

## MODEL PRACTICE SET

# INTELLIGENCE BUREAU INTELLIGENCE OFFICER EXAM

## GENERAL KNOWLEDGE. **REASONING & ARITHMETIC**

- 1. Most of the Harappan inscriptions were recorded on-
  - (1) seals
  - (2) bricks
  - (3) bronze plates
  - (4) rocks
- 2. Who founded Patliputra?

(4) Mahapadma Nand

- (I) Ashoka
- (2) Bimbisara
- (3) Udayin
- 3. Who introduced the iqtadari system?
  - (1) Balban
  - (2) Allauddin Khilji
  - (3) Firoz Shah Tughlaq
  - (4) Iltutmish
- 4. The Indian Space Research Organization is in-
  - (1) Trivandrum
  - (2) Bangalore
  - (4) Sriharikota (3) Thumba
- 5. Which kind of power accounts for the largest share of power generation in India?
  - (1) hydro electricity
  - (2) thermal
  - (3) nuclear
  - (4) solar
- 6. The largest number of cotton textile mills is,in-
  - (1) Maharashtra
  - (2) Gujarat
    - (3) Tamil Nadu
  - (4) Karnataka
- 7. Who among the following Presidents held office for two consecutive terms?
  - (1) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
  - (2) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
  - (3) Dr. Zakir Hussain
  - (4) Both (1) and (2)
- 8. How many types of emergencies have been envisaged by the Constitution?
  - (1) Only one (2) Two
  - (3) Three
- (4) Four

- 9. Who is legally competent to declare war or conclude peace?
  - (1) The Parliament
  - (2) The President
  - (3) The Council of Ministers
  - (4) Prime Minister
- 10. 'World Environment Day' is on-
  - (1) 15th June
  - (2) 10th May
  - (3) 5th June
  - (4) 10th December
- 11. Under the Indian Constitution. concentration of wealth violates-
  - (1) the right to equality
  - (2) the directive principles
  - (3) the right to freedom
  - (4) the concept of welfare state
- 12. The disease "Beri Beri" is caused by the deficiency of-
  - (1) iodine
- (2) hormones
- (3) iron
- (4) vitamin-B
- 13. The substance coated on plastic tape recorder tapes is-
  - (1) Zink oxide
  - (2) Magnesium oxide
  - (3) Iron sulphate
  - (4) Iron oxide
- 14. The inside of a photographic camera is coated black to avoid-
  - (1) scattering of light
  - (2) total internal reflection of light
  - (3) reflection of light
  - (4) absorption of light
- 15. Muscle fatigue occurs due to the accumulation of-
  - (1) pyruvic acid
  - (2) lactic acid
  - (3) oxalacetic acid
  - (4) uric acid
- 16. The Venue for Olymics in 2012 is-
  - (1) Athens
  - (3) London
- (4) New Delhi

(2) Seoul

- 17. Which state produces maximum Sovabean in India?
  - (1) Madhya Pradesh
  - (2) Uttar Pradesh
  - (3) Bihar
  - (4) Rajasthan

- 18. Which of the following combination of category - winner is not about the 56th National Film Award which were announced on January 23, 2010?
  - (1) Best Feature Film Antaheen
  - (2) Best Actress Katrina Kaif
  - (3) Best Actor Upendra Limaye
  - (4) Best Popular Film
    - Ove Lucky ! Lucky Oye !
- 19. Which state at present ranks first in milk production in India?
  - (1) Haryana
  - (2) Punjab
  - (3) Rajasthan
  - (4) Uttar Pradesh
- 20. What was the field of Sunderrajan Committee?
  - (1) Petroleum
  - (2) Small Industry
  - (3) Education
  - (4) Power
- 21. Every resource available on the web has an address that may-
  - (1) URI
  - (2) HTTP (3) both (1) and (2)
  - (4) None of these
- 22. The process of a computer receiving information from a server on the Internet is known as
  - (1) pulling (2) pushing
  - (3) downloading
  - (4) transferring
- 23. What is Modem?
  - (1) Transister (2) Vacuum tube
  - (3) Modulating and demodulating device
  - (4) None of these
- 24. The first English factory in India was established at-
  - (2) Surat (1) Bombay
  - (3) Hooghly (4) Calcutta
- 25. Ain-i-Dehsala was introduced as a method of assessment of land revenue by-
  - (1) Sher Shah
  - (2) Shahjahan
  - (3) Akbar
  - (4) Aurangzeb

- 26. Who among the following was the founder of the Khudai Khidmatgar organisation?
  - (1) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
  - (2) Abdul Rab Nistar
  - (3) Shaukatullah Ansari
  - (4) Khan Abdul Quayum Khan
- 27. Who committed the most daring murder in 1907 of Sir Curzon Wyllie at a public meeting in London?
  - (1) BN Dutta
  - (2) M L Dhingra
  - (3) Sardar Ajit Singh
  - (4) S C Chatterjee
- 28. Who among the following won the Indian Science Congress Award on January 3, 2010?
  - (1) CR Rao
  - (2) SM Saha
  - (3) A Jayakı ishnan
  - (4) UR Rao
- 29. The Minorities Commission was given statutory status in-
  - (1) 1989
- (2) 1990
- (3) 1991
- (4) 1992
- 30. Who is responsible for keeping the voters list upto date at all
  - (1) The President
  - (2) The Election Commission
  - (3) The Union Home Ministry
  - (4) All the above
- 31. The code of conduct of political parties during elections is prescribed by the-
  - (1) President of India
  - (2) Union Cabinet
  - (3) Election Commission
  - (4) Speaker of Lok Sabha in consultation with all the recognised political parties
- 32. The Mehsana breed of buffalo is found maily in-
  - (1) Punjab
  - (2) Gujarat
  - (3) Uttar Pradesh
  - (4) Haryana
- 33. Which of the following has the oldest rocks in the country?
  - (1) the Himalayas
  - (2) the Aravallis
  - (3) the Indo-Gangetic plain
  - (4) the Siwaliks
- 34. The leeward side of a mountain which does not receive rain is known as the-

