UPPCS 2011

General Studies Paper-I

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विषय : सामान्य अध्ययन-I Sub : GENERAL STUDIES-I

पूर्णांक : 200 समय : 2 घण्टे

अपना अनुक्रमांक बॉक्स में लिखें (अंकों में / शब्दों में) । Write your Roll Number in the box (in numbers / in words)

प्रश्नों के उत्तर के लिये केवल काले बाल प्वाइंट पेन का इस्तेमाल करें । To mark Answer use Black ball point pen only.

To mark Answer use Black ball point pen only

जब तक न कहा जाय इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को न खोलें । Till told, do not open the booklet.

अभ्यर्थी उत्तर पत्रक पर उत्तर देने से पहले सभी अनुदेशों को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़ लें। Candidate must read all the instructions before writing the answers.

आपको अपने सभी उत्तर केवल उत्तर-पत्रक पर ही देने हैं । परीक्षा उपरांत उत्तर-पत्रक इनविजिलेटर को लौटा दें । You are to mark your answer on Answer Sheet only. After the examination is over, handover the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator.

महस्रपूर्ण अनुदेश

- 1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये । सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं ।
- 2. उत्तर-पत्रक पर अभ्यर्थी अपना अनुक्रमांक, विषय, प्रश्न-पत्र का सही कोड एवं सीरीज अंकित करें अन्यथा उत्तर-पत्रक का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जायेगा और उसकी जिम्मेदारी स्वयं अभ्यर्थी की होगी ।
- 3. इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में 150 प्रश्न हैं । प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं । अभ्यर्थी सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले अथवा बवल को उत्तर-पत्रक पर काले वाल प्वाइंट पेन से पूरा गहरा कर दें । एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जायेगा एवं उसे जाँचा नहीं जायेगा ।
- 4. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के कबर पेज पर अथवा अन्दर कहीं भी कुछ न लिखें । यदि आप रफ कार्य करना चाहते हैं तो आप इनविजिलेटर से वर्किंग शीट माँग लें व इस पर वांछित सुचनायें भर लें ।
- 5. प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने के तुरन्त बाद जाँच करके देख लें कि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के सभी पेज भली भाँति छपे हुए हैं । यदि प्रश्न-पुस्तिका में कोई कमी हो तो इनविजिलेटर को दिखाकर उसी सीरीज व कोड की दूसरी पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें ।

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

Max. Marks: 200

Time: 2 Hours

- Answer all questions. All questions carry equal marks.
- The candidate should indicate the correct Roll Number, Subject, Paper Code and its Series on the Answer-Sheet, otherwise the Answer-Sheet will not be evaluated and the candidate will be solely responsible for it.
- 3. This booklet contains 150 questions. Each question has 4 alternative answers. The candidate has to darken only one circle or bubble indicating the correct answer on the answer sheet using black ball point pen. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer and it will not be examined.
- 4. Nothing is to be written on the cover page or any other page of this booklet. If you need a working sheet to do your rough work, please ask the invigilator for it and mention required information on it.
- 5. If you happen to find that the booklet issued to you does not have all the pages properly printed or it has any other deficiency, then you need to approach the invigilator to get another booklet of same series and code.

1. The earliest evidence of agriculture in Indian sub-continent is found at— (A) Lothal (B) Harappa (C) Mehrgarh (D) Mundigak Ans: (C)
2. During the Rig Vedic period Niska was an ornament of— (A) Ear (B) Neck (C) Arm (D) Wrist Ans: (B)
3. Which of the following were regarded as the hub of Aryan culture during the later Vedic period ? (A) Anga, Magadh (B) Kosal, Videha (C) Kuru, Panchal (D) Matsya, Surasena Ans: (C)
 4. Who among the following was the first to take initiative for water resource management in the Girnar region? (A) Chandragupta Maurya (B) Asoka (C) Rudradaman (D) Skandagupta Ans: (A)
5. That Lumbini was the birth place of Gautama Buddha, is confirmed by an inscription of— (A) Asoka (B) Kanishka (C) Harsha (D) Dharmapala Ans: (A)
6. Who among the following Gupta Kings had another name Devagupta ? (A) Samudragupta (B) Chandragupta II (C) Kumaragupta (D) None of the above Ans: (B)
7. Kumaradevi, a queen of Govinda Chandra Gahadavala, constructed Dharma-Chakra Jina Vihara at- (A) Bodha Gaya (B) Rajgrih

