Common Instructions to Candidates:

- 1) This is a question cum answer paper booklet.
- 2) Space is provided to write answers below each question. Answer should be written within the space provided.
- 3) This question paper has 54 questions including the matching type question.
- 4) Candidate should not write the answer with pencil. Answer written with pencil will not be evaluated.
- 5) In case of multiple choice, fill in the blanks and matching questions, scratching, rewriting & marking is not allowed. Answers with such errors will not be evaluated.
- I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct or most appropriate alternative and write it in the space provided below each question. [15 \times 1 = 15]
 - 1. The postmaster, finally, gave Andy his master's letter when
 - a) Durfy introduced him.
 - b) Andy requested him to give the letter.
 - c) Andy paid eleven pence postage.
 - d) Andy questioned the postmaster for having called him a goose.

Ans: (C) Andy paid eleven pence postage.

[1]

- 2. Who was the toughest batsman that Chandrashekar had to bowl against?
 - a) Vivan Richards.
- b) Zaheer Abbas.

c) Clive Lloyd.

d) Ken Barrington.

Ans: (D) Ken Barrington.

[1]

- 3. Students at Karnal gathered at the school premises the second time
 - a) in anticipation of the safe landing of spacecraft.
 - b) to mourn the death of Kalpana.
 - c) to set off fire crackers.
 - d) to see the spacecraft.

Ans: (B) to mourn the death of Kalpana.

[1]

- 4. Why were the intellectuals stunned in the King's court?
 - a) Daksha came forward to solve the Pandit's problem.
 - b) Daksha selected the King as her prize.
 - c) The King called Daksha the wisest of the wise.
 - d) Daksha solved the Pandit's problem.

Ans: (A) Daksha came forward to solve the Pandit's problem. [1]

 5. The beggarmaid entered the court with her arms across her breast because a) it was the custom in those times. b) it was her practice. c) she felt shy. d) it was very cold. 6. The Lord of Tartary would be summoned to meal by a) musicians. b) beating drums. c) harp and mandoline. d) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because a) God will never let the believer down. 						
c) she felt shy. Ans: (C) she felt shy. 6. The Lord of Tartary would be summoned to meal by a) musicians. b) beating drums. c) harp and mandoline. d) trumpeters. Ans: (D) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because						
Ans: (C) she felt shy. 6. The Lord of Tartary would be summoned to meal by a) musicians. b) beating drums. c) harp and mandoline. d) trumpeters. Ans: (D) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because						
 6. The Lord of Tartary would be summoned to meal by a) musicians. b) beating drums. c) harp and mandoline. d) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because 						
 a) musicians. b) beating drums. c) harp and mandoline. d) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because 	[1]					
c) harp and mandoline. Ans: (D) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because						
Ans: (D) trumpeters. 7. Man has to trust God's grace because						
7. Man has to trust God's grace because						
7. Man has to trust God's grace because	[1]					
a) God will never let the believer down.						
b) God is our creator.						
c) Man has feeble sense.						
d) God moves in a mysterious way.						
Ans: (A) God will never let the believer down.	[1]					
The king was puzzled when						
a) Daksha solved the Pandit's problem.						
b) The farmer spoke refined language.						
c) Daksha solved the problem of hatching eggs.						
d) Daksha took away his hand and chose that he was his prize.	[1]					
Ans: (D) Daksha took away his hand and chose that he was his	Ans: (D) Daksha took away his hand and chose that he was his prize.					
9. Children liked the school 'Retreat' because						
a) there were no examinations.						
b) there was no punishment.						
c) it was started by the Sarabhai's.						
d) they found a unique way of learning.						
Ans: (D) they found a unique way of learning.	[1]					

P109				31E			
10.	People of Europe put on mo	e clothes than the	he People of Asia because				
	a) they were fond of cloth	es.	they were rich.				
	c) they live in a cold clim	ate.	d) they are more civilized.				
	Ans: (C) they live in a	cold clima	te.	[1]			
11.	. Bhuvana is an honest lady. The word 'honest' is						
	a) a verb.	b) an	adverb.				
	c) a noun.	d) an	adjective.				
	Ans: (D) an adjective.			[1]			
12.	One word for, a person who	e job is to prepa	are medicine and sell is a				
	a) Doctor.	b) Pha	armacist.				
	c) Merchant.	d) Sci	ientist.				
	Ans: (B) Pharmacist.			[1]			
13.	The word that takes the pref.						
	a) Comfort.	b) Pos	ssible.				
	c) Pleasant.	d) Un	derstand.				
	Ans: (A) Comfort.			[1]			
14.	"Like a hurt bitch, she bared	her teeth".					
	The figure of speech in the a	bove line is					
	a) Metaphor.	b) Per	rsonification.				
	c) Simile.	d) All	literation.				
	Ans: (C) Simile.			[1]			
15.	Why you not come to blank is	school yesterda	ay? The correct auxiliary verb t	to be filled in			
	a) have.	b) did	l .				
	c) does.	d) we	re.				

Ans: (B) did.

