

### Dr. B. R. AMBEDKAR UNIVERSITY, SRIKAKULAM

### General Regulations relating to

### POST GRAUDATE AND PROFESSIONAL COURSES Syllabus under Credit Based Semester System

(with effect from 2009-2010)

- 1. Candidates seeking admission for the Masters/Professional Degree Courses shall be required to have passed the qualifying examination prescribed for the course of any University recognized by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar University, Srikakulam as equivalent there to
- 2. The course and scope shall be as defined in the Scheme of Instruction and syllabus prescribed.
- 3. The course consists of 2/4/6 semesters, (a) two semesters/year, unless otherwise specified.
- 4. The candidates shall be required to take an examination at the end of each semester of the study as detailed in the Scheme of Examination. Each semester theory paper carries a maximum of 100 marks, of which 85 marks shall be for semester-end theory examination of the paper of three hours duration and 15 marks shall be for internal assessment
- 4. (a) Internal Assessment for 15 Marks: Two mid-term exams, one conventional (descriptive) and the second 'on-line' with multiple choice questions for each theory paper shall be conducted. The average of these two mid-term exams shall be taken as marks obtained for the paper under internal assessment. If any candidate appears for only one mid-term exam, the average mark, dividing by two shall be awarded. If any candidate fails to appear for both the mid term exams of a paper, only marks obtained in the theory paper shall be taken into consideration for declaring the result. Each mid-term exam shall be conducted only once.
- 4. (b) Candidates shall be declared to have passed each theory paper if he/she obtains not less than E Grade ie., an aggregate of 40 % of the total marks inclusive of semester-end and internal assessment marks in each paper.
- 5. A candidate appearing for the whole examination shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she obtains a Semester Grade Point (SGP) of 5.0 and a CGPA of 5.0 to be declared to have passed the Course.
- 6. Not withstanding anything contained in the regulations, in the case of Project Report/Dissertation/ Practical/Field Work/Viva-voce etc., candidates shall obtain not less than D grade, i.e., 50% of marks to be declared to have passed the examination.

- 7. ATTENDANCE: Candidates shall put in attendance of not less than 75% of attendance, out of the total number of working periods in each semester. Only such candidates shall be allowed to appear for the semester-end examination.
- 7. (a) A candidate with attendance between 74.99% and 66.66% shall be allowed to appear for the semester-end examination and continue the next semester only on medical and other valid grounds, after paying the required condonation fee.
- 7. (b) In case of candidates who continuously absent for 10 days without prior permission on valid grounds, his/her name shall automatically be removed from the rolls.
- 7 (c) If a candidate represents the University at games, sports or other officially organized extracurricular activities, it will be deemed that he/she has attended the college on the days/periods
- 8 Candidates who put in a minimum of 50% attendance shall also be permitted to continue for the next semester. However, such candidates have to re-study the semester course only after completion of the course period for which they are admitted. The candidate shall have to meet the course fees and other expenditure.
- 9 Candidates who have completed a semester course and have fulfilled the necessary attendance requirement shall be permitted to continue the next semester course irrespective of whether they have appeared or not at the semester-end examination, at their own cost.
  - Such candidates may be permitted to appear for the particular semester-end examination only in the following academic year; they should reregister/ reapply for the Semester examination.
  - The above procedure shall be followed for all the semesters
- 10. Candidates who appear and pass the examination in all the papers of each and every semester at first appearance only are eligible for the award of Medals/Prizes/Rank Certificates
- 11. BETTERMENT: Candidates declared to have passed the whole examination may reappear for the same examination to improve their SGPA, with the existing regulations without further attendance, paying examination and other fees. Such reappearance shall be permitted only with in 3 consecutive years from the date of first passing the final examination. Candidates who wish to appear thereafter should take the whole examination under the regulations then in vogue.
- 12. The semester-end examination shall be based on the question paper set by an external paper-setter and there shall be double valuation for post-Graduate courses. The concerned Department has to submit a panel of paper-setters and examiners approved by the BOS and the Vice-chancellor nominates the paper-setters and examiners from the panel.
- 13. In order to be eligible to be appointed as an internal examiner for the semester-end examination, a teacher shall have to put in at least three years of service. Relaxation of service can be exempted by the Vice-Chancellor in specific cases.
- 14. If the disparity between the marks awarded in the semester-end examination by internal and external examiners is 25% or less, the average marks shall be taken as the mark obtained in the

paper. If the disparity happens to be more, the paper shall be referred to another examiner for third valuation. In cases of third valuation, of the marks obtained either in the first or second valuation marks, whichever is nearest to the third valuation marks are added for arriving at the average marks.

- 15. Candidates can seek revaluation of the scripts of the theory papers by paying the prescribed fee as per the rules and regulations in vogue.
- 16. The Project Report/Dissertation/ Practical/Field Work/Viva-voce etc shall have double valuation by internal and external examiners.
- 17. A Committee comprising of the HOD, one internal teacher by nomination on rotation and one external member, shall conduct viva-voce examination. The department has to submit the panel, and the Vice-chancellor nominates viva-voce Committee.
- 18. Grades and Grade Point Details (with effect from 2009-10 admitted batches)

S. No	Range of Marks	Grade	<b>Grade Points</b>
1.	> 85 %	0	10.0
2.	75 % - 84 %	$\mathbf{A}$	9.0
3.	67 % - 74 %	В	8.0
4.	58 % - 66 %	$\mathbf{C}$	7.0
5.	50 % - 57 %	D	6.0
6.	40 % - 49 %	${f E}$	5.0
7.	< 39 %	F (Fail)	0.0
8.	Incomplete:	,	
	(Shall be upgraded from E to O Grade on subsequent appearance of the same semester. The corresponding Grade Points will be awarded)	I	

19. Calculation of **SGPA** (Semester Grade Point Average) & **CGPA** (Cumulative Grade Point Average):

For example, if a student gets the grades in one semester A,A,B,B,B,D in six subjects having credits 2(S1), 4(S2), 4(S3), 4(S4), 4(S5), 2(S6), respectively. The SGPA is calculated as follows:

$$\mathbf{SGPA} = \begin{array}{c} \{\ 9(A)x2(S1) + 9(A)x4(S2) + 8(B)x4(S3) + 8(B)x4(S4) + 8(B)x4(S5) + 6(D)x2(S6)\} \\ \{2(S1) + 4(S2) + 4(S3) + 4(S4) + 4(S5) + 2(S6)\} \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} 162 \\ 20 \end{array}$$

- i. A student securing 'F' grade thereby securing 0.0 grade points has to appear and secure at least 'E' grade at the subsequent examination(s) in that subject.
- ii. If a student gets the grades in another semester D, A, B, C, A, E, A, in seven subjects having credits 4(S1), 2(S2), 4(S3), 2(S4), 4(S5), 4(S6), 2(S7) respectively,

$$\mathbf{SGPA} = \begin{cases} \{6(\mathrm{D})\mathrm{x4}(\mathrm{S1}) + 9(\mathrm{A})\mathrm{x2}(\mathrm{S2}) + 8(\mathrm{B})\mathrm{x4}(\mathrm{S3}) + 7(\mathrm{C})\mathrm{x2}(\mathrm{S4}) + 9(\mathrm{A})\mathrm{x4}(\mathrm{S5}) + 5(\mathrm{E})\mathrm{x4}(\mathrm{S6}) + 9(\mathrm{A})\mathrm{x2}(\mathrm{S7})\} & 162 \\ \{4(\mathrm{S1}) + 2(\mathrm{S2}) + 4(\mathrm{S3}) + 2(\mathrm{S4}) + 4(\mathrm{S5}) + 4(\mathrm{S6}) + 2(\mathrm{S7})\} & 22 \end{cases} = 7.36$$

- a) A candidate has to secure a minimum of 5.0 SGPA for a pass in each semester in case of all PG and Professional Courses. Further, a candidate will be permitted to choose any paper(s) to appear for improvement in case the candidate fails to secure the minimum prescribed SGPA/CGPA to enable the candidate to pass at the end of any semester examination.
- b) There will be no indication of pass/fail in the marks statement against each individual paper.
- c) A candidate will be declared to have passed if a candidate secures 5.0 CGPA for all PG and Professional Courses.
- d) The Classification of successful candidates is based on **CGPA** as follows:
  - i) **Distinction** –CGPA 8.0 or more;
  - ii) First Class –CGPA 6.5 or more but less than 8.0
  - iii) Second Class –CGPA 5.5 or more but less than 6.5
  - iv) Pass -CGPA 5.0 or more but less than 5.5
- e) Improving CGPA for betterment of class will be continued as per the rules in vogue.
- f) CGPA will be calculated from II Semester onwards up to the final semester. CGPA multiplied by "10" gives aggregate percentage of marks obtained by a candidate.

### Dr. B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam Etcherla-532410, Andhra Pradesh

### **ANNEXURE-I**

### Eligibility:

Course	Qualifying Examination for Admissions in to B.Ed. (Special Education-Mental Retardation)	
B.Ed. (SE-MR)	B.A. / B. Sc / B.Com	_

### **ANNEXURE-II**

### **Scheme of Instruction**

### **First Semester:**

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Compulsory/ Elective	No. of Periods Of Instruction Per Week
101	I : Education In India – A Global Perspective	Compulsory	6 Hours
102	II: Education Psychology and Persons With Disabilities	Compulsory	6 Hours
103 A	III A: Telugu Methodology	Elective	6 Hours
103 B	III B : English Methodology	Elective	6 Hours
104	IV : Nature And Needs Of Various Disabilities – An Introduction	Compulsory	6 Hours
105	V : Identification and Assessment o Persons with Mental Retardation	Compulsory	6 Hours

**Concurrent Field Work:** Candidates shall report for concurrent field work in the model school for IEP record.

Candidates shall report for concurrent field work in the University Surrounding Rural Area for CBR Project **Internship:** Candidates shall have Internship practice in Govt. High Schools in their elected methodologies for a period of 15 days in the First Semester.

