

**Fully Solved IBPS
Clerk 2012 Question
Paper held on
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2012

REASONING

- Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which of the following **does not** belong to that group?
 (1) Walk (2) Cry
 (3) Play (4) Study
 (5) Alive
- How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'VIRTUAL', each of which has as many letters between them in the word (in both forward and backward direction) as they have between them in the English alphabetical series?
 (1) None (2) One
 (3) Two (4) Three
 (5) More than three
- How many meaningful English words can be formed with the letters 'ILP' using all the letters only once in each word?
 (1) None (2) One
 (3) Two (4) Three
 (5) More than three
- If each alternate letter in the word 'FLIPPER' starting with F is changed to the next letter in the English alphabetical series and each of the remaining letters is changed to the previous letters in the English alphabetical series, then how many letters will appear more than once in the new arrangement?
 (1) None (2) One
 (3) Two (4) Three
 (5) Four
- Pointing to a girl, Mr. Arun said, "She is the daughter of my mother's only child". How is the girl related to Mr. Arun?
 (1) Sister (2) Mother

- Cousin
 (4) Daughter
 (5) Cannot be determined
- In a certain code language, 'LISP' is coded as 'MJTQ', similarly 'PLAN' is coded as 'QMBO'. How will 'FORT' be coded in the same code language?
 (1) ENSQ (2) GPUS
 (3) ENQS (4) GPSU
 (5) None of these
- 'Artificial' is related to 'Natural' in the same way as 'Private' is related to '_____'.
 (1) Future (2) Personal
 (3) Public (4) Closed
 (5) Confidential
- Four of the following five are alike on the basis of being divisible by a particular number and hence form a group. Which of the following **does not** belong to that group?
 (1) 21 (2) 91
 (3) 65 (4) 77
 (5) 35
- In a class of 25 students, Lata's rank is 13th from the top and Parul's rank is 19th from the bottom. If Vishal's rank is exactly between Lata's and Parul's rank what is Vishal's rank from the top?
 (1) 10th (2) 8th
 (3) 9th (4) 7th
 (5) Cannot be determined
- What should come next in the number series given below?
 1 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5 1 2
 3 4 5 6 1 2 3 4 5 6
 (1) 5 (2) 2
 (3) 8 (4) 1
 (5) None of these

Directions (11- 15) : Study the following information to answer the given questions :

Eight friends A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting around a circle facing the centre, not necessarily in the same order. F sits fourth to the left of B. A and H are immediate neighbours of F. C sits third to the left of A. G sits third to the right of E.

- What is D's position with respect to B?
 (1) Immediate left
 (2) Sixth to the right
 (3) Second to the left
 (4) Seventh to the left
 (5) Fifth to the right
- What are the immediate neighbours of G?
 (1) F and H (2) A and F
 (3) C and H (4) A and B
 (5) B and C
- If C is related to E in a certain way and similarly F is related to B in the same way, to whom is A related to?
 (1) H (2) D
 (3) G (4) C
 (5) None of these
- Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their seating positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that **does not** belong to the group?
 (1) FE (2) HA
 (3) DG (4) BE
 (5) CF
- If all the eight friends are made to sit alphabetically in the clockwise direction starting from A, positions of how many will remain unchanged (excluding A)?
 (1) None (2) One
 (3) Two (4) Three
 (5) Four

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Directions (16 – 20) : In each question below are two statements followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to take the two given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

Give answer (1) if only conclusion I follows.

Give answer (2) if only conclusion II follows.

Give answer (3) if either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Give answer (4) if neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.

Give answer (5) if both conclusions I and II follow.

16. Statements :

Some windows are grills.
All glasses are grills.

Conclusions :

- I. All grills are windows.
- II. At least some grills are glasses.

17. Statements :

Some painters are artists.
Some dancers are painters.

Conclusions :

- I. All artists are dancers.
- II. All painters are dancers.

18. Statements :

All cabins are rooms.
All rooms are buildings.

Conclusions :

- I. All buildings are rooms
- II. All cabins are buildings.

19. Statements :

All rings are necklaces.
No necklace is a bracelet.

Conclusions :

- I. No ring is a bracelet.
- II. All necklaces are rings.

20. Statements :

All hands are arms.
Some hands are muscles.

Conclusions :

- I. Some muscles are arms.
- II. All muscles are arms.

Directions (21–25) : Study the following information to answer the given questions :

Seven friends – L, M, N, O, P, Q and R are sitting in a straight line facing North, not necessarily in the same order. M sits fifth to the right of O. P sits third to the right of L. Both L and P do not sit at the extreme ends of the line. Q and R are immediate neighbours of each other. N sits third to the left of Q.

21. What is O's position with respect of R ?

- (1) Second to the right
- (2) Third to the left
- (3) Second to the left
- (4) Third to the right
- (5) None of these

22. Which of the following represents the friends sitting at the extreme ends of the line ?

- (1) O, M (2) Q, O
- (3) N, M (4) O, N
- (5) None of these

23. If all the seven friends are made to sit in alphabetical order from **left to right**, the positions of how many will remain unchanged ?

- (1) Four
- (2) Three
- (3) One
- (4) Two
- (5) None

24. Who sits exactly in the middle of the row ?

- (1) P (2) L
- (3) Q (4) R
- (5) None of these

25. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their seating positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that **does not** belong to the group ?

- (1) MP (2) RQ
- (3) ON (4) LN
- (5) QL

Directions (26 – 28) : In each question below is given a group of numbers/symbols followed by five combinations of letter codes numbered (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5). You have to find out which of the combinations correctly represents the group of numbers/symbols based on the following coding system and the conditions and mark the number of that combination as your answer.

Number / Symbols	9	4	&	5	%	3	#	7	6	@	8	+	2	\$
Letter Codes	X	P	J	H	B	D	K	F	S	T	N	G	R	L

Conditions :

- (i) If the first element is a symbol and the last element is a number, then the codes for both are to be interchanged.
- (ii) If both the first and last elements are symbols, then the last element is to be coded as the code for the first element.
- (iii) If the group of elements contains only one symbol, then that symbol is to be coded as A.

26. 28%956

- (1) RNBXHS
- (2) RNAXSH
- (3) RNBXSH
- (4) RNAXHS
- (5) RNASHX

27. @62+74

- (1) PSRGFT
- (2) TSRFGP

- (3) PSRFGT
- (4) PRSGFT
- (5) TSRGFP

28. +5963%

- (1) GHXSDG
- (2) GSHXDB
- (3) GHXDSC
- (4) GHSXDB
- (5) GXHSDG

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Directions (29 – 31) : Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below :

Poverty measurement is an unsettled issue, both conceptually and methodologically. Since poverty is a process as well as an outcome; many come out of it while others may be falling into it. The net effect of these two parallel processes is a proportion commonly identified as the 'head count ratio', but these ratios hide the fundamental dynamism that characterises poverty in practice. The most recent poverty reestimates by an expert group has also missed the crucial dynamism. In a study conducted on 13,000 households which represented the entire country in 1993-94 and again on 2004-05, it was found that in the ten-year period 18.2% rural population moved out of poverty whereas another 22.1% fell into it over this period. This net increase of about four percentage points was seen to have a considerable variation across states and regions.

29. Which of the following is a **conclusion** which can be drawn from the facts stated in the above paragraph ?

- (1) Accurate estimates of number of people living below poverty line in India is possible to be made.
- (2) Many expert groups in India are not interested to measure poverty objectively.
- (3) Process of poverty measurement needs to take into account various factors to tackle its dynamic nature.
- (4) People living below poverty line remain in that position for a very long time.
- (5) None of these

30. Which of the following is an **assumption** which is **implicit** in the facts stated in the above paragraph ?

- (1) It may not be possible to have an accurate poverty measurement in India.

(2) Level of poverty in India is static over the years.

(3) Researchers avoid making conclusions on poverty measurement data in India.

(4) Government of India has a mechanism to measure level of poverty effectively and accurately.

(5) None of these

31. Which of the following is an **inference** which can be made from the facts stated in the above paragraph ?

(1) Poverty measurement tools in India are outdated.

(2) Increase in number of persons falling into poverty varies considerably across the country over a period of time.

(3) Government of India has stopped measuring poverty related studies.

(4) People living in rural areas are more susceptible to fall into poverty over the time

(5) None of these

Directions (32 – 35) : In these questions, relationships between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions.

Give answer (1) if **only** conclusion I follows.

Give answer (2) if **only** conclusion II follows.

Give answer (3) if **either** conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Give answer (4) if **neither** conclusion I nor conclusion II follows.

Give answer (5) if **both** conclusions I and II follow.