- (1) dry zone
- (2) desert area
- (3) rain-shadow area
- (4) adiabatically dry area
- 35. Which Industry provides jobs to the maximum number of people:
  - (1) iron and steel
  - (2) cotton textile
  - (3) sugar industry
  - (4) tea processing
- 36. Which of the following breeds of chicken is the most prolific egg layer in the world?
  - (1) Astro White
  - (2) Brahma
  - (3) Black Minorka
  - (4) White Leghorn
- 37. Which of the following won the Dr. BC Roy Trophy in the Junior (Under-19) National football championship in Mandya, Karnataka on January 10, 2010?
  - (2) Karnataka (1) Orissa
    - (4) Kerala
  - (3) Manipur
- 38. Human T-cell leukemia virus is knwon to cause-
  - (1) blood cancer
  - (2) AIDS
  - (3) cerebral haemorrhage
  - (4) hepatitis
- 39. Heroin can be prepared by acetylation of-
  - (1) reserpine
  - (2) morphine
  - (3) salicylic acid
  - (4) guanine
- 40. The pair of metals used in the manufacture of stainless steel
  - (1) chromium and steel
  - (2) zink and iron
  - (3) copper and iron
  - (4) iron and chromium
- 41. The substance that contains the maximum amount of nitrogen is-
  - (1) Urea
  - (2) Ammonium sulphate
  - (3) Ammonium nitrate
  - (4) Ammonium chloride
- 42. The centre option of the top right in a window screen is:
  - (1) Maximize (2) Minimize
  - (3) Close
- (4) Help
- 43. The extension of a screen saver file is-

- (1) bmp
- (2) pic
- (3) sct
- (4) no extension at all
- 44. Burj Dubai, the world's tallest structure was opened in Dubai on January 4, 2010. What is the height of this structure?
  - (1) 825 metres
  - (2) 826 metres
  - (3) 828 metres
  - (4) 832 metres
- 45. The difference between GDP and NDP is-
  - (1) Government revenue
  - (2) Net indirect Tax
  - (3) Consumption of fixed capital
  - (4) Net capital formation
- 46. What is Green Gold?
  - (1) Tea
- (2) Coffee
- (3) Gold (4) Ricc
- 47. The Quit India Movement was organised in-
  - (1) 1930
- (2) 1940
- (3) 1942
- (4) 1947
- 48. "Raitarangini" written by Kalhan
  - (1) a history of Kashmir
  - (2) an anthology of lyrics
  - (3) Both (1) and (2)
  - (4) None of these
- 49. Individual Civil Disobedience movement was launched in-
  - (1) 1942
- (2) 1945
- (3) 1940(4) 1946
- 50. Acetyl salicylic acid is commor. ly use as-
  - (1) tear gas
  - (2) a fertiliser ·

  - (3) a pain killer (4) a sedative
- 51. Which of the following Fundamental Rights is not included under the heading Right to equality in the Indian Constitu-
  - (1) Prohibition of discrimination on grounds only of religion, race, caste, sex or place of
  - (2) Abolition of untouchability
  - (3) Abolition of titles
  - (4) Protection of life and personal liberty
- 52. Which of the following Fundamental Rights is included under the heading 'Right to freedom' in the Constitution?

- (1) Freedom of conscience
- (2) Freedom to manage religious affairs
- (3) Freedom of movement
- (4) Freedom as to payment of taxes for promotion of any particular religion
- 53. Which Article of the Constitution contains provisions for the imposition of press censorship?
  - (1) Art. 19
  - (2) read with Art. 19(1)
  - (2) Art. 32
  - (3) Art. 29 (4) Art. 19(6)
- 54. The judicial power of the President refers to—
  - (1) his power to grant pardon etc.
  - (2) his power to refer to the Supreme Court for its opinion in respect of a question of law or fact
  - (3) his power to appoint Judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts
  - (4) All of the above powers
- 55. Longest cell in human body are-
  - (1) Nerve cells
  - (2) Bone cells
  - (3) Leg muscle cells
  - (4) Heart muscle cells
- 56. In DNA, adenine pairs with-
  - (1) Guanine (2) Thymine
  - (3) Cytosine (4) Uracil
- 57. The site of glycolysis is-
  - (1) Mitochondria
  - (2) Cytoplasm
  - (3) Endoplasmic Reticulum
  - (4) Ribosomes
- 58. Name of fastest enzyme is:
  - (1) Urease (2) Sucrose
  - (3) Carbonic anhydrase
  - (4) None of these
- The term 'antibiotic' was first used by—
  - (1) Fleming (2) F
    - (2) Pasteur
  - (3) Lister (4) Waksman
- 60. Phycology deals with study of:
  - (1) Algae
- (2) Fungi
- (3) Microbes (4) Bacteria
- 61. Largest and heaviest mammal of the world is:
  - (I) Elephant (2) Tiger
  - (3) Lion
- (4) Blue whale
- When population reaches carrying capacity—