### **Second Semester:**

Paper Code	Title of the Paper	Compulsory/ Elective	No. of Periods Of Instruction Per Week
201	I : Education Planning and Management	Compulsory	6 Hours
	Curriculum Designing and Research		
202 A	IIA: Maths Methodology	Elective	6 Hours
202 B	IIB: Biological Science Methodology	Elective	6 Hours
202 C	IIC : Social Studies Methodology	Elective	6 Hours
203	III Methodology of Teaching Children with Lea Difficulties In An Inclusive Set-Up	Compulsory	6 Hours
204	IV : Mental Retardation –Its Multidisciplinary Aspects	Compulsory	6 Hours
205	V: Curriculum and Teaching Strategies	Compulsory	6 Hours

**Concurrent Field Work : Internship:** Candidates shall have Internship practice in Govt. High Schools in their elected methodologies for a period of 15 days in the Second Semester.

**Educational Tour:** Candidates shall have educational tour for a period of 10 days during the course period. It is a non-credit and compulsory requirement for the award of B.Ed. (SE-MR) degree

**Medium of Instruction:** During all the two semesters the medium of instruction and writing examination is English only.

### **ANNEXURE-III**

### **Scheme of Examination as per Credit System**

### First Semester:

Paper Code	Part-I Theory Title of the Paper	Credits	Max. Marks	Double Valuation (Internal & External)	Internal Assessment
101	I : Education In India – A Global Perspective	6	100	85	15
102	II : Educational Psychology And Persons with Disabilities	6	100	85	15
103 A	<b>Electives</b> III A: Telugu Methodology	6	100	85	15
103 B	III B: English Methodology				
104	IV : Nature And Needs Of Various Disabilities – An Introduction	6	100	85	15
105	V : Identification and Assessment of Persons With Mental Retardation	6	100	85	15
	Part-II – Practicum	30	500*		
	Total	60	1000		

### \*PRACTICUM: 500 MARKS:

### **Non-Disability Area**

(a) Micro Teaching – 5 Skills (Record) (Internal) 15 Marks

(b) Teaching Practice-cum-Internship (Lesson Plan Record)(Internal)50 Marks

(c) Scholastic Achievement Test (Record)(Internal) 25 Marks

### **Disability Area**

a) Individualized Educational Programme (IEP Record) 150 Marks

(100 Internal + 50 External)

b) Community Based Rehabilitation Project: 100 Marks

(70 Internal + 30 External)

c) Assignment: (40 Internal + 30 External) 70 Marks

d) Teaching Learning Material Preparation:

(No Record, only Internal) 40 Marks

### **UNIVERSITY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION**

Methods of Teaching – I: Telugu/English(External) 50 Marks

### **Second Semester:**

Paper Code	Part-I Theory Title of the Paper	Credits	Max. Marks	Double Valuation (Internal & External)	Internal Assessment
201	I : Education Planning and Management, Curriculum Designing and Research	6	100	85	15
202 A	Electives II A: Maths Methodology	6	100	85	15
202 B	II B: Biological Science Methodology				
202 C	II C : Social Studies Methodology				
203	III Methodology of Teaching Children with Learning Difficulties In An Inclusive Set-Up	6	100	85	15
204	IV : Mental Retardation – Its Multidisciplinary Aspects	6	100	85	15
205	V : Curriculum and Teaching Strategies	6	100	85	15
	Part –II: Practicum	30	500*		
	Total :-	60	1000		

### \*PRACTICUM: 500 MARKS:

### **Non-Disability Area**

(a) Micro Teaching – 5 Skills (Record) (Internal)
 (b) Teaching Practice-cum-Internship (Lesson Plan Record)(Internal)
 (c) Scholastic Achievement Test (Record) (Internal)
 25 Marks

### **Disability Area**

Group Teaching in Special Schools

(100 Internal + 50 External)

Resource Room Teaching

(100 Internal + 60 External)

Skill Training in MR

150 Marks

50 Marks

### **UNIVERSITY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION**

Methods of Teaching – II: Mathematics/Biological Science/ 50 Marks
Social Studies (External)

**Total Marks:** First and Second Semesters put together = 1000+1000 = 2000**Total Credits:** First and Second Semesters put together = 60+60 = 120

## B.Ed (Special Education- Mental Retardation) SYLLABUS

### **Course Objectives:**

The Course is designed to enable the student teachers to:

- 1. Understand and respond to the educational, Physical and vocational needs of persons with disabilities
- 2. Develop skills in systematic assessment.
- 3. Development curriculum for persons with Mental Retardation (MR)
- 4. Plan and implement educational programmes needed for the children with Mental Retardation.
- 5. Familiarize themselves with the management of special education programmes for children with MR.
- 6. Co-ordinate and collaborate with parents, family, doctors and the community to help children with disabilities to become productive and useful members of the society
- 7. Develop abilities and skills to create awareness and sensitivity in the society towards persons with disabilities.
- 8. Promote and facilitate inclusion of children with special education needs in the main stream.

# Dr. B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) First Semester – Syllabus Paper-101: Education in India A Global Perspective

iper-101 : Education in India A Global Perspective

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### **OBJECTIVES:**

After studying this paper, the student teachers are expected to realize the following

- 1) Explain the History, Nature, Process and philosophy of education.
- 2) Spell out the aims and functions of education in general and special education in particular.
- 3) Describe the various systems of education with reference to general and special education.
- 4) Discuss the various roles of educational agencies in India.
- 5) Analyze the role of educational system in the context of Modern Ethos like democracy, socialism and secularism.

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### Unit-I: History, Nature, Process and Philosophy of Education

- 1) Definition, Meaning and Scope of Education.
- 2) Overview of Philosophies of Education.
- 3) Aims of Education.
- 4) Functions of Education.
- 5) Role of Teacher

### Unit – II: Education and Various Commissions

- 1) Principles of Education and Special Education.
- 2) Aims, Objectives and Functions of Special Education.
- 3) Direction and Priorities of General and Special Education.
- 4) Recent Trends in Indian Education and Special Education.
- 5) "Education for All" movement, Education through 21<sup>st</sup> Century, National Policy on Education including Special Education.

### Unit-III: Education in the Social Context

- 1) Formal, Informal and Non-formal Education.
- 2) Functional Literacy, Continuous and Life-long Education
- 3) Community Based Education
- 4) Open Learning Distance Education with reference to General and Special Education.
- 5) Value- Oriented Education.

### Unit – IV: Educational Agencies for the National Development

- 1) Educational Challenges for Economic and Socio-Political Development.
- 2) Role of Home, School, Society and Mass Media.
- 3) Role of Governmental and Non-Governmental Agencies in General and Special Education such as SCERT, SCERT, RCI, NCTE and National Institutes for Handicapped. UN Organizations and International Non-Governmental Organization (INGOs) such as UNICEF, UNESCO, WHO, Action and CBM.
  - a) Resource mobilization through funding agencies and concessions/facilities for the disabled education.
  - b) Government Policies, Acts and Schemes such as NPE-1986, POA-1992, RCI Act 1992, IEDC Scheme-1992, PD Act 1995, National Truest Act 1999, Biwako Millennium Framework and its Implications.
  - c) International Legislation for Special Education.

### **UNIT – V: Education and the Modern Ethos**

- 1) Democracy, Socialism and Secularism.
- 2) Constitutional Provisions in Human Rights.
- 3) Equalization of Educational Opportunities
- 4) Education and Human Resource Development
- 5) Planning and Management of Human Resource Development
- 6) Environmental Education.

### <u>REFERENCES:</u>

- a. Anand. (1993) the Teacher & Education in Emerging Indian Society, News Delhi NCERT
- b. Saraswathi. T.S. (1999) Culture, Socialization and Human Development Sage Publications.
- c. Steven.B (1998). School and Society. Sage Publications.
- d. Suresh. D. (1998) Curriculum and child development. Bhargav
- e. Taneja. V.R. (1998). Educational Thoughts and Practice. Delhi University Publications.
- f. Weber. O.C. (1990). Basic Philosophies of Education. New York Holt, Renebart and Winsto
- g. Aggarwa, J.C.(1992) Development and oplnning of Modern Education. New Delhi Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

h. .

- i. Diswas. A. and Aggarwal, J.C. (1992) Education in Indian. New Delhi Arya Book Depot
- j. Bhat. B.D. (1996) Educational Documents in India. New Delhi Arya Book Depot.
- k. Bhatia, Kamala and Bhatia, Balder. (1997). The Philosophical and Sociogical Foundations. New Delhi Doaba House
- I. Biswas. A (1992). Education in India New Delhi Arya Book Depot.
- m. Mohanty, Jagannath (1993). Indian Education in the Emerging Society. New Delhi Sterling publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- n. Sapra. C.L. and Ash Aggarwal, (Ed.,) (1987). Education in India some critical issues. New Delhi National Book Organisation.
- o. Choudhary K.C. and Sachdeva, L.(Eds) (1995). Total literary by 2000. News Delhi IAE Association.

### Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) First Semester – Syllabus

### Paper- 102: Education Psychology and Persons with Disabilities

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

After studying this paper, the student teachers are expected to realize the following objectives

- 1) Discuss the concepts and principles of growth and development.
- 2) Describe the various theories of learning and their implications to the disabled.
- 3) Explain the concepts of intelligence and aptitude in general and with specific reference to the disabled.
- 4) Spell out the meaning and concept of personality and mental health and their implications to the disabled.
- 5) Define the meaning and techniques of guidance and counseling in general and with special reference to the disabled.

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### **Unit-I: Introduction to Psychology**

- 1) Definition, Nature and Scope of Psychology
- 2) Educational Psychology scope and relevance to general education.
- 3) Role of educational psychology in special education.
- 4) Theories of motivation, attention and perception and its application in education.
- 5) Implications of the above with regard to specific disabilities.