32. **Statement :**

$A < L < T < R \leq H > K$

Conclusions : I. $H > L$

II. $K > T$

33. **Statement :**

$P = N > D \geq G < B = J$

Conclusions : I. $G < P$

II. $G < J$

34. **Statement :**

$F \leq C \geq V = Z < X = U$

Conclusions : I. $V < U$

II. $Z < F$

35. **Statement :**

$Q \leq E = I > N \geq R \geq S$

Conclusions : I. $E = S$

II. $S \leq N$

Directions (36 – 40) : Study the following arrangement of consonants, vowels, numbers and symbols carefully and answer the questions given below :

H @ F ! 3 U 6 % G I T * P L 8 \$ ^
9 S 2 7 & A M K + J © D 4 # 5 & E

36. Which of the following is ninth to the right of the twentieth from the right end of the above arrangement ?

(1) K (2) M

(3) U (4) A

(5) None of these

37. How many such consonants are there in the above arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by a symbol and also immediately followed by a symbol ?

(1) None (2) One

(3) Two (4) Three

(5) More than three

38. If all the symbols are dropped from the arrangement, which of the following will be the twelfth from the left end ?

(1) 9 (2) 2

(3) S (4) 7

(5) None of these

39. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement and so form a group. Which is the one that **does not** belong to the group?

(1) L\$8 (2) AKM

(3) @!F (4) 6%G

(5) JD©

40. What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following series based on the above arrangement ?

F3U %!T L\$^ ?

(1) 927 (2) 7&A

(3) 7AM (4) 2&A

(5) 27&

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Directions (41 –45) : In each of the following sentences, an **idiomatic expression** or a **proverb is highlighted**. Select the alternative which best describes its use in the sentence.

41. The stunt that I recently attempted was a **piece of cake**.
- (1) The stunt that I recently attempted was enjoyable to watch
 - (2) The stunt that I recently attempted was very challenging
 - (3) The stunt that I recently attempted was celebrated by all
 - (4) The stunt that I recently attempted turned out to be a failure
 - (5) The stunt that I recently attempted was a simple task
42. The boy broke the window and **took to his heels**.
- (1) The boy broke the window and fell on his heels
 - (2) The boy broke the window and ran away
 - (3) The boy broke the window with his heels
 - (4) The boy ran into the window
 - (5) The boy broke the window and robbed a pair of heels
43. I **pledged myself** to serve the king faithfully.
- (1) I made a mistake by promising to serve the king faithfully
 - (2) I made a fool of myself in order to serve the king
 - (3) I boasted about serving the king faithfully
 - (4) I was forcibly made to serve the king
 - (5) I made a solemn and formal promise to serve the king faithfully
44. There is a **crying need** for improvements to our public transport system.

- (1) There is an obvious need for improvements to our public transport system
 - (2) There is a well documented need for improvements to our public transport system.
 - (3) There is a minor need for improvements to our public transport system.
 - (4) There is a serious need for improvements to our public transport system.
 - (5) There is no urgency for improvements to our public transport system.
45. In an old bookshop I happened to **light upon** a volume that belonged to my grandfather.
- (1) In an old bookshop I happened to discard a volume that belonged to my grandfather.
 - (2) In an old bookshop I happened to purchase a volume that belonged to my grandfather.
 - (3) In an old bookshop I happened to look for a volume that belonged to my grandfather.
 - (4) In an old bookshop I happened to discover by chance a volume that belonged to my grandfather
 - (5) In an old bookshop I happened to reveal a volume that belonged to my grandfather.

Directions (46 –50) : Pick out the most effective word/phrases from the given alternatives marked (1), (2), (3), (4) and (5) given below each sentence to fill in the blank to make the sentence meaningful and grammatically correct.

46. By the middle of the 19th Century, the urban population of England _____ the rural population.
- (1) have exceed
 - (2) exceeded
 - (3) was to exceeds
 - (4) exceeds
 - (5) will exceed

47. The house that the actress lives in is beautiful, but the surroundings are _____ unpleasant.
- (1) quite
 - (2) more and more
 - (3) a little quite
 - (4) very little
 - (5) quite few
48. My friend and I decided to watch a play, however _____ enjoyed it.
- (1) hardly of us
 - (2) some few of us
 - (3) we scarcely only
 - (4) neither of us
 - (5) no one of us
49. It is difficult to speak a language fluently unless _____ regularly.
- (1) it is in practice
 - (2) it is by practising
 - (3) it will be practised
 - (4) it is practised
 - (5) it had been practised.
50. By the time he was eighteen years old, Peter _____ to make a living and support his family.
- (1) begins
 - (2) began
 - (3) started beginning
 - (4) would begin
 - (5) has just begun

Directions (51–65) : Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are printed in bold to help you to locate them while answering some of the questions.

Lumbini is a beautiful place in the southern part of Nepal. About 2,500 years ago, a baby boy was born to the king and queen. The baby was named Siddharth. His mother, died when he was five days old. The baby boy grew into a **handsome** prince. His father tried to keep him happy. The little prince had everything he needed — fine clothes, the best food and good toys. But he was not interested in them. He wanted to be alone and was always found in deep thought. Later, he was married to a beautiful princess. She was called Yashodhara. They had a son and named him Rahul. The king hoped that Siddharth would become a great ruler.

One day Siddharth was driving through the street in his chariot. He saw an old man and then a sick man. The old man could **hardly** walk. The sick man groaned in pain. Then he saw some people carrying a dead body, others were weeping and weeping at the loss of a dear one. Siddharth was very upset to see so much suffering and unhappiness. He was shocked. Then he saw an entirely different sight. A man in yellow robes was walking along the street. There was no trace of sadness on his **radiant** face, instead it shone with peace. He was a monk who had given up the world to escape the misery of life.

Siddharth wanted to find out why there was so much suffering in the world. He wanted to find out how men could be free of misery. He could find neither peace nor happiness in the life he was leading at the palace. One night Siddharth left his home, his wife and his little son. He went into the forest. He wanted to search for a way out of suffering and sorrow for all mankind. He meditated and got enlightenment. He became Lord Buddha, the enlightened one. Truth was **revealed** to him and he learnt all the secrets of life and the world.

He found out that the world was full of sorrow and unhappiness. The reason for it was greed and selfishness. To be free from suffering, we must be free from greed and desire. Desire is the **root** cause of all human suffering. He advocated the Middle Path and asked his followers to avoid the two extremes.

51. Which of the following sentences is **true** according to the passage ?

- (1) Lord Buddha was born in Lumbini.
- (2) The little boy was very happy with fine clothes, good food and toys.
- (3) Siddharth divorced his first wife.
- (4) Siddharth and Yashodhara had no children and so they were very unhappy
- (5) None of these

52. What was Siddharth interested in as a child ?

- (1) He was interested in making new friends as he did not have any siblings.
- (2) His interests were largely in studying and reading books.
- (3) He was interested in the best of clothes and good toys .
- (4) In spending time alone in deep thought.
- (5) In spending time with nature.

53. Which of the following can be inferred about Siddharth ?

- (A) Siddharth was different from other princes his age.
- (B) Siddharth was a spoilt child.
- (C) Siddharth was lonely because he did not have a mother.
- (1) Only (A)
- (2) Only (B)
- (3) Only (C)
- (4) Only (B) and (C)
- (5) All (A), (B) and (C)

54. What did the King wish for his son, Siddharth ?

- (1) He wanted Siddharth to become a great ruler.
- (2) He wished that Siddharth would not marry Yashodhara.
- (3) He wished that Siddharth's son would take over his kingdom
- (4) He wished that Siddharth would behave like the other princes.
- (5) He wished that Siddharth would find the answer to all the suffering in the world.

55. What incident changed Siddharth's life forever ?

- (1) His mother's death.
- (2) The incident where he saw a monk free from the misery of life.
- (3) The birth of his son
- (4) His marriage to Yashodhara.
- (5) The time he met Lord Buddha.

56. Why did Siddharth leave his home ?

- (1) He wanted to run away from his wife and son
- (2) He did not want to become heir to his father's throne
- (3) He was in search of a bigger kingdom
- (4) He wanted to see the world
- (5) He wanted to search for a way out of suffering and spend time in meditation.

57. According to Siddharth what was the reason for suffering and unhappiness in the world?

- (1) The increased number of deaths
- (2) The advocacy of the Middle Path.
- (3) Human greed and selfishness
- (4) People were unaware of the benefits of meditation.
- (5) None of these

58. What according to passage is the root cause for all human suffering ?

- (A) Desire
- (B) Happiness
- (C) Meditation
- (1) Only (A)
- (2) Only (B) and (C)
- (3) Only (B)
- (4) Only (C)
- (5) All (A), (B) and (C)

59. Why was Siddharth called the enlightened one ?

- (1) He was smarter than all the princes of his age.
- (2) He was the King's son.
- (3) Truth was revealed to him through meditation.
- (4) He had a great ability to resist temptation
- (5) He always wanted to be left alone

60. Why did Lord Buddha advocate the Middle Path ?

- (1) He believed that it was the only way to eliminate poverty.
- (2) He believed that it was the only way of obtaining true happiness.

- (3) He was a staunch believer of living an extreme life.
(4) He did not have a happy life being a prince.
(5) He was not a risk-taker.