(C) Kushinagar (D) Sarnath Ans: (D)
8. Which of the following dynasties frequently assigned to the ladies high ranking positions in administration? (A) Chola (B) Chalukya (C) Pala (D) Sena Ans: (B)
 9. Who among the following Rajput rulers is known to have written a book on music? (A) Jayachandra Gahadavala (B) Prithviraj Chauhan (C) Rana Kumbha (D) Man Singh Ans: (C)
 10. Which Sultan of Delhi was a contemporary of the Mongol leader Chengiz Khan? (A) Iltutmish (B) Razia (C) Balban (D) Alauddin Khalji Ans: (A)
11. Who among the following was the continuing link between Sher Shah and Akbar in the field of land revenue administration? (A) Birbal (B) Todar Mal (C) Bhagwan Das (D) Bhar Mal Ans: (B)
12. With which medieval ruler would you associate the statement 'I would have lost the empire just for a handful of millet'? (A) Alauddin Khalji (B) Muhammad Tughlaq (C) Sher Shah (D) Aurangzeb Ans: (C)
13. The Maratha King became a nonentity and the Peshwa the virtual ruler from the time of—(A) Balaji Vishwanath(B) Baji Rao I(C) Balaji Rao

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(D) Madnav Rao I Ans : (B)
14. Thomas Roe was received in audience by Jehangir at— (A) Agra (B) Ajmer (C) Delhi (D) Fatehpur Sikri Ans: (A)
15. Which one of the following musical instruments was mastered by Aurangzeb?(A) Sitar(B) Pakhawaj(C) Veena(D) None of the aboveAns: (C)
16. Which son of Aurangzeb revolted against his father, weakening the latter's position against the Raiputs? (A) Azam (B) Akbar (C) Muazzam (D) Kam Baksh Ans: (B)
17. Who were the first Europeans to come to India for trade? (A) Dutch (B) English (C) French (D) Portuguese Ans: (D)
18. What did the Act V of 1843 make illegal ? (A) Child marriage (B) Infanticide (C) Sati (D) Slavery Ans: (D)
19. Who among the following was the leader of the revolution of 1857 in Assam? (A) Diwan Maniram Dutta (B) Kandarpeshwar Singh (C) Purandar Singh (D) Piali Barua Ans: (A)

20. Which of the following Acts transferred the Government of India from East India Company to the Crown? (A) Government of India Act 1858 (B) Indian Councils Act 1861 (C) Royal Titles Act 1876 (D) Indian Councils Act 1892 Ans: (A)
21. The first meeting of Indian National Congress was held at— (A) Bombay (B) Poona (C) Madras (D) Calcutta Ans: (A)
22. The paper 'Indian Mirror' was published during 1861 from— (A) Bombay (B) Calcutta (C) Madras (D) Pondicherry Ans: (B)
23. Name the organization formed by Surendranath Banerjee which merged with the Indian National Congress in 1886— (A) East India Association (B) London India Society (C) Indian Association (D) Indian National Conference Ans: (C)
24. Who among the following introduced the Vernacular Press Act ? (A) Lord Lytton (B) Lord Ripon (C) Lord Curzon (D) Lord Hastings Ans: (A)
25. The President of Surat Session of Indian National Congress, 1907 was— (A) R. B. Ghosh (B) B. G. Tilak (C) Annie Besant (D) G. K. Gokhale Ans: (A)
26. Who among the following had started Indian Home Rule Society in London?

