CBSE PM/PD 2009

PHYSICS

1. In the nuclear decay given below:

 $\begin{array}{c} \overset{A}{Z}X \longrightarrow \overset{A}{Z}_{+1}Y \longrightarrow \overset{A-4}{Z}_{-1}B^{*} \longrightarrow \overset{A-4}{Z}_{-1}B, \text{ the particles emitted in the sequence} \\ \text{are:} \\ (1) \gamma, \beta, \alpha \\ (3) \alpha, \beta, \gamma \\ (3) \alpha, \beta, \gamma \\ \text{Sol:} \begin{array}{c} \overset{A}{Z}X \longrightarrow \overset{A}{Z}_{+1}Y : \beta, \overset{A}{Z}_{+1}Y \longrightarrow \overset{A-4}{Z}_{-1}B^{*} : \alpha, \overset{A-4}{Z}_{-1}B^{*} \longrightarrow \overset{A-4}{Z}_{-1}B : \gamma \\ (\beta, \alpha, \gamma) \end{array}$

∴ Correct choice : (4)

2. A thin circular ring of mass M and radius R is rotating in a horizontal plane about an axis vertical to its plane with a constant angular velocity ω . If two objects each of mass m be attached gently to the opposite ends of a diameter of the ring, the ring will then rotate with an angular velocity:

(1)
$$\frac{\omega M}{M + 2m}$$

(2) $\frac{\omega (M + 2m)}{M}$
(3) $\frac{\omega M}{M + m}$
(4) $\frac{\omega (M - 2m)}{M + 2m}$

Sol: $I_1 \omega_1 = I_2 \omega_2$, $I_1 = MR^2$, $I_2 = MR^2 + 2 mR^2$

$$\therefore \ \omega_2 = \frac{I_1}{I_2} \ \omega = \frac{M}{M + 2m} \ \omega.$$

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

- 3. In thermodynamic processes which of the following statements is not true?
 - (1) In an isochoric process pressure remains constant
 - (2) In an isothermal process the temperature remains constant
 - (3) In an adiabatic process $PV^{\gamma} = constant$
 - (4) In an adiabatic process the system is insulated from the surroundings
- Sol: Pressure constant: isobaric, not isochoric

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

- 4. The number of photo electrons emitted for light of a frequency ν (higher than the threshold frequency $\nu_0)$ is proportional to:
 - (1) Threshold frequency (v_0) (2) Intensity of light
 - (3) Frequency of light (v) (4) $v v_0$
- **Sol:** Saturation current \propto intensity

∴ Correct choice : (2)

5. A simple pendulum performs simple harmonic motion about x = 0 with an amplitude a and time period T. The speed of the pendulum at $x = \frac{a}{2}$ will be:

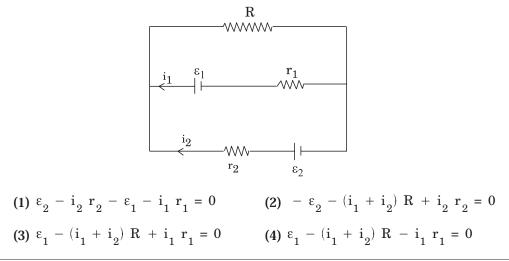
(1)
$$\frac{\pi a}{T}$$
 (2) $\frac{3\pi^2 a}{T}$
(3) $\frac{\pi a \sqrt{3}}{T}$ (4) $\frac{\pi a \sqrt{3}}{2T}$

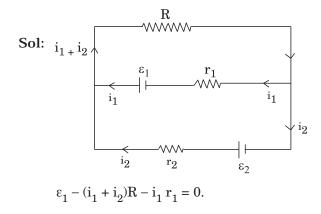
Sol: Speed v = $\omega \sqrt{a^2 - x^2}$, x = $\frac{a}{2}$

$$\therefore \mathbf{v} = \omega \sqrt{\mathbf{a}^2 - \frac{\mathbf{a}^2}{4}} = \omega \sqrt{\frac{3\mathbf{a}^2}{4}}$$
$$= \frac{2\pi}{T} \frac{\mathbf{a}\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\pi \mathbf{a}\sqrt{3}}{T}$$

: Correct choice : (3)

6. See the electric circuit shown in this **Figure**. Which of the following equations is a correct equation for it?



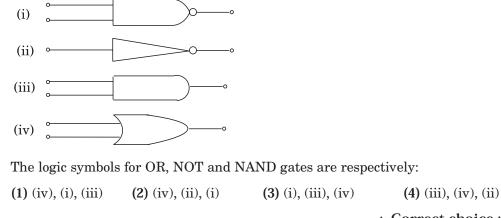


∴ Correct choice : (4)

7. A body, under the action of a force $\vec{F} = 6 \ \hat{i} - 8 \ \hat{j} + 10 \ \hat{k}$, acquires an acceleration of 1 m/s². The mass of this body must be:

(1) 10 kg (2) 20 kg (3)
$$10\sqrt{2}$$
 kg (4) $2\sqrt{10}$ kg
Sol: $\vec{F} = 6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 10\hat{k}$,
 $|F| = \sqrt{36 + 64 + 100} = 10\sqrt{2}$ N
 $a = 1 \text{ ms}^{-2}$
 $\therefore m = \frac{10\sqrt{2}}{1} = 10\sqrt{2}$ kg
 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

8. The symbolic representation of four logic gates are given below:



∴ Correct choice : (2)

- 9. If \vec{F} is the force acting on a particle having position vector \vec{r} and $\vec{\tau}$ be the torque of this force about the origin, then:
 - (1) $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{\tau} > 0$ and $\vec{F} \cdot \vec{\tau} < 0$
 - (2) $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{\tau} = 0$ and $\vec{F} \cdot \vec{\tau} = 0$
 - (3) $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{\tau} = 0$ and $\vec{F} \cdot \vec{\tau} \neq 0$
 - (4) $\vec{r} \cdot \vec{\tau} \neq 0$ and $\vec{F} \cdot \vec{\tau} = 0$

Sol: $\vec{\tau} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} \Rightarrow \vec{r} \cdot \vec{\tau} = 0$ $\vec{F} \cdot \vec{\tau} = 0$

∴ Correct choice : (2)

10. The two ends of a rod of length L and a uniform cross-sectional area A are kept at two temperatures T_1 and T_2 ($T_1 > T_2$). The rate of heat transfer, $\frac{dQ}{dt}$ through the rod in a steady state is given by:

(1)
$$\frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{k(T_1 - T_2)}{LA}$$

(2) $\frac{dQ}{dt} = k L A (T_1 - T_2)$
(3) $\frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{k A (T_1 - T_2)}{L}$
(4) $\frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{kL(T_1 - T_2)}{A}$
Sol: $\frac{dQ}{dt} = \frac{kA(T_1 - T_2)}{L}$

∴ Correct choice : (3)

11. A p-n photodiode is fabricated from a semiconductor with a band gap of 2.5 eV. It can detect a signal of wavelength:

(1) 4000 nm (2) 6000 nm (3) 4000 Å (4) 6000 Å
Sol:
$$\lambda_{\text{max}} = \frac{\text{hc}}{\text{E}} = \frac{6.6 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^8}{2.5 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-19}} \simeq 5000 \text{ Å}$$

 $\lambda < \lambda_{\text{max}} = 4000 \text{ Å}$

∴ Correct choice : (3)

- 12. If the dimensions of a physical quantity are given by M^a L^b T^c, then the physical quantity will be:
 - (1) Velocity if a = 1, b = 0, c = -1
 - (2) Acceleration if a = 1, b = 1, c = -2
 - (3) Force if a = 0, b = -1, c = -2
 - (4) Pressure if a = 1, b = -1, c = -2

Sol: Pressure =
$$\frac{MLT^{-2}}{L^2} = ML^{-1}T^{-2}$$

 $\Rightarrow a = 1, b = -1, c = -2.$

∴ Correct choice : (4)

13. A transistor is operated in common-emitter configuration at $V_c = 2$ V such that a change in the base current from 100 μ A to 200 μ A produces a change in the collector current from 5 mA to 10 mA. The current gain is:

Sol:
$$\Delta I_E = \Delta I_B + \Delta I_C$$

$$\beta = \frac{\Delta I_C}{\Delta I_B}$$
$$\Delta I_C = 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$
$$\Delta I_B = 100 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A}$$
$$\beta = \frac{5}{100} \times 1000 = 50$$

: Correct choice : (3)

14. The mass of a lift is 2000 kg. When the tension in the supporting cable is 28000 N, then its acceleration is:

(1)
$$4 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$
 upwards.

(2) 4 ms^{-2} downwards.

(3)
$$14 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$
 upwards.

(4) 30 ms^{-2} downwards.

$$a = \frac{8000}{2000} = 4 \text{ ms}^{-2} \uparrow$$

∴ Correct choice : (1)

15. Four identical thin rods each of mass M and length ℓ , form a square frame. Moment of inertia of this frame about an axis through the centre of the square and perpendicular to its plane is :

(1)
$$\frac{2}{3} M\ell^2$$
 (2) $\frac{13}{3} M\ell^2$ (3) $\frac{1}{3} M\ell^2$ (4) $\frac{4}{3} M\ell^2$
Sol: $\frac{mL^2}{12} + \frac{mL^2}{4} = \frac{4mL^2}{12} = \frac{mL^2}{3}$
Total M.I. = $4 \times \frac{mL^2}{3}$

∴ Correct choice : (4)

16. Each of the two strings of length 51.6 cm and 49.1 cm are tensioned separately by 20 N force. Mass per unit length of both the strings is same and equal to 1 g/m. When both the strings vibrate simultaneously the number of beats is:

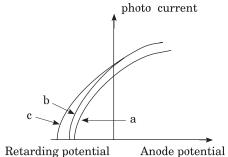
(1) 7 (2) 8 (3) 3 (4) 5
Sol:
$$f_1 = \frac{1}{2\ell_1} \sqrt{\frac{T}{m}}, f_2 = \frac{1}{2\ell_2} \sqrt{\frac{T}{m}}, f_2 - f_1 = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{T}{m}} \frac{(\ell_1 - \ell_2)}{\ell_1 \ell_2}$$

 $\sqrt{\frac{T}{m}} = \sqrt{\frac{20}{10^{-3}}} = \sqrt{2} \times 10^2 = 1.414 \times 100 = 141.4$
 $\frac{\ell_1 - \ell_2}{\ell_1 \ell_2} = \frac{(51.6 - 49.1) \times 10^2}{51.6 \times 49.1} = \frac{2.5 \times 10^2}{50 \times 50} = \frac{1}{10}$
 $\therefore f_2 - f_1 = \frac{1}{2} \times 141.4 \times \frac{1}{10} = 7$ beats
 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

- 17. The number of beta particles emitted by a radioactive substance is twice the number of alpha particles emitted by it. The resulting daughter is an:
 - (1) isomer of parent
 (2) isotone of parent
 (3) isotope of parent
 (4) isobar of parent

 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

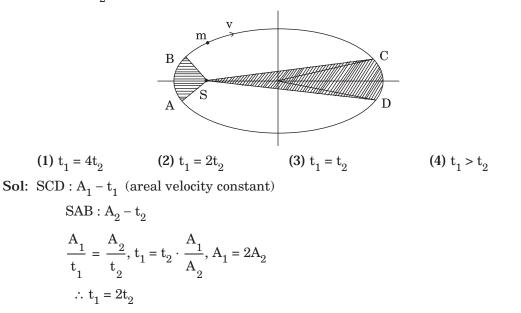
18. The **Figure** shows a plot of photo current versus anode potential for a photo sensitive surface for three different radiations. Which one of the following is a **correct** statement?