Directions (61 –63) : Choose the word which is most nearly the **SAME** in meaning as the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

61. Root

- (1) Secondary
(2) Common
(3) Burning
(4) True
(5) Main

62. Hardly

- (1) Easily
(2) Barely
(3) Suddenly
(4) Carefully
(5) Readily

63. Radiant

- (1) Full (2) Happy
(3) Burning (4) Sober
(5) Sickly

Directions (64 – 65) : Choose the word which is most **OPPOSITE** in meaning to the word printed in **bold** as used in the passage.

64. Revealed to

- (1) Hidden from
(2) Exposed to
(3) Presented to
(4) Manifested from
(5) Obtained from

65. Handsome

- (1) Dear (2) Ugly
(3) Precious (4) Spoilt
(5) Attractive

Directions (66 –70) : Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. The number of that part is the answer. If there is no error, the answer is (5) i.e. 'No Error'. (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

- 66.** If tomorrow is (1)/ declared a holiday, (2)/ we shall go (3)/ to a picnic. (4)/ No Error (5)

- 67.** My grandfather used (1)/ to go (2)/ for a walk (3)/ every morning. (4)/ No Error (5)

- 68.** The blast from (1)/ the explosion (2)/ knocked the factory worker (3)/ to unconsciousness. (4)/ No Error (5)

- 69.** Raju found it difficult (1)/ to explain (2)/ his final exam marks (3)/ to his parents. (4)/ No Error (5)

- 70.** My friend become (1)/ terribly upset (2)/ after losing her purse (3)/ at the supermarket. (4)/ No Error (5)

Directions (71 – 80) : In the following passage, there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each, five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately. Find out the appropriate word in each case.

Once upon a time there lived a wise man by the (71) of Mamad. He never lied. All the people in the land, knew about him. The king heard about Mamad and (72) his subjects to bring him to the palace. He looked at the wise man and asked: "Mamad, is it true, that you have never lied?" "It is true, your Majesty." "And you will never lie in your life?" questioned the king. "I am sure of that," replied Mamad.

(73) days passed and the king called Mamad once again. There was a big crowd, the king was (74) to go hunting. The king held his horse by the mane, his left foot was already on the stirrup. He. (75) to Mamad. "Go to my summer palace and tell the queen I will be with her for lunch. Tell her to (76) a big feast. You will have lunch with me then." Mamad bowed down and went to the queen. Then the king laughed and said, "We won't go hunting and now Mamad will lie to the queen. Tomorrow we will laugh on his behalf. "But the wise Mamad went to the palace and said, "maybe you should prepare a big feast for lunch tomorrow, and maybe you shouldn't. Maybe the king will come by noon, and maybe he won't."

"(77) me will he come, or will he not?" - asked the queen. "I do not know whether he put his right foot on the stirrup, or he put his left foot on the ground after I left". Everybody (78) for the king. He came the next day and said to the queen, "The wise Mamad, who never lies, (79) to you yesterday." But the queen told him Mamad's exact words. And the king (80), that the wise man never lies, and says only that, which he see's with his own eyes.

- 71.** (1) name (2) sound
(3) call (4) identity
(5) label

- 72.** (1) demanded
(2) send
(3) ordered
(4) request
(5) sanctioned

- 73.** (1) Several (2) Most
(3) Lots (4) Glorious
(5) Long

- 74.** (1) just
(2) tired
(3) schedule
(4) planned
(5) about

- 75.** (1) wished (2) order
(3) said (4) featured
(5) send

- 76.** (1) leave (2) prepare
(3) figure (4) show
(5) prove

- 77.** (1) Say (2) Rescue
(3) Reveal (4) Tell
(5) Understand

- 78.** (1) lied (2) left
(3) heard (4) ran
(5) waited

- 79.** (1) wrong (2) spoke
(3) lied (4) did
(5) deceive

- 80.** (1) felt
(2) understands
(3) realised
(4) convinced
(5) rejoiced

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NUMERICAL ABILITY

Directions (81-90) : What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following questions?

- 81.** $(3325 \div 25) \times (152 \div 16) = ?$
 (1) 1269.4 (2) 1264.9
 (3) 1265.3 (4) 1263.5
 (5) None of these
- 82.** $\sqrt{3136} - \sqrt{1764} = \sqrt{?}$
 (1) 14 (2) $(196)^2$
 (3) -14 (4) 144
 (5) None of these
- 83.** $5\frac{1}{5} + 2\frac{2}{15} + 3\frac{2}{3} = ?$
 (1) 15 (2) 13
 (3) $\frac{11}{15}$ (4) 12
 (5) None of these
- 84.** $-15 - 27 - 88 - 63 + 255 = ?$
 (1) 55 (2) 74
 (3) 62 (4) 59
 (5) None of these
- 85.** $(2525 \times 0.25 \div 5) \times 7 = ?$
 (1) 889.43 (2) 883.75
 (3) 886.45 (4) 881.75
 (5) None of these
- 86.** $\frac{14}{19} \times \frac{57}{70} \times \frac{20}{21} = ?$
 (1) $\frac{2}{7}$ (2) $\frac{4}{7}$
 (3) $\frac{2}{9}$ (4) $\frac{3}{7}$
 (5) None of these
- 87.** $32\% \text{ of } 500 + 162\% \text{ of } 50 = ?$
 (1) 231 (2) 245
 (3) 237 (4) 247
 (5) None of these
- 88.** $45316 + 52131 - 65229 = ? + 15151$
 (1) 17063 (2) 17073
 (3) 17076 (4) 17067
 (5) None of these
- 89.** $\sqrt{25 - 12 + 155 + 1} = ?$
 (1) 13 (2) 14
 (3) 17 (4) 16
 (5) None of these
- 90.** $\frac{184 \times 4}{23 \text{ of } 400} = ?$
 (1) 7 (2) 9
 (3) 8 (4) 5
 (5) None of these
- 91.** What will come in place of both the question marks (?) in the following question ?

$$\frac{4}{(?)^3} = \frac{128}{(?)^3}$$

 (1) 16 (2) 12
 (3) 18 (4) 14
 (5) None of these
- 92.** The speed of a man is $\frac{3}{4}$ th the speed of a bicycle. The bicycle covers 192 m. in 8 seconds. How much time will the man take to cover 54 m. ?
 (1) 3 seconds (2) 4 seconds
 (3) 7 seconds (4) 5 seconds
 (5) None of these
- 93.** If the following fractions are arranged in a descending order (from left to right), which of them will be second from the right end ?

$$\frac{4}{9}, \frac{6}{13}, \frac{5}{11}, \frac{13}{16}, \frac{7}{12}$$

 (1) $\frac{6}{13}$ (2) $\frac{4}{9}$
 (3) $\frac{13}{16}$ (4) $\frac{7}{12}$
 (5) $\frac{5}{11}$
- 94.** A factory produces 1515 items in 3 days. How many items will they produce in a week ?
 (1) 3530 (2) 3553
 (3) 3533 (4) 3535
 (5) None of these
- 95.** What is the **least** number that can be added to 4800 to make it a perfect square ?
 (1) 110 (2) 81
 (3) 25 (4) 36
 (5) None of these
- 96.** Which of the following words can be written in 120 different ways ?
 (1) STABLE (2) STILL
 (3) WATER (4) NOD
 (5) DARE
- 97.** What would be the compound interest obtained on an amount of ₹ 1,210 at the rate of 6. p.c.p.a. after a year ?
 (1) ₹ 70.5 (2) ₹ 74.6
 (3) ₹ 73.8 (4) ₹ 72.6
 (5) None of these
- 98.** The cost of 5 pens and 8 pencils is ₹31. What would be the cost of 15 pens and 24 pencils ?
 (1) ₹93 (2) ₹99
 (3) ₹96 (4) Cannot be determined
 (5) None of these
- 99.** Find the average of the following set of scores :
 432, 623, 209, 378, 908, 168
 (1) 456 (2) 455
 (3) 453 (4) 458
 (5) None of these
- 100.** If the numerator of a fraction is increased by 300% and the denominator is increased by 200%, the resultant fraction is $\frac{4}{15}$. What is the original fraction ?
 (1) $\frac{3}{5}$ (2) $\frac{4}{5}$
 (3) $\frac{2}{5}$ (4) $\frac{1}{5}$
 (5) None of these
- 101.** Joel purchased 40 notebooks at the rate of ₹18 per notebook and 55 pencils at the rate of ₹8 per pencil. What is the total amount that he paid to the shopkeeper ?
 (1) ₹1,165 (2) ₹1,160
 (3) ₹1,166 (4) ₹1,161
 (5) None of these
- 102.** The sum of five consecutive odd numbers is 265. What is the sum of the largest number and twice the smallest number?
 (1) 156 (2) 153
 (3) 155 (4) 151
 (5) None of these
- 103.** The average of five numbers is 34.4. The average of the first and the second number is 46.5. The average of the fourth and the fifth number is 18. What is the third number ?