(A) Annie Besant

- (B) Bal Gangadhar Tilak (C) Shyamji Krishna Varma (D) Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi Ans: (C) 27. The first Trade Union was founded in India in the year 1918 by-(A) N. M. Joshi (B) B. P. Wadia (C) V. V. Giri (D) S. A. Dange Ans: (B) 28. Who resigned from the membership of Viceroy's Executive Council as a protest against Jallianwala Bagh Massacre? (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Rabindranath Tagore (C) Shankaran Nair (D) Jamnalal Bajaj Ans: (C) 29. Who had opposed the Champaran Satyagraha of Mahatma Gandhi? (A) Rabindranath Tagore (B) N. G. Ranga (C) Rajkumar Shukla (D) Rajendra Prasad Ans: (A) 30. In which one of the following languages was the first issue of the Journal Ghadar published? (A) Urdu (B) Hindi (C) English (D) Marathi Ans: (A) 31. Who was the author of the book 'Bandi Jiwan'? (A) Dinabandhu Mitra (B) Hema Chandrakar
- (C) Ram Prasad Bismil
- (D) Sachindra Sanyal

Ans : (D)

- 32. Consider the following events connected with Indian National Movement:
- 1. Gandhi-Irvin Pact
- 2. Execution of Bhagat Singh
- 3. Karachi Session of Indian National Congress, 1931
- 4. Martyrdom of Chandra Shekhar Azad

Find the correct chronological order of the events from the codes given below— Codes: (A) 4, 1, 2, 3 (B) 1, 2, 3, 4 (C) 2, 3, 4, 1 (D) 4, 1, 3, 2 Ans: (A) 33. Match List-II with List-II and select the correct answer from the codes given below the lists: List-I (a) Annie Besant (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad (c) Jawahar Lal Nehru (d) Ambika Charan Majumdar List-II 1. Home Rule Movement 2. Champaran Satyagraha 3. Lucknow Session of Indian National Congress, 1916 4. Lahore Session of Indian National Congress, 1929 Codes: (a) (b) (c) (d) (A) 1 2 4 3 (B) 1 2 3 4 (C) 4321 (D) 3214 Ans: (A) 34. Who among the following said about the Act of 1935 "a car which has brake but no engine"? (A) Jawahar Lal Nehru (B) C. Rajgopalachari (C) Mahatma Gandhi (D) S. C. Bose Ans: (A) 35. Who formed the Radical Democratic Party in 1940? (A) Indrasen (B) M. N. Rov (C) Somendranath Tagore (D) Shachindranath Sanyal Ans : (B) 36. Who started the individual Satyagraha? (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Pattabhi Sitaramayya

(C) Jawahar Lal Nehru

(D) Vir Ans : (oba Bhave D)				
(A) Lor (B) Lor (C) Lor	no among the following cand Chelmsford d Wavel d Linlithgow d Montague C)	alled the movements o	of Gandhiji as 'politica	ıl blackmail' ?	
(A) 12 (B) 16 (C) 16	slim League observed th August 1942 August 1943 August 1946 August 1947 C)	ne 'Direct Action Day' o	on—		
1. Libe 2. Dala 3. Cho 4. India	ration of Goa i Lama fled to India u En-Lai visited India a visit of Khrushchev and the correct answer from : 3, 2, 4 1, 4, 3 4, 1, 2 2, 3, 1	Bulganin		ing post-independence p	eriod
(A) Cho (B) Pal (C) Pa	olas lavas ndyas alukyas	ere responsible for th	e creation of Ratha m	onuments at Mamallapur	am ?
1. Bude 2. Jain 3. Saiv 4. Vais Select Code: (A) 1		the code given below- (B) 2			
(C) 3		(D) 1 and 3			