- (1) Mortality Rate > Birth Rate
- (2) Mortality Rate < Birth Rate
- (3) Mortality Rate = Birth Rate
- (4) None of these
- National park associated with Rhinoceros is—
  - (1) Ranthambore
  - (2) Kaziranga
  - (3) Carbett
  - (4) Valley of flowers
- 64. Wood is a common name of-
  - (1) Phloem (2) Cambium
  - (3) Vascular bundles
  - (4) Secondary Xylem
- Kautilya's Arthashastra is a book on—
  - (1) Foreign affairs
  - (2) Principles and practises of statecraft
  - (3) Economic relations
  - (4) Duties of the king
- 66. Generally the Prime Minister is-
  - (1) The senior most member of the Parliament
  - (2) The leader of the largest Party in the Lok Sabha
  - (3) A close friend of the President
- (4) Only a member of Parliament
- 67. Water Pollution is caused by:
  - (1) Sodium chloride
    - (2) Calcium
    - (3) Industrial wastes
    - (4) Molasses
- 68. \_\_ and India, on January 5, 2010, agreed to resolve outstanding issues relating to water sharing and jointly start work for the protection of banks of the common rivers.
  - (1) Nepal
- (2) Pakistan
- (3) China
- (4) Bangladesh
- 69. The heating element in an electric heater is made of \_\_\_\_
  - (1) Copper
- (2) Tungsten
- (3) Nichrome (4) Iron
- 70. What is needed or creating demand?
  - (1) Production
  - (2) Price
  - (3) Import
- (4) Income
- 71. The U.S., on January 20, 2010, designated al-Qaeda in the Arabian Peninsula as a terrorist organisation and called upon the United Nations to follow suit under the Resolution \_\_.

- (1) 1110
- (2) 1267
- (3) 1367
- (4) 1455
- 72. The three primary colours are-
  - (1) blue, yellow and red
  - (2) yellow, orange and red
  - (3) blue, green and red
  - (4) violet, indigo and blue
- **73.** The dreaded human disease, syphlis is caused by:
  - (1) A bacterium
  - (2) Fungus
  - (3) Virus
  - (4) An animal parasite
- 74. Chairman of Tax reforms committee was—
  - (1) P. Mukherjee
  - (2) S. Jankiraman
  - (3) K. P. Narsimhan
  - (4) Kelkar
- 75. Indian Green Revolution is the most successful in:
  - (1) Tea and Coffee
  - (2) Wheat and Rice
  - (3) Wheat and Potato
  - (4) Jwar and Oil seeds
- 76. India is not a member of:
  - (1) G-15
  - (2) UNO
  - (3) ASEAN
  - (4) Commonwealth
- 77. Which one of the following is against concentration gradient:
  - (1) Transpiration
  - (2) Diffusion
  - (3) Osmosis
  - (4) Translocation
- Dental formula of adult human is—
  - 1) 2122
- (2)  $\frac{211}{211}$
- (3) 2123
- $(4) \frac{2123}{2123}$
- 79. Each human kidney has nearly—
  - (1) 10,000 nephrons
  - (2) 50,000 nephrons
  - (3) 1,00,000 nephrons
  - (4) 2 million nephrons
- 80. Which cells stop dividing after birth—

81. Parkinsonismis a defect of :

- (1) Gleal
- (2) Liver
- (3) Neuron
- (4) Epithelium
- (1) Brain
- (2) Kidney
- (3) Liver
- (4) All

- 82. Deficiency in the activity of adrenal cortex leads to:
  - (1) Addison's disease
  - (2) Simmond's disease
  - (3) Cohn's syndrome
  - (4) Cushing's disease
- 83. The science of Ageing is called -
  - (1) Chronology
  - (2) Odontolgy
  - (3) Gynecology
  - (4) Gerontology
- A pair of contrasting character is called—
  - (1) Genotype
  - (2) Phenotype
  - (3) Allele
  - (4) Gene
- 85. Match the List-I with List-II and select the correct answer using the codes given below the Lists:

## List I (Authors)

- A. Mahatma Gandhi
- B. Ram Manohar Lohia
- C. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- D. Abul Kalam Azad

#### List II (Books)

- 1. India Divided
- 2. India Wins Freedom
- 3. Hind Swaraj
- 4. The Wheel of History

	Α	B	C	D
(1)	1	3	4	2
(2)	4	3	2	1
(3)	3	4	1	2
(4)	9	2	1	. 1

- 86. The Chief constituent of Gobar gas is:
  - (1) Hydrogen (2) Nitrogen
  - (3) Ethane (4) Methane
- 87. Ozone present in ozone layer of the atmosphere is important because—
  - It gives oxygen on dissociation
  - (2) It shields other gases
  - (3) It helps in growth of plants by absorbing a large proportion of the sun's ultra violet radiations
  - (4) None of these
- **88.** Finance Commission is appointed by the President under article-
  - (1) 256 of constitution
  - (2) 280 of constitution
  - (3) 293 of constitution
  - (4) 243 of constitution

- 89. As per the data released by the Indian Institute of Foreign Trade on January 1, 2010, imports declined by \_\_per cent to \$22.88 billion in November 2009.
  - (1) 2.6 (3) 4.8
- (2) 3.3 (4) 5.5
- 90. Who said these words at the time of quit India movement-'Do or
  - (1) Mahatma Gandhi
  - (2) J.L. Nehru
  - (3) Sardar Patel
  - (4) Subhash Bose
- Galvanised iron is coated with a thin coating of
  - (1) Copper
- (2) Tin
- (3) Zinc
- (4) Aluminium
- 92. Which of the following is not a Fundamental Right?
  - (1) Right to equality
  - (2) Right to property
  - (3) Right against exploitation
  - (4) Right to freedom of speech
- 93. Who has been conferred the prestigious Asia Society leader-ship award?
  - (1) Anil Ambani
  - (2) Mukesh Ambani
  - (3) Narayan Murthy
  - (4) Kumaramanglam Birla
- 94. Which of the following bodies finalises the Five-Year Plan proposals?
  - (1) Planning Commission
  - (2) Union Cabinet
  - (3) National Development Council
  - (4) Ministry of Planning
- First harmone produce artificially by culturing bacteria is—
  - (1) Testoscrive
  - (2) Insulin (3) Thycomine
  - (4) Adrenaline
- 96. Both B and T-cells of immune system are produce in:
  - (1) Spleen
  - (2) Lymphoid tissue
  - (3) Bone marrow
  - (4) Thymus -
- 97. Which of the following is wrongly matched?
  - (1) Primary cell-Produces electric current by irreversible chemical reaction
  - (2) Secondary cell-Produces electric current by reversible chemical reaction