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- (1) 45 (2) 46
(3) 42 (4) 49
(5) None of these
- 104.** One of the angles of a parallelogram is 45° . What will be the sum of the larger angle and twice the smaller angle of the parallelogram?
(1) 228° (2) 224°
(3) 225° (4) 222°
(5) None of these
- 105.** 9 women can complete a piece of work in 19 days. How many days will 18 women take to complete the same piece of work?
(1) 12 days (2) 6.5 days
(3) 9 days (4) 8.5 days
(5) None of these
- 106.** If $(11)^3$ is subtracted from $(46)^2$, what will be the remainder?
(1) 787 (2) 785
(3) 781 (4) 783
(5) None of these
- 107.** The ratio between Gloria's and Sara's present ages is 4 : 7 respectively. Two years ago the ratio between their ages was 1 : 2 respectively. What will be Sara's age three years hence?
(1) 17 years (2) 14 years
(3) 11 years (4) 8 years
(5) None of these
- Directions (108–110) :** What should come in place of the question mark (?) in the following number series?
- 108.** 800 400 200 100 50 ?
(1) 20 (2) 30
(3) 25 (4) 35
(5) None of these
- 109.** 2 13 35 68 112 ?
(1) 173 (2) 178
(3) 163 (4) 167
(5) None of these
- 110.** 650 601 565 540 524 ?
(1) 512 (2) 514
(3) 511 (4) 515
(5) None of these
- 111.** A plot of 1800 sq. ft. is available at the rate of ₹ 630 per sq. ft. If 45% of the total cost of the plot is to be paid at the time of booking it, how much is the booking amount?
(1) ₹11,34,0007
(2) ₹5,10,3007
(3) ₹6,03,0007
(4) ₹6,00,300
(5) None of these
- 112.** 'A', 'B' and 'C' are three consecutive even integers such that four times 'A' is equal to three times 'C'. What is the value of B?
(1) 12 (2) 10
(3) 16 (4) 14
(5) None of these
- 113.** A bus covers 572 kms in 13 hours. What is the speed of the bus?
(1) 40km/hr (2) 44 km/hr
(3) 43 km/hr (4) 47 km/hr
(5) None of these
- 114.** The sum of the squares of two odd numbers is 11570. The square of the smaller number is 5329. What is the other number?
(1) 73 (2) 75
(3) 78 (4) 79
(5) None of these
- 115.** What is the difference between the simple and compound interest earned from a sum of ₹13,033 at a rate of 13 percent per annum for a period of 3 years (rounded off to 2 digits after decimal)?
(1) ₹5,082.87
(2) ₹689.41
(3) ₹5,772.28
(4) ₹680.94
(5) None of these
- 116.** What will be the average of the following set of scores?
78,69,54,21,94,48,77
(1) 63 (2) 66
(3) 67 (4) 64
(5) None of these
- 117.** The sum of three consecutive integers is 5685. Which of the following is the correct set of these numbers?
(1) 1893,1894,1895
(2) 1895,1896,1897
(3) 1899,1900,1901
(4) 1897,1898,1899
(5) None of these
- 118.** The product of three consecutive odd numbers is 24273. Which is the smallest number?
(1) 25 (2) 29
(3) 23 (4) 37
(5) 27
- 119.** ₹ 58,750 amounts to ₹ 79,900 in four years at simple interest. What is the rate of interest paid?
(1) 14 (2) 13
(3) 12 (4) 16
(5) 9
- 120.** How much will a sum of ₹2,00,007 deposited at a rate of 9% per annum (simple interest) for 13 years amount to?
(1) ₹14,040 (2) ₹20,650
(3) ₹13,404 (4) ₹27,800
(5) ₹26,040

GENERAL AWARENESS

- 121.** The Head of the Reserve Bank of India is officially known as
1. President of RBI
2. Chief Executive of RBI
3. Managing Director (MD) of RBI
4. Executive Director of RBI
5. Governor of RBI
- 122.** An engineer working in a big city in India wishes to send some money to his/her parents in a small village. How can a bank help him/her? (Both of them have accounts in the branches of the same bank.)
A. By issuing a Demand Draft.
B. By opening a letter of credit in the name of his/her parents.
C. Through E-transfer of money
(1) Only A
(2) Only B
(3) Only C
(4) Both A and B
(5) Both A and C
- 123.** Which of the following is the Central Bank of our country?
(1) State Bank of India
(2) Central Bank of India

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- (3) National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development
(4) Reserve Bank of India
(5) None of these
- 124.** People normally go to a bank for withdrawal or/and depositing their money. In addition to that banks provide many other services these days. Which of the following is/are such new services ?
- A. Sale of insurance policies.
B. Loans for higher studies for children.
C. Acceptance of bills for Telephone/Electric supply services on behalf of such organizations.
- (1) Only A (2) Only B
(3) Only C
(4) Both A and B
(5) All A, B and C
- 125.** Who amongst the following is the Head of the RBI at present ?
- (1) Mr. K. V. Kamath
(2) Dr. Yaga Venugopal Reddy
(3) Mr. N. R. Narayanamurthy
(4) Mr. O. P. Bhatt
(5) D Subba Rao
- 126.** India has different categories of Commercial banks. Which of the following is not one such category ?
- (1) Private Banks
(2) Commodity Banks
(3) Nationalised Banks
(4) Co-operative Banks
(5) Foreign Banks
- 127.** Government of India these days is very keen about the credit to the rural people. Which the following is the product launched by the banks to provide loan/credit to the farmers **quickly** ?
- (1) Kisan Vikas Patra
(2) Indira Vikas Patra
(3) Kisan Credit Card
(4) National Savings Scheme
(5) All of these
- 128.** Coins of which of the following denominations are easily available in India and are used by all of us in our day-to-day shopping ?
- A. Rs. 5 B. Rs. 2
C. Rs. 50
(1) Only A (2) Only B
(3) Only C
(4) Both A and B
(5) All A, B and C
- 129.** Government of India gives subsidy to which of the following products to help farmers indirectly ?
- (1) Tractors
(2) Power Tillers
(3) Pesticides
(4) Chemical fertilizers
(5) None of these
- 130.** In India Union Budget is always presented in the Parliament in the month of ____.
- (1) February (2) March
(3) April (4) December
(5) January
- 131.** 'Rupee' is the currency of
- (1) Nepal (2) Indonesia
(3) Myanmar
(4) Bangladesh
(5) Libya
- 132.** India's Nuclear Agreement with which of the following countries is very much in news these days ?
- (1) Russia (2) Germany
(3) Pakistan (4) Iran
(5) USA
- 133.** The two main seasons of cropping in India are known as ____.
- (1) Hot - Cold
(2) Winter - Spring
(3) Summer - Winter
(4) Rainy - Cold
(5) Kharif - Rabi
- 134.** Who among the following was honoured with the US Presidential Medal of Freedom in May 2012?
- (1) William Foege
(2) Toni Morrison
(3) Bob Dylan
(4) Only (1) and (2)
(5) All (1), (2) and (3)
- 135.** Government of India is giving much emphasis on 'Women Empowerment' these days. What does it mean ?
- (1) Recruiting only women for various Government jobs
(2) Electing women only for Panchayat Raj institutions
(3) Ensure that women get equal pay for equal work
(4) Providing opportunities to women so that they can develop themselves
(5) None of these
- 136.** Who amongst the following is/was not a famous cricket player ?
- (1) M. S. Dhoni
(2) Kapil Dev
(3) Ramesh Krishnan
(4) Sunil Gavaskar
(5) Sachin Tendulkar
- 137.** The maximum crop area (about 75%) in India is covered by ____.
- (1) food crops
(2) ornamental plants
(3) cash crops
(4) vegetables
(5) jute and cotton
- 138.** Which of the following terms is **not** related with the banking operations ?
- (1) Current Account
(2) Exchange rate
(3) Investment rate
(4) Domestic Saving rate
(5) Veto Power
- 139.** Loan taken by a small farmer will be considered a loan for agricultural purpose by a bank :
- A. Purchase of tractor
B. Purchase of seeds
C. Purchase of gold for marriage of the daughter
- (1) Only A
(2) Only B
(3) Both A and B
(4) Only C
(5) None of these
- 140.** Who amongst the following is an Economist of international repute ?
- (1) Amartya Sen
(2) Shobha De
(3) Nani Palkiwala
(4) Arun Shourie
(5) None of these