Ans: (C) 42. Which of the following temples is considered as a wonder of rock-cut architecture? (A) Brihadisvara Temple, Tanjavur (B) Lingaraja Temple, Bhubaneshwar (C) Kailash Temple, Ellora (D) Kandaria Mahadeva Temple, Khajuraho Ans: (C) 43. Ruins of which of the following represent the old capital of Vijayanagar? (A) Ahmadnagar (B) Bijapur (C) Golconda (D) Hampi Ans: (D) 44. Which one of the following is not correctly matched? (A) Akbar's Tomb —Sikandara (B) Jahangir's Tomb —Sahdara (C) Tomb of Shaikh Salim Chishti —Fatehpur Sikri (D) Tomb of Shaikh Nizamuddin Aulia - Ajmer Ans: (D) 45. Which of the following was the birth place of Guru Nanak? (A) Amritsar (B) Nabha (C) Nankana (D) Nander Ans : (C) 46. Where did Maharaja Jaisingh II built observatories? 1. Delhi 2. Jaipur 3. Ujjain 4. Varanasi Select the correct answer from the codes given below— Codes: (A) 1 and 2 (B) 1 and 3 (C) 2 and 3 (D) 1, 2, 3 and 4 Ans: (D) 47. Who among the following transformed the traditional Ganapati festival of Maharashtra into a national

festival and gave it a political character?

(A) Ramdas

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(B) Shivaji (C) Mahadev Govind Ranade (D) Bal Gangadhar Tilak Ans: (D) 48. Who among the following had founded the 'Indian Society of Oriental Art' to revive ancient art traditions of India? (A) Abanindra Nath Tagore (B) Nand Lal Bose (C) Asit Kumar Haldhar (D) Amrita Shergill Ans: (A) 49. Who among the following was offered Membership of the Royal Asiatic Society of Paris? (A) Dadabhai Naoroji (B) Michael Madhusudan Dutta (C) Raja Rammohan Roy (D) Vivekanand Ans: (B) 50. The first University Chair of Sanskrit was founded in-(A) England (B) France (C) Germany (D) Russia Ans:(C) 51. Who among the following had said, 'God intended me to look upon all religions with one eye, that is why he took away the light from the other'? (A) Maharaja Ranjit Singh (B) Maharaja Sher Singh (C) Maharaja Dalip Singh (D) None of the above Ans: (A) 52. Who among the following deities is represented in art as holding a plough? (A) Krishna (B) Balarama (C) Kartikeya (D) Maitreya Ans : (B)

53. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched?

(B) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad —India Wins Freedom

(C) Subhash Chandra Bose — Indian Struggle

(A) Jawahar Lal Nehru — Hind Swaraj

(D) Lala Lajpat Rai — Unhappy India Ans : (A)
54. Which one of the following will be the year of Saka Samvat in December 2009 ? (A) 1931 (B) 1952 (C) 2066 (D) 2087 Ans: (A)
55. The smallest million city of India is— (A) Amritsar (B) Allahabad (C) Rajkot (D) Vijayawada Ans: (C)
 56. Why is Dhanbad most densely inhabited district of Chhota Nagpur plateau? (A) Fertile soil and irrigational facilities by canals from the Damodar (B) Availability of coal, iron ore, mica, copper etc. (C) Development of mining industries and industrialization (D) All the above Ans: (D)
57. Which one of the following classes of towns are included in the category of small towns by the Census of India ? (A) Class VI (B) Class V and VI (C) Class IV, V and VI (D) Class III, IV, V and VI Ans: (D)
58. In India maximum number of cities reporting slums are found in— (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Maharashtra (C) Tamil Nadu (D) Uttar Pradesh Ans: (B)
 59. The coast areas of which of the following oceans are called 'ring of fire' ? (A) Atlantic Ocean (B) Pacific Ocean (C) Indian Ocean (D) None of the above Ans: (B)