### **Unit – II: Growth and Development**

- 1) Concept, Definition and Meaning of Growth and Development
- 2) Influences of heredity and environment
- 3) Stages of development with reference to children with disabilities.
- 4) Developmental needs infancy through afolescents
- 5) Developmental deviancies and related issues with regard to various disabilities

### **Unit-III: Learning**

- 1) Definition, Meaning and Concept formation.
- 2) Learning Domains and factors affecting learning.
- 3) Theories of learning (behavioural, cognitive and social) and their application in special education an overview.
- 4) Memory and strategies for enhancing memory.
- 5) Implications of the above with various disabilities.

### **Unit – IV: Intelligence and Aptitude**

- 1) Definition and meaning of intelligence and aptitude.
- 2) Theories of intelligence.
- 3) Concept of creativity, its process, characteristics of creative people, and teachers role in stimulating creativity.
- 4) Introduction to Psychological testing objectives, principles and tests of intelligence, aptitude and creativity (SFB, DMT,WISC-R, CPM, DAT/BLAT, DST).
- 5) Implications of the above with various disabilities

### **UNIT – V: Personality, Guidance and Counseling**

- 1) Definition, Meaning and dimensions of Personality, guidance and counseling.
- 2) Theories of personality –an overview and assessment.
- 3) Frustration and conflict, adjustment mechanisms and behavior deviations.
- 4) Mental health-impact of various disabilities on personality an overview.
- 5) Techniques of guidance and counseling with reference to various disabilities.
- 6) Role of home and school in guidance and counseling.
- 7) Vocational guidance-assessment, training, avenues and perspectives.
- 8) Individual problems and stress management through counseling and yoga.

### REFERENCES:

- 1) Adams J.A.(1992). Learning and memory An Introduction Homewood, Illinois Dorsey Press.
- 2) Brody. E.B.and Brody. N. (1996). Intelligence Nature, determinants and consequence. New York : Academic Press.
- 3) Butcher. H.J. (1993). Human Intelligence. Its nature and assessment London Merthuen.
- 4) Gottfried. A.W. (1995). Home Environment and Early cognitive Development San Francisco.
- 5) Guilford. J.B. (1996). Fields of Psychology (ed.,) New York. Can Nostrand.
- 6) Hunter, lan M.R. (1994) Memory, London: Penguin Books.
- 7) Keller. F.S. (1997). The Definitions of Psychology (Ed.,) New York Appleton century.
- 8) Munn. N.L. (1997). Introduction to Psychology Delhi.
- 9) Petri. H.L. (1995). Motivation: Theory and Research, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Belmont. Cawadsworth.
- 10) Sawreyt. J.H.and Telford C. (1998). Educational Psychology (2<sup>nd</sup> ed.,) New Delhi Prentice Hall of India.
- 11) Smith, Mdaniel. (1998). Educational Psychology. New York. Allyn & Bacon.
- 12) Skinner. B.F. (1997). Verbal Behaviour. New York: Appleton century Crofts.
- 13) Travers. R.M. (1993) Educational Psychology. New York: Macmillan.
- 14) Watson. LB (1993). Psychology as a behaviorist view Psycho. Rev.Vol.20.
- 15) Woodworth R.S. (1994). Experimental Psychology, New York Ht.
- 16) Barciey. J.R.(1993). Counseling and Philosophy. San Francisco.
- 17) Floelick. C.P. (1988). Guidance Services in School New York: : Allynn & Bacon.
- 18) Jones. A.P. (1994). Principles of Guidance. New York. Holt.
- 19) Traxier. A.1 (1990). Techniques of Guidance New Delhi Prentice Hall of India.

## <u>Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam</u> <u>B.Ed. SPECIAL EDUCATION (M.R.)</u>

### <u>First Semester – Syllabus</u>

### Paper -I03-A (Elective) Methods of Teaching Telugu

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### ఉపాధ్యాయ ఛాత్రులు తెలుగు బోధనాద్దతులను అధ్యయనం చేయుల ద్వారా ఈ క్రింద సామార్యాలను పోందెదరు.

- 1.భాష మలిము భాష యొక్క వివిధ స్వరూప స్వభావాలను తెలుసు కొందురు.
- 2. మాతృభాషగా, బ్యితీయ భాషగా తెలుగు బోధనోద్దేశ్యాలు, బోధనా లక్ష్యాలను తెలుసుకొందురు.
- 3. భాషా నైపుణ్యాలు, వాలి అభివృద్ధి చర్మలు మరియు వాటి అంతర్గత సంబంధాలను తెలుసు కుందురు
- 4. వివిధ ప్రణాశికలు, వాటి నిర్మాణ, స్వరూప, స్వభావిలను తెలుసు కొందరురు.
- 5. వివిధ పార్వగ్రంథాలు, వాలి నిర్మాణం, ప్రయోజనాలను గూల్హి తెలుసు కొందురు
- 6. వివిధ సాహిత్య ప్రక్రియలు-బోధనోద్ధేశాల్యలు, బోధనా పద్ధతులు, పార్వపధక నిర్మాణంతో పాటు ఆధునిక ధోరణు లను
  - ම වාసා මීත කි්රුන්ණි මනා නවට చెదదు
- 7. భాషా బోధనలో-సహపార్య కార్హక్రమమాలు-గ్రంథాలయాల అవశ్యకతలను గ్రహించెదరు. వాటిగి విలవిగా ఉపయొగి ంచుటకు తెలుసు కొందురు.
- 8. లక్ష్మాధార మూల్కంకన పద్దతులను, సాధనాల నిర్మాణాన్ని ప్రయోజనాలను గ్రహించెదరు.
- 9. భాష పట్ల, భాసా బోధన పట్ల అభిరుచిని, సద్వెస్వహను పెంపాందుంచి కొందురు.

### ම අදුරෝට - 1 ආඛ - තිතිර ආත්තිවා, මීවාරා ආකු - ණිරුත්, ආඛ්ණිදායු :

- 1. భాష నిర్వచనాలు ఉత్పత్తి ప్రయోఝనాలు
- 2. గ్రాంథిక భాష వ్యవహాలిక భాష మాండలిక భాష ప్రాహాఫిర భాష ఆధునిక భాష భావనలు
- 4. మాతృభాఝ నిర్మచనాలు ప్రయోజనాలు
- 5. ప్రధమ బాఝగా తెలుగు బోధన ఉద్వేవ్యాలు
- 6. వివిద దశలలో ప్రధమ భాషగీతా తెలుగు బోధనోద్దేశ్యాలు.
- 7. బోధనామాధ్యమంగా అభికార భాషగా తెలుగు-అచరణలో ఆవరోధాలు- నివారణ చర్యలు
- 8. బ్యితీయ భాషగా తెలుగు బోధన, ఉద్దేశాలు
- 9. భాషా సమస్త్వ త్రిభాషా సూత్రం

### <u>ဗြော္ဇ္သတ္လာဝ - 2 : భాషా ဂွုံဆွုံအွေ့ဗာ :</u>

- 1. శ్రవణం ప్రయోఝనాలు శ్రవణ శక్తి లోపాలు నివారణ చర్మలు, వివిధ దశలలో శ్రవణ శక్తి అభివృద్ధి చర్హ లు
- 2. భాషణం ప్రయోఝనాలు వివిధ దశల్లో భాషభివృద్ధి చర్యలు
- 4. పఠనం ప్రయోజనాలు భేధాలు బోధనా పద్దతులు వివిద దశల్లో పఠనాభివృద్ధి చర్యలు
- 5. లేఖనం ప్రయోజనాలు భేదాలు బోధనా పద్ధతులు వివిధ దశలల్లో లేఖనావృద్ధి చర్వలు లేఖనా దోషా
- **లා ති**තත්ත් ස්රූූ වා
- 6. భాషా నైపుణ్యాల అంతర్గత సంబంధాలు

### ම අදුරාට -3: තිතිර නි කු සිපින - බා මු රුට අතන තිතිර නි වී වීරාන - බා මු නිර් කිරීම නි

- 1. విద్యాప్రణాశిక, విషయ ప్రణాశిక స్వరూపా స్వభావాలు నిర్మాణ సూత్రాలు
- 2. విద్యా ప్రణాశిలో మాతృ భాషా స్థానం
- 3. పార్యపుస్తకాలు ప్రయోజనాలు నిర్మాణ సూత్రాలు ఉత్తమ పార్త పుస్తక లక్షణాలు
- 4. ప్రధాన వాచకం ఉపవాచకం నిర్హాణం ఉద్దేశ్యాలు ప్రయోజనాలు
- 5. గద్హ పద్హ-వ్యాకరణ వాస్త ఉపవాచక ప్రక్రియలు బోధనోద్దేశ్యాలు బోధనా పద్ధతులు
- 7. గద్హ, పద్హ, వ్యాకరణ వ్యాస మలియు ఉపవాచకములు పార్హపధ నిర్మాణం లక్ష్మాలు సృష్ఠీకరణాలు

### అధ్యాయం - 4 ఫ బోధనలో ఆధునిక ధోరణలు, సహపార్మ కార్మక్రమాలు :

- 1. క్రీడా పద్దతి డాల్గన్ పద్దతి ఉద్యమ పద్దతి కృత్తాధార పద్దతి నాటకృకరణ పద్దతి
- 2. තීතිර స్థాయిల තීದ್ಯార్ధులకు బోధనోపకరణాలు సేకరణ තීෆුුణం ఉపయోగం
- 3. సహపార్హ కార్హక్రమాలు వాటి ప్రాముఖ్యత
- 4. భాషా క్రీడలు భాషా విహర యాత్రలు రచన వకృత్యం పత్రికా నిర్వహణ సారస్యత సంఘాలు