- (3) Accumulator–Electrolyte is in paste form
- (4) Dry cell-Central carbon rod acts as anode
- In nuclear fission 1 mg. of U<sup>235</sup> disappears. The energy released is—
  - (1) 9 x 10<sup>17</sup>ergs
  - (2)  $3 \times 10^{10}$  ergs
  - (3)  $9 \times 10^{20}$  ergs
  - (4)  $9 \times 10^{10}$  ergs
- **99.** Dual nature of matter means, it has both wave and particle properties. Wave property becomes more prominent:
  - (1) at small speeds
  - (2) at high speeds
  - (3) at infinite speeds
  - (4) at all speeds
- 100. An example of nuclear fusion is-
  - (1) formation of water from hydrogen and oxygen
  - (2) formation of radioactive C-12 from atmospheric nitrogen
  - (3) formation of helium from hydrogen
  - (4) formation of antimony and nibium from uranium
- 101. Aluminium is obtained from-
  - (1) Bauxite (2) Haemetite
  - (3) Cinnabar (4) Aunite
- 102. Which is the purest form of iron?
  - (1) Steel (2) Cast iron
  - (3) Pig iron (4) Wrought iron
- 103. Mercury vapour lamp gives light rich in—
  - (1) Ultra-violet rays
  - (2) Infra-red rays
  - (3) Visible rays
  - (4) Gamma rays
- 104. Which of the following is used as a fuel in torpedoes, submarines, rockets etc.—
  - (1) Hydrogen peroxide
  - (2) Magnesium oxide
  - (3) Sulphur dioxide
  - (4) Phosphorus pentoxide
- 105. Which is the most abundant element in human body?
  - (1) Oxygen
  - (2) Nitrogen
  - (3) Carbon
  - (4) Hydrogen

- 106. Traces of lodine are added to table salt to prevent:
  - (1) Goitre
- (2) Beri-beri
- (3) Scurvy
- (4) Rickets
- 107. Which of the following is called Oil of Vitriol?
  - (1) Hydrochloric acid
  - (2) Linseed oil
  - (3) Sulphuric acid
  - (4) Petroleum
- 108. Which of the following does not exhibit allotropy?
  - (1) Carbon
  - (2) Sulphur
  - (3) Phosphorus
  - (4) Sodium
- Sicilian process is used for the manufacture of—
  - (1) Hydrogen
  - (2) Sulphur
  - (3) Phosphorus
  - (4) Calcium
- Sulphuric acid has great affinity for—
  - (1) Hydrogen (2) Water
  - (3) Oxygen (4) Chlorine
- 111. An antichlor is a substance used to remove last traces of free chlorine from bleached materials. Which of the following materials can be used as an antichlor?
  - (1) Hydrogen sulphide
  - (2) Hydrogen peroxide
  - (3) Sulphur dioxide
  - (4) Freon
- 112. Hydrogen is the lightest of all gases. Which is the second lightest gas?
  - (1) Helium (2) Argon
  - (3) Chlorine (4) Xenon
- The dimensions of Planck's constant are the same as the dimensions
  - (1) Energy
  - (2) Frequency
  - (3) Linear Momentum
  - (4) Angular Momentum
- 114. An air bubble inside water will behave as—
  - (1) a convex lens
  - (2) a concave lens
  - (3) a plan slab
  - (4) nothing
- 115. The focal length of a concave lens is 20cm. How far from it an object should be placed so

- that an erect and enlarged image of the object is formed?
- (1) 30 cm.
- (2) 15 cm.
- (3) 40 cm. (4) 20 cm.
- 116. Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letter series shall complete it?
  - ZX\_TR\_NLJ\_FD
  - (1) V P H B (2) V R H B
  - (3) UPJB (4) UPJD
- 117. A man starts from a point and walks 2 km. towards north. He turns right and walks 3 km. Then he turns left and travels 2 km. What is the direction he is now facing?
  - (1) East
- (2) West
- (3) South
- (4) North
- 118. Five men A, B, C, D and E read a newspaper. The one who reads first gives it to C, the one who reads last had taken it from A. E was not the first or last to read. There were two readers between B and A. Find the person who read the newspaper last—
  - (1) E
- (2) B (4) A
- (3) D
- 119. A is B's daughter. B is C's mother. D is C's brother. How is D related to A?
  - (1) Father
- (2) Grandfather
- (3) Brother (4) Son
- 120. 50 men can dig 40 holes in 30 days. How long will 25 men take to dig 20 holes?
  - (1) 15 days (2) 221/2 days
  - (3) 30 days (4) 45 days