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60. 'Operation Green' was launched in Uttar Pradesh on-
(A) July 1, 2001
(B) October 2, 2001
(C) July 1, 2005
(D) June 6, 2006
Ans: (C)
61. The country which has the finest system of protected lands in the world is—
(A) China
(B) Costa Rica
(C) India
(D) Switzerland
Ans: (D)
62. In India maximum alkali area is found in the State of-
(A) Gujarat
(B) Haryana
(C) Punjab
(D) Uttar Pradesh
Ans : (A)
63. In India Project Elephant was launched in the year—
(A) 1968
(B) 1970
(C) 1972
(D) 1974
Ans: Project Elephant was started in 1992
64. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched?
(A) Simlipal —Assam
(B) Nokrek — Meghalaya
(C) Dehong Debang —Sikkim
(D) Agasthyamalai — Karnataka
Ans: (B)
65. According to the 2001 Census Report, male female ratio in India is-
(A) 1000: 930
(B) 1000: 934
(C) 1000:926
(D) 1000:933
Ans : (D)
66. Which State of India has the largest Muslim population according to the 2001 Census?
(A) Assam
(B) Bihar
(C) Uttar Pradesh
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(D) West Bengal Ans : (C)
67. Among the following States which one has the highest sex ratio, according to 2001 Census ? (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Chhattisgarh (C) Himachal Pradesh (D) Jharkhand Ans: (B)
68. The State which recorded the minimum population growth rate during 1991-2001 is— (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Kerala (C) Tamil Nadu (D) West Bengal Ans: (B)
69. In which year was the first regular Census held in India ? (A) 1921 (B) 1881 (C) 1911 (D) 1931 Ans: (B)
70. Which of the following countries are included in the 'Golden Crescent'? 1. Afghanistan 2. Iran 3. Iraq 4. Pakstan Select the correct answer from the codes given below— Codes: (A) 1 and 2 (B) 3 and 4 (C) 1, 2 and 3 (D) 1, 2 and 4 Ans: (D)
71. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched? (A) Kimberley —Diamond (B) Witwatersrand —Gold (C) Katomga —Copper (D) Saar —Iron ore Ans: (D)
72. Which one of the following countries has the highest birth rate?

(A) Afghanistan

(B) Bangladesh (C) India (D) Pakistan Ans: (D)
73. Alexandria is a port of— (A) Egypt (B) Israel (C) Jordan (D) Libya Ans: (A)
74. Which one of the following South Asian countries has the highest population density? (A) Sri Lanka (B) India (C) Nepal (D) Pakistan Ans: (B)
75. Persian Gulf does not form border with— (A) Bahrain (B) Iraq (C) Kuwait (D) Oman Ans: (D)
76. Which one of the following countries is the third largest economy of the world ? (A) Japan (B) Malaysia (C) India (D) China Ans: (A)
77. The Equator passes through— (A) Central African Republic (B) Kenya (C) Sarawak (D) Venezuela Ans: (B)
78. Which of the following pairs is correctly matched? Minerals—Producing Areas (A) Copper—Arizona (B) Coal—Carajas (C) Iron Ore—Rastanura (D) Petroleum—Donbas

Ans: (A) 79. Which of the following are active volcanoes? 1. Aconagua 2. Cotopaxi 3. Etna 4. Fujiyama Select the correct answer from the code given below— Code: (A) 1 and 2 (B) 3 and 4 (C) 1, 2 and 3 (D) 2, 3 and 4 Ans: Incorrect Options 80. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched? (A) Ghana—Accra (B) Kenya—Nairobi (C) Namibia-Windhooks (D) Nigeria—Rabat Ans: (D) 81. Through which of the following straits does a tunnel connect the United Kingdom and France? (A) Davis Strait (B) Denmark Strait (C) Strait of Dover (D) Strait of Gibralter Ans : (C) 82. In which of the following group of countries maize is used as staple food? (A) Western Europe (B) Russia (C) Middle Africa (D) South-East Asia Ans: (C) 83. The biggest port in India is— (A) Vishakhapatnam (B) Mumbai (C) Tuticorin (D) Kandla Ans: (B) 84. Sankosh river forms boundary between-(A) Bihar and West Bengal

