

**SSC FCI EXAM  
ASSISTANT GRADE II EXAM  
PAPER-I  
GENERAL ENGLISH**

**Directions (1-5) :** In the following questions, some parts of the sentences have errors and some are correct. Find out which part of a sentence has an error. The number of that part is your answer. If a sentence is free from errors, then your answer is (4) i.e. No error.

1. You have been doing (1)/your homework (2)/regularly? (3)/ No error (4)
2. The same procedure (1)/ also should (2)/ for the final assessment (3) / No error (4)
3. I must find out (1)/ some means to balance (2)/ my budget (3) / No error (4)
4. Thank you, (1)/I am fine (2)/ completely. (3) / No error (4)
5. He asked me (1)/when could I finish (2)/ the work. (3) / No error (4)

**Directions (6-10) :** In the following questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate words. Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four as your answer.

6. He slipped \_\_\_\_\_ the train  
(1) off (2) from  
(3) of (4) through

7. How did these things come \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
(1) about (2) into  
(3) at (4) down
8. The cricket was lazy \_\_\_\_\_ the ant was busy  
(1) yet (2) and  
(3) but (4) so
9. Nadira \_\_\_\_\_ little difficulty in finding a job after her graduation  
(1) feigned (2) faced  
(3) managed (4) suffered
10. The children suddenly stopped \_\_\_\_\_ when they saw Grandpa coming in  
(1) angue (2) argued  
(3) arguing (4) to argue

**Directions (11-15) :** In the following questions out of the four alternative, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

11. Regard  
(1) respect (2) liking  
(3) love (4) suspicion
12. Swap  
(1) snap (2) exchange  
(3) break (4) exclude
13. Prudent  
(1) wise (2) cunning  
(3) frank (4) severe
14. Genius  
(1) a generous person  
(2) a foreigner  
(3) a person with uncommon intellect  
(4) an athlete

## 15. Culmination

- (1) conclusion
- (2) climax
- (3) abyss
- (4) cultivation

**Directions (16-20) :** In the following questions, choose the word opposite in meaning to the given word.

## 16.. Evident

- (1) suspected
- (2) disagreed
- (3) doubtful
- (4) unimportant

## 17. Adamant

- (1) yielding
- (2) permissive
- (3) liberal
- (4) tolerant

## 18. Professional

- (1) novice
- (2) amateur
- (3) dabbler
- (4) apprentice

## 19. Callous

- (1) persuasive
- (2) caring
- (3) gentle
- (4) sensitive

## 20. Incredible

- (1) credulous
- (2) probable
- (3) possible
- (4) creditable

**Directions (21-25) :** In the following questions, four alternatives are given for the idiom/phrase choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase

## 21. A little gush of gratitude

- (1) gradual recovery
- (2) friendly feeling
- (3) excessive labour
- (4) excessive enthusiasm

## 22. To lose ground

- (1) to become less powerful
- (2) to become less popular
- (3) to lose foundation
- (4) to be without a leader

## 23. To make both ends meet

- (1) to buy costly articles
- (2) to live a luxurious life
- (3) to live within one's income
- (4) to please all people

## 24. To fall back on

- (1) to oppose something important
- (2) to suffer an injury on the back in an accident
- (3) to fall to do something important in time
- (4) to seek support out of necessity

## 25. To make one's blood boil

- (1) to make somebody furious
- (2) to develop fever
- (3) to get excited
- (4) to make someone nervous

**Directions (26-30) :** In the following questions, a part of the sentence is

printed in **bold**. Below are given alternatives to the **bold** part at (1) (2) and which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is needed your answer is (4)

26. Officials were asked to examine the **likelihood** of providing banking facilities in the area  
 (1) probability  
 (2) possibility  
 (3) profit  
 (4) no improvement
27. The shortage of fuel has **obstacle** interstate transportation  
 (1) facilitated  
 (2) hampered  
 (3) burdened  
 (4) no improvement
28. **Being a rainy day**, we had to abandon the match  
 (1) Having been a rainy day  
 (2) It being a rainy day  
 (3) It been a rainy day  
 (4) No improvement
29. **Rahul gave me an old scissor**  
 (1) An old scissors  
 (2) A pair of old scissors  
 (3) A pair of old scissor  
 (4) No improvement
30. The teacher was angry with Paul as he had not done the **homework**  
 (1) At  
 (2) On  
 (3) From  
 (4) No improvement

**Directions (31-35) :** In the following questions, out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words/sentence