- (1) curves (a) and (b) represent incident radiations of same frequency but of different intensities.
- (2) curves (b) and (c) represent incident radiations of different frequencies and different intensities.
- (3) curves (b) and (c) represent incident radiations of same frequency having same intensity.
- (4) curves (a) and (b) represent incident radiations of different frequencies and different intensities.

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

19. The Figure shows elliptical orbit of a planet m about the sum S. The shaded area SCD is twice the shaded area SAB. If t₁ is the time for the planet of move from C to D and t₂ is the time to move from A to B then:



: Correct choice : (2)

20. A black body at 227°C radiates heat at the rate of 7 Cals/cm²s. At a temperature of 727°C, the rate of heat radiated in the same units will be:

 (1) 50
 (2) 112
 (3) 80
 (4) 60

Sol: $E = \sigma T^4$,

$$\frac{E_2}{E_1} = \left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{1000}{500}\right)^4 = 16$$

 $T_1 = 500 \text{ K}$
 $T_2 = 1000 \text{ K}$
 $\therefore E_2 = 16 \times 7 = 112 \text{ cal/cm}^2 \text{ s.}$

∴ Correct choice : (2)

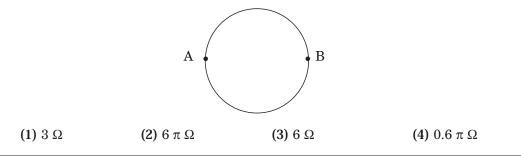
21. The driver of a car travelling with speed 30 m/sec towards a hill sounds a horn of frequency 600 Hz. If the velocity of sound in air is 330 m/s, the frequency of reflected sound as heard by driver is:

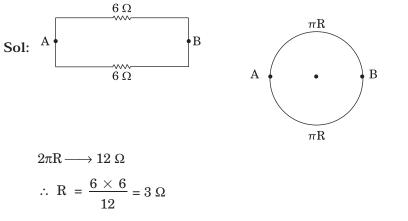
(1) 555.5 Hz (2) 720 Hz (3) 500 Hz (4) 550 Hz
Sol:
$$f \underbrace{\circ}_{S} \xrightarrow{30 \text{ ms}^{-1}} \cdots \xrightarrow{\rightarrow} \begin{vmatrix} f' \\ f' \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} f' \underbrace{\circ}_{O} \xrightarrow{30 \text{ ms}^{-1}} \xleftarrow{}_{S} \begin{vmatrix} f' \\ 0 \end{vmatrix} f' \underbrace{\circ}_{O} \xrightarrow{30 \text{ ms}^{-1}} \xleftarrow{}_{S} \begin{vmatrix} f' \\ s \end{vmatrix}$$

 $f' = \frac{v}{v - 30} \text{ f}, f'' = \frac{v + 30}{v} \text{ f}' = \frac{v + 30}{v - 30} \text{ f} = \frac{360}{300} \times 600$
 $= 720 \text{ Hz}$

∴ Correct choice : (2)

22. A wire of resistance 12 ohms per meter is bent to form a complete circle of radius 10 cm. The resistance between its two diametrically opposite points, A and B as shown in the **Figure**, is:





\therefore Correct choice : (1)

- 23. A rectangular, a square, a circular and an elliptical loop, all in the (x y) plane, are moving out of a uniform magnetic field with a constant velocity, $\vec{V} = v\hat{i}$. The magnetic field is directed along the negative z axis direction. The induced emf, during the passage of these loops, out of the field region, will not remain constant for:
 - (1) the circular and the elliptical loops.
 - (2) only the elliptical loop.
 - (3) any of the four loops.
 - (4) the rectangular, circular and elliptical loops.
- **Sol:** As the loop leaves the magnetic field, area in magnetic field decreases for all loops, so induced emf does not remain constant. (Any of four loops)

 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

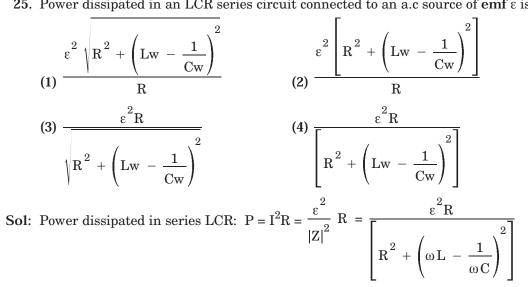
- 24. A galvanometer having a coil resistance of 60Ω shows full scale deflection when a current of 1.0 amp passes through it. It can be converted into an ammeter to read currents upto 5.0 amp by:
 - (1) putting in series a resistance of 15Ω
 - (2) putting in series a resistance of 240 Ω
 - (3) putting in parallel a resistance of 15Ω
 - (4) putting in parallel a resistance of 240 Ω

Sol: G = 60
$$\Omega$$
, I_g = 1.0 A, I = 5 A.
I_g G= (I - I_g) S,
S = $\frac{I_g G}{I - I_g} = \frac{1}{5 - 1} \times 60 = 15 \Omega$

putting 15 Ω in parallel.

∴ Correct choice : (3)

25. Power dissipated in an LCR series circuit connected to an a.c source of emf ε is:



: Correct choice : (4)

26. Three concentric spherical shells have radii a, b and c (a < b < c) and have surface charge densities $\sigma,-\sigma$ and σ respectively. If V_A,V_B and V_C denote the potentials of the three shells, then for c = a + b, we have:

(1) $V_{C} = V_{B} \neq V_{A}$	(2) $V_C \neq V_B \neq V_A$
(3) $V_{C} = V_{B} = V_{A}$	(4) $V_C = V_A \neq V_B$

Sol: c = a + b.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{v}_{A} &= \frac{\sigma Q}{\epsilon_{0}} - \frac{\sigma b}{\epsilon_{0}} + \frac{\sigma c}{\epsilon_{0}} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_{0}} \left[\mathbf{c} - (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}) \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_{B} &= \frac{-\sigma b}{\epsilon_{0}} + \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_{0}} \cdot \frac{\sigma \times 4\pi \mathbf{a}^{2}}{\mathbf{b}} + \frac{\sigma c}{\epsilon_{0}} \\ &= \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_{0}} \left[\mathbf{c} - \frac{(\mathbf{b}^{2} - \mathbf{a}^{2})}{\mathbf{b}} \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_{C} &= \frac{\sigma c}{\epsilon_{0}} - \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_{0}} \cdot \frac{\sigma \times 4\pi \mathbf{b}^{2}}{\mathbf{c}} + \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_{0}} \cdot \frac{\sigma \times 4\pi \mathbf{a}^{2}}{\mathbf{c}} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_{0}} \left[\mathbf{c} - \frac{(\mathbf{b}^{2} - \mathbf{a}^{2})}{\mathbf{c}} \right] \\ &= \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_{0}} \left[\mathbf{c} - (\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}) \right] \\ \mathbf{V}_{A} &= \mathbf{V}_{C} \neq \mathbf{V}_{B} \end{split}$$

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

27. An engine pumps water continuously through a hose. Water leaves the hose with a velocity v and m is the mass per unit length of the water jet. What is the rate at which kinetic energy is imparted to water?

(1) mv^2 (2) $\frac{1}{2} mv^2$ (3) $\frac{1}{2} m^2 v^2$ (4) $\frac{1}{2} mv^3$

Sol: m : mass per unit length

 \therefore rate of mass per sec = $\frac{mx}{t}$ = mv.

Rate of K.E. = $\frac{1}{2}$ (mv) v² = $\frac{1}{2}$ mv³

∴ Correct choice : (4)

28. A bar magnet having a magnetic moment of $2 \times 10^4 \text{ JT}^{-1}$ is free to rotate in a horizontal plane. A horizontal magnetic field $B = 6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$ exists in the space. The work done in taking the magnet slowly from a direction parallel to the field to a direction 60° from the field is:

(1)
$$12 J$$
 (2) $6 J$ (3) $2 J$ (4) $0.6 J$

Sol: Work done = MB ($\cos \theta_1 - \cos \theta_2$)

$$= nB\left(1 - \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{2 \times 10^{4} \times 6 \times 10^{-4}}{2} = 6 J$$

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- **29.** In a Rutherford scattering experiment when a projectile of charge z_1 and mass M_1 approaches a target nucleus of charge z_2 and mass M_2 , the distance of closest approach is r_0 . The energy of the projectile is:
 - (1) directly proportional to $z_1 z_2$
 - (2) inversely proportional to z_1
 - (3) directly proportional to mass M_1
 - (4) directly proportional to $M_1 \times M_2$

: Correct choice : (1)

30. Monochromatic light of wavelength 667 nm is produced by a helium neon laser. The power emitted is 9 mW. The number of photons arriving per sec. On the average at a target irradiated by this beam is:

(1) 3×10^{16} (2) 9×10^{15} (3) 3×10^{19} (4) 9×10^{17}

Sol: $\lambda = 667 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}, \text{ P} = 9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ W}$ $\text{P} = \frac{\text{Nhc}}{\lambda}, \text{ N}: \text{No. of photons emitted/sec.}$ $\text{N} = \frac{9 \times 10^{-3} \times 667 \times 10^{-9}}{6.6 \times 10^{-34} \times 3 \times 10^{8}}$ $= \frac{9 \times 6.67 \times 10^{-10}}{3 \times 6.6 \times 10^{-26}} \approx 3 \times 10^{16}/\text{sec}$

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

- **31.** A wave in a string has an amplitude of 2 cm. The wave travels in the + ve direction of x axis with a speed of 128 m/sec. and it is noted that 5 complete waves fit in 4 m length of the string. The equation describing the wave is:
 - (1) $y = (0.02) \text{ m} \sin (15.7 \text{ x} 2010 \text{ t})$
 - (2) $y = (0.02) \text{ m} \sin (15.7x + 2010t)$
 - (3) $y = (0.02) \text{ m} \sin (7.85 \text{ x} 1005 \text{ t})$
 - (4) $y = (0.02) \text{ m} \sin (7.85x + 1005t)$

Sol: A = 2 cm,
$$\frac{\omega}{k} = 128 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$
, $5\lambda = 4$, $\lambda = \frac{4}{5}$ m
y = A sin (kx – ω t),
k = $\frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \frac{2\pi \times 5}{4} = \frac{31.4}{4} = 7.85$
y = 0.02 m sin (7.857 – 1005 t)
 $\omega = 128 \times 7.85 = 1005$

: Correct choice : (3)

- **32**. Which one of the following equations of motion represents simple harmonic motion?
 - (1) acceleration = -k(x + a)
 - (2) acceleration = k(x + a)
 - (3) acceleration = kx
 - (4) acceleration = $-k_0x + k_1x^2$

Where k, k_0, k_1 and a are all positive.