(B) Assam and Arunachal Pradesh

(C) Assam and West Bengal (D) Bihar and Jharkhand Ans: (B)
85. Pir Panjal range lies in— (A) Arunachal Pradesh (B) Jammu and Kashmir (C) Punjab (D) Uttarakhand Ans: (B)
86. Which of the following city of Uttar Pradesh is not joined by Nationla Highway 2 ? (A) Agra (B) Allahabad (C) Lucknow (D) Varanasi Ans: (C)
87. Which of the following rivers is an example of the superimposed drainage? (A) Alaknanda (B) Kosi (C) Chambal (D) Godawari Ans: (C)
88. Which factors have facilitated the locational shift of the sugar industry from North India to South India? 1. Per acre higher yield of sugar cane 2. Higher sucrose content of sugar cane 3. Longer crushing season 4. Cheap labour Select the correct answer from the codes given below— Codes: (A) 1 and 2 (B) 2 and 3 (C) 1, 2 and 3 (D) 2, 3 and 4 Ans: (C)
89. Which of the following crops are grown mostly under subsistence farming? (A) Millets and Rice (B) Cotton and Tobacco (C) Tea and Coffee (D) Vegetables and Fruits Ans: (A)

- 90. Teak and Sal are the products of-(A) Tropical Dry Deciduous Forests (B) Tropical Evergreen Forests (C) Tropical Thorn Forests (D) Alpine Forests Ans: (A) 91. On which one of the following rivers is 'Tulbul' Project located? (A) Chenab (B) Ravi (C) Beas (D) Jhelum Ans: (D) 92. Which one of the following is the actual source of the Son river? (A) Amarkantak in Shahdol district (B) Son Muda in Shahdol district (C) Son Bachharwar in Bilaspur district (D) Mandla plateau Ans: (A) 93. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched? Nuclear Plant—Year of Commissioning (A) Kota-1989 (B) Kakrapar—1984 (C) Kaiga-1999 (D) Kalpakkam—1995 Ans : (C) 94. Rubber industry in India is located at-(A) Panjim (B) Bangalore (C) Puducherri (D) Aurangabad Ans: (B)
- 95. In March 2009 the BrahMos Missile was tested at—
- (A) Pokharan
- (B) Chandipur
- (C) Cape Canveral
- (D) Sri Harikota

Ans: (A)

- 96. The countries, which participated in Malabar-2009 exercises, were—
- (A) China, England, Russia
- (B) China, India, Russia

	(C) India, USA, Japan (D) Japan, England, USA Ans : (C)
	97. Three 'Phalcon AWACS' supplied by Israel were received in India for the first time in— (A) March 2009 (B) April 2009 (C) May 2009 (D) February 2009 Ans: (C)
	98. The winner of Nobel Peace Prize for 2008 is— (A) Al Gore (B) Muhammad Yunus (C) Martti Ahtisaari (D) Wangari Maathai Ans: (C)
1	99. Who among the following has been chosen for 'Hoover Medal' in March 2009 for his contribution to the upliftment of the poor and the rural people ? (A) Sam Patroda (B) A.P.J. Abdul Kalam (C) M. S. Swaminathan (D) Baba Amte Ans: (B)
	100. In April 2009, G-20 Summit was held in— (A) Geneva (B) London (C) Paris (D) Rome Ans: (B)
	101. India was represented in the Annual Meet of the World Economic Forum, held in Davos (Switzerland) in January 2009, by— (A) Manmohan Singh (B) Kamal Nath (C) P. Chidambaram (D) Kapil Sibbal Ans: (B)
	102. The first woman to be the Speaker of Lok Sabha is— (A) Vijay Lakshmi Pandit (B) Sarojini Naidu (C) Indira Gandhi (D) Meira Kumar