[1]

P1	09							31E	
II.	16.	Fill	in the blank w	ith suita	ble preposition	:			
		Vikı	ram was good		science.				
		Ans	s: at					[1]	
	17.				appropriate con				
					er				
			s: but	_				[1]	
	18.	Fill	in the blank v	with a su	itable article :				
		Wh	o do you thinl	k is	finest	bats	man?		
			: The					[1]	
	10							•	
	19.								
		A person who [know] me came into the office and introduced me. Knew							
		Ans: Knew							
	20.	Fill in the blank with the appropriate form of the word given in brackets:							
		The Scientist was [success] in his efforts.							
		Ans: Successful							
III.	21.	Match the words in list 'A' with their meanings in list 'B'. Write the correct answ					nswer in the $[5 \times 1 = 5]$		
			A		В		Answers		
		a)	gay	1)	deathless		happy	[1]	
		b)	grace	2)	cruel	a)		·	
		c)	feat	3)	courage	b)	favour	[1]	
		d)	immortal	4)	shocked		achievement	[1]	
		e)	savage	5)	expect	c)	acinevement		
				6)	happy	d)	deathless	[1].	
				7)	favour		1	r4.1	
				8)	achievement.	e)	cruel	[1]	

achievement. e)

-5-

8)

IV.	Ans 22.	wer the following questions in two or three sentences each: $[10 \times 2 = 20]$ What made Narendranath visit Sri Ramakrishna? What did he ask him?						
		Ans: Narendranath met Sri Ramakrishna to know about ex	xistence					
		of God - he asked! Have you seen God!.	$\left[1\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right]$					
	23.	How do you say that Narendranath was an all rounder?						
		Ans: Narendranath was good at singing, sports telling stories -						
		liked to meditate ready wit.	$\left[1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right]$					
	24.	What is the opinion of the author about the great countries who fight each of	her?					
		Ans: The great countries are called barbarous. It is not a c	ivilized					
		or sensible thing for the countries to fight - kill thousa	nsible thing for the countries to fight - kill thousands and					
		millions.	$\left[1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right]$					
	25.	Why did Bhima refuse to jump over the monkey?						
		Ans: Bhima could have jumped over the monkey's body	- he did					
		not do so - against the scriptures.	$1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$					
			<u> </u>					

J9	31E
26.	What according to Tagore, is the ultimate aim of man?
	Ans: The ultimate aim of man is to attain deliverence - attained
	by working hard and also by being useful to society. $\begin{bmatrix} 1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$
27.	Why did the Duchess go on strike?
	Ans: Her father shifted the family to Milan - missed all the
	comforts - roads not well.
20	
28.	How can you say that Chandrashekar was great fan of Mukesh?
	Ans: They were great friends - Mukesh died - Chandrashekar
	normally does not fly flew to Bombay to attend his funeral.
	$\left[1\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}\right]$
29.	What does the expression 'laugh with their teeth' mean?
	Ans: The expression 'laugh with their teeth' means false laughter
	- not natural but only a pretension. $\left[1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}\right]$

30.	Wh	y do you think that Kalpana, as a girl, was unique?	
	Ans	We learnt to be brave, adventerous, show initiative	<u>e</u> ,
	ent	terprise, creativity.]
			_
31.	Wh	at made Gandhiji think of going back to the third standard?	_
	Ans	: English became the medium of instruction - Gandhiji four	ıd
	dif	ficult to understand-Geometry was a new subject - difficult to	<u>to</u>
	<u>lea</u>	$1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	
			_
Rea	d the	following extracts and answer the questions that follow: $[5 \times 3 = 1]$	5]
32.	"Wha)	ny don't you ask you stupid thief?". What should he ask?	
	a)	Ans: Where he had to go in the town? [1]]
	b)	What reply did he give?	
		Ans: He replied "I don't like to be troublesome Sir". [1]	<u>l</u> .
	c)	Who does the 'stupid thief' refer to?	
		Ans: Andy [1]	<u> </u> .
33.	"I c	an try to solve the problem".	
	a)	What was the problem?	1
	1 \	Ans: To empty the ocean with this wooden bowl.	<u> </u> .
	b)	When did the speaker say so? Ans: When nobody solved the problem of Mahapandiji. [1]]
			- ·

P109			31E
	c)	Who does 'I' refer to?	
		Ans: 'I' refers to Daksha.	[1]
34.	"Sh	ne in her poor attire was seen".	
	a)	Who does 'she' refer to?	
		Ans: The Beggarmaid.	[1]
	b)	How does she look like in her poor attire?	
		Ans: She look likes a moon in the clouded skies	[1]
	c)	What does the word 'attire' mean in the context?	
		Ans: Dress	[1]
35.	"Th	nis was his only pleasure".	
	a)	What was his pleasure?	
		Ans: Look at the gold in the hole.	[1]
	b)	When did he lose his pleasure?	
		Ans: One night, a robber, stole all his treasure.	[1]
	c)	Who does 'his' refer to?	
		Ans: The miser.	[1]
36.	"It	was a very prestigious position".	
	a)	Who was it a prestigious position for?	
		Ans: Prestigious position for Dr. Sarabhai.	[1]
	b)	When was the position offered to him?	
		Ans: The position offered in 1968.	[1]
	c)	What was the prestigious position?	
		Ans: The prestigious position as the chairman of the	<u>ie UŅ</u>
		conference on outer space.	[1]

VI. 37. Quote from memory: [4] God moves in a __mysterious way ______ His wonders to He plants his footsteps in the sea, And rides upon the _____ storm not the lord by feeble sense, But trust him _____ for his grace. OR [4] Sweet little red feet, Why should you die? Why would you leave me, sweet bird, _____ why? You lived alone on the forest tree, Why, pretty thing! could you not live I kiss'd you oft and gave you white peas! Why not live sweetly, as in the green trees?

