalent atoms are dopants.

152. In a common emitter (CE) amplifier having a voltage gain G, the transistor used has transconductance 0.03 mho and current gain 25. If the above transistor is replaced with another one with transconductance 0.02 mho and current gain 20, the voltage gain will be :

- (1) 1.5 G
- (2)  $\frac{1}{3}$  G (3)  $\frac{5}{4}$  G
- (4)  $\frac{2}{3}$  G
- **153.** For photoelectric emission from certain metal the cutoff frequency is  $\nu$ . If radiation of frequency 2  $\nu$  impinges on the metal plate, the maximum possible velocity of the emitted electron will be (m is the electron mass) :
  - (1)  $\sqrt{h\nu/m}$
  - (2)  $\sqrt{2h\nu/m}$
  - $(3) \quad 2\sqrt{h\nu/m}$
  - (4)  $\sqrt{h\nu/(2m)}$

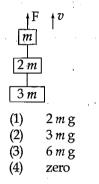
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**154.** In Young's double slit experiment, the slits are 2 mm apart and are illuminated by photons of two wavelengths  $\lambda_1 = 12000$  Å and  $\lambda_2 = 10000$  Å. At what minimum distance from the common central bright fringe on the screen 2 m from the slit will a bright fringe from one interference pattern coincide with a bright fringe from the other?

- (1) 6 mm(2) 4 mm
- (3) 3 mm
- (1) 8 mm
- (4) 8 mm

155. Three blocks with masses *m*, 2 *m* and 3 *m* are connected by strings, as shown in the figure. After an upward force F is applied on block *m*, the masses move upward at constant speed *v*. What is the net force on the block of mass 2 *m*? (g is the acceleration due to gravity)



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**156.** A certain mass of Hydrogen is changed to Helium by the process of fusion. The Mass defect in fusion reaction is 0.02866 u. The energy liberated per u is : (given 1u = 931 MeV)

(1) 26.7 MeV

(2)

- 6.675 MeV
- (3) 13.35 MeV (4) 2.67 MeV
- 157. If we study the vibration of a pipe open at both ends, then the following statement is **not** true :
  - (1) Odd harmonics of the fundamental frequency will be generated

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- (2) All harmonics of the fundamental frequency will be generated
- (3) Pressure change will be maximum at both ends
- (4) Open end will be antinode
- 158. An explosion breaks a rock into three parts in a horizontal plane. Two of them go off at right angles to each other. The first part of mass 1 kg moves with a speed of 12 ms<sup>-1</sup> and the second part of mass 2 kg moves with 8 ms<sup>-1</sup> speed. If the third part flies off with 4 ms<sup>-1</sup> speed, then its mass is :
  - (1) 5 kg
  - (2) 7 kg
  - (3) 17 kg
  - (4) 3 kg



**159.** In an experiment four quantities a, b, c and d are measured with percentage error 1%, 2%, 3% and 4% respectively. Quantity P is calculated as follows :

1  $P = \frac{a^3 b^2}{cd}$ 3 100 410 % error in P is : 10% (1)(2) 7% 4% (3) (4) 14%

160. A source of unknown frequency gives 4 beats/s, when sounded with a source of known frequency 250 Hz. The second harmonic of the source of unknown frequency gives five beats per second, when sounded with a source of frequency 513 Hz. The unknown frequency is :

- (1) 246 Hz
- (2) 240 Hz
- (3) 260 Hz
- (4) 254 Hz

161: The internal resistance of a 2.1 V cell which gives a current of 0.2 A through a resistance of 10  $\Omega$  is :

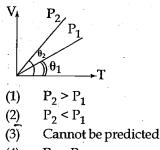
- (1) 0.5 Ω
- (2) 0.8 Ω
- (3) 1.0 Ω
- $(4) \qquad 0.2 \ \Omega$
- **162.** A current loop in a magnetic field ; /
  - (1) can be in equilibrium in one orientation.
  - (2) can be in equilibrium in two orientations, both the equilibrium states are unstable.
  - (3) can be in equilibrium in two orientations, one stable while the other is unstable.
  - (4) experiences a torque whether the field is uniform or non uniform in all orientations.
- 163. The wavelength  $\lambda_e$  of an electron and  $\lambda_p$  of a photon of same energy E are related by :
  - (1)  $\lambda_{p} \propto \lambda_{e}$ (2)  $\lambda_{p} \propto \sqrt{\lambda_{e}}$ (3)  $\lambda_{p} \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\lambda_{e}}}$ (4)  $\lambda_{p} \propto \lambda_{e}^{2}$
- 164. The half life of a radioactive isotope 'X' is 20 years. It decays to another element 'Y' which is stable. The two elements 'X' and 'Y' were found to be in the ratio 1 : 7 in a sample of a given rock. The age of the rock is estimated to be :
  - (1) 60 years
  - (2) 80 years
  - (3) 100 years
  - (4) 40 years

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- **165.** The resistances of the four arms P, Q, R and S in a Wheatstone's bridge are 10 ohm, 30 ohm, 30 ohm and 90 ohm, respectively. The e.m.f. and internal resistance of the cell are 7 Volt and 5 ohm respectively. If the galvanometer resistance is 50 ohm, the current drawn from the cell will be :
  - (1) 0.2 A

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- (2) 0.1 A
- (3) 2.0 A
- (4) 1.0 A
- **166.** In the given (V T) diagram, what is the relation between pressures  $P_1$  and  $P_2$ ?