Ans: (D)
103. Which movie has been given the Best Movie Award in 66th Golden Globe Awards? (A) Mall E (B) Slumdog Millionaire (C) The Dark Night (D) The Reader Ans: (B)
104. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched? Recent Padma Awardees—Awards (A) Bhimsen Joshi– Bharat Ratna (B) Abhinav Bindra – Padma Vibhushan (C) Shekhar Gupta – Padma Bhushan (D) Aishwarya Rai – Padma Shri Ans: (B)
105. Who among the following won the best actor award in the awards ceremony of International Indian Film Academy held at Macau ? (A) Amitabh Bachchan (B) Hritik Roshan (C) Abhishek Bachchan (D) Salman Khan Ans: (B)
106. Where did Prime Minsiter Manmohan Singh, having taken charge of the new government after 2009 elections, meet Pakistan President Asif Ali Zardari for the first time ? (A) Cairo (B) London (C) Shanghai (D) Yekaterinburg Ans: (D)
107. Which among the following countries attended as observers the Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO) Summit held on 16 June 2009 ? 1. Russia 2. India 3. Pakistan 4. Iran
Select the correct answer from the codes given below— Codes: (A) 1 and 2 (B) 2 and 3 (C) 3 and 4 (D) 2, 3 and 4

Ans:(D)

(A) Sachin Tendulkar (B) Anil Kumble (C) Gautam Gambhir (D) M. S. Dhoni Ans: (D) 109. The only Indian Gold Medal Winner in Olympic 2008 is-(A) Sudesh Kumar (B) Pankaj Advani (C) Mahesh Bhupati (D) Abhinav Bindra Ans: (D) 110. The winner of Asia Cup Hockey Tournament, 2009 was-(A) China (B) Malaysia (C) Pakistan (D) South Korea Ans: (D) 111. The winner State of 17th Senior National Women's Football Championship held in March 2009, was---(A) Manipur (B) Nagaland (C) Tamil Nadu (D) West Bengal Ans: (A) 112. The two games, which have been excluded from the Olympic Games to be held in 2012 in London, are-(A) Badminton and Table Tennis (B) Basketball and Volleyball (C) Tennis and Wrestling (D) Softball and Baseball Ans: (D) 113. Which one of the following pairs is not correctly matched? (A) Sushil Kumar—Wrestling (B) Anand Pawar—Badminton (C) Arjun Rao—Archery

(D) Pankaj Advani-Shooting

Ans: (D)

108. Name the player who has been awarded the 2008 Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award?

114. The captain of the Indian Hockey Team which won Sultan Azlan Shah Hockey Tournament, 2009 was— (A) Dilip Tirkey (B) Rajpal Singh (C) Sandeep Singh (D) V. Raghunath Ans: (C)
115. Asia Cup Hockey Tournament was held in May 2009 in— (A) India (B) Malaysia (C) South Korea (D) UAE Ans: (B)
116. In which of the following States the National Games, 2011 will be held? (A) Delhi (B) Goa (C) Maharashtra (D) Rajasthan Ans: (B)
117. A cropping system where crops are grown in the inter spaces between rows of planted trees is called— (A) Relay cropping (B) Mixed cropping (C) Inter-cropping (D) Alley cropping Ans: (D)
118. Application of gypsum is required more in the crop of— (A) Paddy (B) Berseem (C) Wheat (D) Groundnut Ans: (A)
119. The upper limit of available water in soil is determined at— (A) 1/3 bar (B) 1/2 bar (C) 2/3 bar (D) 1 bar Ans: (A)

(A) America (B) India (C) South Africa (D) Egypt Ans: (C)
121. University of Horticulture and Forestry is located at— (A) Coimbatore (B) Solan (C) Palampur (D) Pant Nagar Ans: (B)
122. Heroin is obtained from— (A) Indian hemp (B) Opium poppy (C) Tobacco (D) Arecanut Ans: (B)
123. The leading producer of soybean in India is— (A) Chhattisgarh (B) Madhya Pradesh (C) Maharashtra (D) Uttar Pradesh Ans: (B)
124. 'Varuna' is a variety of— (A) Mustard (B) Linseed (C) Sunflower (D) Sesamum Ans: (A)
125. Farming of cloves is done in— (A) Kerala (B) Karnataka (C) Tamil Nadu (D) Uttar Pradesh Ans: (A)
126. Consider the following statements— Assertion (A): West Bengal is the leading producer of fish in India. Reason (R): West Bengal has well developed fishing industry along the sea coast. Select the correct answer from the codes given below—