**Directions (121-123):** Select the related world/number from the given alternatives.

- 121. Touch : Feel :: Greet : ?
  - (1) Smile
  - (2) Acknowledge
  - (3) Success
  - (4) Manners
- 122. TALE : LATE :: ? : CAFE
  - (1) FACE
- (2) CAEF (4) FEAC
- (3) CEFA
- **123.** 3 : 243 :: 5 : ?
  - (1) 405
- (2) 465
- (3) 3125
- (4) 546
- 124. Postal voting is otherwise called:
  - (1) plural voting
  - (2) proxy voting
  - (3) weighted voting
  - (4) secret voting

- **125.** Stability of the Government is assured in :
  - Parliamentary Form of Government.
  - (2) Presidential Form of Government.
  - (3) Plural Executive System
  - (4) Direction Democracy
- 126. According to the Indian Constitution, the vacancy in the office of the President of India shall be filled within:
  - (1) 1 month
  - (2) 6 months
  - (3) 3 months
  - (4) 1 year
- 127. What is "Vishva Mohini"?
  - (1) Name for India's Beauty Queen
  - (2) The title given to Lata Mangeshkar for her contribution to music
  - (3) An Indian ship
  - (4) A famous book on Indian dances
- 128. The main function of the World Trade Organisation (WTO) is:
  - (1) enforcing of Uruguay Round Agreements
  - (2) facilitating multi-lateral trade relations of member countries and reviewing trade policies
  - (3) administering trade dispute settlement procedures
  - (4) None of the above
- 129. Name the author of the book A Passage to England:
  - (1) E.M. Forster
  - (2) Nirad C. Choudhary
  - (3) Vikram Seth
  - (4) Eric Segal
- 130. The World Chess Federation (FIDE), in January 2010, in its Presidential Board meeting at Bursa, \_\_, gave clearance to India's Sriram Jha's Grandmaster title application.
  - (1) Bulgaria (2) Turkey
- (3) Greece (4) Syria

  131. The Indian Naval Ship being converted into a maritime museum
  - (1) Sagar Samrat
  - (2) Kanishka
  - (3) Samrat Ashoka
  - (4) Vikrant

- **132.** The first country to legalise medically assisted suicide is:
  - (1) Australia
  - (2) United States
  - (3) Netherlands
  - (4) Switzerland
- 133. The vice-president of China's Supreme Court who, on January 19, 2010, became the highest-ranking law official to ever be dismissed on charges in the country's six-decade history, is
  - (1) Chang Lin
  - (2) Mao Tan Zhou
  - (3) Huang Songyou
  - (4) Taka Sheng Min
- **134.** Exobiology deals with the study of :
  - (1) external characters of living organisms
  - (2) life on the surface of the earth
  - (3) life in the outer layers of atmosphere
  - (4) life in other planets and space
- 135. The Social System of the Harappans was:
  - (1) Fairly egalitarian
  - (2) Slave-Labour based
  - (3) Colour (Varna) based
  - (4) Caste based
- 136. Which of the following Vedas provides information about the civilisation of the Early Vedic Age?
  - (1) Rig-veda
  - (2) Yajur-veda
  - (3) Atharva-veda
  - (4) Sama-veda
- **137.** The university which became famous in the post-Gupta Era was:
  - (1) Kanchi (2) Taxila
  - (3) Nalanda (4) Vallabhi
- **138.** Banabhatta was the court poet of which emperor?
  - (1) Vikramaditya
  - (2) Kumaragupta
  - (3) Harshavardhana
  - (4) Kanishka
- 139. The first Indian ruler, who established the supremacy of Indian Navy in the Arabian Sea was:
  - (1) Rajaraja I

- (2) Rajendra I
- (3) Rajadhiraja I
- (4) Kulottunga I
- **140.** The Mughal painting reaches its zenith during the reign of :
  - (1) Akbar
  - (2) Jahangir
  - (3) Shahjahan
  - (4) Aurangzeb
- **141.** Permanent Revenue settlement of Bengal was introduced by :
  - (1) Clive
- (2) Hastings
- (3) Wellesley (4) Cornwallis
- 142. The father of extremist movement in India is:
  - (1) Motilal Nehru
  - (2) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
  - (3) Vallabhbhai Patel
  - (4) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
- 143. The World Bank normally gives
  - (1) short-term loans
  - (2) medium-term loans
  - (3) long-term loans
  - (4) medium and long-term loans
- 144. The prices at which the Government purchases food- grain for maintaining the public distribution system and for building up buffer stocks is known as—
  - (1) Minimum support prices
  - (2) Procurement prices
  - (3) Issue prices
  - (4) Ceiling prices
- 145. Multiplier process in economic theory is conventionally taken to mean:
  - (1) the manner in which prices increase
  - (2) the manner in which banks create credit
  - (3) income of an economy grows on account of an initial investment
  - (4) the manner in which government expenditure increases
- 146. Structural adjustment loans given by the World Bank are meant for :
  - (1) increasing employment in agriculture
  - (2) increasing export-earning capacity of the borrower country
  - (3) reducing inequalities of income distribution
  - (4) encouraging capital-intensive industries