Sol:
$$a = -kX, X = x + a$$
.

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

33. A student measures the terminal potential difference (V) of a cell (of $emf \in$ and internal resistance r) as a function of the current (I) flowing through it. The slope, and intercept, of the graph between V and I, then, respectively, equal:

(1) $-r \text{ and } \in$ (2) $r \text{ and } - \in$ (3) $- \in \text{ and } r$ (4) $\in \text{ and } -r$ Sol: V + ir = E $V = V_A - V_B$ E - ir $\frac{\partial V}{\partial i} = -r, i = 0, v = E$ $\therefore \text{ slope } = -r, \text{ intercept } = E$ $\therefore \text{ Correct choice : (1)}$

- 34. If a diamagnetic substance is brought near the north or the south pole of a bar magnet, it is:
 - (1) repelled by the north pole and attracted by the south pole
 - (2) attracted by the north pole and repelled by the south pole
 - (3) attracted by both the poles
 - (4) repelled by both the poles

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

35. A bus is moving with a speed of 10 ms^{-1} on a straight road. A scooterist wishes to overtake the bus in 100 s. If the bus is at a distance of 1 km from the scooterist, with what speed should the scooterist chase the bus?

(1) 40 ms^{-1} (2) 25 ms^{-1} (3) 10 ms^{-1} (4) 20 ms^{-1}

Sol: Let v be the relative velocity of scooter w.r.t b as

$$v = v_{S} - v_{B}$$

 $\therefore v_{S} = v + v_{B}, v = \frac{1000}{100} = 10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$

$$S = \frac{B}{1 \text{ km}} = 10 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

 \therefore velocity of scooter = 20 ms⁻¹

∴ Correct choice : (4)

- **36.** Sodium has body centred packing. Distance between two nearest atoms is 3.7 Å. The lattice parameter is:
 - (1) 4.3 Å (2) 3.0 Å (3) 8.6 Å (4) 6.8 Å

Sol: $3.7 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} a$ $a = \frac{2 \times 3.7}{\sqrt{3}} = 4.3 \text{ Å}$

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

37. The internal energy change in a system that has absorbed 2 Kcals of heat and done 500 J of work is:

(1) 6400 J (2) 5400 J (3) 7900 J (4) 8900 J

Sol: $Q = \Delta U + W$

 $\Delta U = Q - W = 2 \times 4.2 \times 1000 - 500 = 8400 - 500$

= 7900 J

 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

38. Three capacitors each of capacitance C and of breakdown voltage V are joined in series. The capacitance and breakdown voltage of the combination will be:

(1) 3C, $\frac{V}{3}$ (2) $\frac{C}{3}$, 3V (3) 3C, 3V (4) $\frac{C}{3}$, $\frac{V}{3}$

Sol: Q = CV

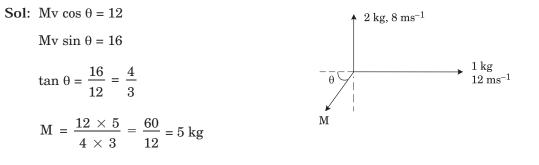
$$V_{\text{eff}} = V + V + V = 3 V$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{\text{eff}}} = \frac{1}{C} + \frac{1}{C} + \frac{1}{C} \Rightarrow C_{\text{eff}} = \frac{C}{3}$$

$$\left(\frac{C}{3}, 3V\right)$$

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- **39.** An explosion blows a rock into three parts. Two parts go off at right angles to each other. These two are, 1 kg first part moving with a velocity of 12 ms⁻¹ and 2 kg second part moving with a velocity of 8 ms⁻¹. If the third part flies off with a velocity of 4 ms⁻¹, its mass would be:
 - (1) 7 kg (2) 17 kg (3) 3 kg (4) 5 kg



∴ Correct choice : (4)

40. A particle starts its motion from rest under the action of a constant force. If the distance covered in first 10 seconds is S_1 and that covered in the first 20 seconds is S_2 , then:

(1)
$$S_2 = 3S_1$$
 (2) $S_2 = 4S_1$ (3) $S_2 = S_1$ (4) $S_2 = 2S_1$
Sol: $s_1 = \frac{1}{2} a \times t_1^2$, $s_2 = \frac{1}{2} a \times t_2^2$
 $\therefore \frac{s_1}{s_2} = \left(\frac{t_1}{t_2}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{10}{20}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4}$
 $s_2 = 4 s_1$

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- 41. A body of mass 1 kg is thrown upwards with a velocity 20 m/s. It momentarily comes to rest after attaining a height of 18 m. How much energy is lost due to air friction? ($g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$)
- (1) 30 J (2) 40 J (3) 10 J (4) 20 J Sol: $\frac{1}{2}$ mv² - mgh = $\frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 400 - 1 \times 18 \times 10$ = 200 - 180 = 20 J

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

- **42.** A conducting circular loop is placed in a uniform magnetic field 0.04 T with its plane perpendicular to the magnetic field. The radius of the loop starts shrinking at 2 mm/s. The induced emf in the loop when the radius is 2 cm is:
 - (1) $4.8 \pi \mu V$ (2) $0.8 \pi \mu V$ (3) $1.6 \pi \mu V$ (4) $3.2 \pi \mu V$

Sol:
$$e = -B \frac{d}{dt} (\pi r^2) = -B \pi 2r \frac{dr}{dt}$$

 $r = 2 \text{ cm}, e = -0.04 \times 3.14 \times 2 \times 2 \times 10^{-2} \times 2 \times 10^{-3} = -0.04 \times 25.12 \times 10^{-7}$
 $= 100.48 \times 10^{-7}$
 $= 32 \pi \times 10^{-7}$
 $= 3.2 \pi \times 10^{-6} \text{ V} = 3.2 \pi \mu \text{ V}$
 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

43. The magnetic force acting on a charged particle of charge – 2 μ C in a magnetic field of 2T acting in y direction, when the particle velocity is

$(2\hat{i} + 3\hat{j}) \times 10^{6} \text{ ms}^{-1}$, is:	
(1) 4 N is z direction	(2) 8 N is y direction
(3) 8 N in z direction	(4) 8 N in – z direction

Sol: $\vec{F} = q (\vec{V} \times \vec{B}) = -2 \times 10^{-6} C [2 \times 2 \times 10^{6}] = -8 N z$ -axis

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

44. Two bodies of mass 1 kg and 3 kg have position vectors $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$ and $-3\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$, respectively. The centre of mass of this system has a position vector:

(1)
$$-2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$$
 (2) $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} - 2\hat{k}$ (3) $-\hat{i} + \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ (4) $-2\hat{i} + 2\hat{k}$
Sol: $\vec{R} = \frac{m_1 \vec{R_1} + m_2 \vec{R_2}}{(m_1 + m_2)} = \frac{1}{4} \left[-8\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} + 4\hat{k} \right] = -2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

45. The electric potential at a point (x, y, z) is given by $V = -x^2y - xz^3 + 4$ The electric field \vec{E} at that point is:

(1) $\vec{E} = \hat{i} 2xy + \hat{j} (x^2 + y^2) + \hat{k} (3xz - y^2)$ (2) $\vec{E} = \hat{i}z^3 + \hat{j}xyz + \hat{k}z^2$ (3) $\vec{E} = \hat{i} (2xy - z^3) + \hat{j} xu^2 + \hat{k} 3z^2 x$ (4) $\vec{E} = \hat{i} (2xy + z^3) + \hat{j}x^2 + \hat{k} 3xz^2$

Sol:
$$\vec{\mathbf{E}} = -\frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial \mathbf{r}} = \left[-\frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \hat{\mathbf{i}} - \frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial \mathbf{y}} \hat{\mathbf{j}} - \frac{\partial \mathbf{V}}{\partial \mathbf{z}} \hat{\mathbf{k}} \right]$$
$$= \left[(2 \mathbf{x}\mathbf{y} + \mathbf{z}^3) \hat{\mathbf{i}} + \hat{\mathbf{j}} \mathbf{x}^2 + \hat{\mathbf{k}} \mathbf{3} \mathbf{x}\mathbf{z}^2 \right]$$

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

46. The mean free path of electrons in a metal is 4×10^{-8} m. The electric field which can given on an average 2 eV energy to an electron in the metal will be in units of V/m:

(1)
$$5 \times 10^{-11}$$
 (2) 8×10^{-11} (3) 5×10^{7} (4) 8×10^{7}
Sol: $E = \frac{V}{d} = \frac{2}{4 \times 10^{-8}} = 0.5 \times 10^{8} = 5 \times 10^{7} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$

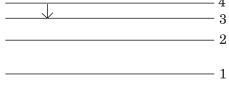
 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

47. The ionization energy of the electron in the hydrogen atom in its ground state is 13.6 eV. The atoms are excited to higher energy levels to emit radiations of 6 wavelengths. Maximum wavelength of emitted radiation corresponds to the transition between:

(3)
$$n = 4$$
 to $n = 3$ states (4) $n = 3$ to $n = 2$ states

- 4

Sol: $\frac{n(n-1)}{2} = 6$



 $n^2 - n - 12 = 0$

(n-4)(n+3) = 0 or n = 4

 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

- **48.** Under the influence of a uniform magnetic field, a charged particle moves with constant speed V in a circle of radius R. The time period of rotation of the particle:
 - (1) depends on R and not on V
 - (2) is independent of both V and R
 - (3) depends on both V and R
 - (4) depends on V and not on R

Sol:
$$T = \frac{2\pi m}{qB}$$

: Correct choice : (2)

49. The electric field part of an electromagnetic wave in a medium is represented by ${\rm E}_{\rm x}=0;$

$$\mathbf{E}_{\mathbf{y}} = 2.5 \ \frac{\mathbf{N}}{\mathbf{C}} \ \cos\left[\left(2\pi \times 10^{6} \ \frac{\mathrm{rad}}{\mathrm{m}}\right) \mathrm{t} - \left(\pi \times 10^{-2} \ \frac{\mathrm{rad}}{\mathrm{s}}\right) \mathrm{x}\right];$$

 $E_{z} = 0$. The wave is:

- (1) moving along x direction with frequency 10^6 Hz and wave length 100 m.
- (2) moving along x direction with frequency 10^6 Hz and wave length 200 m.
- (3) moving along x direction with frequency 10^6 Hz and wave length 200 m.
- (4) moving along y direction with frequency $2\pi \times 10^6$ Hz and wave length 200 m.