VII. Answer the following questions in five or six sentences each:

38. What made Andy return from the post office without bringing his master's letter?

 $\cap R$

Narrate how Vimal Gulwadi and Hema Shilonikar display courage.

Ans: Mr. Durfy introduced Andy to the post master - he asked his master's letter - post master asked him to pay eleven pence - Durfy paid only four pence - he refused to pay 11 pence - waited for half an hour - the post master didn't give him the letter - went back without a letter.

[2 + 2]

OR

Vimal Gulwadi and Hema Shinolikar were brave - they entered the court hall - the judge entered and shocked - they commanded the judge to get back - told him that India has attained freedom.[2 + 2]

39. Narrate the qualities of the poet's mother as stated by P-Lankesh.

OR

Describe in your own words the dream of Walter de la Mare as narrated in the poem Tartary.

Ans: The Poet's mother was a strong woman. She ploughed and wantered it. She grew hundred measures of millet - She spent her youth - lived for the welfare of her family - agressive even at the dangerous time - became furions when her son or husband went out of the way - was not religious lady.

[2 + 2]

-11-

[P.T.O.

OR

Walter de la Mare imagines how would live - bed would be of ivory-thrown would be of beaten gold-Tiger, Peacocks, fishes were in the Tartary - trumpeters call him for meals - the palace would be shining - he was undisputed lord of fruits. [2 + 2]

VIII.Rewrite as directed: 40. Frame a question to get the underlined words as answer: Chandrashekar retired in 1981. [1]Ans: When did Chandrashekar retire? 41. Combine using "neither - - - - - nor". Pramod is not clever. Pramod is not intelligent. [1]Ans: Pramod is neither clever nor intelligent. 42. Write the other degrees of: Gandhiji was greater than any other man of our generation. Ans: [1]Gandhiji was the greatest man of our generation. No other man of our generation was so as great as Gandhiji. [1] 43. Change into indirect speech: [2] The minister said to Ravi, "Come to the office with your daughter tomorrow". Ans. The minister asked Ravi to come to the office with his daughter the next day. 44. Point out the difference in meaning between the pair of words using them in meaningful sentences: [2] Some, Sum Ans: Grammatically correct sentences. a)

b)

P1	09	31E
	45.	Use the word 'Concentrate' first as noun and then as verb in meaningful sentences. Ans: a) Grammatically correct sentences.
	46.	Combine following sentences using first as 'too' and then as 'so that not'. This man is proud. He does not own his fault. Ans: a) This man is too proud to own his fault. [1]
		b) This man is so proud that he doesn't own his fault. [1]
IX.	47.	Imagine that you are Krishna / Parimala of 23, Fort Road, Gorur. Write a letter to your friend asking him / her to attend your sister's marriage using the clues given below. 25 th May in a temple a few relative invited no dowry bridegroom a teacher apply leave and come. OR Write a letter of complaint to the postmaster, Santhemarur – using clues given below. A big village of thousand houses only one postman postman resides in a town comes late to the office returns early irregular in delivering letters and money orders instruct him to be punctual. Ans: [3 + 2]
		Format
		Logical sequences
		Grammatically correct sentences

P1	09			31E
х.	48.	a)	e two paragraphs on anyone of the following topics: Value of Time.	
		b)	Importance of National Integration.	
		c)	Newspaper and its uses.	
		Ans:		[3+2]
			Grammatically correct sentences	

P109 31E **XI.** Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:

After I had my lunch at a wayside inn. I looked for my bag. I had left on a chair beside the door and it was not there now! As I was looking for it, the inn-keeper came in.

"Did you have good meal?" he asked.

"Yes, thank you", I answered, "but I can't pay the bill". I haven't got my bag.

The inn-keeper smiled and immediately went out. In a few minutes returned with my bag and gave it back to me. "I'm sorry," he said, "My dog had taken it into the garden. He often does that".

49. Who is the 'He'?

[1] Ans: The Dog or Inn Keeper. What does 'that' refer to? In the habit of taking the bag of the customer into the garden. [1] Pick out the word from passage which means 'by the side of'. [1] Ans: Beside Why couldn't he pay the bill? [1] Ans: His money bag was missing. Who had taken the bag into the garden? Ans: The inn-keeper's dog. [1] When did he notice his bag missing? Ans: After his lunch at a way side inn. |1|