- 147. A financial instrument is called a 'primary security' if it represents the liability of:
  - (1) some ultimate borrower
  - (2) the Government of India
  - (3) a primary cooperative bank
  - (4) a commercial bank
- 148. Service cooperatives are:
  - (1) single purpose societies
  - (2) credit societies
  - (3) marketing societies
  - (4) multi-purpose societies
- **149.** Output at break-even point is that output at which the producer is able to:
  - (1) recover only operating costs
  - (2) recover total costs
  - (3) wipe out earlier losses
  - (4) earn a normal profit
- 150. India's share in world trade since 1950—
  - (1) has been rising
  - (2) has been constant
  - (3) has been declining
  - (4) has shown a mixed trend
- 151. Animals do not have enzyme systems which enable them to make use of the energy from:
  - (1) fat
- (2) water '
- (3) protein
- (4) carbohydrate
- **152.** A clone is a colony of :
  - cells having different shapes
     cells having similar shape
  - (3) cells having similar genetic constitution
  - (4) cells having different genetic constitutions
- **153.** The pollen grains of flowers pollinated by insects are:
  - (1) smooth and dry
  - (2) rough and sticky
  - (3) rough and dry
  - (4) large and showy
- 154. Which one of the following substances is used for preservation of food grains?
  - (1) Sodium benzoate
  - (2) Vinegar
  - (3) Sodium chloride
  - (4) Potassium permanganate
- 155. The disease caused by Asbestos is:
  - (1) Emphysema
  - (2) Paralysis
  - (3) Diarrhoea
  - (4) Dysentery

- **156.** In the eye, colour vision is effected by the presence of:
  - (1) Choroid coat
  - (2) Sclerotic coat
  - (3) Rods
  - (4) Cones
- 157. The famous Lagoon lake of India is:
  - (1) Dal Lake
  - (2) Chilka Lake
  - (3) Pulicat Lake
  - (4) Mansarover
- 158. The splitting of different colours of light in a prism is:
  - (1) Reflection of light
  - (2) Disperson of light
  - (3) Diffraction of light
  - (4) Refraction of light
- 159. Where are most of the earth's active volcanoes concentrated:
  - (1) Europe
  - (2) Pacific Occan
  - (3) Africa
  - (4) South America
- 160. The deflection of the winds to the right in the northern hemisphere is caused by:
  - (1) revolution of the earth
  - (2) rotation of the earth
  - (3) uneven heating of the earth
  - (4) All of the above
- 161. Which of the following is NOT one of the important steps in processing tea leaves?
  - (1) Rolling
  - (2) Drying
  - (3) Fermenting
  - (4) Withering
- 162. The Grand Canyon is located on the :
  - (1) Colorado River
  - (2) Rhine River
  - (3) Tapti River
  - (4) Niger River
- 163. The Savannah finds its ideal conditions of growth in:
  - (1) mild and humid climate
  - (2) dry summer and wet winter climate
  - (3) hot humid climate with long dry season
  - (4) hot summer and cool winter climate
- 164. What should be the proportion of lorest cover for India to maintain her ecological balance?

- (1) 11.1 per cent
- (2) 22.2 per cent
- (3) 33.3 per cent
- (4) 44.4 per cent
- 165. Match List I with List II and find out the correct answer from the codes given below the Lists:

## List I

## (Thermal Power Plants)

- A. Kahalgaon
- B. Farakka
- C. Ramagundam
- D. Gandhar

#### List II

## (Locations)

- 1. West Bengal
- 2. Bihar
- 3. Gujarat
- 4. Andhra Pradesh

#### Codes:

	A	25	C	D
(1)	1	2	3	4
(2)	4	3	1	2
(3)	2	1	4	3
(4)	3	2 .	1	4

- 166. Which one of the following States/Union Territories of India recorded the lowest density of population in 1991 Census?
  - (1) Sikkim
  - (2) Nagaland
  - (3) Mizoram
  - (4) Arunachal Pradesh
- **167.** Three of the following pairs are wrong. Find out the correct one :
  - (1) Written Constitution England
  - (2) Unitary State USA .
  - (3) UN General Assembly Veto power
  - (4) SAARC No bilateral issues
- 168. In Indian Republic the real executive authority rests with the :
  - (1) Prime Minister
  - (2) President
  - (3) Bureaucrats
  - (4) Council of Ministers
- 169. The Secretary General of the UNO is appointed by the :
  - (1) General Assembly
  - (2) Security Council
  - (3) Trusteeship Council
  - (4) World Bank
- 170. Through which principle or device did Gandhiji strive to bridge economic inequalities?

- (1) Abolition of machinery
- (2) Establishment of village industries
- (3) Trusteeship theory
- (4) None of the above
- 171. Governance through trade union organisations is known as:
  - (1) Guild Socialism
  - (2) Fabian Socialism
  - (3) Syndicalism
  - (4) Liberalism
- 172. A and B can do a work in 12 days. B and C in 15 days. C and A in 20 days. If A, B and C work together, they will complete the work in:
  - (1) 5 days (2)  $7\frac{5}{6}$  days
  - (3) 10 days (4)  $15\frac{2}{3}$  days
- 173. Two pipes A and B can fill a tank in 20 minutes and 30 minutes respectively. If pipes are opened together, the time taken to fill the tank is:
  - (1) 50 minutes
  - (2) 12 minutes
  - (3) 25 minutes
  - (4) 15 minutes
- 174. If a man walks 20 km. at 5 km./ hr., he will be late by 40 minutes. If he walks at 8 km./hr., how early from the fixed time will he reach?
  - (1) 15 minutes
  - (2) 25 minutes
  - (3) 50 minutes
  - (4)  $1\frac{1}{2}$  hours
- 175. A train 180 m. long moving at the speed of 20 m./sec. overtakes a man moving at a speed of 10m./sec. in the same direction. The train passes the man in:
  - (1) 6 sec. (2) 9 sec.
- (3) 18 sec. (4) 27 sec.
  76. The HCF and LCM of two
- 176. The HCF and LCM of two numbers are 13 and 455 respectively. If one of the numbers lies between 75 and 125 then, that number is:
  - (1)78
- (2)91
- (3) 104
- (4) 117