### అధ్యాయ-5 : మూల్కంకనం, తెలుగు భాషాభివృద్ధికి వివిధ సంస్థలల కృషి :

- 1. మూల్యంకనం భావనలు, ప్రక్రియ
- 2. మూల్యాంకన సాధనాలు నిర్మాణం మెలుకువలు
- 3. లక్ష్యాధార మూల్కాంకనం వోధనతో గల సంబంధం ఆవశ్హకత
- 4. విద్యార్జనానికశను (సెక్కిలాస్టిక్ అచివ్ మంట్ టెస్టు) తయారుచేయుట
- 5. మూల్యంకన ఫలితాలు పలిశీలన విశేషణ
- 7. నిర్దేశ్యాలు రకాలు నిర్మహణా విధం ప్రయాజనాలు
- 8. මිවාරා මපිරෙනා
- 9. సాహిత్య ఇకాడమి
- 10. అభికార భాషా సంఘం
- 11. ఆంధ్ర సారస్యత పలిషత్తు
- 12. ತಿಲುಗು ವಿಕ್ಯವಿದ್ವಾಲಯಂ

### 

- 1. బుద్ద రాజు జోతిర్తయి (1994), తెలుగు బోధన పద్దతులే, సర్శేక్షణ పద్తావతి ఆర్ట్ ప్రింటర్ట్ హైదారాబాద్
- 2. సాంబమూల్త.డి. (1998) తెలుగు బోధన పద్దతులు, నీల్ కమల్ ప్రయివేట్ లిమిటెడ్, హైదరాబాద్
- 3. పారంకి దక్షిణామూల్త (1998), భాషా ఆధునిక దృక్షధం, నీల్ కమల్ ప్రయివేట్, హైదారాబాద్
- 4. బూరుగుల గోపాలకృష్ణమూల్త (1996) వ్యాకరణ దర్శనము (వ్యాకరన గ్రంధము) నీల్కమల్ పబ్లకేషన్స్ ప్రయి వేట్ లిమిటేడ్
- 5. కామేశ్కర్ రావు (1984) తోలుగు బోధనా పద్దతులు : చలిష్మా ప్రింటర్, హైదారాబాద్
- 6. విద్యాన్ దూసిరామమూల్తి శాస్త్రి (1967), బాల వ్యాకరణము వావిళ రామస్యామి శాస్త్రులు & సన్స్
- 7. බිවාරය හිණු හිරය රාජ්ද (1994), මවා රා සභ්ණු රවේ විරේ, හියු කිම මර් සිරිස් සිරිස් සභ්ණු රාජ්ද විරස් සභ්ණු විරස් සභ්ණ විරස් සභ්ණු විරස් සභ්ණ විරස් සභ්ණ විරස් සභ්ණ විරස් සභ්ණ
- 8. జోసఫ్, యస్.తెలుగు, బోధనా పద్దతులు, సూర్తా, పజ్లకేషన్ల్, మచిలీపట్నం

## Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) First Semester – Syllabus

Paper-103-B (Elective): Methods of Teaching English

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### **OBJECTIVES:**

The Course will enable the student teachers to

- 1) Be sensitive to language use.
- 2) Develop an under standing of the nature and objectives of teaching languages.
- 3) Be sensitive to the problems of learning (Teaching) second and foreign language.
- 4) Be able to develop among learners an ability to acquire language skills.
- 5) Become aware of modern methods of language teaching and put them to use in real class room situation.
- 6) Be able to evaluate the language skills objectively.
- 7) Be able to instill among the learners a love for language and use in efficiently in real life situations.

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### Unit-I: English in India and language learning

- 1) English in Indian education.
- 2) English as a second language.
- 3) Features of language
- 4) Factors affecting language learning.

### Unit - II: Phonetics and language skills

- 1) The sounds of English/Phonetic symbols, vowels, diphthongs and consonants.
- 2) Word-stress (Primary, Secondary) and sentence- stress
- 3) Strong and week form of words.
- 4) Intonation.
- 5) Use of dictionary in pronunciation.
- 6) LSRW skill and sub skills of each skill.
- 7) Tasks of developing listening comprehension
- 8) Tasks for developing speaking skills.
- 9) Tasks for developing communication skills-individual, pair and group work,
- 10) Reading types of reading, good and bad habits of reading, strategies to develop reading comprehension.
- 11) Writing-factors affecting writing in a second language situation qualities of good writing (role of simplicity, logicality and organization in writing)

### Unit-III: Supplementary skills, teaching grammar and vocal

- 1) Supplementary skills.
- 2) Teaching reference skills (Note taking and note making)
- 3) Teaching, reference skills (using dictionaries, thesaurus and encyclopedia)
- 4) Types of grammar and methods of teaching grammar
- 5) Vocabulary: strategies to develop vocabulary; techniques of developing spelling abilities.
- 6) Teaching composition (guided controlled and free composition)

### Unit – IV : Approaches, methods and planning of English language teaching and curriculum

- 1) Approaches-structural approach and communicative approach.
- 2) Methods-grammar-translation method, direct method, west method and bilingual method.
- 3) Objectives of teaching prose, poetry, supplementary reader and composition to secondary school composition.
- 4) Lesson plans to teach prose, poetry, supplementary readers and composition to secondary school students.
- 5) Principles of curriculum construction.
- 6) Limitations in the existing school language curriculum.
- 7) Qualities of a good language text book

### **UNIT – V : Evaluation**

- 1) Concept and process of evaluation
- 2) Tools of evaluation
- 3) Preparation of SAT.
- 4) Analysis and interpretation of scores

### REFERENCES:

- 1) Els, Theo Van et al (1984): Applied Linguistics and Learning and Teaching of Foreign Languages, Edward Arnolds.
- 2) Blundell John et al (1984): Functions in English, London OUP
- 3) Bond.LG et al (1980): Reading Difficulties Their diagnosis and Correction, New York, Appleton Century Crafts.
- 4) Valdmen.A (1987): Trends in Language Teaching, New York, London Mac Graw Hill.
- 5) Vallette.R.M.(1985): Modern language Testing, New York, Harcourt Brace.
- 6) West. M (1965): A general Service List of English Words, London, Longman.
- 7) Sterne.SS: Fundamental Concepts in Language Teaching, New York, Longman.
- 8) Johnson.K (1983): Communicative syllabus Design and Methodology, Oxford, Pergamon Press
- 9) Widdowson. HG (1979): Teaching Language as communication, London OUP.
- 10) Lawrence. M(1975): Writing as a thining process, New York, NCTE.
- 11) David.E (1977): Class room Techniques Foreign Languages and English as a second language, Now York, Harcourt Brace.
- 12) Chastin.K (1971): the Development of Modern Language skills Theory to practice, Chicago, Rand Mc Neily.
- 13) Spratt.M (1995): English for the Teacher, London CUP
- 14) Doff.A (19985): Teach English, London CUP
- 15) Cutts.M (1997): Plain English Guide, London OUP
- 16) Parrott.M (1993): Tasks for the classroom teacher, London Pergamon.
- 17) Grillet.F.(1983): Developing Reading Comprehension, London CUP
- 18) Klippel.F (1983): Keep Talkin, London, CUP
- 19) Byrne.D (1975): Teaching Oral skill, London, Longman
- 20) Byrne. D(1975): Teaching Writing, London, Longman.
- 21) Byrne.D (1987): Techniques in Class room Interaction, London, Longman.
- 22) Morgan & Rinvolucri (1991): New Ways of Dictation, London, Longman
- 23) Heaton.J.B. (1978): writing English language tests, London, Longman
- 24) Oller.J (1981): Testing at school level, New York, Longman.

## Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) First Semester – Syllabus

**Paper-104: Nature and Needs of Various Disabilities** 

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

The student teacher is expected to acquire a basic knowledge on identification and characteristics of various disabilities such as

- 1. Blindness and Low Vision
- 2. Hearing Impairment
- 3. Mental Retardation and Mental Illness
- 4. Locomotor, Neurological and Leprosy Cured
- 5. Neuro-developmental Disorders
- 6. Multiple Disabilities, Deaf, blindness

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### **Unit-I: Blindness and Low Vision**

- 1.1 Definition and Identification
- 1.2 Incidence and Prevalence
- 1.3 Characteristics
- 1.4 Causes and Prevention
- 1.5 Intervention and Educational Programmes

### **Unit – II: Hearing Impairment**

- 2.1 Definition and Identification
- 2.2 Incidence and Prevalence
- 2.3 Causes and Prevention
- 2.4 Types of Hearing Loss and Characteristics
- 2.5 Modes of Linguistic Communication and Educational Programmes

### **Unit-III: Mental Retardation**

- 3.1 Definition and Identification of Mental Retardation and Mental Illness
- 3.2 Incidence and Prevalence, Causes and Prevention
- 3.3 Characteristics Mild, Moderate, Severe, Profound
- 3.4 Types and Classification of Mental Retardation and Mental Illness
- 3.5 Intervention and Educational Programmes

### **UNIT – IV: Learning Disabilities**

- 5.1 Concept and Definition of Learning Disabilities. .
- 5.2 Characteristics of LD
- 5.3 Etiological Factors
- 5.4 Types and Associated Conditions
- 5.5 Intervention and Educational Programmes

## Unit – V: Autism, Leprosy Cured, Neurological and Locomotor Multiple Disabilities

- 4.1 Definition and Classification
- 4.2 Incidence and Prevalence
- 4.3 Causes and Prevention
- 4.4 Types, Classification and Characteristics
- 4.5 Intervention and Educational programmes

### REFERENCES:

- 1) Overton.T(1992). Assessment in Special Education An Applied Approach New York McMillan.
- 2) Panda.K.C.(1997). Education of Exceptional Children New Delhi Vikas Publications.
- 3) Subba Rao, T.A.(1992). Manual on Developing Communication skills in mentally retarded persons, NIMH, Secunderbad.
- 4) Van Riper, C.A.and Emerick.L. (1990) Speech Correction-An introduction to speech pathology and Audiology. Eighth Edition. Pretice Hall.
- 5) TaylQ4, R.L> (1993). Assessment of Exceptional Students Educational dn Psychological Procedures. Bosteon Allyn bacon.
- Baine. D. (1988) Handicapped children in Developing Countries, Assessment Curriculum and Instruction. University of Alberta, Alberta.
  - 7) Longone,3. (1990). Teaching Retarded learners curriculum and methods for improving instruction. Allyn and becon Boston.
  - 8) Narayan, 3 & Kulty, A.T.T. (1989) Handbook for trainers of the mentally retarded persons. Prepriomary level. NIMH, Secunderabad.
  - 9) Peshwaria, R. and Venkatesan.5 (1992) Behavioural retarcied children A manual for teachers. NIMH, Secunderabad.
  - 10) Evans, P and Verma, V. (Eds.) (1990) Special Education. Past Present and Future. The "Faimer press.

