School Year: 2012-13	
Charlotte Mecklenburg Schools	econd Grade Report Card
Student Name:	ID#
School:	Grade:
	Purpose of Report:
and/or the Common Core State Standards describe what students should know and be which is reflective of your child's progress a skills to be mastered by the end of the 2012 - and assessment in Charlotte-Mecklenburg S your child's current progress. This report sh your child's academic progress. Regular c comments section indicates grade level perfoconsidered proficient. If you have an	your student's progress toward achieving the North Carolina Essential Standards. The Standards establish high and challenging expectations for all students, and able to do by the end of the academic year. This report card is a working docume at the time of issue. The objectives contained within this document are reflective of 2013 school year. They serve as the basis for second grade curriculum, instruction Schools. This report cannot communicate everything you might want to know about the considered with other information you receive from the school concerning communication between the family and the school staff is highly encouraged. The formance based upon academic level and accommodations if appropriate. Level 3 my questions or concerns, please contact your child's teacher or counselor.
QTR 1 Comments:	
QTR 2 Comments:	
QTR 3 Comments:	
QTR 3 Comments:	

Attendance	Quarter 1 (to)	Quarter 2 (to)	Quarter 3 (to)	Quarter 4 (to)	Year (to)
Absent					
Tardy					
Days Present					

General I		Os): Th Ratings			Learnei Insister	Outcomes are the essential goatly 2 = Sometimes 1	als of lea = Rarely		or stud	ents.
General I (GLOs)	Learner Outcomes	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	General Learner Outcomes (GLOs)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
GLO 1: S	elf Directed Learner					GLO 2: Community Contributor				
Works iOrganiz	ty to be responsible for independently and asks zes workplace and mate productive use of class and sals	for help rials				The understanding that it is es Participates cooperatively and achieve shared goals Shows respect and recognizes Follows school and classroom	appropr s the fee	iately w	ith other	
GLO 3: C	omplex Thinker					GLO 4: Quality Producer				
The ability to demonstrate critical thinking and problem- solving strategies • Uses prior knowledge and experiences to solve problems • Explains answers and makes adjustments Solves problems in different ways						The ability to recognize and produce quality performance and quality products Strives to complete work neatly and correctly Sets and strives toward learning goals				
GLO 5: E	O 5: Effective mmunicator				GLO 6: Effective/Ethical User of Technology					
SpeaksListensFollows	ty to communicate effe effectively in front of a attentively to gain unde directions utes effectively through	group rstandin	ıg	ing, and	l	The ability to effectively and effectively are used to be	operly (e ls, scisso ed every	e.g. bool ors, glue day	ks, TV, I e, etc.)	OVD,
	CMS Ki	nder	garte	n, Fir	st, Se	cond Grade Report Ca	rd Rul	oric		
4	Expands Grade Level Standards	Indic and i	ates the s self-m	e studen notivated	nt consis d.	tently produces high quality work,	applies c	concepts		ndently,
3	Meets Grade Level Standards	demo with	Indicates the student consistently meets grade level standards. The student regularly demonstrates proficiency in the majority of the standards for the current grade level. The student, with limited errors, grasps and applies key concepts, processes and skills for the current grade. A * next to a standard indicates that level 3 is the highest level of proficiency possible.							
2	Progressing Toward Grade Level Standards	Indic level	ates the . The s ent grad	e studen tudent is e level.	it is appi s beginn	roaching and occasionally meets the standard to grasp and apply key concept to the standard of	ne standa ots, proce	ards for esses, a	the curr nd skills	

before the end of the school year.

Indicates the student has not yet met minimum level standards. The student needs more time and experience for concepts, processes and skills to develop.