- 177. A boy was asked to multiply a certain number by 50. He multiplied it by 30 and got his answer less than the correct one by 400. The number to be multiplied was:
  - (1) 10
- (2)20
- (3) 30
- (4)'40
- 178. 0.6 of a number is equal to 0.08 of another number. The ratio of the numbers will be:
  - (1) 3:4
- (2)4:3
- (3) 2:15
- (4) 2:9
- 179. The least number which when divided by 4, 6, 8, 12 and 16 leaves a remainder of 2 in each case is:
  - (1) 46
- (2)48
- (3) 50
- (4)56
- 180. In a town, the population was 8000. In one year, male population increased by 10 per cent and female population increased by 8 per cent but the total population increased by 9 per cent. The number of males in the town was:
  - (1) 4000
- (2)4500
- (3) 5000
- (4) 6000
- 181. In an examination, there were 1000 boys and 800 girls. 60 per cent of the boys and 50 per cent of the girls passed. Find the per cent of the candidates failed?
  - (1) 46.4
- (2) 48.4
- (3) 44.4 (4) 49.6
- 182. If A exceeds B by 40 per cent, B is less than C by 20 per cent, then A: C is:
  - (1) 28:25 (2) 26:25
  - (3) 3 : 2
- (4) 3:1
- 183. SEBI was established in-
  - (1) 1993
- (2) 1992
- (3)1988
- (4) 1990
- 184. For the enforcement of Fundamental rights the courts can is-
  - (1) a decree (2) a writ
  - (3) an ordinance
  - (4) a notication
- 185. Which of the following writs literally means you may have the body'?
  - (1) Habeas corpus
  - (2) Certiorari
  - (3) Mandamus
  - (4) Quo warranto
- 186. All deleted files and folder will be stored in-

- (1) C-drive
- (2) Recyclebin
- (3) Desk top (4) None
- 187. Mahabalipuram temple was built bv-
  - (1) Pallavas
- (2) Cheras
- (3) Cholas
- (4) Pandyas
- 188. The process by which metal surface is coated with thin layer of Zinc is called-
  - (1) Vulcanising
  - (2) Electroplating
  - (3) Galvanising
  - (4) None of these
- 189. Which soil swells when wet and develops cracks when dry?
  - (1) alluvial
- (2) black
- (3) red (4) laterite
- 190. In which State is silent valley located?
  - (1) Tamil Nadu (2) Kerala
  - (3) Assam
- (4) UP
- 191. Harmones which are necessary for the development of human body are secreted by:
  - (1) Thyroid gland
  - (2) Parathyroid gland
  - (3) Pituitory gland
  - (4) Exocrine gland
- 192. Fat is stored in the human body in-
  - (1) Mascular tissue
  - (2) adipose tissue
  - (3) Connective tissue
  - (4) Epithelial tissue
- 193. Which part of the computer helps to store information?
  - (1) Disk drive(2) Keyboard
  - (3) Monitor
- (4) Printer
- 194. The capital of India was shifted from Calcutta to Delhi in the year
  - (1) 1905
- (2) 1911
- (3) 1912
- (4) 1916
- 195. In the visible spectrum the colour having the shortest wavelength is
  - (1) violet
- (2) blue
- (3) red
- (4) yellow
- 196. 'Padma Sambhav Mahavihar' the largest Tibetan monastery in eastern India was inaugurated by the Dalai Lama at Jirang in district in Orissa on January
  - 12, 2010.
  - (1) Puri
  - (2) Bhubaneshwar
  - (3) Cuttack
  - (4) Gajapati

- 197. The maximum labour oriented industry in India is-
  - (1) Cement Industry
  - (2) Jute Industry
  - (3) Iron and steel Industry
  - (4) Cotton industry
- 198. India's Chief of the Army Staff, General Deepak Kapoor, was conferred the honorary rank of General of the \_ Army on January 21, 2010.
  - (1) Nepal
  - (2) Sri Lanka
  - (3) Bangladesh
  - (4) Afghanistan
- 199. On whose recommendations was the constituent assembly formed?
  - (1) Mountbatten plan
  - (2) Cabinet mission plan
  - (3) Cripps mission
  - (4) 1935 Act
- 200. The maturity of a river course is recognised by the presence
  - (1) V-shaped valley
  - (2) Meanders
  - (3) Gorges
  - (4) High denudational power

## ANSWERS

- 1. (1) seals
- 2. (3) Udayin

4. (4) Sriharikota

- 3. (4) Iltutmish
- 5. (2) thermal
- 6. (1) Maharashtra 7. (1) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- 8. (3) Three
- 9. (1) The Parliament
- 10. (3) 5th June
- 11. (1) the right to equality
- 12. (4) vitamin-B 13. (4) Iron oxide
- 14. (3) reflection of light
- 15. (2) lactic acid
- 16. (3) London
- 17. (1) Madhya Pradesh
- 18. (2) Best Actress Katrina Kaif
- 19. (2) Punjab
- 20. (1) Petroleum
- 21. (3) both (1) and (2)
- 22. (3) downloading
- 23. (3) Modulating and demodulating device
- 24. (2) Surat 25. (3) Akbar
- 26. (1) Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
- 27. (2) M'L Dhingra
- 28. (1) CR Rao