Sol:
$$E_v = E_0 \cos(\omega t - kx)$$

$$\omega = 2 \pi \mathbf{f} = 2 \pi \times 10^6 \quad \therefore \mathbf{f} = 10^6 \text{ Hz}$$
$$\frac{2\pi}{\lambda} = \mathbf{k} = \pi \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^{-1}, \ \lambda = 200 \text{ m}$$

∴ Correct choice : (2)

50. A block of mass M is attached to the lower end of a vertical spring. The spring is hung from a ceiling and has force constant value k. The mass is released from rest with the spring initially unstretched. The maximum extension produced in the length of the spring will be:

(1) 2 Mg/k (2) 4 Mg/k (3) Mg/2k (4) Mg/k
Sol: ka = mg
$$a = \frac{mg}{k}$$

∴ Correct choice : (4)

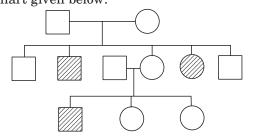
BIOLOGY

- 51. Which one of the following is **correct** pairing of a body part and the kind of muscle tissue that moves it ?
 - (1) Biceps of upper arm Smooth muscle fibres
 - (2) Abdominal wall Smooth muscle
 - (3) Iris Involuntary smooth muscle
 - (4) Heart wall Involuntary unstriated muscle

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

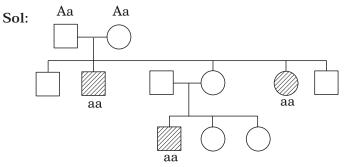
- 52. The epithelial tissue present on the inner surface of bronchioles and fallopian tubes is:
 - (1) Glandular (2) Ciliated (3) Squamous (4) Cuboidal
- **53.** Study the pedigree chart given below:



What does it show ?

- (1) Inheritance of a condition like phenylketonuria as an autosomal recessive trait
- (2) The pedigree chart is wrong as this is not possible
- (3) Inheritance of a recessive sex-linked disease like haemophilia

(4) Inheritance of a sex-linked inborn error of metabolism like phenylketonuria



Parents needs to be heterozygous as two of their children are known to be sufferer of the disease. It cannot be recessive sex-linked inheritance because then the male parent would also be sufferer.

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

54.	Manganese is required in:	
	(1) Plant cell wall formation	
	(2) Photolysis of water during photosym	thesis
	(3) Chlorophyll synthesis	
	(4) Nucleic acid synthesis	
		∴ Correct choice : (2)
55.	Polyethylene glycol method is used for:	
	(1) Biodiesel production	(2) Seedless fruit production
	(3) Energy production from sewage	(4) Gene transfer without a vector
		:. Correct choice : (4)
56.	The floral formula $\bigoplus \oint K_{(5)} \overleftarrow{C}_{(5)} \overrightarrow{A}_5 \underbrace{G}_{(5)} \overrightarrow{A}$	(2) is that of:
	(1) Soybean (2) Sunnhemp	(3) Tobacco (4) Tulip
Sol:	Soyabean and Sunnhemp have mono flower and perianth.	carpellary pistil and tulip has trimerous
		∴ Correct choice : (3)
57.	Which one of the following groups of triploblastic?	f animals is bilaterally symmetrical and
	(1) Aschelminthes (round worms)	(2) Ctenophores
	(3) Sponges	(4) Coelenterates (Cnidarians)
		∴ Correct choice : (1)
58.	Which one of the following is commonly plants ?	y used in transfer of foreign DNA into crop
	(1) Meloidogyne incognita	(2) Agrobacterium tumefaciens
	(3) Penicillium expansum	(4) Trichoderma harzianum
		:. Correct choice : (2)
59.	Which one of the following is the corre menstrual cycle ?	ct matching of the events occurring during
	(1) Proliferative phase	: Rapid regeneration of myometrium and
		maturation of Graafian follicle.
	(2) Development of corpus luteum	: Secretory phase and increased secretion of progesterone.

(3) Me	enstruation		breakdown of myometrium and ovum not fertilised.
(4) Ov	vulation	i	LH and FSH attain peak level and sharp fall in the secretion of progesterone.
			: Correct choice : (2)
60. Which	one is the wrong pair	ing for the dis	ease and its causal organism ?
(1) Bla	ack rust of wheat	– Puccinia g	graminis
(2) Lo	ose smut of wheat	– Ustilago n	nuda
(3) Ro	ot-knot of vegetables	– Meloidogy	/ne sp
(4) La	te blight of potato	– Alternaria	a solani
			∴ Correct choice : (4)
	l agreement in speci ing substances, was a		ategies to reduce the release of ozone
(1) Th	e Montreal Protocol	(2	2) The Koyoto Protocol
(3) Th	e Vienna Convention	(4	a) Rio de Janeiro Conference
			∴ Correct choice : (1)
62. What	is true about Bt toxin	?	
(1) Bt	protein exists as activ	ve toxin in the	Bacillus.
	le activated toxin en event its multiplicatio		ies of the pest to sterilise it and thus
(3) Th	e concerned Bacillus	has antitoxin	s.
(4) Th	e inactive protoxin ge	ts converted in	nto active form in the insect gut.
			∴ Correct choice : (4)
63. Perip	atus is a connecting l	ink between:	
(1) Mo	ollusca and Echinoder	mata (2	2) Annelida and Arthropoda
(3) Co	elenterata and Porife	ra (4	 Ctenophora and Platyhelminthis
			∴ Correct choice : (2)
64. T.O. D	Diener discovered a:		
(1) Fre	ee infectious DNA	(2	2) Infectious protein
(3) Ba	cteriophage	(4	4) Free infectious RNA
Sol : T.O. D	Diener discovered viro	d which is free	e infectious RNA.

∴ Correct choice : (4)

65 .	5. Seminal plasma in humans is rich in:			
	(1) fructose and calcium but has no enzymes			
	(2) glucose and certain enzymes but has no calcium			
	(3) fructose and c	ertain enzymes but po	oor in calcium	
	(4) fructose, calcin	um and certain enzyn	nes	
				: Correct choice : (3)
66.	A fruit developed	from hypanthodium i	nflorescence is cal	lled:
	(1) Sorosis	(2) Syconus	(3) Caryopsis	(4) Hesperidium
				: Correct choice : (2)
67.	The cell junctions	called tight, adhering	g and gap junction	is are found in:
	(1) Connective tis	sue	(2) Epithelial tis	sue
	(3) Neural tissue		(4) Muscular tis	sue
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
68.	8. What will happen if the stretch receptors of the urinary bladder wall are totally removed ?			
	(1) Micturition will continue			
	(2) Urine will continue to collect normally in the bladder			
	(3) There will be no micturition			
	(4) Urine will not	collect in the bladder		
Sol:	I: Micturition is same as urination. Urination is the act of passing urine which is a reflex phenomenon. As urine accumulates in bladder the stretch receptors are			

reflex phenomenon. As urine accumulates in bladder the stretch receptors are activated that pass the stimulus to the spinal cord. In the absence of stretch receptors the urine would get collected and probably overflow.

∴ Correct choice : (3)

69. If a live earthworm is pricked with a needle on its outer surface without damaging its gut, the fluid that comes out is:

(1) coelomic fluid (2) haemolymph (3) slimy mucus (4) excretory fluid

: Correct choice : (1)

70.		ularly known blood ; because "O" in it ref) grouping. It is named ABO		
	(1) overdomin	ance of this type on	the genes for A and	B types		
	(2) one antibody only – either anti-A or anti-B on the RBCs					
	(3) no antigen	ns A and B on RBCs				
	(4) other antig	gens besides A and I	3 on RBCs			
				∴ Correct choice : (3)		
71.	One of the syr	nthetic auxin is:				
	(1) IAA	(2) GA	(3) IBA	(4) NAA		
				∴ Correct choice : (4)		
72.	A person likel	y to develop tetanus	is immunised by ac	lministering:		
	(1) Preformed	antibodies	(2) Wide spec	etrum antibiotics		
	(3) Weakened	germs	(4) Dead ger	ms		
Sol:		formaladehyde servi		lucts of Clostridium tetani munising agent. Hence is is		
				∴ Correct choice : (3)		
73.	Alzheimer dis	ease in humans is as	ssociated with the d	eficiency of:		
	(1) glutamic a	acid				
	(2) acetylchol	ine				
	(3) gamma an	ninobutyric acid (GA	BA)			
	(4) dopamine					
				∴ Correct choice : (2)		
74.	Biochemical C	Oxygen Demand (BO	D) in a river water:			
	(1) has no rela	ationship with conce	ntration of oxygen	in the water.		
	(2) gives a me	easure of salmonell a	a in the water.			
	(3) increases	when sewage gets m	ixed with river wat	er.		
	(1) remains u	nahangad whan algo	l bloom occurre			

(4) remains unchanged when algal bloom occurs.

: Correct choice : (3)

- **75.** The genetic defect adenosine deaminase (ADA) deficiency may be cured **permanently** by:
 - (1) administering adenosine deaminase activators.
 - (2) introducing bone marrow cells producing ADA into cells at early embryonic stages.
 - (3) enzyme replacement therapy.
 - (4) periodic infusion of genetically engineered lymphocytes having functional ADA cDNA.

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- **76.** Compared to blood our lymph has:
 - (1) plasma without proteins (2) more WBCs and no RBCs
 - (3) more RBCs and less WBCs (4) no plasma

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- 77. Sickle cell anemia is:
 - (1) caused by substitution of valine by glutamic acid in the beta globin chain of haemoglobin
 - (2) caused by a change in a single base pair of DNA
 - (3) characterized by elongated sickle like RBCs with a nucleus
 - (4) an autosomal linked dominant trait

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

78. Which of the following plant species you would select for the production of bioethanol?

(1) Zea mays (2) Pongamia (3) Jatropha (4) Brassica

∴ Correct choice : (3)

79. When breast feeding is replaced by less nutritive food low in proteins and calories; the infants below the age of one year are likely to suffer from:

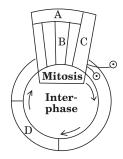
(1) Rickets	(2) Kwashiorkor	(3) Pellagra	(4) Marasmus
			∴ Correct choice : (2)

bu	. A young infant may be feeding entirely on mother's milk which is white in colour but the stools which the infant passes out is quite yellowish. What is this yellow colour due to ?			
(1	(1) Bile pigments passed through bile juice			
(2	2) Undigested mil	k protein casein		
(3	3) Pancreatic juice	e poured into duoden	um	
(4) Intestinal juice			
	∴ Correct choice : (1			
81 . W	Thich one of the fo	llowing has maximu	m genetic diversit	y in India?
(1) Mango	(2) Wheat	(3) Tea	(4) Teak
				:. Correct choice : (2)
82 . Oz	xygenic photosyn	thesis occurs in:		
(1) Oscillatoria		(2) Rhodospiril	lum
(3	8) Chlorobium		(4) Chromatium	
				:. Correct choice : (1)
83. Tł	here is no DNA ir	1:		
(1) Mature RBCs		(2) A mature spe	rmatozoan
(3	(3) Hair root (4) An enucleated ovum			

Sol: An enucleated ovum has DNA in mitochondria.

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

84. Given below is a schematic break-up of the phases / stages of cell cycle:



Which one of the following is the **correct** indication of the stage/phase in the cell cycle ?

(1) C-Karyokinesis

(2) D-Synthetic phase

(3) A-Cytokinesis

(4) B-Metaphase

: Correct choice : (2)

- 85. Tiger is not a resident in which one of the following national park ?
 - (1) Sunderbans (2) Gir
 - (3) Jim Corbett (4) Ranthambhor

∴ Correct choice : (2)

- **86**. Which one of the following statements is **true** regarding digestion and absorption of food in humans ?
 - (1) Fructose and amino acids are absorbed through intestinal mucosa with the help of carrier ions like Na⁺.
 - (2) Chylomicrons are small lipoprotein particles that are transported from intestine into blood capillaries.
 - (3) About 60% of starch is hydrolysed by salivary amylase in our mouth.
 - (4) Oxyntic cells in our stomach secrete the proenzyme pepsinogen.