- 11) Repp A.C.(1983) Teaching the Mentally Retarded New Jersey prentice hall.
- 12) King-Sears. H.E.(1994) curriculum based Assessment in Special Education san Diego Singular Publishing Group.
- 13) Pun, M & Sen A.K. (19989) Mentally Retarded children in India. New Delhi Mittal Publication.
- 14) Sharma, P. (1995). Basics on Development and growth of a child, New Delhi Reliance.
- 15) Narayan, J.Myreddi, V.Rao,S.(2002) Functional Assessment Checkilist for Programming SEcunderabad.NIMH.
- 16) Jeyachandaran, P. Vimala, V. (2000). Madras Developmental Programming system
- 17) Myreddi, V.& Narayan, J.FACP PMR, Secunderabad, NIMH.
- 18) Narayan, J.Graduate level Assessment Device for children with learning problems in Regular Schools, Secunderabad, NIMH.
- 19) Myreddi V.& Narayan.J. (19908). Functional Academics for students with mild mentalretardation, Secunderabad NIMH.
- 20) Narayan J.(1990). Towards idependence series 1 to 9 Secunderabad: NIMH.
- 21) Narayan. J. (2003) Educating children with learning problems in regular schools NIMH: Secunderabad.

### Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) First Semester – Syllabus

### Paper-105: Identification and Assessment of Persons with Mental Retardation

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### **OBJECTIVES:**

After completing the paper the Teacher Trainees will:

- Comprehend historical perspective, nature and needs and characteristics of persons with Mental Retardation
- > Describe classification and other associated conditions with Mental retardation
- > Describe various assessment tools, procedures and evaluation techniques
- Develop competence for assessment of adaptive behavior among children with Mental Retardation
- Understand psycho-social implications of Mental Retardation.

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### Unit-I: Mental Retardation - Nature, needs and Identification

- 1) Historical perspective of the concept of mental retardation
- 2) Definition of mental retardation AAMR, WHO (ICD), Legal definition in India used for certification, incidence and prevalence.
- 3) Classification of mental retardation medical, educational, psychological and characteristics.
- 4) Screening and identification of mental retardation in pre-school, school, adolescence and adulthood.
- 5) Characteristics of people with mild, moderate, Severe and profound MR.

### **Unit – II: Additional Impairments**

- 1) Introduction to associated conditions and educational implications.
- 2) Sensory impairments vision, hearing
- 3) Motor impairments cerebral palsy, congenital deformities, muscular dysfunction
- 4) Epilepsy
- 5) Emotional disorders and autism

### **Unit-III: Assessment and evaluation**

- 1) Assessment: concept and definition, purpose
- 2) Tools of assessment: tests (NRT, CRT, teacher made) observation and interview
- 3) Areas of Assessment psychological, educational, behavioral ecological and clinical assessment for varied ages and severity levels (Pre-School, School Level & Vocational).
- 4) Evaluation methods formative and summative
- 5) Interpretation of assessment results and program, reporting.

### **Unit – IV: Assessment and Adaptive Behavior**

- 1) Tools for assessment of adaptive behavior.
- 2) Assessment tools wit reference to India context
- 3) Assessment and interpretation of results in order to formulate a functional plan.
- 4) Documentation and recording.
- 5) Evaluation

### **Unit – V: Mental retardation – Social Perspective**

- 1) Mental retardation and mental illness-Differences
- 2) Mental retardation and its psycho-social aspects sexual problems/exploitation, delinquency, child labour, child abuse, rights and advocacy.
- 3) Misconceptions, social practices and constitutional provisions and their implications.
- 4) Legislation relating to services for mentally retarded children. Schemes and benefits provided government.
- **5)** Sex Education and Marriage, Support Intensity Scale, Vocational assessment, Transition from School to Work, Vocational training, Employment Models: Supported, Sheltered, Home Based, Self Employment, Inclusive)

### REFERENCES:

- 1) Overton.T(1992). Assessment in Special Education an Applied Approach New York McMillan.
- 2) Panda.K.C.(1997). Education of Exceptional Children New Delhi Vikas Publications.
- 3) Subba Rao, T.A.(1992). Manual on Developing Communication skills in mentally retarded persons, NIMH, Secunderbad.
- 4) Van Riper, C.A.and Emerick.L. (1990) Speech Correction-An introduction to speech pathology and Audiology. Eighth Edition. Prentice Hall.
- 5) TaylQ4, R.L (1993). Assessment of Exceptional Students Educational dn Psychological Procedures. Bosteon Allyn bacon.
- 6) Baine. D. (1988) Handicapped children in Developing Countries, Assessment Curriculum and Instruction. University of Alberta, Alberta.
- 7) Longone, 3. (1990). Teaching Retarded learners curriculum and methods for improving instruction. Allyn and becon Boston.
- 8) Narayan, 3 & Kulty, A.T.T. (1989) Handbook for trainers of the mentally retarded persons. Prepriomary level. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 9) Peshwaria, R. and Venkatesan.5 (1992) Behavioural retarcied children A manual for teachers. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 10) Evans, P and Verma, V. (Eds.) (1990) Special Education. Past Present and Future. The "Faimer press.
- 11) Repp A.C.(1983) Teaching the Mentally Retarded New Jersey prentice hall.
- 12) King-Sears. H.E.(1994) curriculum based Assessment in Special Education san Diego Singular Publishing Group.
- 13) Pun, M & Sen A.K. (19989) Mentally Retarded children in India. New Delhi Mittal Publication.
- 14) Sharma, P. (1995). Basics on Development and growth of a child, New Delhi Reliance.
- 15) Narayan, J.Myreddi, V.Rao,S.(2002) Functional Assessment Checkilist for Programming SEcunderabad.NIMH.
- 16) Jeyachandaran, P. Vimala, V. (2000). Madras Developmental Programming system
- 17) Myreddi, V.& Narayan, J.FACP PMR, Secunderabad, NIMH.
- 18) Narayan, J.Graduate level Assessment Device for children with learning problems in Regular Schools, Secunderabad, NIMH.
- 19) Myreddi V.& Narayan.J. (19908). Functional Academics for students with mild mentalretardation, Secunderabad NIMH.
- 20) Narayan J.(1990). Towards idependence series 1 to 9 Secunderabad: NIMH.
- 21) Narayan. J. (2003) Educating children with learning problems in regular schools NIMH: Secunderabad.

### Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) Second Semester – Syllabus Paper-201: Educational Planning and Management,

**Curriculum Designing and Research** 

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### **OBJECTIVES:**

After studying this paper, the student teachers are expected to realize the following objectives

- 1) Understand the meaning, and scope of educational management.
- 2) Understand the concept and meaning of curriculum and types of educational technology
- 3) Explain the concept, meaning scope and types of educational technology.
- 4) Describe the need and scope of educational research.
- 5) Discuss the meaning, scope and types of educational evaluation

#### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### **Unit-I: Educational Management**

- 1) Educational Management: meaning, need, scope, system approach, matrix Management
- 2) Concept and Principles of Institutional Planning and Management Admissions Zero rejection
- 3) Inspection and Supervision and mentoring
- 4) Institutional Organization, Administration, and Evaluation
- 5) Types of Leadership and Organizational Climate

### **Unit – II: Curriculum and Instructional Strategies**

- 1) Curriculum: Concept, Types and approaches.
- 2) Principles of curriculum development and disability wise curriculum adaptation and types of cocirricular activities, their importance and adaptations.
- 3) Curriculum Planning, implementation and evaluation in Special Education
- 4) Theories of instruction-Bruner and Gagne and approaches to instruction-cognitive, behavioural and electic.
- **5)** Design instruction-Macro design, Organizing individual, peer, small&large group instructions and TLM-Aids and Appliances.

### **Unit-III: Educational Technology**

- 1) Definition, meaning and scope of educational technology and Information & Communication Technology (ICT) and its impact on education.
- 2) Role and types of audio-visual aids in teaching and application of multi media in teaching and learning
- 3) Individualized instruction -Programmed instruction, computer assisted instruction and interactive learning.
- 4) Environmental modifications and use of assistive technology for persons with Disabilities& Barrier free environment.
- 5) TLM: Importance, need and guidelines on use of TLM with reference to various disabilities.