120. The place of origin of red gram is—

Codes: (A) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A) (B) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A) (C) (A) is true, but (R) is false (D) (A) is false, but (R) is true Ans: (C) 127. In India the largest area under rice cultivation lies in the State of— (A) Andhra Pradesh (B) Orissa (C) Uttar Pradesh (D) West Bengal Ans: (C) 128. The most popular sport goods come from-(A) Ludhiana (B) Jalandhar (C) Kanpur (D) Agra Ans: (B) 129. Which bank became the first bank to open its branch in China? (A) IDBI Bank (B) HDFC Bank (C) State Bank of India (D) Punjab National Bank Ans: (C) 130. After the merger of Air India and Indian Airlines, the new entity is now known as-(A) Indian Airways (B) India Airlines (C) Air India (D) Indo-Air Ans: (A) 131. Which sector got high rate of growth in its cooperative units? (A) Sugar (B) Cotton textile (C) Jute (D) Cement Ans : (B) 132. The headquarters of the World Bank are at-(A) Manila (B) Washington

(C) New York

(D) Geneva Ans: (B) 133. Inside trading is related to-(A) Share market (B) Horse racing (C) Taxation (D) International trade Ans: (A) 134. Mixed Economy means— (A) Co-existence of small and large industries (B) Co-existence of public and private sectors (C) Co-existence of rich and poor (D) Promoting both agriculture and industry in the economy Ans: (B) 135. Diesel Locomotive engines are manufactured in India at-(A) Chitranian (B) Jamshedpur (C) Varanasi (D) Chennai Ans:(C) 136. Invisible Export means export of-(A) Services (B) Prohibited goods (C) Unrecorded goods (D) Goods through smuggling Ans: (A) 137. The headquarters of World Trade Organization are at— (A) Doha (B) Geneva (C) Rome (D) New York Ans: (B) 138. The city of Jaunpur was founded by-(A) Muhammad Tughlaq (B) Firoz Shah Tughlaq (C) Ibrahim Shah Sharqi (D) Sikandar Lodi

Ans: (B)

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139. The density of population of Uttar Pradesh according to 2001 Census, is-
(A) 689 per square km
(B) 589 per square km
(C) 489 per square km
(D) 389 per square km
Ans: (A)
140. In U.P. which one of the following tribes has the highest population?
(A) Saharia
(B) Tharu
(C) Agaria
(D) Mahigir
Ans: (B)
141. The State of Uttar Pradesh accounts for-
(A) 60 Lok Sabha seats
(B) 70 Lok Sabha seats
(C) 80 Lok Sabha seats
(D) 90 Lok Sabha seats
Ans: (C)
142. Obra Thermal Power Plant was established with the help of—
(A) Soviet Russia
(B) Japan
(C) Germany
(D) America
Ans: (A)
143. According to 2001 Census the female literacy percentage in U.P. is—
(A) 38•87
(B) 43•53
(C) 33·12
(D) 42·22
Ans:(D)
144. Which is the highest Dam in U.P. ?
(A) Mata-Tila
(B) Meia
(C) Rihand
(D) Ram-Ganga
Ans : (D)
145. In U.P. Uranium is available in the district of-
(A) Lalitpur
(B) Jhansi
(C) Mirjapur
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(D) Hamirpur Ans : (A)
146. Firozabad is famous for producing— (A) Bangles (B) Locks (C) Knives (D) Shoes Ans: (A)
147. Which one of the following is not a folk song of U.P. ? (A) Birha (B) Dhola Maru (C) Kajri (D) Rasia Ans: (B)
148. Syed Salar Fair is held at— (A) Bahraich (B) Mankapur (C) Barabanki (D) Khalilabad Ans: (A)
149. In U.P. Urdu Training and Research Centre is situated in (A) Barabanki (B) Bareilly (C) Lucknow (D) Rampur Ans: (C)
150. Central Institute of Subtropical Horticulture is located at— (A) Jhansi (B) Saharanpur (C) Lucknow (D) Varanasi

Ans: (C)