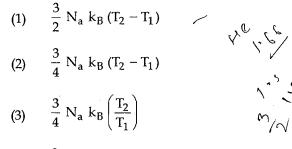


- (4)  $P_2 = P_1$
- 167. The molar specific heats of an ideal gas at constant pressure and volume are denoted by  $\rm C_p$  and  $\rm C_v$  ,
  - respectively. If  $\gamma = \frac{C_p}{C_v}$  and R is the universal gas

constant, then  $C_v$  is equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{R}{(\gamma-1)}$
- (2)  $\frac{(\gamma-1)}{R}$
- (3) γR
- $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{1-\gamma}$

168. The amount of heat energy required to raise the temperature of 1 g of Helium at NTP, from  $T_1$  K to  $T_2$  K is :



(4)  $\frac{3}{8} N_a k_B (T_2 - T_1)$ 

169. A plano convex lens fits exactly into a plano concave lens. Their plane surfaces are parallel to each other. If lenses are made of different materials of refractive indices  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$  and R is the radius of curvature of the curved surface of the lenses, then the focal length of the combination is :

(1) 
$$\frac{R}{2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$$
  
(2)  $\frac{R}{(\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$   
(3)  $\frac{2R}{(\mu_2 - \mu_1)}$   
(4)  $\frac{R}{2(\mu_1 - \mu_2)}$ 

**170.** During an adiabatic process, the pressure of a gas is found to be proportional to the cube of its

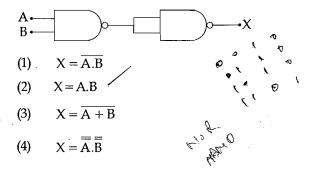
temperature. The ratio of  $\frac{C_p}{C_v}$  for the gas is :

(1) 2 (2)  $\frac{5}{3}$ (3)  $\frac{3}{2}$ (4)  $\frac{4}{3}$ 

171. A wave travelling in the +ve *x*-direction having displacement along *y*-direction as 1 m, wavelength

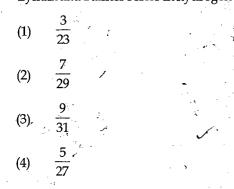
 $2 \pi m$  and frequency of  $\frac{1}{\pi}$  Hz is represented by :

- (1)  $y = \sin(2\pi x 2\pi t)$
- (2)  $y = \sin(10\pi x 20\pi t)$
- (3)  $y = \sin(2\pi x + 2\pi t)$
- (4)  $y = \sin(x 2t)$
- **172.** The output (X) of the logic circuit shown in figure will be :



173. A body of mass 'm' is taken from the earth's surface to the height equal to twice the radius (R) of the earth. The change in potential energy of body will be :

- (1)  $\frac{2}{3}$  mgR (2) 3 mgR
- $(3) \quad \frac{1}{3} mgR$   $(4) \quad mg2R$
- 174. Ratio of longest wave lengths corresponding to Lyman and Balmer series in hydrogen spectrum is :



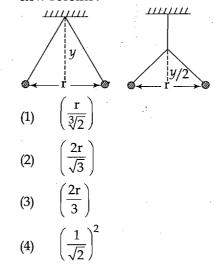
175. Infinite number of bodies, each of mass 2 kg are situated on *x*-axis at distances 1 m, 2 m, 4 m, 8 m, ......, respectively, from the origin. The resulting gravitational potential due to this system at the origin will be:

(1) 
$$-\frac{8}{3}G$$
  
(2)  $-\frac{4}{3}G$   
(3)  $-4G$   
(4)  $-G$ 

176. When a proton is released from rest in a room, it starts with an initial acceleration  $a_0$  towards west. When it is projected towards north with a speed  $v_0$  it moves with an initial acceleration  $3a_0$  toward west. The electric and magnetic fields in the room are :

(1) 
$$\frac{\mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e}}$$
 west,  $\frac{2 \mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e} v_{0}}$  down  
(2)  $\frac{\mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e}}$  east,  $\frac{3 \mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e} v_{0}}$  up  
(3)  $\frac{\mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e}}$  east,  $\frac{3 \mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e} v_{0}}$  down  
(4)  $\frac{\mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e}}$  west,  $\frac{2 \mathrm{ma}_{0}}{\mathrm{e} v_{0}}$  up

- 177: For a normal eye, the cornea of eye provides a converging power of 40 D and the least converging power of the eye lens behind the cornea is 20 D. Using this information, the distance between the retina and the cornea eye lens can be estimated to be:
  - (1)  $2.5 \,\mathrm{cm}$
  - (2) 1.67 cm
  - (3) 1.5 cm
  - (4)  $5 \, \mathrm{cm}$
- **178.** A parallel beam of fast moving electrons is incident normally on a narrow slit. A fluorescent screen is placed at a large distance from the slit. If the speed of the electrons is increased, which of the following statements is correct?
  - (1) The angular width of the central maximum of the diffraction pattern will increase.
  - (2) The angular width of the central maximum will decrease.
  - (3) The angular width of the central maximum will be unaffected.
  - (4) Diffraction pattern is not observed on the screen in the case of electrons.
- 179. Two pith balls carrying equal charges are suspended from a common point by strings of equal length, the equilibrium separation between them is r. Now the strings are rigidly clamped at half the height. The equilibrium separation between the balls now become :



**180.** A stone falls freely under gravity. It covers distances  $h_1, h_2$  and  $h_3$  in the first 5 seconds, the next 5 seconds and the next 5 seconds respectively. The relation between  $h_1, h_2$  and  $h_3$  is :

- (1)  $h_1 = \frac{h_2}{3} = \frac{h_3}{5}$
- (2)  $h_2 = 3h_1 \text{ and } h_3 = 3h_2$
- (3)  $h_1 = h_2 = h_3$

(4)

$$h_1 = 2h_2 = 3h_3$$

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