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141. International Day of Non-violence is observed on the birth day of ____.
- (1) Jawahar Lal Nehru
 - (2) Indira Gandhi
 - (3) Rajiv Gandhi
 - (4) Sonia Gandhi
 - (5) Mahatma Gandhi
142. Who amongst the following presented the Union Budget 2012-13 in the Parliament ?
- (1) Manmohan Singh
 - (2) P. Chidambaram
 - (3) Sonia Gandhi
 - (4) Lalu Prasad Yadav
 - (5) Pranab Mukherjee
143. Who amongst the following was the Captain of the India Cricket Team who won the ICC World Cup-2011 ?
- (1) Yuvraj Singh
 - (2) M. S. Dhoni
 - (3) Rahul Dravid
 - (4) Sourav Ganguly
 - (5) None of these
144. The Reserve Bank of India in June 2012 increased the limit on foreign investment in government securities by
- (1) \$ 5 billion
 - (2) \$ 10 billion
 - (3) \$ 7 billion
 - (4) \$ 8 billion
 - (5) \$ 15 billion
145. The National Stock Exchange is located in ____.
- (1) New Delhi
 - (2) Mumbai
 - (3) Kolkata
 - (4) Chennai
 - (5) Bangalore
146. Which of the following countries **does not** play international cricket ?
- (1) Russia
 - (2) England
 - (3) South Africa
 - (4) Pakistan
 - (5) India
147. Which of the following commodities is a major item of the export from India to many countries ?
- (1) Vegetable
 - (2) Paddy
 - (3) Tea
 - (4) Jute
 - (5) All of these
148. Which of the following is an International Tennis Tournament championship ?
- (1) Sunfeast Open
 - (2) Grand Prix
 - (3) Grand Master Championship
 - (4) FIFA World Cup
 - (5) None of these
149. Mrs. Sonia Gandhi is the chairperson of the UPA, who has a government in centre. What is the full form of UPA ?
- (1) Union Progressive Alliance
 - (2) United Participatory Association
 - (3) Unanimous Progressive Association
 - (4) Union Public Alliance
 - (5) United Progressive Alliance
150. Which of the following is a Private Bank functioning in India ?
- (1) Axis Bank
 - (2) Bank of Baroda
 - (3) Dena Bank
 - (4) Punjab National Bank
 - (5) Bank of Maharashtra
151. A person staying in a small village having population of about 50000. If he/she decides to take a loan of Rs. 25000, most probably he/she has to visit a bank in his/her village which will be certainly
- A. A Rural Bank
 - B. A Nationalised Bank
 - C. Foreign Bank
- (1) Only A
 - (2) Only B
 - (3) Either A or B
 - (4) Only C
 - (5) None of these
152. Which of the following is the autobiography of the film actor Dev Anand ?
- (1) My Story
 - (2) Sunny Days
 - (3) Romancing With Life
 - (4) Wings of Fire
 - (5) None of these
153. Which of the following ministries of the Central Government presents its own budget every year separately to the Parliament ?
- (1) Ministry of Social Welfare
 - (2) Ministry of Agriculture
 - (3) Ministry of Commerce and Industries
 - (4) Ministry of Railways
 - (5) None of these
154. Which of the following Prizes/Awards is given for excellence in the field of Sports ?
- (1) Pulitzer prize
 - (2) Shanti Swarup Bhatnagar Award
 - (3) Arjuna Award
 - (4) Shram Vir Purushkar
 - (5) None of these
155. Santosh Trophy is associated with the game of ____.
- (1) Cricket
 - (2) Football
 - (3) Hockey
 - (4) Tennis
 - (5) Golf
156. Which of the following is a method of 'irrigation' prevalent in India ?
- (1) Igloo
 - (2) Fog
 - (3) Drop
 - (4) Delta
 - (5) Lagoon
157. Manojit Singh Sandhu is a well known ____.
- (1) Film Actor
 - (2) Journalist
 - (3) Social Worker
 - (4) Sportsman
 - (5) Author
158. Which of the following companies is a steel making company ?
- (1) Hindalco
 - (2) Raymonds
 - (3) Lakme
 - (4) Corus
 - (5) None of these
159. 'LBW' is the term associated with the game of ____.
- (1) Cricket
 - (2) Hockey
 - (3) Tennis
 - (4) Football
 - (5) None of these
160. Which of the following is not a public sector company ?
- (1) HPCL
 - (2) BPCL
 - (3) BHEL
 - (4) Gillette
 - (5) All of these

COMPUTER KNOWLEDGE

161. _____ key is the example of Toggle key
(1) Alt (2) Shift
(3) Control (4) Escape
(5) Caps Lock
162. _____ is a feature for scheduling and multiprogramming to provide an economical interactive system of two or more users
(1) Time sharing
(2) Multitasking
(3) Time tracing
(4) Multiprocessing
(5) None of these
163. ROLLBACK in a database is _____ statement
(1) TCL (2) DCL
(3) DML (4) DDL
(5) SDL
164. Video controller
(1) Controls the resolution of images on screen
(2) Controls the signals to be sent and received from processor for display
(3) Handles the entire electronic work behind the formation of images on the screen
(4) Is responsible for allocating pixels for formation of images
(5) Is responsible for the refresh rate of the screen/monitor
165. The disks stores information in
(1) Tables
(2) Rows and columns
(3) Blocks
(4) Tracks and sectors
(5) All of these
166. Which file (s) can be executed without mentioning its extension name
(1) .exe (2) .bat
(3) .com (4) .app
(5) All of these
167. A programming language having a _____ is slow in execution
(1) Interpreter (2) Compiler

- (3) Assembler
(4) Linker
(5) none of these
168. The word processor used by DOS to write the programs or instructions
(1) WordStar (2) WordPad
(3) Notepad (4) MS-Word
(5) EDIT
169. _____ provides total solutions to reduce data redundancy, inconsistency, dependence and unauthorized access of data
(1) DBMS
(2) Tables
(3) Database
(4) Protection passwords
(5) Centralization of data
170. Codec refers to
(1) Coder- decoder
(2) Co-declaration
(3) Command declaration
(4) Command decoding
(5) None of these
171. Origin of internet can be tracked from
(1) ARPAnet
(2) Radio networks
(3) Satellite networks
(4) Indian army networks
(5) Air Force networks
172. To connect networks of similar protocols, _____ are used
(1) Routers
(2) Bridges
(3) Gateways
(4) Dial-up routers
(5) None of these
173. Decimal equivalent of (1111)₂
(1) 11 (2) 10
(3) 1 (4) 15
(5) 13
174. _____ is one reason for problems of data integrity
(1) Data availability constraints
(2) Data inconsistency
(3) Security constraints
(4) Unauthorized access of data
(5) Data redundancy

175. Dr. E.F. Codd represented _____ rules that a database must obey if it has to be considered truly relational
(1) 10 (2) 8
(3) 12 (4) 6
(5) 5
176. ">" symbol in DOS commands is use to
(1) Compare two values
(2) Redirect input
(3) Redirect output
(4) Filter data
(5) None of these
177. System proposal is prepared in _____ phase of SDLC
(1) Conception (2) Initiation
(3) Analysis (4) Design
(5) construction
178. A data warehouse
(1) Contains numerous naming conventions and formats
(2) Is organized around important subject areas
(3) Contains only current data
(4) Can be updated by end users
(5) Explains some observed event or condition
179. which of these is considered intelligent CASE tool
(1) Toolkit
(2) Methodology companion
(3) Workbench
(4) Upper CASE
(5) Lower CASE
180. Super computer developed by Indian scientists
(1) Param
(2) Super301
(3) Compaq Presario
(4) Cray YMP
(5) Blue Gene
181. The errors that can be find out by a compiler are
(1) Logical errors
(2) Internal errors
(3) Semantic errors
(4) Syntax errors
(5) Execution errors
182. _____ is used to add or put into your document such as a picture or text

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- (1) TV
(2) Squeeze in
(3) Push in
(4) Insert
(5) None of these
- 183.** Office Assistant is
(1) An application that allows you to take notes and save them in file
(2) A button on the standard toolbar that executes the Save command
(3) A collection of Autocorrect options in Word
(4) An animated character that offers help and suggestions
(5) None of these
- 184.** Pressing CTRL+9 in Excel
(1) Prints 9
(2) Prints
(3) Prints 9 followed by spaces
(4) Inserts 9 cells at the current location
(5) Hides the current row
- 185.** To change the name of an Excel worksheet
(1) Click on the worksheet tab by holding CTRL key and type a new name
(2) Choose Save AS option from file menu
(3) Add a (?) at the end of filename while saving the workbook
(4) Press CTRL+SHIFT keys and new name
(5) Double click at the worksheet tab and type a new name
- 186.** A computer used at supermarkets, departmental stores and restaurant etc is called _____ terminal
(1) P-O-S (2) Dumb
(3) Intelligent (4) Smart
(5) calculating
- 187.** _____ acts as temporary high-speed holding area between the memory and the CPU thereby improving processing capabilities
(1) ROM
(2) RAM
(3) Temporary memory
(4) Cache memory
(5) Flash memory
- 188.** A document that explains how to use a software program is called _____ manual
(1) User
(2) System
(3) Software
(4) Program
(5) Technical
- 189.** The process that deals with the technical and management issues of software development is _____
(1) Delivery process
(2) Control process
(3) Software process
(4) Testing process
(5) Monitoring process
- 190.** A collection of conceptual tools for describing data, relationships, semantics and constraints is referred to as
(1) ER model (2) Data base
(3) Data Model (4) DBMS
(5) None of these
- 191.** You can protect sensitive data from prying eyes using _____
(1) Encryption
(2) Passwords
(3) File locks
(4) File permissions
(5) None of these
- 192.** Android is _____
(1) Operating system
(2) Application
(3) Interface
(4) Software
(5) A collection of all these
- 193.** _____ search engine sends request for information to several search engines simultaneously and compiles the results
(1) Meta
(2) Individual
(3) Directory
(4) Subject directory
(5) None of these
- 194.** _____ search method is conducted for a specific title, domain, URL, or host
(1) Keyword
(2) Field
(3) Boolean
(4) Miscellaneous
(5) Logical
- 195.** To access a website or web content from a web server, the client sends a(n) _____
(1) Information
(2) Message
(3) Request
(4) Response
(5) Interrupt
- 196.** An http request contains _____ parts
(1) 2 (2) 5
(3) 3 (4) 4
(5) 1
- 197.** Through _____, an administrator or another user can access someone else's computer remotely
(1) Administrator
(2) Web server
(3) Web application
(4) HTTP
(5) Telnet
- 198.** Telnet is a _____ based computer protocol
(1) Sound
(2) Text
(3) Image
(4) Animation
(5) Digits
- 199.** To allow someone else schedule your meetings and appointments, _____ feature of Outlook is used
(1) Monthly calendar
(2) Event manager
(3) Appointments
(4) Delegate Access
(5) None of these
- 200.** P2P is a _____ application architecture
(1) Client/ server
(2) Distributed
(3) Centralized
(4) 1-tier
(5) None of these