∴ Correct choice : (1)

87. Synapsis occurs between:

(1) mRNA and ribosomes

- (2) spindle fibres and centromere
- (3) two homologous chromosomes

(4) a male and a female gamete

 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

88. Given below is a diagrammatic sketch of a portion of human male reproductive system. Select the correct set of the names of the parts labelled A, B, C, D.

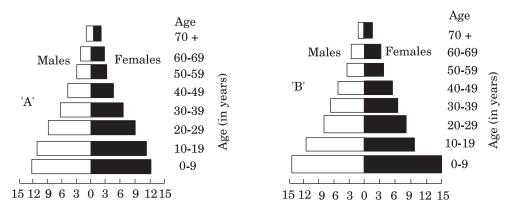


А	В	С	D
(1) vas deferens	seminal vesicle	prostate	bulbourethral gland
(2) vas deferens	seminal vesicle	bulbourethral gland	prostate
(3) ureter	seminal vesicle	prostate	bulbourethral gland
(4) ureter	prostate	seminal vesicle	bulbourethral gland
			Correct choice : (1)

89. What is not true for genetic code?(1) It is nearly universal					
(1) It is nearly universal					
(1) It is itearly universal					
(2) It is degenerate	(2) It is degenerate				
(3) It is unambiguous					
(4) A codon in mRNA is read in a non-contiguous fashion					
: Corre	ct choice : (4)				
90. Which one of the following plants is monoecious?					
(1) Pinus (2) Cycas (3) Papaya (4) M	<i>A</i> archantia				
: Corre	ct choice : (1)				
91 . Cyclic photophosphorylation results in the formation of					
(1) ATP and NADPH (2) ATP, NADPH and O ₂					
(3) ATP (4) NADPH					
	ct choice : (3)				
92 . The letter T in T-lymphocyte refers to:					
	hyroid				
	ct choice : (3)				
93 . Foetal ejection reflex in human female is induced by:					
(1) release of oxytocin from pituitary					
(2) fully developed foetus and placenta					
(3) differentiation of mammary glands					
(4) pressure exerted by amniotic fluid					
	ct choice : (2)				
94. Anatomically fairly old dicotyledonous root is distinguished dicotyledonous stem by					
(1) Absence of secondary phloem (2) Presence of cortex					
(3) Position of protoxylem (4) Absence of secondary xy	vlem				
:. Corre	ct choice : (3)				
95. Plasmodesmata are :					
(1) Locomotary structures					
(2) Membranes connecting the nucleus with plasmalemma					
(3) Connections between adjacent cells					
(4) Lignified cemented layers between cells					
: Corre	ct choice : (3)				

96.	Removal of introns and joining the exons in a defined order in a transcription unit is called:			
	(1) Tailing	(2) Transformation	(3) Capping	(4) Splicing
				∴ Correct choice : (4)
97.	Phylogenetic syste	m of classification is	based on :	
	(1) Morphological	features	(2) Chemical con	stituents
	(3) Floral characte	rs	(4) Evolutionary	relationships
				∴ Correct choice : (4)
98.	Which part of hum	an brain is concerne	d with the regulat	ion of body temperature?
	(1) Cerebellum		(2) Cerebrum	
	(3) Hypothalamus		(4) Medulla Oblo	ongata
				∴ Correct choice : (3)
99.	. Semiconservative replication of DNA was first demonstrated in:			ted in:
	(1) Escherichia c	oli	(2) Streptococc	us pneumoniae
	(3) Salmonella ty	phimurium	(4) Drosophila melanogaster	
				: Correct choice : (1)
100.	Which one of the fo	ollowing pairs of anim	nals comprises 'jav	wless fishes'?
	(1) Mackerals and	Rohu	(2) Lampreys and	d hag fishes
	(3) Guppies and ha	ag fishes	(4) Lampreys and	d eels
				: Correct choice : (2)
101.	Which of the follow	ving is a pair of viral	diseases ?	
	(1) Common Cold,	AIDS	(2) Dysentery, C	ommon Cold
	(3) Typhoid, Tuber	culosis	(4) Ringworm, A	IDS
				: Correct choice : (1)
102.	Aerobic respiratory	y pathway is approp	riately termed:	
	(1) Parabolic	(2) Amphibolic	(3) Anabolic	(4) Catabolic
				∴ Correct choice : (2)

103. A country with a high rate of population growth took measures to reduce it. The **Figure** below shows age-sex pyramids of populations A and B twenty years apart. Select the **correct** interpretation about them:



Interpretations:

- (1) "B" is earlier pyramid and shows stabilised growth rate.
- (2) "B" is more recent showing that population is very young.
- (3) "A" is the earlier pyramid and no change has occurred in the growth rate.
- (4) "A" is more recent and shows slight reduction in the growth rate.

∴ Correct choice : (4)

104. Cytoskeleton is made up of:

- (1) Callose deposits (2) Cellulosic microfibrils
- (3) Proteinaceous filaments (4) Calcium carbonate granules
- **Sol:** Cytoskeleton is made up of microfilaments and microtubules whose major constituents are actin and tubulin respectively.

∴ Correct choice : (3)

105.	105. An example of axile placentation is:						
	(1) Dianthus	(2) Lemon	(3) Marigold	(4) Argemone			
				: Correct choice : (2)			
106.	Which one of the f						
	(1) Polytrichum		(2) Ustilago				
	(3) Wheat		(4) Funaria				
				∴ Correct choice : (2)			

- **107.** Steps taken by the Government of India to control air pollution include:
 - (1) compulsory PUC (Pollution Under Control) certification of petrol driven vehicles which tests for carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons.
 - (2) permission to use only pure diesel with a maximum of 500 ppm sulphur as fuel for vehicles.
 - (3) use of non-polluting Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) only as fuel by all buses and trucks.
 - (4) compulsory mixing of 20% ethyl alcohol with petrol and 20% biodiesel with diesel.

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

108. Which one of the following is considered important in the development of seed habit?

(1) Heterospory	(2) Haplontic life cycle
(3) Free-living gametophyte	(4) Dependent sporophyte

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

109. The annular and spirally thickened conducting elements generally develop in the protoxylem when the root or stem is:

(1) croingadning (2) what ching (0) and croindadning (1) mattering	(1) elongating	(2) widening	(3) differentiating	(4) maturing
--	----------------	--------------	---------------------	--------------

∴ Correct choice : (4)

110. The correct sequence of plants in a hydrosere is:

(1) Volvox \longrightarrow Hydrilla \longrightarrow Pistia \longrightarrow Scirpus \longrightarrow Lantana \longrightarrow Oak

- (2) Pistia \longrightarrow Volvox \longrightarrow Scirpus \longrightarrow Hydrilla \longrightarrow Oak \longrightarrow Lantana
- (3) $Oak \longrightarrow Lantana \longrightarrow Volvox \longrightarrow Hydrilla \longrightarrow Pistia \longrightarrow Scirpus$
- (4) $Oak \longrightarrow Lantana \longrightarrow Scirpus \longrightarrow Pistia \longrightarrow Hydrilla \longrightarrow Volvox$

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

- 111. Stroma in the chloroplasts of higher plant contains:
 - (1) Light-dependent reaction enzymes
 - (2) Ribosomes
 - (3) Chlorophyll
 - (4) Light-independent reaction enzymes

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

112.	characterised by		e rate, (ii) increa	thyroxine in adults and use in body weight and
	(1) simple goitre	(2) myxoedema	(3) cretinism	(4) hypothyroidism
Sol:	• •	-	•	yxoedema characterised dency to retain water in
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
113.	Mannitol is the st	tored food in:		
	(1) Porphyra	(2) Fucus	(3) Gracillaria	(4) Chara
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
114.	Which one of the f	following pairs is wro	ongly matched ?	
	(1) Alcohol – nitro	genase	(2) Fruit juice –	pectinase
	(3) Textile – amyl	ase	(4) Detergents –	lipase
				∴ Correct choice : (1)
115.	Which of the follow	wing is not used as a	biopesticide?	
	(1) Trichoderma	harzianum	(2) Nuclear Poly	hedrosis Virus (NPV)
	(3) Xanthomona	s campestris	(4) Bacillus thu	ıringiensis
				:. Correct choice : (3)
116.	Which one of the f	following is a vascular	r cryptogam?	
	(1) Ginkgo	(2) Marchantia	(3) Cedrus	(4) Equisetum
				∴ Correct choice : (4)
117.		ECG which one of the respective activity	•	phabets is the correct art?
	(1) S – start of sys	stole	(2) T – end of dia	astole
	(3) P – depolarisat	tion of the atria	(4) R – repolaris	ation of ventricles
				:. Correct choice : (3)
118.	Uric acid is the ch	ief nitrogenous comp	onent of the excre	tory products of:
	(1) Earthworm	(2) Cockroach	(3) Frog	(4) Man
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
119.	Guard cells help in	n:		
	(1) Transpiration		(2) Guttation	
	(3) Fighting again	st infection	(4) Protection ag	ainst grazing
				: Correct choice : (1)

120. Montrea	l Protocol aims at:						
(1) Biod	iversity conservation						
(2) Cont	rol of water pollution						
(3) Cont	rol of CO_2 emission						
(4) Redu	- action of ozone depleting	substances					
()		∴ Correct choice : (4					
121. DDT re because		ed through food chain causing biomagnification					
(1) mode	erately toxic	(2) non-toxic to aquatic animals					
(3) wate	r soluble	(4) lipo soluble					
		∴ Correct choice : (⁴					
122. Vegetati	ve propagation in mint o	ccurs by:					
(1) Offse	et (2) Rhizome	(3) Sucker (4) Runner					
		∴ Correct choice : (
123. Select th	ne incorrect statement f	rom the following:					
(1) Gala	(1) Galactosemia is an inborn error of metabolism						
(2) Sma	(2) Small population size results in random genetic drift in a population						
(3) Bald	ness is a sex-limited trait	5					
(4) Link	age is an exception to the	e principle of independent assortment in heredi					
		∴ Correct choice : (
124. Cotyledo	ons and testa respectively	are edible parts in:					
(1) walm	ut and tamarind	(2) french bean and coconut					
(3) cash	ew nut and litchi	(4) groundnut and pomegranate					
		∴ Correct choice : (4					
125. Which o	ne of the following staten	nents is correct?					
(1) Beni	(1) Benign tumours show the property of metastasis.						
(2) Here	oin accelerates body funct	ions.					
(3) Mali	gnant tumours may exhi	bit metastasis.					
(4) Patie	ents who have undergone	surgery are given cannabinoids to relieve pain					
		∴ Correct choice : (