31. The process of deciding the nature of a disease by **examination**  
 (1) Test  
 (2) Perusal  
 (3) Diagnosis  
 (4) Operation
32. That which cannot be easily read  
 (1) Illegible  
 (2) Incomprehensible  
 (3) Unreadable  
 (4) Unintelligible
33. One who finds nothing good in **anything**  
 (1) Critic  
 (2) Satirist  
 (3) Cynic  
 (4) Slanderer
34. A person who pretends to be what he is not  
 (1) Explorer  
 (2) Prompter  
 (3) Imposter  
 (4) Diviner
35. **In a threatening manner**  
 (1) Ominously  
 (2) Springtly  
 (3) Ghastly  
 (4) Terribly

**Directions (36-40) :** In the following questions, there are four different words out of which one is correctly spelt. Find the **correctly spelt** word

36. (1) correspondant (3) apprise (4) consist  
 (2) corraspondent 44. (1) respected (2) addressed  
 (3) corraspondant (3) prayed (4) typed  
 (4) correspondent 45. (1) publisher (2) salesman  
 (3) editor (4) printer
37. (1) decett (2) decept 46. (1) correspondence  
 (3) decept (4) deciept (2) writing  
 (3) pseudonm (2) pseudonym (3) columns  
 (3) pseudonym (4) pseudonym (4) articles
38. (1) psuedonm (2) pseudonym 47. (1) objection (2) criticism  
 (3) pseudonym (4) pseudonym (3) essay (4) language
39. (1) jellousey (2) jealousy 48. (1) lucid (2) high  
 (3) jelousey (4) jealousy (3) florid (4) descriptive
40. (1) mischevious 49. (1) critical (2) creative  
 (2) mischievous (3) subjective (4) objective  
 (3) mischievous 50. (1) divisive (2) wicked  
 (4) mischivius (3) personal (4) unidity

**Directions (41-50) :** In the following passage, some of the words have been left out. First read the passage over and try to understand what it is about. Then fill in the blanks with the help of the alternatives given.

Broadly speaking letters may be said to 41 into two classes, the formal and 42. Formal letters 43 of official or business matters and are 44 to an employer, officials of a department or institutions. Letters to the 45 of a newspaper also belong to this class. In fact, all 46 using formal pattern is of this category. The 47 has to be precisely stated. It must be 48 in style and quite 49. No 50 element has any place in it.

41. (1) fall (2) rise  
 (3) escape (4) describe
42. (1) affectionate (2) personal  
 (3) foreign (4) official
43. (1) deal (2) contain
51. ABZ : BDX :: CFV : ?  
 (1) HIT (2) DHI  
 (3) DHO (4) DHT
52. BCDE : VWXY :: FGHI : ?  
 (1) JKLM (2) KLIJ  
 (3) NOPQ (4) RSTU
53. tide : edit :: spit : ?  
 (1) tpis (2) tips  
 (3) tsip (4) tpsi
54. 72 : 40 :: ? : 30  
 (1) 64 (2) 54  
 (3) 66 (4) 48
55. 6 : 12 :: 20 : ?

## GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

**Directions (51-59) :** In each of the following questions, select the related word/letters/number from the given alternatives.

- (1) 50 (2) 30  
(3) 42 (4) 38
56.  $5 : 135 :: 7 : ?$   
(1) 353 (2) 245  
(3) 273 (4) 293
57. Poet : Imagination :: Historian : ?  
(1) Statistics  
(2) Commerce  
(3) Facts  
(4) Science
58. Gifted : Intelligent :: Creative : ?  
(1) Artistic  
(2) Scientific  
(3) Productive  
(4) Repetitive
59. Triangle : Hexagon :: ?  
(1) Cone : Sphere  
(2) Rectangle : Octagon  
(3) Pentagon : Heptagon  
(4) Angle : quadrilateral

**Directions (60-65) :** In each of the following questions, select the one which is different from the other responses.

60. (1) 275 (2) 324  
(3) 325 (4) 381
61. (1) 2016 (2) 3006  
(3) 3016 (4) 3303
62. (1) 31-64 (2) 26-48  
(3) 43-65 (4) 34-56
63. (1) NML (2) QPO  
(3) HGE (4) XWV
64. (1) ABBC (2) HIIJ  
(3) PQQR (4) WYYZ

65. (1) MDPS (2) CNGH  
(3) FJILQ (4) OAUE
66. (1) Watch (2) Clock  
(3) Bangle (4) Bracelet
67. (1) Brotherhood  
(2) Babyhood  
(3) Adulthood  
(4) Childhood
68. (1) Pen - Ink  
(2) Pot - Water  
(3) Bottle - Tonic  
(4) Cylinder - Air

**Directions (69-70) :** In each of the following questions, which one of the given responses would be a meaningful order of the following words in ascending order ?