### Unit - IV: Educational Research

- 1) Educational Research : need and scope
- 2) Principles of Research in Education
- 3) Tools of Research
- 4) Types of Research
- 5) Type of Research in special education in Indian context

### **UNIT - V: Educational Evaluation:**

- 1) Meaning, scope and types of evaluation
- 2) Types of Tests
- 3) Characteristics and good test, construction of test, items for CRT, NRT, Teacher Made Test
- 4) Descriptive statistics, Measures of central tendency (Mean, Median, Mode), Measure of variability (Standard Derivation, Quartile Deviation)
- 5) Inferential statistics, correlation, rank other correlation, construction of different graphs and diagrams

### REFERENCES:

- 1) Cima M.Yeole. (\*1991), Educational Technology. Cima Myeole.
- 2) Dipika Bhadresh Shah, (1991). Educational Technology for developing teaching competence Gavendra Prakashan.
- 3) Jaganath Mohanty. (1998). Studies in Educational Broadcasting. San subscription agency.
- 4) Mangal K. (1990). Fundamentals of Educational Technology. Prakash Brothers
- 5) Ruhela Satyapal. (1991). Educational Technology, A systematic Text Book Associated Publishers.
- 6) Sita Ram Sharma & A.L.Vohra. (1993). Encyclopaedia of Educational Technology Anmol Publications.
- 7) Tara Chand (1992). Educational Technology Anmol Publication.
- 8) Aggarwal. Y.P. (1992) Research in Emerging Field of Education concepts, trends and prospects. New Delhi Sterling Publishers.
- 9) Aggarwal. Y.P. (1994). Better sampling. New Delhi Sterling Publishers.
- 10) Anand. S.P. (1996). RCEB Tools for secondary class students. Bhubaneswar Shovan.
- 11) Belok, Michael. V.(1993). Naturalistic Research Paradigms. Meerut: Anu Books.
- 12) Bush M.B. (1991). Fourth Survey of Research in Education. Vol-I and II, New Delhi NCERT.
- 13) Martyn, Hammersley. (1996). Case studies in classroom research. Philadelphia Open University Press.
- 14) Shukla. S.P. (1996). Elements of Educational Research. Bombay Allied Publishers (P) Ltd.
- 15) Young, Pauline. V. (1992). Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Bombay Asia Publishing House.
- 16) D.ES, (1982). Handicapped Pupil and Special schools, Regulations. London HMSO.
- 17) Govt. of India, Persons with disability Act, 1995
- 18) Evens, P. and Varma. V (1990) Special Education Past, Present and Future, the Falmer Press.London. Ch.4 & 14.
- 19) Zirpoli, T.J & Mellor, K.J. (1993) Behavior Management Application for Teachers and Parents Toronto Maxwell McMillan, Canada.

# Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) Second Semester – Syllabus Paper-202A(Elective): Methods of Teaching Mathematics

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### **OBJECTIVES:**

### The Course will enable the Student Teacher to:

- 1) Understand the aims, values and objectives of mathematics education
- 2) Identify the role of the branches of mathematics and their implication on the society.
- 3) Understand the relationship of mathematics with other subjects and the process and product of mathematics.
- 4) Translate the objectives of teaching mathematics in terms of expected behavioral outcomes in order to provide appropriate learning experiences.
- 5) Develop effective communicative skills.
- 6) Develop competency in teaching strategies., content and in the preparation of suitable teachinglearning materials.
- 7) Understand and practice various methods and techniques of teaching mathematics.
- 8) Assimilate the strategies of evaluation and design the tools of evaluation
- 9) Understand the impact of technology and fuse it in the teaching of mathematics
- 10) Become sensitized to the heads and interests of the students in Mathematics

### Unit-I: The Nature and Significance of Mathematics and Contributions of Great Mathematicians

1. Meaning and Nature of Mathematics Mathematics to a Mathematics Teacher 2. Importance of Knowledge of History of

3. Euclid,

4. Pythagoras,

5. George Cantor,

6. Rene-Descarte

7. Aryabhatta

8. Bhaskaracharya

9. Srinivasa Ramanujan

## Unit-II: Aims, Values and Objectives of Teaching Mathematics & Evolving Strategies For the Gifts Student and Slow Learners:

- 1) Inductive and Deductive approaches
- 2) Analytical Method, Synthetic Method, Heuristic Method, Laboratory Method and Project Method
- 3) Techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Oral work, Written work, Drill work Assignments, Means of Securing Speed and Accuracy
- 4) Gifted students in Mathematics Identification Enrichment Programmes
- 5) Slow Learners in Mathematics Identification Remedial Programmes

### **Unit-III: Approaches and Methods of Teaching Mathematics:**

- 1) Approaches to Mathematics Teaching: Inductive and Deductive
- 2) Methods of Teaching Mathematics: (a) lecture method (b) Lecture cum Demonstration Method (c) Analytic Method (d) Synthetic Method (e) Heuristic method (f) Project method (g) Laboratory method & (h) Problem Solving Method
- 3) Techniques of Teaching Mathematics: Oral work, Written work, Drill work Assignments, Means of Securing Speed and Accuracy
- 4) Learning Experiences: Characteristics, classification, sources and relevance

## Unit-IV: Planning for Effective Instruction in Mathematics and Mathematics Curriculum

- 1) Meaning and Purpose of Year Plan,
- 2) Meaning and purpose of Unit Plan
- 3) Meaning and Purpose of Lesson Plan.
- 4) Principles of Curriculum construction
- 5) Approaches to curriculum construction Logical, Psychological, Topical Concentric and Spiral, 6) Qualities of good Mathematics Text Book

### Unit-V: Non-formal Mathematics Education & Evaluation:

- 1) Mathematics Clubs
- 2) Mathematics Fairs purposes, levels, organization and advantages
- 3) Aesthetic Structure of Mathematics Order Pattern Sequence
- 4) Concept and process of Evaluation
- 5) Types of Evaluation Formative, Summative, Diagnostic and Prognostic
- 6) Tools and Techniques of Evaluation
- 7) Preparation of Scholastic Achievement Tests (SAT)
- 8) Analysis and interpretation of scores

### References:

- 1) Bloom, Benjamin S., Ed(1958): Taxonomy of Educational Objectives, Handook-1 Cognitive Domain, Harcourt Brace & World Inc., New York.
- 2) Krathwohl, David R., Ed(1984): Taxonomy of Educational Objectives, Handbook-II Affective Domain David Mckay, New York
- The Teaching of Secondary School Mathematics (1970): XXXIII Yearbook of NCTM, Washington.
- 4) W.Servais and T.Varga (1971): Teaching School Mathematics: AUNESCO Source booh, Penguin Books, UNESCO
- 5) Boyer, Carl B., (1969): A History of Mathematics, Wiley, New York
- 6) National Curriculum framework for teacher education 2000 (Document published by NCE.T),
- 7) Butter, C.H. and Wren, (1960): The Teaching of Secondary Mathematics, McGraw Hill Book Comp, New York
- 8) Siddhu, K.S.(1990): Teaching of Mathematics, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi
- 9) Mang! S.K. (1993): Teaching of Mathematics, Arya Book Depot, New Delhi
- 10) Krulik. S. and Weise, I.B. (1995): Teaching of Secondary School Mathematics, WB Saunders Company, London.

## Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) Second Semester – Syllabus B. (Flactice) Methods of Tanaking Biological Sci

### Paper-202B (Elective): Methods of Teaching Biological Sciences

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

This course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1) Understand the nature of science & science teaching
- 2) Understand the history and development of biological science
- 3) Acquire the knowledge of aims & values of teaching biological science
- 4) Acquire the knowledge of objectives of teaching biological science
- 5) Understand the various approaches & methods of teaching biological science
- 6) Develop the competence of preparing annual plan, unit plan and lesson plan
- 7) Acquire the knowledge of science laboratories, laboratory exercises & safety procedures in a science laboratory
- 8) Understand the curriculum development in science
- 9) Understand non-formal science education
- 10) Acquire mastery over the development and use of evaluation tools in science

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

## Unit-I: The Nature of Science & Science Teaching + History and Development of Biological Science;

- 1) The Nature and Scope of Science,
- 2) Substantive and Syntactic structure of Science
- 1) Role of Biological Science in human welfare
- 2) A brief introduction to Oriental and Western Sciences
- 3) Contributions of the following Scientists
  - a) Charles Darwin, (b) Aristotle (c) William Harvey (d) Robert Hook
  - e) Louis Pasteur (f) Alexander Fleming (g) J.C.Bose

### Unit – II: Aims, Values and Objectives of Teaching Biological Science

- 1) Aims of Teaching Biological Science,
- 2) Values of Teaching Biological Science
- 3) The Correction, of Biological Science and other Subjects
- 4) Meaning and importance of objectives
- 5) Booms Taxonomy of Educational Objectives and its Limitations
- 6) Writing instructional objectives and specifications

### Unit-III: Approaches and Methods of Teaching Biological Science & Palling for Effective Instruction:

- 3) Approaches to Science Teaching: Inductive and Deductive
- 4) Methods of Teaching Biological Science: (a) lecture method (b) Lecture cum Demonstration Method (c) Heuristic method (d) Project method and (e) Laboratory method, Scientific Method
- 5) Year Plan 4. Unit Plan 5. Lesson Plan: Herbartian and Bloom's Approach
- 4) Criteria for the evaluation of the lesson plan : self evaluation and peer evaluation
- 5) Learning Experiences: Characteristics, classification, sources and relevance

### Unit – IV: Science Laboratories & Science Curriculum

- 1) Importance of Practical work in Science
- 1) Planning of Science laboratories, procurement, care and mainte4nance of laboratory equipment, Registers, Management of safety and Science Kits.
- 2) Development of improvised apparatus
- 3) Principles of Curriculum Construction
- 4) Defects in the existing school Science curriculum
- 5) Qualities of good Science Text Book

### **UNIT – V: Non formal Science Education & Evaluation**

- 1) Science Clubs, 2) Science Fairs purposes, levels, organization, advantages
- 3) Science Library 4) Role of NGO's and State in popularizing Science
- 5) Concept and Process of Evaluation 6) Tools of Evaluation
- 7) Preparation of Scholastic Achievement Test (SAT)
- 8. Analysis and Interpretation of Scores

### References :

- 1) Aggarwal D.D. (2001): Modern Methods of Teaching Biology. Sarup Teaching Series. Sarup & Sons, New Delhi.
- 2) Bhaskara Rao, D. (2000): Teaching of Biology, Nagarjuna Publishers, Guntur
- 3) Bloom, Benjamin, S. Ed.(1958): Taxonomy of Educational Objectives, Handbook-I Cognitive Domain, Harcourt Brace & World Inc., New York
- 4) Chikara, M.S. and S.Sarma (1985): Teaching of Biology, Prakash Brothers, Ludhiana.
- 5) Clark Julia V. (1996): Redirecting Science Education. Corwin "Press Inc. California
- 6) Ediger, Marlow and D.B.Rao (2000): Teaching Science Successfully Discovery Publishing House New Delhi
- 7) Krathwohl, David R., Ed. (1964): Taxonomy of Educational Objectives, Handbook-II Affective Domain, David Mckay, New York
- 8) Mohan, Radha (1995): Innovative Science Teaching, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 9) New Unesco Source Book for Science Teaching (1978), Oxford & IBH, New Delhi
- 10) Sharma, R.C. & Shukla C.S. (2002): Modern Science Teaching Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (P) Ltd., Delhi.

## Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) Second Semester – Syllabus

Paper-202C (Elective): Methods of Teaching Social Studies

6 Credits 60 Hours 100 Marks

### **OBJECTIVES:**

This course will enable the student teachers to:

- 1) Initiate pupil-teachers to various concepts and technology of teaching of Social Studies
- 2) Develop in the pupil-teachers the ability to have an overview and integrate the knowledge drawn from various sources History, Geography, Civics, Sociology and Economics
- 3) Make student-teachers acquire knowledge and develop understanding about the various pedagogical principles involved in teaching of Social Studies
- 4) Develop in them an understanding of the principles of curriculum development, its transaction and evaluation
- 5) Equip them with the knowledge of application of such principles in teaching of specific content areas in Social Studies.
- 6) Enable them to utilize community resources as educational inputs.
- 7) Make the pupil-teachers realize that the success for teaching of Social Studies
- 8) Acquaint tries pupil-teachers about the skills to be developed among the pupils through teaching Social Studies.

### **COURSE CONTENT:**

### Unit-I: Nature, History & Development of Social Studies Education:

- 1) Nature and Scope of Social Studies
- 2) Social Sciences and Social Studies
- 3) Understanding Social Studies in relation to History, Geography, Civics and Economics
- 4) Development of Social Studies as school subject
- 5) Contemporary status of Social Studies Education in India

### **Unit – II: Aims, Values and Objectives of Social Studies**

- 1) General Aims of teaching Social Studies
- 2) Values of teaching Social Studies
- 3) Specific aims of reaching Social in relation to History, Geography, Civics, Economic
- 4) Objective of teaching social studies as school subject
- 5) Instructional objectives and specifications of teaching Social Studies
- 6) Bloom's Taxonomy of Educational objectives
- 7) Specific/Behavioral objectives
- 8) Limitations of Bloom's Taxonomy

# Unit-III: Instructional Planning and Approaches & Methods of Teaching Social Studies:

- 1) Planning for effective Instruction in Social Studies
- 2) Year Plan 3) Unit Plan 4) Lesson Plan
- 5) Learning experiences Characteristics, classification, sources and relevance
- 6) Need for instructional strategies in teaching social studies
- 7) Lecture –cum-Demonstration method, project and problem solving method, source method, Socialized recitation, Supervisor study and Team Teaching

3) Study Circles

# **Unit IV: Resource and Equipment & Non-formal Social Studies Education**

- 1) Library and Laboratory 2) Museum
- 4) Community resources, 5) Social Studies Clubs
- 6) Conduct of modal parliament
- 7) Field trips, excursions, 8) Current affairs and controversial issues

#### Unit V: Social Studies Curriculum & Evaluation

- 1) Social Studies Curriculum based on national and state policies
- 2) Principles of Curriculum construction
- 3) Organizing Social Studies Curriculum correlation, integration, concentric spiral, unit and chronological approaches
- 4) Qualities of good social studies text book
- 5) Need for Handbook for teacher and work book for learner
- 6) Concept and Purpose of evolution
- 7) Formative and Summative evaluation
- 8) Tools of Evaluation
- 9) Preparation of SAT
- 10) Analysis and interpretation of Scores

# References :

- 1) Bining, A.C. & Building, D.H. (1952): Teaching Social Studies in Secondary Schools; Third Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., Bombay
- 2) Edgar, B.W.& Staneiy , P.W.(1958) : Teaching Social Studies in High Schools', Fourth Edition, Heath and Company, Boston D.C.
- 3) Benjamin, S.B. J.Thomas. H & George, F.M. (1971): Handbook on Formative and Summative Evaluation of Student Learning McGraw Hill Book Company, New York
- 4) ASgarwal J.C. (1993): Teaching of Social Studies –A Practical Approach: Second Revised Edition, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., New York
- 5) Kcchhar, S.K. (19989): The Teaching of Social Studies: Streling Publishers Pvt. Ltd., New York
- 6) Telugu Academy (1999): B.Ed., Social Studies Teaching Methods, Hyderabad
- 7) NCERT (1974), Teaching History in Secondary Schools, New York
- 8) Kochhar (1990), S.K., The Teaching of Social Studies, Sterling, New Delhi

# Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation) Second SemesterPAPER 203

# METHODLOGY OF TEACHING CHILDREN WITH LEARNING DIFFICULTIES IN AN INCLUSIVE SET UP

# Objectives:

After completing the paper the students will:

- Develop competency to screen, Assessment of students with learning difficulties
- Develop competency in planning and implementing special education methodology and training for students with learning difficulties
- Develop competency in curriculum adaptations and implementing remedial education methodology for students with learning difficulties
- Organize Resource Rooms for students with learning difficulties

#### **Unit 1:** Identification of children with Learning Problems

- 1.1 Educational challenges faced by children with MR, SLD, Emotional disturbances, ADHD/ADD, Autism, Sensory Disabilities and Locomotor Disabilities in the regular classroom
- 1.2 Process of Learning: Analyzing and locating areas of difficulty in the process of learning
- 1.3 Gathering Information: Teachers, Parents, Notebooks, Exam results
- 1.4 Screening and Assessment: Formal and Informal
- 1.5 Preparing a Report

#### Unit 2: Organization of Resource Room

- 5.1 Orientation to regular school administration relevance and importance.
- 5.2 Training and coordination with regular education system
- 5.3 Organizing resource rooms methods and material
- 5.4 Coordination with families, evaluation provisions
- 5.5 Record maintenance
- 5.6 Developing a functional curriculum and designing IEP
- 5.7 Scheduling for individual and group instruction

#### **Unit 3**: Organization and Development of an Inclusive Education Program

- 3.1 Sensitization of school staff at different levels
- 3.2 Sensitization of parents and community
- 3.3 Sensitization of regular students
- 3.4 Creating a barrier free environment (provisions for students with visual and Hearing Impairments)
- 3.5 Strategies to facilitate inclusion between regular and special needs students.

# **Unit 4:** Methodology of teaching Language

- 2.1 Assessment- formal, informal methods
- 2.2 modification of the curriculum
- 2.3 Planning a program
- 2.4 Instructional strategies / resources
- 2.5 Evaluation

# **Unit 5**: Methodology of Teaching Maths and concepts

- 3.1 Assessment- formal, informal methods
- 2.2 modification of the curriculum
- 2.3 Planning a program
- 2.4 Instructional strategies / resources
- 2.5 Evaluation

#### **Reference books**

- 1. Cark, G.M. & Kostoe, O.P. (1995) Career development and transition education for adolescents with disabilities (2nd edition). Boston: Allyn & Bacon
- 2. Eaves, R.C. & Mc Laughin, P.J. (1993) Recent advances in special education and rehabilitation. Boston: Andover Medical Publishers.
- 3. King Sears, M.E. (1994) Curriculum based assessment in special education. San Diego: Singular Publishing Group, Inc.
- 4. Mann, P.H., Suiter, P.A. & Mc Clung, R.M. (1992) A guide for educating mainstreamed students. Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- 5. Narayan, J & Kutty, A.T.T. (1989) Handbook for trainers of the mentally retarded persons- Pre-primary level. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 6. Shell, M.E.(1993). Instruction of students with severe disabilities (4th edition). Toronto: Maxwell Macmillan Canada.
- 7. West, C.K., Farmer, J.A. & Wolff, P.M. (1991). Instructional design.

  Implications from cognitive science. Englewood Cliffs (New Jersey): Prentice Hall.

## Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam

# **B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation)**

#### **Second Semester**

#### PAPER-204: MENTAL RETARDATION - ITS MULTIDISCIPLINARY ASPECT

After completing the paper the Teacher Trainee will:

- Comprehend the Physiological aspect of Mental Retardation
- Comprehend Motor Developmental aspects in Mental Retardation
- Develop competency in enhancing communication skills among children with Mental Retardation
- Demonstrate competency in working with multi-disciplinary team
- Narrate the procedure to provide refl, networking as well services to MR children

#### **Course Content:**

# **Unit 1:** Physiological Aspects

- 1.1 Neurological aspects Autonomous Nervous System, Central Nervous System, Peripheral Nervous System.
- 1.2 Associated Impairments Cerebral Palsy, Epilepsy, ADD, ADDH, Autism.
- 1.3 Genetic aspects
- 1.4 Endocrinal influences
- 1.5 Preventive measures

#### **Unit 2**: Developmental and Behavioural Aspects in Relation to Mental Retardation

- 2.1 Developmental stages Physical, social, cognitive, language, emotional and moral.
- 2.2 Developmental delays and their implications in the life cycle
- 2.3 Adaptive deficits self-help areas, emotional, social cognitive and language areas
- 2.4 Behaviour Management: Functional analysis and strategies for intervention
- 2.5 Management of behaviour problems in the home. Ethical Issues in behaviour management

## **Unit 3:** Communication Aspects

- 3.1 Language, Speech and Communication: Concept and Definition
- 3.2 Speech Disorders: Types and Intervention
- 3.3 Language: Components Disorders and Intervention
- 3.4 Communication: Prerequisite skills, process, and disorders and intervention
- 3.5 Modes of communication: Alternative and Augmentative