126.		equence of spermato ture human testis is:	genetic stages lea	ding to the formation of				
	(1) spermatogo	nia – spermatocyte – s	spermatid – sperms	5				
	(2) spermatid –	spermatocyte – sperm	natogonia – sperm	5				
	(3) spermatogo	nia – spermatid – spe	rmatocyte – sperms	5				
	(4) spermatocyt	e – spermatogonia – s	spermatid – sperma	3				
				∴ Correct choice : (1)				
127.	Use of anti-hist	amines and steroids g	ive a quick relief fr	om:				
	(1) Nausea	(2) Cough	(3) Headache	(4) Allergy				
				∴ Correct choice : (4)				
28.	Chipko moveme	ent was launched for t	he protection of:					
	(1) Forests	(2) Livestock	(3) Wet lands	(4) Grasslands				
				∴ Correct choice : (1)				
29.	Which one of the following is the most likely root cause why menstruation is not taking place in regularly cycling human female ?							
	(1) maintenance of the hypertrophical endometrial lining							
	(2) maintenance of high concentration of sex hormones in the blood stream							
	(3) retention of	well-developed corpu	s luteum					
	(4) fertilisation	of the ovum						
				: Correct choice : (4)				
30.	Globulins conta	ined in human blood	plasma are primari	ly involved in:				
	(1) osmotic bala	nce of body fluids	(2) oxygen tran	(2) oxygen transport in the blood				
	(3) clotting of b	lood	(4) defence med	hanisms of body				
				∴ Correct choice : (4)				
31.	Palisade parend	hyma is absent in le	aves of :					
	(1) Mustard	(2) Soybean	(3) Gram	(4) Sorghum				
				∴ Correct choice : (4)				
32.	In barley stem	vascular bundles are:						
	(1) closed and s	cattered	(2) open and in	(2) open and in a ring				
	(3) closed and r	adial	(4) open and sc	attered				
				∴ Correct choice : (1)				

133.	Which o	one of	' the	following	is	the	correct	matching	of	three	items	and	their
	grouping	g cate	gory	?									

Items	Group
(1) ilium, ischium, pubis	- coxal bones of pelvic girdle
(2) actin, myosin, rhodopsin	– muscle proteins
(3) cytosine, uracil, thiamine	– pyrimidines
(4) malleus, incus, cochlea	- ear ossicles
	∴ Correct choice : (1)

134. Somaclones are obtained by

(1) Plant breeding	(2) Irradiation
(3) Genetic engineering	(4) Tissue culture

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

- 135. In the case of peppered moth (Biston betularia) the black-coloured form became dominant over the light-coloured form in England during industrial revolution. This is an example of :
 - (1) appearance of the darker coloured individuals due to very poor sunlight
 - (2) protective mimicry
 - (3) inheritance of darker colour character acquired due to the darker environment
 - (4) natural selection whereby the darker forms were selected
- **Sol:** This is a phenomenon of industrial melanism. The moths rested during day time when their predators (birds) are active. During industrial revolution, the surrounding areas were covered with soot and hence dark forms got camouflaged. This offered protection to dark forms when coal was used. Later when electricity was source of energy the environment became lighter (absence of soot) and more of the paler forms of moth were sighted.

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- **136.** Transgenic plants are the ones:
 - (1) generated by introducing foreign DNA into a cell and regenerating a plant from that cell.
 - (2) produced after protoplast fusion in artificial medium.
 - (3) grown in artificial medium after hybridization in the field.
 - (4) produced by a somatic embryo in artificial medium.

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

137.	Which one of the stomach totally un		food components	in humans reaches the
	(1) Starch and fat		(2) Fat and cellu	llose
	(3) Starch and cell	lulose	(4) Protein and s	starch
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
138.	A change in the ar	mount of yolk and its	distribution in the	e egg will affect:
	(1) Pattern of clea	lvage		
	(2) Number of bla	stomeres produced		
	(3) Fertilization			
	(4) Formation of z	zygote		
				∴ Correct choice : (1)
139.	Middle lamella is	composed mainly of:		
	(1) Muramic acid		(2) Calcium pect	ate
	(3) Phosphoglycer	ides	(4) Hemicellulos	e
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
40.	Elbow joint is an e	example of:		
	(1) hinge joint		(2) gliding joint	
	(3) ball and socket	t joint	(4) pivot joint	
				∴ Correct choice : (1)
141.	Which of the follow	wing is a symbiotic n	itrogen fixer ?	
	(1) Azotobacter	(2) Frankia	(3) Azolla	(4) Glomus
				∴ Correct choice : (2)
142.	Whose experiment code is a "triplet"?		and discovered un	equivocally that a genetic
	(1) Hershey and C	Chase	(2) Morgan and	Sturtevant
	(3) Beadle and Ta	tum	(4) Nirenberg an	nd Mathaei
				∴ Correct choice : (4)
43.	Which one of the in a pond ecosyste		ganisms occupy mo	ore than one trophic level
	(1) Fish	(2) Zooplankton	(3) Frog	(4) Phytoplankton
	()			
Sol:		nary consumer as we	ll as secondary con	isumer.

144.	Which one of the	following acids is a	derivative of carotene	oids ?				
	(1) Indole-3-aceti	ic acid	(2) Gibberellic acid					
	(3) Abscisic acid		(4) Indole butyric	acid				
				: Correct choice : (3)				
145.	The bacterium E as:	Bacillus thuringie	nsis is widely used i	in contemporary biology				
	(1) Insecticide							
	(2) Agent for pro	duction of dairy proc	lucts					
	(3) Source of ind	ustrial enzyme						
	(4) Indicator of w	vater pollution						
				\therefore Correct choice : (1)				
146.	An example of a	seed with endospern	n, perisperm, and car	uncle is:				
	(1) coffee	(2) lily	(3) castor	(4) cotton				
				∴ Correct choice : (3)				
147.	Reduction in vascular tissue, mechanical tissue and cuticle is characteristic of :							
	(1) Mesophytes	(2) Epiphytes	(3) Hydrophytes	(4) Xerophytes				
				∴ Correct choice : (3)				
148.	Point mutation in	nvolves:						
	(1) Change in sir	ngle base pair	(2) Duplication					
	(3) Deletion		(4) Insertion					
				∴ Correct choice : (1)				
149.	Which one of the the earthworm P		y describes the location	on of some body parts in				
	(1) Four pairs of spermathecae in 4 – 7 segments.							
	(2) One pair of segments.	ovaries attached a	t intersegmental sej	ptum of $14^{ m th}$ and $15^{ m th}$				
	(3) Two pairs of testes in 10^{th} and 11^{th} segments.							
	(4) Two pairs of	accessory glands in I	l6 – 18 segments.					
				∴ Correct choice : (3)				
150.	The kind of tissu is also found in:	e that forms the sup	portive structure in o	our pinna (external ears				
	(1) nails	(2) ear ossicles	(3) tip of the nose	(4) vertebrae				
				: Correct choice : (3)				

151. The state of hybridization of $\rm C_2,\, C_3,\, C_5$ and $\rm C_6$ of the hydrocarbon,

$$\begin{array}{ccc} {\rm CH}_3 & {\rm CH}_3 \\ | & | \\ {\rm CH}_3 - {\rm C} - {\rm CH} = {\rm CH} - {\rm CH} - {\rm C} = {\rm CH} \\ 7 & 6 | & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ {\rm CH}_3 \end{array}$$

is in the following sequence:

(1) sp^3 , sp^2 , sp^2 and sp(2) sp, sp^2 , sp^2 and sp^3 (3) sp, sp^2 , sp^3 and sp^2 (4) sp, sp^3 , sp^2 and sp^3

Sol: sp, sp³, sp², sp³

: Correct choice : (4)

152. Oxidation numbers of P in PO_4^{3-} , of S in SO_4^{2-} and that of Cr in $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$, are respectively:

- (1) + 3, + 6 and + 5
 (2) + 5, + 3 and + 6
 (3) 3, + 6 and + 6
 (4) + 5, + 6 and + 6
- Sol: PO_4^{3-} (P = + 5) SO_4^{2-} (S = + 6) $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ (Cr = + 6)

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

153. Lithium metal crystallises in a body centred cubic crystal. If the length of the side of the unit cell of lithium is 351 pm, the atomic radius of the lithium will be:

(1) 151.8 pm (2) 75.5 pm (3) 300.5 pm (4) 240.8 pm Sol: $a \sqrt{3} = 4 r$ $r = \frac{a \sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{351 \times 1.732}{4} = 151.98 \text{ pm}$

 \therefore Correct choice : (1)

- **154.** Which of the following reactions is an example of nucleophilic subbitution reaction?
 - (1) $2 RX + 2 Na \longrightarrow R R + 2 NaX$
 - (2) $RX + H_2 \longrightarrow RH + HX$
 - (3) $RX + Mg \longrightarrow RMgX$
 - (4) $RX + KOH \longrightarrow ROH + KX$
- **Sol**: X⁻ is replaced by OH⁻

∴ Correct choice : (4)

155. In the case of alkali metals, the covalent character decreases in the order:

(1) $MF > MCl > MBr > MI$	(2) MF > MCl > MI > MBr
(3) MI > MBr > MCl > MF	(4) MCl > MI > MBr > MF

Sol: MI > MBr > MCl > MF. As the size of the anion decreases covalency decreases

 \therefore Correct choice : (3)

156. Which one of the elements with the following outer orbital configurations may exhibit the largest number of oxidation states?

(1) $3d^54s^1$ (2) $3d^54s^2$ (3) $3d^24s^2$ (4) $3d^34s^2$

Sol: The configuration $3d^5 4s^2$ can have various oxidation states upto + 7.

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

157. The stability of + 1 oxidation state increases in the sequence:

(1) Tl < In < Ga < Al	(2) In < Tl < Ga < Al
(3) Ga < In < Al < Tl	(4) Al < Ga < In < Tl

Sol: The order is due to 'inert pair effect'

: Correct choice : (4)

158. Given:

(i) $Cu^{2+} + 2e^{-} \longrightarrow$	Cu, $E^{0} = 0.337 V$		
(ii) $Cu^{2+} + e^- \longrightarrow$	$Cu^+, E^0 = 0.153 V$		
Electrode potential, E^{0} for the reaction, $Cu^{+} + e^{-} \longrightarrow Cu$, will be:			
(1) 0.90 V	(2) 0.30 V	(3) 0.38 V	(4) 0.52 V

Sol:
$$Cu^{2+} + 2e^- \longrightarrow Cu$$
; $\Delta G^o = -nE^o F = -2 \times F \times 0.337 = -0.674 F$
 $Cu^+ \longrightarrow Cu^{2+} + e^-$; $\Delta G^o = -nE^o F = -1 \times F \times -0.153 = 0.153 F$
 $Cu^+ + e^- \longrightarrow Cu$; $\Delta G^o = -0.521 F = -nE^o F$; $n = 1$, $E^o = +0.52 V$
 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

159. For the reaction, N₂ + 3H₂
$$\longrightarrow$$
 2NH₃, if $\frac{d [NH_3]}{dt} = 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$, the value of $\frac{-d [H_2]}{dt}$ would be:
(1) $4 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (2) $6 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
(3) $1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (4) $3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$
Sol: $-\frac{1}{3} \frac{d [H_2]}{dt} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{d [NH_3]}{dt}$
 $\frac{-d [H_2]}{dt} = \frac{3}{2} \frac{d [NH_3]}{dt} = \frac{3}{2} \times 2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol } L^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

: Correct choice : (4)