These standards have not been addressed at this time. However, standards will be introduced

Not Meeting Grade Level Standards

Not Assessed At

This Time

Reading Standards for Literature	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Reading Standards for Informational Text	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	
Key Ideas and Details					Key Ideas and Details					
 Asks and answers such questions as why, and how to demonstrate understatext. Recounts stories, including fables and cultures, and determines their central moral. Describes how characters in a story reand challenges. 	anding folktalo messao	of key es from ge, less	details divers son, or	in a e	 why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details text. Identifies the main topic of a multi-paragraph text as well a focus of specific paragraphs within the text. Describes the connection between a series of historical extension. 					
Craft and Structure					Craft and Structure					
 Describes how words and phrases (e.g. alliteration, rhymes, repeated lines) supin a story, poem, or song. Describes the overall structure of a sto how the beginning introduces the story the action. Acknowledges differences in the points including by speaking in a different voice when reading dialogue aloud. 	oply rhy ry, inclu and th	ythm ar uding d e endir w of cha	nd meal lescribing ng conc aracters	ng Eludes s,	 Determines the meaning of words and to a grade 2 topic, or subject area. Knows and uses various text features subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electrocate key facts or information in a text leading the main purpose of a text, in wants to answer, explain, or describe. 	· (e.g., c ctronic i t efficie	aptions menus, ntly.	, bold p icons)	orint, to	
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas					Integration of Knowledge and Ideas					
 Uses information gained from the in a print or digital text to demons its characters, setting, or plot. Compares and contrasts two or m same story (e.g., Cinderella stories or from different cultures. 	 Explains how specific images (e.g., a diagram showing how a machine works) contribute to and clarify a text. Describes how reasons support specific points the author makes in a text. Compares and contrasts the most important points presented by two texts on the same topic. 									
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity					Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity					
Reads and comprehends literature including stories and poetry, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.					By the end of the year, reads and comprehends informational					

Speaking and Listening Standards	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Comprehension and Collaboration				

- Participates in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.
 - o Follows agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., gaining the floor in respectful ways, listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).
 - Builds on others' talk in conversations by linking their comments to the remarks of others.
 - Asks for clarification and further explanation as needed about the topics and texts under discussion.

- Recounts or describes key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.
- Asks and answers questions about what a speaker says in order to clarify comprehension, gathers additional information, or deepens
 understanding of a topic or issue

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Tells a story or recounts an experience with appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details, speaking audibly in coherent sentences.
- Creates audio recordings of stories or poems; adds drawings or other visual displays to stories or recounts of experiences when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.
- Produces complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation in order to provide requested detail or clarification

	Reading Standards: Foundational Skills	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Phonics and W	ord Recognition				
Knows and are	pplies grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.				
0	Distinguishes long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-sy	llable words	S.		
0	Knows spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel team	IS.			
0	Decodes regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.				
0	Decodes words with common prefixes and suffixes.				
0	Identifies words with inconsistent but common spelling-sound corresponde	nces.			
0	Recognizes and reads grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words.				
Fluency					
 Reads with su 	fficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.				
0	Reads on-level text with purpose and understanding.				

Writing Standards	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Text Types and Purposes				

Reads on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. Uses context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.

- Writes opinion pieces in which he/she introduces the topic or the book they are writing about that supports, states an opinion, supplies a reason for the opinion, uses linking words (e.g., *because*, *and*, *also*) to connect opinion and reasons, and provides a concluding statement or section.
- Writes informative / explanatory texts in which he/she introduces a topic, uses facts and definitions to develop points, and provides a
 concluding statement or section.
- Writes narratives in which he/she recounts a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, includes details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, uses temporal words to signal event order, and provides a sense of closure.

Production and Distribution of Writing

- With guidance and support from adults and peers, focuses on a topic and strengthens writing as needed by revising and editing.
- With guidance and support from adults, uses a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

- Participates in shared research and writing projects (e.g., read a number of books on a single topic to produce a report; record science observations).
- Recalls information from experiences or gathers information from provided sources to answer a question.

Language Standards	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Conventions of Standard English				

Demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking:

- Uses collective nouns (e.g., group).
- Forms and uses frequently occurring irregular plural nouns (e.g., feet, children, teeth, mice, fish).
- Uses reflexive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
- Forms and uses the past tense of frequently occurring irregular verbs (e.g., sat, hid, told).
- Uses adjectives and adverbs, and chooses between them depending on what is to be modified.
- Produces, expands, and rearranges complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., *The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy).*

Demonstrates command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing:

- Capitalizes holidays, product names, and geographic terms.
- Uses commas in greetings and closing of letters.
- Uses an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.
- Consults reference materials, including beginning dictionaries, as needed to check and correct spelling.
- Generalizes learned spelling patterns when writing words (e.g., cage → badge, boy → boil.