# **Unit 4:** Motor Aspects

- 4.1 Gross motor and fine motor development and impairments
- 4.2 Neuromotor, eye-hand, sensory motor, perceptual motor difficulties
- 4.3 Locomotor/mobility related problems
- 4.4 Physiotherapy, occupational therapy their implications and adaptations in classroom management
- 4.5 Activities to enhance motor functions in children with mental retardation

# **Unit 5:** Working with multi-Disciplinary Team & CBR

- 5.1 Personnel and parents involved in multi-disciplinary team
- 5.2 Nature of coordination with multi-disciplinary team
- 5.3 Referral agencies, linkages, networking and follow-up
- 5.4 Empowerment of families and mobilization of support
- 5.5 Need for inter-departmental linkages at State and national levels in the services for mentally Retarded children
- 5.6 Community Based Rehabilitation Concept, scope, models.
- 5.7 Role of parents, general and special educators and a social worker

# **Reference books**

- 1. Overton, T. (1992). Assessment in Special Education An Applied Approach. New York McMillan.
- 2. Panda, K.C. (1997). Education of Exceptional Children. New Delhi Vikas Publications.
- 3. Subba Rao, T.A. (1992). Manual on Developing Communication Skills in Mentally Retarded Persons, NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 4. Van Riper, C.A. and Emerick. L. (1990), Speech Correction-An introduction to speech pathology and Audiology. Eighth Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Taylor, R.L. (1993). Assessment of Exceptional Students Educational and Psychological Procedures. Boston: Allyn & Bacon
- 6. Baine, D. (1988) Handicapped Children in Developing Countries, Assessment, Curriculum and Instruction. University of Alberta, Alberta.
- 7. Longone, 3. (1990). Teaching Retarded learners Curriculum and Methods for improving instruction. Boston: Allyn & Bacon
- 8. Narayan, J. & Kutty, A.T.T. (1989) Handbook for Trainers of the Mentally Retarded persons Pre-primary level. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 9. Peshwaria, R. and Venkatesan. 5. (1992) Behavioural retarded children: A manual for Teachers. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 10, Evans, P and Verma, V. (Eds.) (1990) Special Education. Past Present and Future. The Faimer Press.
- 11. Repp. A.C. (1983) Teaching the Mentally Retarded, New Jersey, Prentice Hall
- 12. King-Sears, H.E. (1994) Curriculum Based Assessment in Special Education. San Diego: Singular Publishing Group.
- 13. Pun, M. & Sen A.K. (1989) Mentally Retarded Children in India. New Delhi : Mittal Publication.
- 14. Sharma, P. (1995). Basics on Development and Growth of a child, New Delhi, Reliance.
- 15. Narayan, J. (1999). Skill Training Series 1-9, NIMH Secunderabad.
- 16. Myreddi, V. & Narayan, J. (2000). Functional Academics for Students with Mental Retardation, NIMH Secunderabad.

- 17. Myreddi V. & Narayan J. (1998). Functional Academics for students with mild mental retardation, NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 18. Narayan J. (1990). Towards independence series 1 to 9. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 19. Narayan J. (2003) Educating children with learning problems in regular schools NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 20. Video Films. (2002). Help them learn make it easy. NIMH, Secunderabad

## Dr.B.R.Ambedkar University, Srikakulam

# **B.Ed. Special Education (Mental Retardation)**

#### **Second Semester**

#### **PAPER-205 CURRICULUM AND TEACHING STRATEGIES**

60 Hrs

After completing of the paper the Teacher Trainees will:

- Develop curricular guidance and instructional methods for children with MR
- Select the appropriate content area for various age level and severity levels
- Formulate the IEP and apply suitable strategy for the given group of children with Mental Retardation
- Demonstrate competency to train children with Mental Retardation in different co- Curricular activity
- Describe various educational provisions available for Mental Retardation children

#### **Course Content**

### **Unit 1**: Curriculum Development

- 1.1 Curriculum: Concept, Definition, and aims
- 1.2 Principles of Curriculum Development
- 1.3 Approaches to Curriculum: Developmental, Ecological and Functional
- 1.4 Adaptation of curriculum
- 1.5 Emerging trends in Curriculum Development.

#### **Unit 2:** Development of Educational program

- 2.1 Instructional Design
- 2.2 Individualized educational Plan: Need and components
- 2.3 Development of goals: Long term, short term and specific objectives
- 2.4 Evaluation of Goals and Maintenance of Records
- 2.5 Conducting an IEP meeting

# **Unit 3:** Curriculum Content - Various Stages

- 3.1 Infancy (0-3years) Early intervention Preschool (3-6years) Sensory motor, Self help skills, Motor training, Communication and Socialization, Pre-academic skills
- 3.2 Functional Academics
- 3.3 School Level( 6-15years) Self help skills, Communication, Gross and fine motor skills, Functional academics, possibility of academic integration, concept of National Open School, functional communication, pre-vocation skills, social competency skills, pre-employment and occupational skills, domestic skills –
- 3.4 Prevocational (15- 18)years National Institute of Open School,
  Prevocational skills
- Severe and Profound Retardation: Self help, Mobility, Communication,
   Leisure and Recreational, Prevocational/Vocational

# **Unit 4:** Teaching Strategies

- 4.1 Principles of Teaching in Special Education
- 4.2 Stages: in Learning: Acquisition Maintenance and Generalization,Concept Learning Matching, Identification and Generalization
- 4.3 Teaching Approaches: Multi Sensory Approach VAKT, Behavioral Approach –Task Analysis, Chaining, Modeling, Shaping, Prompting and fading Reinforcement, Cognitive Approach - Cognitive Behavior Modification
- 4.4 Other Instructional Methods: Role play, Music, Art, Drama, Field trips
- 4.5 Teaching strategies for Severe and Profound Mentally Retarded: Task analysis, Positioning and handling, Adaptation of teaching learning materials, Re-structuring of the learning environment, use of Alternative and Augmentative devices

#### **Unit 5**: Co-Curricular Activities and Educational Provisions

- 5.1 Relevance and Importance of co curricular skills
- 5.2 Visual Arts (arts and crafts) and stimulation material
- 5.3 Performing Arts (dance, music, drama, mimicry, puppetry)
- 5.4 Physical education, yoga, play, sports and games, Leisure skills and recreational activities

- 5.5 Emerging trends and activities Special Olympics, very special arts, special youth festivals, Special national and international day
- 5.6 Concept of normalization, integration, mainstreaming and inclusive education Their Implications in educational program and Placement Options: Special schools, residential schools, Special class in mainstream
- 5.7 Settings, Itinerant and Resource Room and Vocational Training and Rehabilitation and Inclusive Model: SSA and NIOS
- 5.8 Social benefits and Schemes State and Central governments, NGOs.

# Reference books

- 1. Overton, T. (1992). Assessment in Special Education An Applied Approach. New York McMillan.
- 2. Panda, K.C. (1997). Education of Exceptional Children. New Delhi Vikas Publications.
- 3. Subba Rao, T.A, (1992). Manual on Developing Communication Skills in Mentally Retarded Persons, NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 4. Van Riper, C.A. and Emerick, L. (1990), Speech Correction-An introduction to speech pathology and audiology. Eighth Edition, Prentice Hall.
- 5. Taylor, R.L. (1993). Assessment of Exceptional Students Educational and Psychological Procedures. Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- Baine, D. (1988) Handicapped Children in Developing Countries, Assessment, Curriculum and Instruction. University of Alberta, Alberta.
- 7. Longone, J. (1990). Teaching Retarded learners Curriculum and Methods for improving instruction. Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- 8. Narayan, J. & Kutty, A.T.T. (1989) Handbook for Trainers of the Mentally Retarded persons Pre-primary level. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 9. Peshwaria, R. and Venkatesan. S. (1992) Behaviour of retarded children: A manual for Teachers. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 10. Evans, P and Verma, V. (Eds.) (1990) Special Education. Past Present and Future. The Faimer Press.
- 11. Repp. A.C. (1983) Teaching the Mentally Retarded, New Jersey, Prentice Hall

- 12. King-Sears, H.E. (1994) Curriculum Based Assessment in Special Education. San Diego Singular Publishing Group.
- 13. Pun, M. & Sen A.K. (1989) Mentally Retarded Children in India. New Delhi Mittal Publication
- 14. Sharma, P. (1995). Basics on Development and Growth of a child, New Delhi Reliance.
- 15. Narayan, J. (1999). Skill Training Series 1-9. NIMH, Secunderabad,
- 16. Myreddi, V. & Narayan, J. (2000). Functional Academics for Students with Mental Retardation, NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 17. Myreddi V. & Narayan J. (1998). Functional Academics for students with mild mental retardation, NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 18. Narayan J. (1990). Towards independence series 1 to 9. Secunderabad : NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 19. Narayan J. (2003) Educating children with learning problems in regular schools. NIMH, Secunderabad.
- 20. Video Films. (2002). Help them learn make it easy. NIMH, Secunderabad.

# MODEL QUESTION PAPER

	SEMESTER	
PAPER No	& TITLE:	
TIME: 3 H	Hrs	Max Marks: 85
	SECTION – A	
	Question No.1 is Compulsory	
	Answer ALL questions	
	Each answer shall not exceed one page or 200	
1.		(5 x 5 = 25)
A.		
В. С.		
D.		
E.		
	<u>SECTION – B</u>	
	Answer ALL questions	
	Each answer shall not exceed five page or 1000	words
		(5 x 12 = 60)
2.	UNIT-I	
z. Oı	r	
3.		
	UNIT-II	
4.		
<b>O</b> I	r	
5.	LINIT III	
6.	UNIT-III	
O:	r	
7.		
	UNIT-IV	
8.		
9.	r	
9.	UNIT-V	
10.	OHII V	
O:	r	
11.		