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ANSWERS

1. (5)	2. (2)	3. (2)	4. (1)
5. (4)	6. (4)	7. (3)	8. (3)
9. (1)	10. (5)	11. (1)	12. (5)
13. (3)	14. (4)	15. (1)	16. (2)
17. (4)	18. (2)	19. (1)	20. (1)
21. (2)	22. (3)	23. (5)	24. (3)
25. (4)	26. (4)	27. (1)	28. (1)
29. (3)	30. (1)	31. (2)	32. (1)
33. (5)	34. (4)	35. (2)	36. (2)
37. (3)	38. (1)	39. (4)	40. (3)
41. (5)	42. (2)	43. (5)	44. (4)
45. (4)	46. (2)	47. (1)	48. (4)
49. (4)	50. (2)	51. (1)	52. (4)
53. (1)	54. (1)	55. (2)	56. (5)
57. (3)	58. (1)	59. (3)	60. (2)
61. (5)	62. (2)	63. (2)	64. (1)
65. (2)	66. (4)	67. (5)	68. (1)
69. (2)	70. (1)	71. (1)	72. (3)
73. (1)	74. (5)	75. (3)	76. (2)
77. (4)	78. (5)	79. (3)	80. (3)
81. (4)	82. (5)	83. (5)	84. (3)
85. (2)	86. (2)	87. (5)	88. (4)
89. (1)	90. (3)	91. (1)	92. (1)
93. (5)	94. (4)	95. (5)	96. (3)
97. (4)	98. (1)	99. (3)	100. (4)
101. (2)	102. (3)	103. (5)	104. (3)
105. (5)	106. (2)	107. (1)	108. (3)
109. (4)	110. (4)	111. (2)	112. (4)
113. (2)	114. (4)	115. (5)	116. (1)
117. (5)	118. (5)	119. (5)	120. (5)
121. (5)	122. (5)	123. (4)	124. (5)
125. (5)	126. (2)	127. (3)	128. (4)
129. (4)	130. (1)	131. (1)	132. (5)
133. (5)	134. (5)	135. (4)	136. (3)
137. (1)	138. (5)	139. (3)	140. (1)
141. (5)	142. (5)	143. (2)	144. (1)
145. (2)	146. (1)	147. (5)	148. (1)
149. (5)	150. (1)	151. (3)	152. (3)
153. (4)	154. (3)	155. (2)	156. (3)
157. (4)	158. (4)	159. (1)	160. (4)
161. (5)	162. (1)	163. (1)	164. (3)
165. (4)	166. (5)	167. (1)	168. (5)
169. (1)	170. (1)	171. (1)	172. (2)

173. (4)	174. (5)	175. (3)	176. (3)
177. (2)	178. (2)	179. (3)	180. (1)
181. (4)	182. (2)	183. (4)	184. (5)
185. (5)	186. (1)	187. (4)	188. (1)
189. (3)	190. (3)	191. (4)	192. (5)
193. (1)	194. (2)	195. (3)	196. (3)
197. (5)	198. (2)	199. (4)	200. (2)

EXPLANATIONS

1. (5) Alive is different from the other four words. Waik, Cry, Play and Study are various actions of human beings. Alive means 'living', 'not dead', 'in existence', 'continuing' etc.

2. (2)

22 9 18 20 21 1 12
V I R T U A L

3. (2) Meaningful word ⇒ LIP

4. (1)

F L I P P E R
+1↓ -1↓ +1↓ -1↓ +1↓ -1↓ +1↓
G K J O Q D S

5. (4) The only child of Arun's mother means Arun himself. Therefore, the girl is the daughter of Arun.

6. (4)

L I S P → M J T Q
+1↑ +1↑ +1↑ +1↑

P L A N → Q M B O
+1↑ +1↑ +1↑ +1↑

Therefore,

F O R T → G P S U
+1↑ +1↑ +1↑ +1↑

7. (3) 'Artificial' is antonym of 'Natural'. Similarly, 'Private' is antonym of 'Public'.

8. (3) $21 = 7 \times 3$; $91 = 7 \times 13$;

$77 = 7 \times 11$; $35 = 7 \times 5$;

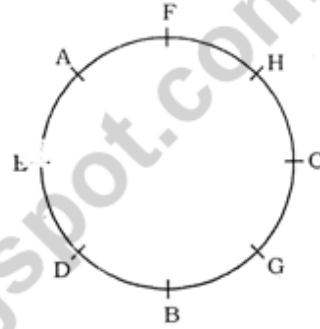
But, $65 = 7 \times 9.28$

9. (1) $\xrightarrow{6}$ P || V || V $\xleftarrow{12}$

Vishal's rank from the top is 10th.

10. (5) 1, 12, 123, 1234, 12345, 123456, 123456 **7**

(11-15) :



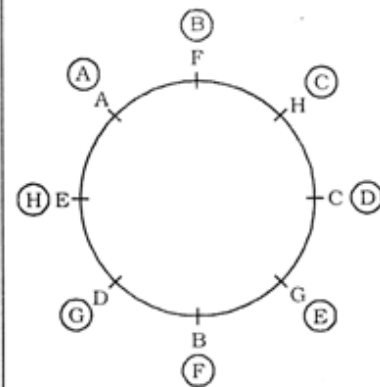
11. (1) D is to the immediate left of B.

12. (5) B and C are immediate neighbours of G.

13. (3) C is sitting just opposite to E. F is sitting just opposite to B. Similarly, A is sitting just opposite to G.

14. (4) Except in the pair BE, in all other pairs the first person is second to the left of the second person. B is second to the right of E.

15. (1)



(16 - 20) :

(i) All glasses are grills → Universal Affirmative (A-type)

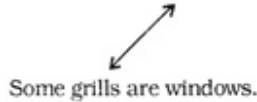
(ii) Some windows are grills → Particular Affirmative (I-type).

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(iii) No necklace is a bracelet → Universal Negative (E-type).

(iv) Some necklaces are not bracelets → Particular Negative (O-type).

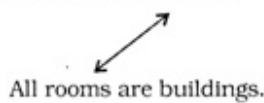
16. (2) All glasses are grills.



A + I ⇒ No Conclusion
Conclusion II is Converse of the second Premise.

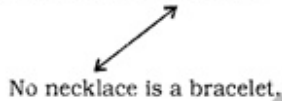
17. (4) Both the Premises are Particular Affirmative (I-type). No Conclusion follows from the two Particular Premises.

18. (2) All cabins are rooms.



A + A ⇒ A = type of Conclusion
"All cabins are buildings."
This is Conclusion II.

19. (1) All rings are necklaces.



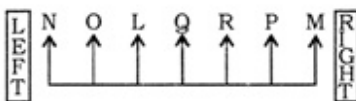
A + E ⇒ E = type of Conclusion
"No ring is a bracelet."
This is Conclusion I.

20. (1) Some muscles are hands.



I + A ⇒ I-type of Conclusion
"Some muscles are arms."
This is Conclusion I.

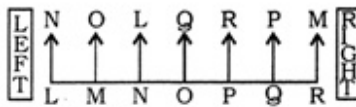
(21-25) :



21. (2) O is third to the left of R.

22. (3) N and M are sitting at the extreme ends of the line.

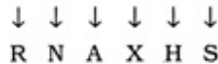
23. (5)



24. (3) Q is sitting exactly in the middle of the row.

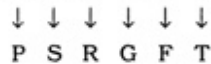
25. (4) Except LN, in all others the first person is to immediate right of the second person. L is second to the right of N.

26. (4) 2 8 % 9 5 6



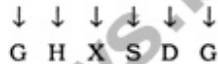
Condition (iii) is applicable.

27. (1) @ 6 2 + 7 4



Condition (i) is applicable.

28. (1) + 5 9 6 3 %

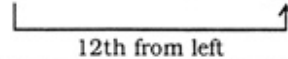


Condition (ii) is applicable.