Knowledge of Language

- Uses knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - o Compares formal and informal uses of English.

Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

Determines or clarifies the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *grade 2 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.

- Uses sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- Determines the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., happy/unhappy, tell/retell).
- Uses a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., addition, additional).
- Uses knowledge of the meaning of compound words (e.g. birdhouse, lighthouse, housefly; bookshelf, notebook, bookmark).
- Uses glossaries and beginning dictionaries, both print and digital, to determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases.

Demonstrates understanding of word relationship and nuances in word meanings.

- Identifies real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., describe foods that are spicy or juicy).
- Distinguishes shades of meaning among closely related verbs (e.g., toss, throw, hurl) and closely related adjectives (e.g., thin, slender, skinny, scrawny).

Uses words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using adjectives and adverbs to describe (e.g., When other kids are happy that makes me happy).

	Second Grade Social Studies	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
History					
•	Uses timelines to show sequencing of events.	•	•	•	
•	Identifies contributions of historical figures (community, state, nation, and world) through various	genre	S.		
•	Compares various interpretations of the same time period using evidence such as photographs	and int	erviews	S.	
Geograp	hy and Environmental Literacy				
•	Interprets maps of the school and community that contain symbols, legends, and cardinal numb	ers.	•		
•	Interprets the meaning of symbols and the location of physical and human features on a map (ci countries, continents, oceans, etc.	ities, ra	ilroads	, highw	ays,
•	Gives examples of ways in which people depend on the physical environment and natural resou	rces to	meet l	oasic n	eeds
•	Explains how people positively and negatively affect the environment.				
Econom	ics and Financial Literacy				
•	Gives examples of ways in which businesses in the community meet the needs and wants of co	nsume	rs.		
•	Explains the roles and impact producers and consumers have on the economy.				
•	Summarizes the concept of supply and demand.				
•	Explains why people and countries around the world trade for goods and services. Explains how money is used for saving, spending, borrowing and giving.				
•	Summarizes the role of financial institutions relative to savings.				
Civics a	nd Governance				
•	Explains government services and their value to the community (libraries, schools, parks, etc.).	1			
•	Explains how governments establish order, provide security and create laws to manage conflict.				
Culture					
•	Explains how artistic expressions of diverse cultures contribute to the community (stories, art, m	usic fo	od etc	.)	•

- Explains how artistic expressions of diverse cultures contribute to the community (stories, art, music, food, etc.).
- Recognizes the key historical figures and events that are associated with various cultural traditions.
- Exemplifies respect and appropriate social skills needed for working with diverse groups.

MATHEMATICS								
Operations and Algebraic Thinking	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4				
Represents and solves problems involving addition and subtraction								
 Uses addition and subtraction within 100 to solve word problems, involving situations of adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing, with unknowns in all positions, e.g., by using drawings, and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. 								
Adds and subtracts within 20								
 Fluently adds and subtracts within 20 using mental strategies. By end of grade 2, knows from memory all sums of two one-digit numbers. 								
Works with equal groups of objects to gain foundations for multiplication.								
 Determines whether a group of objects (up to 20) has an odd or even number of member counting them by 2s; writes an equation to express an even number as a sum of two express. 			ing objec	cts or				

 Uses addition to find the total number of objects arranged in rectangular arrays with up to 5 rows and up to 5 columns; writes an equation to express the total as a sum of equal addends.

Number and Operations in Base Ten Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Understands place value.

- Understands that the three digits of a three-digit number represents amounts of hundreds, tens, and ones; e.g., 706 equals 7 hundreds, zero tens, and 6 ones. Understands the following as special cases:
 - a. 100 can be thought of as a bundle of ten tens called a "hundred."
 - b. The numbers 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700, 800, 900 refer to one, two three four, five, six, seven, eight, or nine hundreds (and 0 tens and 0 ones.)
- Counts within 1000; skip-counts by 5s, 10s, and 100s.
- Reads and writes numbers to 1000 using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form.
- Compares two three-digit numbers based on meanings of the hundreds, tens, and ones digits, using>, =, and < symbols to record the results of comparisons.