160. Consider the following reaction,

ethanol
$$\xrightarrow{\operatorname{PBr}_3} X \xrightarrow{\operatorname{alc. KOH}} Y \xrightarrow{(i) \operatorname{H}_2 \operatorname{SO}_4 \operatorname{room temperature}} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{PBr}_3} Z;$$

the product Z is:
(1) $\operatorname{CH}_3 \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{O} - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_3$ (2) $\operatorname{CH}_3 - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{O} - \operatorname{SO}_3 \operatorname{H}$
(3) $\operatorname{CH}_3 \operatorname{CH}_2 \operatorname{OH}$ (4) $\operatorname{CH}_2 = \operatorname{CH}_2$
Sol: $\operatorname{CH}_3 \operatorname{CH}_2 \operatorname{OH} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{PBr}_3} \operatorname{CH}_3 \operatorname{CH}_2 \operatorname{Br} \xrightarrow{\operatorname{alc.KOH}} \operatorname{CH}_2 = \operatorname{CH}_2$
 $\downarrow (i) \operatorname{H}_2 \operatorname{SO}_4$
 $\operatorname{CH}_3 \operatorname{CH}_2 \operatorname{OH} \xleftarrow{\operatorname{H}_2 O}_{\operatorname{heat}} \operatorname{CH}_3 - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{HSO}_4$

∴ Correct choice : (3)

- 161. The energy absorbed by each molecule (A_2) of a substance is 4.4×10^{-19} J and bond energy per molecule is 4.0×10^{-19} J. The kinetic energy of the molecule per atom will be:
- (1) 2.2×10^{-19} J (2) 2.0×10^{-19} J (3) 4.0×10^{-20} J (4) 2.0×10^{-20} J Sol: K.E per atom $= \frac{(4.4 \times 10^{-19}) - (4.0 \times 10^{-19})}{2} = \frac{0.4 \times 10^{-19}}{2} = 2.0 \times 10^{-20}$

: Correct choice : (4)

- **162.** Amongst the elements with following electronic configurations, which one of them may have the highest ionization energy?
 - (1) Ne $[3s^23p^2]$ (2) Ar $[3d^{10}4s^24p^3]$ (3) Ne $[3s^23p^1]$ (4) Ne $[3s^23p^3]$
- Sol: Smallest atom having half filled p-sub shell has highest I_0 value

: Correct choice : (4)

163. In the reaction

 $\operatorname{BrO}_{3}^{-}(\operatorname{aq}) + 5 \operatorname{Br}_{(\operatorname{aq})}^{-} + 6\operatorname{H}^{+} \rightarrow 3 \operatorname{Br}_{2}(1) + 3 \operatorname{H}_{2}\operatorname{O}_{(1)}^{\cdot}$. The rate of appearance of bromine (Br₂) is related to rate of disappearance of bromide ions as following:

(1) $\frac{d(Br_2)}{dt} = -\frac{5}{3} \frac{d(Br^{-})}{dt}$ (2) $\frac{d(Br_2)}{dt} = \frac{5}{3} \frac{d(Br^{-})}{dt}$ (3) $\frac{d(Br_2)}{dt} = \frac{3}{5} \frac{d(Br^{-})}{dt}$ (4) $\frac{d(Br_2)}{dt} = -\frac{3}{5} \frac{d(Br^{-})}{dt}$

Sol:
$$\frac{1}{3} \frac{d \left[Br_2 \right]}{dt} = -\frac{1}{5} \frac{d \left[Br^{-} \right]}{dt}$$
$$\frac{d \left[Br_2 \right]}{dt} = -\frac{3}{5} \frac{d \left[Br^{-} \right]}{dt}$$

: Correct choice : (4)

164. A 0.0020 m aqueous solution of an ionic compound $Co(NH_3)_5$ (NO₂)Cl freezes at -0.00732 °C. Number of moles of ions which 1 mol of ionic compound produces on being dissolved in water will be ($k_f = -1.86$ °C/m)

(1) 3 (2) 4 (3) 1 (4) 2

Sol:
$$\Delta T_f = i \times k_f \times m$$

$$i = \frac{\Delta T_f}{k_f \times m} = \frac{0.00732}{1.86 \times 0.002} = 2$$

 \therefore Correct choice : (4)

165. What is the dominant intermolecular force or bond that must be overcome in converting liquid $\rm CH_3OH$ to a gas?

(1) Dipole-dipole interaction	(2) Covalent bonds
(3) London dispersion force	(4) Hydrogen bonding

: Correct choice : (4)

166. Which of the following oxides is not expected to react with sodium hydroxide?

(1) CaO (2) SiO₂ (3) BeO (4) B_2O_3

∴ Correct choice : (1)

167. The segment of DNA which acts as the instrumental manual for the synthesis of the protein is:

(1) ribose (2) gene (3) nucleoside (4) nucleotide

: Correct choice : (2)

- **168.** Maximum number of electrons in a subshell of an atom is determined by the following:
 - (1) $2 \ell + 1$ (2) $4 \ell 2$ (3) $2 n^2$ (4) $4 \ell + 2$
- **Sol:** The number of sub shell is $(2 \ell + 1)$. The maximum number of electrons in the sub shell is $2 (2 \ell + 1) = (4 \ell + 2)$

∴ Correct choice : (4)

- **169.** Half life period of a first-order reaction is 1386 seconds. The specific rate constant of the reaction is:
 - (1) $0.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (2) $0.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (3) $5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (4) $5.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Sol: $t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k}$; $k = \frac{0.693}{1386} = 0.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$

∴ Correct choice : (2)

170. Which one of the following is employed as a tranquilizer?

(1) Naproxen	(2) Tetracycline

(3) Chlorpheninamine(4) Equanil

: Correct choice : (4)

171. Al_2O_3 is reduced by electrolysis at low potentials and high currents. If 4.0×10^4 amperes of current is passed through molten Al_2O_3 for 6 hours, what mass of aluminium is produced? (Assume 100% current efficiency. At. mass of Al = 27 g mol⁻¹)

(1) 8.1×10^4 g (2) 2.4×10^5 g (3) 1.3×10^4 g (4) 9.0×10^3 g

Sol: Total current = $4.0 \times 10^4 \times 6 \times 60 \times 60$ C

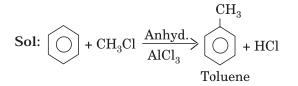
96500 C liberates 9 g of Al (1 g. eq)

 $(4\times 10^4\times 6\times 60\times 60)$ C liberates 8.1×10^4 g of Al

: Correct choice : (1)

172. Benzene reacts with CH₃Cl in the presence of anhydrous AlCl₃ to form:

(1) Chlorobenzene (2) Benzylchloride (3) Xylene (4) Toluene



: Correct choice : (4)

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- 173. Which of the following is not permissible arrangement of electrons in an atom?
 - (1) $n = 5, \ell = 3, m = 0, s = +1/2$
 - (2) $n = 3, \ell = 2, m = -3, s = -1/2$
 - (3) $n = 3, \ell = 2, m = -2, s = -1/2$
 - (4) $n = 4, \ell = 0, m = 0, s = -?$

Sol: For $\ell = 2$, m cannot have - 3 value

∴ Correct choice : (2)

174. The dissociation constants for acetic acid and HCN at 25° C are 1.5×10^{-5} and 4.5×10^{-10} respectively. The equilibrium constant for the equilibrium

$$CN^{-} + CH_{3}COOH \iff HCN + CH_{3}COO^{-} \text{ would be:}$$
(1) 3.0×10^{-5} (2) 3.0×10^{-4} (3) 3.0×10^{4} (4) 3.0×10^{5}
Sol: $CH_{3}COOH \iff CH_{3}COO^{-} + H^{+}; K_{a} = 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$
 $H^{+} + CN^{-} \iff HCN; \frac{1}{K_{a}} = \frac{1}{4.5 \times 10^{-10}}$
 $\therefore K_{a} \text{ for } CN^{-} + CH_{3}COOH \iff CH_{3}COO^{-} + HCN \text{ is}$
 $\frac{1.5 \times 10^{-5}}{4.5 \times 10^{-10}} = \frac{1}{3} \times 10^{5} = 3.33 \times 10^{4}$

∴ Correct choice : (3)

175. Propionic acid with $Br_2 | P$ yields a dibromo product. Its structure would be:

(1) $\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{Br} \\ -\operatorname{C} - \operatorname{CH}_{2}\operatorname{COOH} \\ \operatorname{Br} \end{array} \end{array}$ (2) $\operatorname{CH}_{2}\operatorname{Br} - \operatorname{CH}_{2} - \operatorname{COBr} \\ \operatorname{Br} \\ \end{array}$ (3) $\operatorname{CH}_{3} - \operatorname{C} - \operatorname{COOH} \\ \operatorname{Br} \\ \operatorname{Br} \end{array}$ (4) $\operatorname{CH}_{2}\operatorname{Br} - \operatorname{CHBr} - \operatorname{COOH} \\ \operatorname{Br} \\ \end{array}$

Sol: α hydrogen is substituted by bromine

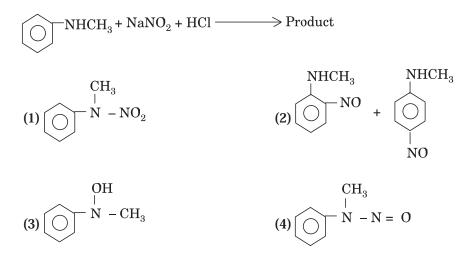
∴ Correct choice : (3)

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176. The values of ΔH and ΔS for the reaction, $C_{(graphite)}$ + CO_{2} (g) \longrightarrow $2CO_{(g)}$ are 170 kJ and 170 JK⁻¹, respectively. This reaction will be spontaneous at (1) 910 K (2) 1110 K (3) 510 K (4) 710 K **Sol:** $\Delta G = \Delta H - T \Delta S$ $0 = (170 \times 10^3 \text{ J}) - \text{T} (170 \text{ JK}^{-1})$ T = 1000 KFor spontaneity, ΔG is – ve Hence T should be > 1000 K \therefore Correct choice : (2) 177. Copper crystallises in a face-centred cubic lattice with a unit cell length of 361 pm. What is the radius of copper atom in pm? (1) 157 (2) 181 (3) 108 (4) 128 **Sol:** a $\sqrt{2} = 4$ r $r = \frac{a \times 1.414}{4} = \frac{361 \times 1.414}{4} = 128 \text{ pm}$

: Correct choice : (4)

178. Predict the product:



Sol: Secondary amine with (NaNO₂ + HCl) gives a nitroso product

: Correct choice : (4)

179. $H_2COH \cdot CH_2OH$ on heating with periodic acid gives:

(1) 2 HCOOH
(2)
$$\stackrel{|}{}_{H}^{CHO}$$

(3) 2 $\stackrel{H}{\longrightarrow}$ C = 0
(4) 2 CO₂
Sol: $\stackrel{CH_2OH}{--|---}$ $\stackrel{HIO_4}{\longrightarrow}$ CH₂O + CH₂O

∴ Correct choice : (3)

- **180.** According to MO theory which of the following lists ranks the nitrogen species in terms of increasing bond order?
 - (1) $N_2^{2-} < N_2^{-} < N_2$ (2) $N_2 < N_2^{2-} < N_2^{-}$ (3) $N_2^{-} < N_2^{2-} < N_2$ (4) $N_2^{-} < N_2 < N_2^{2-}$