29. (3) Process of poverty measurement needs to take into account various factors to tackle its dynamic nature.

30. (1) New arrangement

H F 3 U 6 G I T P L 8 9 S 2 7 A M K



39. (4) L →⁺² S →⁻¹ 8

A →⁺² K →⁻¹ M

@ →⁺² ! →⁻¹ F

6 →⁺¹ % →⁺¹ G

J →⁺² D →⁻¹ ©

40. (3)

F →⁺⁵ % →⁺⁶ L →⁺⁷ 7

3 →⁺⁵ I →⁺⁶ \$ →⁺⁷ A

U →⁺⁵ T →⁺⁶ ^ →⁺⁷ M

30. (1) It may not be possible to have an accurate poverty measurement in India.

31. (2) Increase in number of persons falling into poverty varies considerably across the country over a period of time.

32. (1) A < L < T < R ≤ H > K

Conclusions :

I. H > L : True

II. K > T : Not True

33. (5) P = N > D ≥ G < B = J

Conclusions :

I. G < P : True

II. G < J : True

34. (4) F ≤ C ≥ V = Z > X = U

Conclusions :

I. V < U : Not True

II. Z < F : Not True

35. (2) Q ≤ E = I > N ≥ R ≥ S

Conclusions :

I. E = S : Not True

II. S ≤ N : True

36. (2) Ninth to the right of the 20th from the right means 11th from the right, i.e., M.

37. (3)

Symbol	Consonant	Symbol
--------	-----------	--------

Such combinations are :

@ F ! ; + J ©

61. (5) The meaning of the word **Root (Noun)** as used in the passage is : the main cause of something, such as a problem or difficult situation.

Look at the sentence :

Money or love of money is said to be root of all evil.

62. (2) The meaning of the word **Hardly (Adverb)** as used in the passage is : almost no; almost none. Hardly, barely and scarcely can all be used to say that something is only just true or possible.

Look at the sentence :

Hardly anyone bothered to reply.

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63. (2) The meaning of the word **Radiant (Adjective)** as used in the passage is : showing great happiness, love or health; giving a bright light.

Look at the sentence :

The bride looked radiant.

64. (1) The word **Reveal (Verb)** means : to make something known to somebody; disclose; display.

Look at the sentence :

Details of the murder were revealed by the local paper.

The word **Hide (verb)** means : to put or keep something secret; conceal.

Hence, the antonym of revealed to should be hidden from.

65. (2) The word **Handsome (Adjective)** means good-looking; attractive; beautiful to look at.

Look at the sentence :

The two of them made a handsome couple.

Its antonym should be **ugly**.

66. (4) Here, **for a picnic** should be used.

68. (1) Here, **The burst from** should be used. The words **blast** and **explosion** are synonymous.

69. (2) Here, **to reveal** should be used.

70. (1) The event shows past time. Hence, Simple Past f.e. My friend became should be used.

$$81. (4) ? = \frac{3325}{25} \times \frac{152}{16}$$

$$= 133 \times 9.5$$

$$= 1263.5$$

$$82. (5) \sqrt{3136} - \sqrt{1764} = \sqrt{?}$$

$$\Rightarrow 56 - 42 = \sqrt{?}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{?} = 14$$

$$\therefore ? = 14 \times 14 = 196$$

$$83. (5) ? = 5 + \frac{1}{5} + 2 + \frac{2}{15} + 3 + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= 10 + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{15} + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$= 10 + \frac{3+2+10}{15} = 10 + \frac{15}{15}$$

$$= 10 + 1 = 11$$

$$84. (3) ? = -15 - 27 - 88 - 63 + 255$$

$$= -193 + 255 = 62$$

$$85. (2) ? = \frac{2525 \times 0.25 \times 7}{5}$$

$$= 883.75$$

$$86. (2) ? = \frac{14}{19} \times \frac{57}{70} \times \frac{20}{21} = \frac{4}{7}$$

$$87. (5) ? = \frac{500 \times 32}{100} + \frac{50 \times 162}{100}$$

$$= 160 + 81 = 241$$

$$88. (4) 45316 + 52131 - 65229$$

$$= ? + 15151$$

$$\Rightarrow 32218 = ? + 15151$$

$$\therefore ? = 32218 - 15151 = 17067$$

$$89. (1) ? = \sqrt{25 - 12 + 155 + 1}$$

$$= \sqrt{169} = 13$$

$$90. (3) ? = \frac{184 \times 4}{400 \times 23} = \frac{184 \times 4}{4 \times 23} = 8$$

$$91. (1) \frac{4}{?^3} \times \frac{5}{?^3} = 32 \times 128$$

$$\Rightarrow ?^3 = 2^5 \times 2^7 = 2^{12}$$

$$\therefore ? = (2^{12})^{\frac{1}{3}} = 2^4 = 16$$

$$92. (1) \text{Speed of bicycle} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$$

$$= \frac{192}{8} = 24 \text{ metre/second}$$

$$\therefore \text{Speed of man} = 24 \times \frac{3}{4}$$

$$= 18 \text{ metre/second}$$

$$\therefore \text{Required time} = \frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Speed}}$$

$$= \frac{54}{18} = 3 \text{ seconds}$$

$$93. (5) \frac{4}{9} = 0.44;$$

$$\frac{6}{13} = 0.46;$$

$$\frac{5}{11} = 0.45;$$

$$\frac{13}{16} = 0.8125$$

$$\frac{7}{12} = 0.583$$

\therefore Clearly,

$$\frac{13}{16} > \frac{7}{12} > \frac{6}{13} > \frac{5}{11} > \frac{4}{9}$$

$$94. (4) \text{Required number of items}$$

$$= \frac{1515 \times 7}{3} = 3535$$

$$95. (5) 4800 < 4900$$

$$\sqrt{4900} = 70$$

$$\therefore \text{Required number}$$

$$= 4900 - 4800$$

$$= 100$$

96. (3) (1) The word STABLE has six distinct letters.

$$\therefore \text{Number of arrangements}$$

$$= 6!$$

$$= 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 720$$

(2) The word STILL has five letters in which letter 'L' comes twice.

$$\therefore \text{Number of arrangements}$$

$$= \frac{5!}{2} = 60$$

(3) The word WATER has five distinct letters.

$$\therefore \text{Number of arrangements}$$

$$= 5! = 120$$

$$(4) \text{Number of arrangements}$$

$$= 3! = 6$$

$$(5) \text{Number of arrangements}$$

$$= 4! = 24$$

97. (4) C.I. for one year

$$= \frac{\text{Principal} \times \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}}{100}$$

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$$= \frac{1210 \times 6 \times 1}{100}$$

= Rs. 72.6

98. (1) 5 pens + 8 pencils = 31
On multiplying by 3,
15 pens + 24 pencils
= 3 × 31 = Rs. 93

99. (3) Required average

$$= \frac{432 + 623 + 209 + 378 + 908 + 168}{6}$$

$$= \frac{2718}{6} = 453$$

100. (4) Let the original fraction be

$$\frac{x}{y}$$

$$\therefore \frac{x \times 400}{y \times 300} = \frac{4}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{4}{15} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{5}$$

101. (2) Amount paid

$$= \text{Rs. } (40 \times 18 + 55 \times 8)$$

$$= \text{Rs. } (720 + 440)$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 1160$$

102. (3) Third number = $\frac{265}{5} = 53$

∴ Smallest number = 49

Largest number = 57

∴ Required value

$$= 57 + 2 \times 49$$

$$= 57 \times 98 = 155$$

103. (5) Third number

$$= 5 \times 34.4 - 2 \times 46.5 - 2 \times 18$$

$$= 172 - 93 - 36 = 43$$

104. (3) Second angle of parallelogram

$$= 180^\circ - 45^\circ = 135^\circ$$

∴ Required value

$$= 135 + 2 \times 45$$

$$= 135 + 90 = 225^\circ$$

105. (5) $M_1 D_1 = M_2 D_2$

$$\Rightarrow 9 \times 19 = 18 \times D_2$$

$$\Rightarrow D_2 = \frac{9 \times 19}{18} = 9.5 \text{ days}$$

106. (2) Required remainder

$$= (46)^2 - (11)^3$$

$$= 2116 - 1331$$

$$= 785$$

107. (1) Let Gloria's and Sara's present ages be $4x$ and $7x$ years respectively.