Uses place value understanding and properties of operations to add and subtract.

- Fluently adds and subtracts within 100 using strategies based on place value, properties of operations, and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction.
- Adds up to four two-digit numbers using strategies based on place value and properties of operations.
- Adds and subtracts within 1000, using concrete models or drawings and strategies based on place value, properties of
 operations and/or the relationship between addition and subtraction; relates the strategy to a written method. Understands
 that in adding or subtracting three-digit numbers, on adds or subtracts hundreds and hundreds, tens and tens, ones and
 ones; and sometimes it is necessary to compose or decompose tens or hundreds.
- Mentally adds 10 or 100 to a given number 100-900, and mentally subtracts 10 or 100 from a given number 10-900.
- Explains why addition and subtraction strategies work, using place value and the properties of operations.

Measurement and Data	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Measures and estimates lengths in standards units				

- Measures the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes.
- Measures the length of an object twice, using length units of different lengths for the two measurements; describes how the two
 measurements relates to the size of the unit chosen.
- Estimates lengths using units of inches, feet, centimeters, and meters.
- Measures to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of a standard length unit.

Relates addition and subtraction to length

- Uses addition and subtraction within 100 to solve word problems involving lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., by using drawings (such as drawings of rulers) and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.
- Represents whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line diagram with equally spaced points corresponding to the numbers 1, 2, 3...and represent whole-number sums and differences within 100 on a number line diagram.

Works with time and money

- Tells and writes time from analog and digital clocks to the nearest five minutes, using a.m. and p.m.
- Solves word problems involving dollar bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies, using \$ and cents sign.

Represents and Interprets data

- Generates measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Shows the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units.
- Draws a picture graph and bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solves simple put-together, take apart, and compare problems using information presented in a bar graph.

Geometry	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Reasons with shapes and their attributes				

- Recognizes and draws shapes having specified attributes, such as a given number of angles or a given number of equal faces. Identifies triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes.
- Partitions a rectangle into rows and columns of same-size squares and count to find the total number of them.
- Partitions circles and rectangles into two, three, or four equal shares, describes the shares using the words *halves*, *thirds*, *half of*, *a third of*, *etc.*, and describes the whole as two halves, three thirds, four fourths. Recognizes that equal shares of identical wholes need not have the same shape.

	Second Grade Science	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Physical Science	: Forces and Motion; Matter Properties, and Change				
• Understa	ands the relationship between sound and vibrating objects. Illustrate how sound is produced by vibrating objects and columns of air. Summarize the relationship between sound and objects of the body that vibration.	:ate – ∈	eardrun	n and \	ocal
Understa O	ands properties of solids and liquids and the changes they undergo Gives examples of matter that change from a solid to a liquid and from a liqu and cooling. Compares the amount (volume and weight) of water in a container before an	nd after	r freezi	ng.	ing

 Compares what happens to water left in an open container over time as to water left in a closed container.

Earth Science: Earth Systems, Structures, and Processes

- Understands patterns of weather and factors that affect weather.
 - O Summarizes how energy from the sun serves as a source of light that warms the land, air and water
 - o Summarizes weather conditions using qualitative and quantitative measures to describe:
 - o Temperature, Wind Direction, Wind Speed, Precipitation
- Compare weather patterns that occur over time and relate observable patterns to time of day and time of year
- Recognize the tools that scientists use for observing, recording, and predicting weather changes from day to day and during the seasons.

Life Science: Structure and Functions of Living Organisms

- Understands animal life cycles.
 - o Summarizes the life cycle of animals:
 - Birth, Developing into an adult, Reproducing, Aging and death
- Remembers that organisms differ from or are similar to their parents based on the characteristics of the organism.
 - Compare life cycles of different animals such as, but not limited to, mealworms, ladybugs, crickets, guppies or frogs.

(23	Q4
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