Sol: Bond order $N_2 = 3$

$$N_2^- = 2.5$$

 $N_2^{2-} = 2.0$

∴ Correct choice : (1)

181. Out of $\operatorname{TiF}_{6}^{2-}$, $\operatorname{COF}_{6}^{3-}$, $\operatorname{Cu}_{2}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}$ and $\operatorname{NiCl}_{4}^{2-}$ (Z of Ti = 22, CO = 27, Cu = 29, Ni = 28) the colourless species are:

(1)
$$\operatorname{Cu}_{2}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}$$
 and $\operatorname{NiCl}_{4}^{2-}$
(2) $\operatorname{TiF}_{6}^{2-}$ and $\operatorname{Cu}_{2}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}$
(3) $\operatorname{COF}_{6}^{3-}$ and $\operatorname{NiCl}_{4}^{2-}$
(4) $\operatorname{TiF}_{6}^{2-}$ and $\operatorname{COF}_{6}^{3-}$
Sol: $\operatorname{Cu}_{2}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}$ ($\operatorname{Cu}^{+} = \operatorname{3d}^{10}$)
 $\operatorname{TiF}_{6}^{2-}$ ($\operatorname{Ti}^{4+} = \operatorname{3d}^{0}$)

∴ Correct choice : (2)

182. Which of the follow	ving molecules acts a	s a Lewis acid?	
(1) (CH ₃) ₂ O	(2) (CH ₃) ₃ P	(3) (CH ₃) ₃ N	(4) (CH ₃) ₃ B
Sol: $(CH_3)_3 B$ – is elect	ron deficient		
		.:.	Correct choice : (4
183. The IUPAC name of the compound having the formula $CH \equiv C - C$			$C - CH = CH_2$ is:
(1) 1-butyn-3-ene	(2) but-1-yne-3-ene	(3) 1-butene-3-yne	(4) 3-butene-1-yne
		<i>:</i> .	Correct choice : (3
184. Which of the follow	ving compounds will	exhibit cis-trans (geo	metrical) isomerism?
(1) Butanol	(2) 2-Butyne	(3) 2-Butenol	(4) 2-Butene
CH ₃ C ~ H	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \\ \mathrm{H} - \begin{array}{c} \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \mathrm{H} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{C} \\ \mathrm{CH}_{3} \end{array}$		
Sol: $H_{3}C \setminus \bigcup_{C \to H}$ Cis	$\mathrm{H-C-CH}_3$ Trans		
			Correct choice : (4
85. Which of the follow	wing does not show o	optical isomerism?	
(1) [CO(NH ₃) ₃ Cl ₃]	0	(2) [CO (en) Cl ₂ (NH ₃)) ₂] ⁺
(3) [CO (en) ₃] ³⁺	((4) $[CO (en)_2 Cl_2]^+$ (en	= ethylenediamine)
		.:.	Correct choice : (1
86. Structures of som presented?	ne common polymer	s are given. Which	one is not correct
Neoprene			

(1)
$$\begin{pmatrix} -CH_2 - C = CH - CH_2 - CH_2 - \\ \\ Cl \end{pmatrix}_n$$

(2) Terylene

$$+ \text{OC} - \text{COOCH}_2 - \text{CH}_2 - \text{O} - \text{O}_n$$

- (3) Nylon 66 $+[NH(CH_2)_6 NH CO (CH_2)_4 - CO -]_2$
- (4) Teflon

$$(CF_2 - CF_2 -)_n$$

Sol: Correct representation is
$$\begin{vmatrix} -CH_2 - C = CH - CH_2 - \\ | \\ Cl \end{vmatrix}$$

1

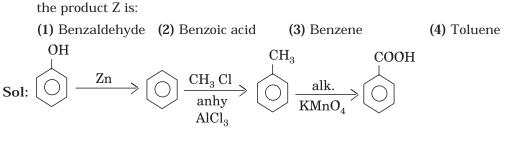
: Correct choice : (1)

- **187.** The ionization constant of ammonium hydroxide is 1.77×10^{-5} at 298 K. Hydrolysis constant of ammonium chloride is:
- (1) 6.50×10^{-12} (2) 5.65×10^{-13} (3) 5.65×10^{-12} (4) 5.65×10^{-10} Sol: $K_{h} = \frac{K_{w}}{K_{h}} = \frac{1 \times 10^{-14}}{1.77 \times 10^{-5}} = 5.65 \times 10^{-10}$

: Correct choice : (4)

188. Consider the following reaction:

$$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Phenol} \xrightarrow[]{\ \ Zn \ dust} \rightarrow X \xrightarrow[]{\ \ CH_3Cl} X \xrightarrow[]{\ \ Alkaline \ KMnO_4} \\ {\rm Anhydrous \ AlCl_3} & Y \xrightarrow[]{\ \ Alkaline \ KMnO_4} Z \end{array},$$



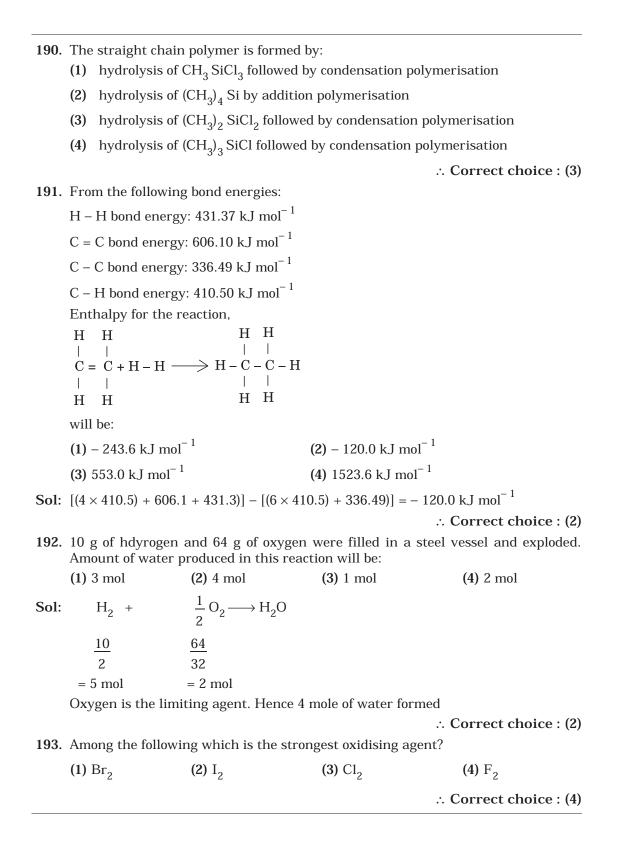
∴ Correct choice : (2)

189. The equivalent conductance of $\frac{M}{32}$ solution of a weak monobasic acid is 8.0 mhos cm² and at infinite dilution is 400 mhos cm². The dissociation constant of this acid is:

(1)
$$1.25 \times 10^{-5}$$
 (2) 6.25×10^{-5} (3) 1.25×10^{-5}
Sol: $\alpha = \frac{\Lambda}{\Lambda_{\rm D}} = \frac{8.0}{400} = 2 \times 10^{-2}$
 $K_{\rm a} = \frac{C\alpha^2}{(1-\alpha)} \approx C\alpha^2 = \frac{1}{32} \times (2 \times 10^{-2})^2 = 1.25 \times 10^{-5}$
 \therefore Connect choice

: Correct choice : (4)

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- **194.** In which of the following molecules / ions BF_3 , NO_2^- , NH_2^- and H_2O , the central atom is sp² hybridized?
 - (1) NH_2^- and H_2O (2) NO_2^- and H_2O (3) BF_3 and NO_2^- (4) NO_2^- and NH_2^-

∴ Correct choice : (3)

195. Nitrobenzene can be prepared from benzene by using a mixture of conc. ${\rm HNO}_3$ and conc. ${\rm H}_2{\rm SO}_4$ in the mixture, nitric acid acts as a/an:

(1) acid (2) base (3) catalyst (4) reducing agent

Sol: HO NO₂ + H₂SO₄ \longrightarrow NO₂⁺ + H₂O + HSO₄⁻

Nitric acid acts as a base by accepting a proton.

∴ Correct choice : (2)

- 196. Which of the following complex ions is expected to absorb visible light?
 - (1) $[\text{Ti } (\text{en})_2(\text{NH}_3)_2]^{4+}$ (2) $[\text{Cr } (\text{NH}_3)_6]^{3+}$ (3) $[\text{Zn } (\text{NH}_3)_6]^{2+}$ (4) $[\text{Sc } (\text{H}_2\text{O})_3 (\text{NH}_3)_3]^{3+}$ (At. no. Zn = 30, Sc = 21, Ti = 22, Cr = 24)

Sol: Cr^{3+} in the complex has unpaired electrons in the d orbital

 \therefore Correct choice : (2)

- **197.** What is the [OH⁻] in the final solution prepared by mixing 20.0 mL of 0.050 M HCl with 30.0 mL of 0.10 M Ba(OH)₂?
 - (1) 0.40 M (2) 0.0050 M (3) 0.12 M (4) 0.10 M
- **Sol:** No. of m. equivalent of HCl = $20 \times 0.05 = 1.0$

No. of m. equivalent of Br $(OH)_2 = 30 \times 0.1 \times 2 = 6.0$

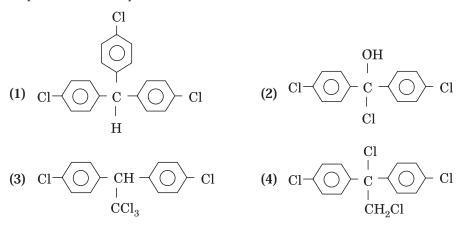
After neutralization, no. of milli equivalents in 50 ml. of solution = (6 - 1) = 5

No. of m. equivalent of OH⁻ is 5 in 50 ml

$$[OH^{-}] = \frac{5 \times 100}{50} \times 10^{-3}$$
 (i.e.,) = 0.1 M

∴ Correct choice : (4)

198. Trichloroacetaldehyde, CCl₃CHO reacts with chlorobenzene in presence of sulphuric acid and produces:



∴ Correct choice : (3)

- **199.** For the reaction $A + B \longrightarrow$ products, it is observed that:
 - (a) on doubling the initial concentration of A only, the rate of reaction is also doubled and
 - (b) on doubling the initial concentrations of both A and B, there is a change by a factor of 8 in the rate of the reaction.

The rate of this reaction is given by:

- (1) rate = k [A] $[B]^2$ (2) rate = k $[A]^2 [B]^2$ (3) rate = k [A] [B](4) rate = k $[A]^2 [B]$
- Sol: When concentration A is doubled, rate is doubled. Hence order with respect to A is one.

When concentrations of both A and B are doubled, rate increases by 8 times hence total order is $3\,$

:. rate = k
$$[A]^1 [B]^2$$

order = 1 + 2 = 3

∴ Correct choice : (1)

200. Which of the following hormones contains iodine?

(1) testosterone	(2) adrenaline	(3) thyroxine	(4) insulin
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∴ Correct choice : (3)