Two years ago,

$$\frac{4x-2}{7x-2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 8x - 4 = 7x - 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2$$

∴ Sara's age three years hence = $7x + 3$

$$= 17 \text{ years}$$

108. (3) The pattern of the number series is :

$$800 + 2 = 400$$

$$400 + 2 = 200$$

$$200 + 2 = 100$$

$$100 + 2 = 50$$

$$50 + 2 = \boxed{25}$$

109. (4) The pattern of the number series is :

$$2 + 1 \times 11 = 2 + 11 = 13$$

$$13 + 2 \times 11 = 13 + 22 = 35$$

$$35 + 3 \times 11 = 35 + 33 = 68$$

$$68 + 4 \times 11 = 68 + 44 = 112$$

$$112 + 5 \times 11 = 112 + 55 = \boxed{167}$$

110. (4) The pattern of the number series is :

$$650 - 7^2 = 650 - 49 = 601$$

$$601 - 6^2 = 601 - 36 = 565$$

$$565 - 5^2 = 565 - 25 = 540$$

$$540 - 4^2 = 540 - 16 = 524$$

$$524 - 3^2 = 524 - 9 = \boxed{515}$$

111. (2) Total cost of plot

$$= \text{Rs. } 630 \times 1800$$

∴ Booking amount

$$= \frac{630 \times 1800 \times 45}{100}$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 510300$$

112. (4) $A = x$

$$B = x - 2$$

$$C = x - 4$$

$$\therefore 4x = 3(x - 4)$$

$$= 4x - 3x = 12 = x = 12$$

$$\therefore B = x - 2 = 12 - 2 = 14$$

113. (2) Speed of bus = $\frac{\text{Distance}}{\text{Time}}$

$$= \frac{572}{13} = 44 \text{ km/hr}$$

114. (4) Larger number =

$$= 6572 - 5129$$

$$= 1443$$

Larger number

$$= \sqrt{2121} = 46$$

115. (5) $SI = \frac{10000 \times 13 \times 3}{100}$

$$= \text{Rs. } 3900$$

$$CI = 10000 \left[\left(1 + \frac{13}{100} \right)^3 - 1 \right]$$

$$= 11000.17$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 11000.17$$

$$\text{Difference} = 11000.17 - 508.17$$

$$= \text{Rs. } 10492$$

116. (1) Required average

$$= \frac{75 + 69 + 74 + 71 + 84 + 48 + 77}{7}$$

$$= \frac{528}{7} = 75.43$$

117. (3) Smallest number

$$= \frac{5688 - 1}{9} = 632$$

118. (1) $23 \times 101 = 24273$

119. (3) $79911 - 55750$

$$= \text{Rs. } 24161$$

$$\text{Rate} = \frac{51000}{\text{Principal} \times \text{Time}}$$

$$= \frac{24161 \times 100}{51000 \times 4}$$

$$= 118.76\%$$

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120. (5) S.I. = $\frac{12000 \times 9 \times 13}{100}$

= Rs. 14040

∴ Amount = 12000 + 14040

= Rs. 26040

161. (5) A toggle key toggles the input from a group of keys on a keyboard between two different input modes. Caps Lock is the most common toggle key, which toggles the letter keys between lowercase and uppercase mode.

162. (1) Time sharing is an operating system feature allowing several users to run several tasks concurrently on one processor or in parallel on many processors, usually providing each user with his own terminal for input and output.

163. (1) Transaction Control (TCL) statements are used to manage the changes made by DML statements. It allows statements to be grouped together into logical transactions. ROLLBACK statement restore database to original since the last COMMIT after a transaction.

164. (3) The video controller is responsible for the refreshing rate, pixels for image formation and conversing with the processor. The video controller along with the memory that holds the display data is referred to as the display adaptor.

165. (4) The disks are divided into a series of concentric circles called tracks. Just as the width of the disk surface is divided into distinct tracks, so also the circumference of a track is divided into sectors. The data is stored in tracks and sectors which are numbered and the outer track is marked as track zero.

166. (5) .Exe stands for executable files, .bat refers to batch file that is a collection of OS com-

mands to be executed at once. .com indicates to be a command file such as DATE command in DOS and .app files are the application files. All these files can be simply run by specifying the primary or the first name of the file to execute the instructions stored in these files.

167. (1) Interpreter and compiler are used to convert low high language to machine language and vice versa. The compiler reads the whole program and executes all the instructions line by line whereas the interpreter reads the program line by line and thus making the execution process slower.

168. (5) EDIT is the old DOS version of notepad that enables user to write instructions or commands. You can activate this by simply typing EDIT on the DOS command prompt and the DOS notepad will be opened for editing or writing new programs.

169. (1) DBMS (Database Management System) is software that makes use of central databases to store data and maintains these databases by providing special features to reduce data redundancy, inconsistency, dependence and unauthorized access of data. The data is stored in row-column format called tables and tables are a component of databases managed by DBMS.

170. (1) Codec functions direct opposite of modem. A modem converts a digital bit stream into a modulated analog signal whereas a codec converts a continuous analog signal into a digital bit stream.

171. (1) The origin of internet can be tracked from ARPAnet. It was a US defense department network. It was started as an experimental network to support military research in particular.

172. (2) Bridges function as a crossover from one network to another as acts as an address filter picking up packets from one LAN and delivering it to the other LAN.

174. (5) If the same data is written in different places, it is inevitable that some inconsistency will creep in. The accuracy and consistency of stored data, indicated by an absence of any alteration in data between two updates of a data record is termed as data integrity.

175. (3) The twelve rules are named as: The information rule, the guaranteed access rule, systematic treatment of NULL values, Active online catalog based on the relational model.

Comprehensive data sublanguage rule, view updating rule, high level (insert, update and delete), physical data independence, logical data independence, integrity independence, distribution independence, non-subversion rule.

176. (3) Output redirection is a concept which allows a command's output to be redirected from the standard output i.e. the screen to a device or file. For this ">" is used. For example: DIR> TESTFILE will store the contents of the current directory in a file called TESTFILE.

177. (2) System proposal is a document identifying the problem and why the new system needs to be pursued. The document is prepared in the initiation phase of SDLC and presented to upper management who approves it and the project moves on to the next phase.

178. (2) A data warehouse (DW or DWH) is a database for reporting and analysis. The data stored in the warehouse are uploaded from the operational systems

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- 179.** (3) Workbench is considered intelligent CASE tool because it is activated by a particular technique and it does not merely contain documentation but are geared to computerization procedures for system analysis and design.
- 180.** (1) Param is designed and assembled by the Centre for Development of Advanced Computing (C-DAC) in Pune, India. The latest machine in the series is the PARAM Yuva.
- 181.** (4) A syntax error refers to an error of language resulting from code that does not conform to the syntax of the programming language. The main function of the compiler is to find out and list syntax errors can be recognized at compilation time.
- 182.** (2) For most word processors, such as Microsoft Word, you will do so using the Insert menu. From the drop down menu, select Picture. Another menu will appear to the side. Select the type of picture you plan to insert. This process is called "Squeeze in".
- 183.** (4) The Office Assistant was a Microsoft Office feature to assist users by way of an interactive animated character, which interfaced with the Office help content. It was included in versions 98 to 2004 of Ms-Office.
- 184.** (5) You can hide a row by selecting the current row and choosing the Hide option from shortcut menu. As a shortcut, you can also press CTRL+9 to hide the current row in Excel.
- 185.** (5) This is the only way to rename a worksheet in Excel.
- 186.** (1) P-O-S refers to point-of-sale. A P-O-S terminal is a computerized replacement for a cash register. A POS terminal manages the selling process by a salesperson accessible interface.
- 187.** (4) Cache memory is extremely fast memory that is built into a computer's central processing unit. The CPU uses cache memory to store instructions that are repeatedly required to run programs, improving overall system speed.
- 188.** (1) User Guides also called User Manuals, are written to help people understand an software application or IT system. They are. When writing a User Guide, use simple language with short sentences. This writing style helps the user understand the application.
- 189.** (3) A software process outlines all steps or practices used to create a software application. It is an abstract presentation of a process.
- 190.** (3) Data Model is a logical map that represents the inherent properties of the data independent of software, hardware, or machine performance considerations. The model shows data elements grouped into records, as well as the association around those records.
- 191.** (4) Most of the file systems have methods of administering permissions or access rights to specific users and groups of users. These systems control the ability of the users to view or make changes to the contents of the file system.
- 192.** (5) Android is a stack of software for mobile devices which includes an Operating System, middleware and some key applications.
- 193.** (1) Meta search engine is actually a search engine that queries other search engines and then combines the results that are received from all.
- 194.** (2) This search is conducted for a specific title, domain, URL, or host. It is useful for drilling down and focusing on specific content.
- 195.** (3) Whenever your web browser fetches any web content from a web server, it does so using HTTP - that's Hypertext Transfer Protocol. HTTP is a request-response protocol, which means your computer sends a request for some web content to which the web server sends back a response.
- 196.** (3) Each HTTP request consists of 3 sections: request line, headers and body.
- 197.** (5) Telematics refers to 'telecommunications network', and was used in the form of remote control to manage mainframe computers from distant terminals.
- 198.** (3) Very different from Web pages that sport fancy images, animation and hyperlinks, teletext about typing on a keyboard. Teletext commands can be rather cryptic commands.
- 199.** (4) The process of granting someone permission to open your folders, read and create items and respond to requests for you is called delegate access. Delegate access is a more advanced feature than just sharing your Outlook folders.
- 200.** (2) Peer-to-peer is an approach to computer networking where all computers share equivalent responsibility for processing data. A peer-to-peer (P2P) network is created when two or more PCs are connected and share resources without going through a separate server computer.



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JAI HIND