- 29. (4) 1992
- 30. (2) The Election Commission
- 31. (3) Election Commission
- 32. (2) Guiarat 33. (2) the Aravallis
- 34. (3) rain-shadow area
- 35. (2) cotton textile
- 36. (4) White Leghorn
- 37. (2) Karnataka
- 38. (1) blood cancer
- 39. (2) morphine
- 40. (1) chromium and steel
- 41. (1) Urea
- 42. (1) Maximize
- 43. (3) sct
- 44. (3) 828 metres
- 45. (4) Net capital formation
- 46. (1) Tea
- 47. (3) 1942
- 48. (1) a history of Kashmir
- 49. (3) 1940
- 50. (3) a pain killer
- 51. (4) Protection of life and personal liberty
- 52. (3) Freedom of movement
- 53. (1) Art. 19 (2) read with Art. 19
- 54. (1) his power to grant pardon etc.
- 55. (1) Nerve cells
- 56. (2) Thymine 57. (2) Cytoplasm
- 58. (3) Carbonic anhydrase
- 59. (4) Waksman
- 60. (1) Algae
- **61**. (4) Blue whale 62. (3) Mortality Rate = Birth Rate
- **63.** (2) Kaziranga
- 64. (4) Secondary Xylem
- 65. (2) Principles and practises of statecraft
- 66. (2) The leader of the largest Party in the Lok Sabha
- 67. (3) Industrial wastes
- 68. (4) Bangladesh
- 69. (3) Nichrome
- 70. (4) Income
- 71. (2) 1267
- 72. (3) blue, green and red
- **73.** (1) A bacterium
- 74. (4) Kelkar
- 75. (2) Wheat and Rice
- 76. (3) ASEAN 77. (3) Osmosis
- **78.** (4)  $\frac{1}{2123}$
- 79. (4) 2 million nephrons
- 80. (3) Neuron 81. (1) Brain
- 82. (1) Addison's disease
- 83. (4) Gerontology
- 84. (3) Allele
- 85. (3) A B
  - 3 4

- 86. (4) Methane
- 87. (3) It helps in growth of plants by absorbing a large proportion of the sun's ultra violet radiations
- 88. (2) 280 of constitution
- 89. (1) 2.6
- 90. (1) Mahatma Gandhi
- 91. (3) Zinc
- 92. (2) Right to property
- 93. (2) Mukesh Ambani
- 94. (1) Planning Commission
- 95. (2) Insulin
- 96. (3) Bone marrow
- 97. (3) Accumulator-Electrolyte is in paste form
- **98.** (1)  $9 \times 10^{17}$ ergs
- 99. (2) at high speeds
- 100. (3) formation of helium from hydrogen
- 101. (1) Bauxite
- 102. (4) Wrought iron
- 103. (I) Ultra-violet rays
- 104. (1) Hydrogen peroxide
- 105. (1) Oxygen 106. (1) Goitre
- 107. (3) Sulphuric acid
- 108. (4) Sodium 109. (2) Sulphur
- 110. (2) Water
- 111. (3) Sulphur dioxide
- 112. (1) Helium
- 113. (4) Angular Momentum
- 114. (2) a concave lens
- 115. (2) 15 cm. 116. (1) V P H B
- 117. (4) North 118. (3) D
- 119. (3) Brother 120. (3) 30 days
- 121. (2) Acknowledge
- 122. (1) FACE **123.** (3) 3125
- 124. (2) proxy voting
- 125. (2) Presidential Form of Government.
- 126. (2) 6 months
- 127. (4) A famous book on Indian dances
- 128. (2) facilitating multi-lateral trade relations of member countries and reviewing trade policies
- 129. (2) Nirad C. Choudhary
- 130. (2) Turkey 131. (4) Vikrant
- 132. (3) Netherlands
- 133. (3) Huang Songyou
- 134. (4) life in other planets and space
- 135. (1) Fairly egalitarian
- 136. (1) Rig-veda 137. (3) Nalanda
- 138. (3) Harshavardhana
- 139. (1) Rajaraja I
- 140. (2) Jahangir 141. (4) Cornwallis
- 142. (4) Bal Gangadhar Tilak

- 143. (4) medium and long-term loans
- 144. (2) Procurement prices
- 145. (3) income of an economy grows on account of an initial investment
- 146. (4) encouraging capital-intensive industries
- 147. (2) the Government of India
- 148. (3) marketing societies
- 149. (2) recover total costs
- 150. (4) has shown a mixed trend
- 151. (2) water
- 152. (3) cells having similar genetic constitution
- 153. (2) rough and sticky
- 154. (1) Sodium benzoate
- 155. (1) Emphysema
- 156. (4) Cones
- 157. (2) Chilka Lake
- 158. (2) Disperson of light
- 159. (2) Pacific Occan
- 160. (2) rotation of the earth
- 161. (3) Fermenting
- 162. (1) Colorado River
- 163. (3) hot humid climate with long dry season
- 164. (3) 33.3 per cent
- 165. (3) A B C D
  - 2 1 4 3
- 166, (4) Arunachal Pradesh
- 167. (4) SAARC No bilateral issues
- 168. (4) Council of Ministers
- 169. (1) General Assembly
- 170. (3) Trusteeship theory
- 171. (3) Syndicalism
- 172. (3) 10 days 173. (2) 12 minutes
- 174. (3) 50 minutes
- 175. (3) 18 sec. 176. (2) 91
- 177. (2) 20
- 178. (3) 2:15
- 179. (3) 50 181. (3) 44.4
- 180. (I) 4000 182. (1) 28:25
- 183.(3) 1988 184. (2) a writ
- 185. (1) Habeas corpus
- 186. (2) Recyclebin
- 187. (1) Pallavas 188. (3) Galvanising
- 189. (2) black 190. (2) Kerala
- 191. (3) Pituitory gland
- 192. (2) adipose tissue
- 193. (1) Disk drive
- 194. (2) 1911 195. (3) red
- 196. (4) Gajapati
- 197. (4) Cotton Industry
- 198. (1) Nepal
- 199. (2) Cabinet mission plan
- 200. (1) V-shaped valley

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