69. 1. Mother 2. Infant  
3. Milk 4. Crying  
5. Smiling  
(1) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3  
(2) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5  
(3) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4  
(4) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4
70. 1. Salary 2. Child  
3. Employment 4. School  
5. College  
(1) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1  
(2) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2  
(3) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5  
(4) 5, 4, 1, 2, 3
71. Which one set of letters when sequentially placed at the gaps in the given letters series shall complete it ?  
\_\_ sr \_\_ tr \_\_ srs \_\_ r \_\_ srst \_\_

- (1) tissrr (2) tsrtsr  
(3) strtrs (4) tsttir
72. Which of the following words will come fourth if arranged according to the English Dictionary  
(1) Elect (2) Electric  
(3) Elector (4) Elastic
- Directions (73-76) :** In each of the following questions choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.
73. 206, 221, 251, 296, 356, ?  
(1) 416 (2) 426  
(3) 431 (4) 430
74. 5, 17, 37, 65, ?, 145  
(1) 95 (2) 97  
(3) 99 (4) 101
75. KEC, LFD, MGE, NHF, ?  
(1) OIF (2) OIG  
(3) PHG (4) NIG
76. ABCD, GHJI, MNPO, ?  
(1) RSQP (2) STRQ  
(3) RSUT (4) STVU
77. Kusuma is the wife of Ravi. Govind and Prabhu are brothers. Govind is the brother of Ravi. Prabhu is Kusuma's  
(1) Cousin  
(2) Brother  
(3) Brother-in-law  
(4) Uncle
78. 20 years ago, Antony's age was  $\frac{1}{2}$  of what his age now is. What is his age now ?  
(1) 20 years  
(2) 40 years
- (3) 35 years  
(4) 30 years
79. Find the wrong number in the given number series  
3, 9, 27, 81, 243, 730.  
(1) 27 (2) 81  
(3) 243 (4) 730
80. If in a certain code language INSTITUTION is coded as NOITUTITSNI, then how will PERFECTION be coded in that code language ?  
(1) NOITEERPFC  
(2) NOITCEFREP  
(3) NOITCFERPE  
(4) NOTICEFRPE
81. If L denotes  $\times$ , M denotes  $\div$ , P denotes  $+$  and Q denotes  $-$ , then find the value of  
 $16 P 25 M 8 Q 6 M 2 L 3 = ?$   
(1) 6 (2) 8  
(3) 10 (4) 12
82. Some equation are solved on the basis of a certain system. Find out the correct answer for the unsolved equation on that basis  
If  $8 + 8 = 72$ ,  $5 + 5 = 30$  and  $7 + 7 = 56$ , what is  $6 + 6 = ?$   
(1) 40 (2) 42  
(3) 30 (4) 36
83. Select the correct combination of mathematical signs to replace \* signs and to balance the given equation  
(1)  $\times, <, \div$  (2)  $\times, >, \div$   
(3)  $\div, >, \times$  (4)  $\times, > +$
84. From the following alternatives, select the word which cannot be

formed using the letters of the given word

CORRESPONDENT

- (1) SPEED (2) ORDER  
(3) SPOON (4) ARREST

85. From the following alternatives, select the word which can be formed using the letters of the given word

CONTROVERSY

- (1) RIVER (2) STORY  
(3) OTHER (4) YOURS

86. If B = 2, A = 1, M = 3, R = 5, E = 6, O = 7, the sum of the letters of which of the following words will give the highest number ?

- (1) BORE (2) ROOM  
(3) MORE (4) RARE

**Directions (87-88) :** In each of the following questions, find the missing number from the given responses.

87. 

4	8	10	320
2	?	3	180
9	6	4	216

- (1) 22  
(2) 30  
(3) 28  
(4) 20

88. 

18	11	19
12	13	16
36	4	?

- (1) 36  
(2) 9  
(3) 35  
(4) 7

89. Lalit is elder than Prakash and Kishore, Mukesh is elder than

Rakesh but not as old as Lalit. Prakash is younger than Rakesh but is not the youngest. Who is the eldest ?

- (1) Lalit  
(2) Mukesh  
(3) Rakesh  
(4) Kishore

90. John's house is 100 metre north of his uncle office. His uncle's house is located 200 metres west of his (uncle's) office. Kabir is the friend of John and he stays 100 metres east of John's house. The office of Kabir is located 100 metres south of his house. Then how far is his uncle's house from Kabir's office ?

- (1) West (2) East  
(3) South (4) North

92. A house faces north. A man coming out of his house walked turned left and walked 25 metres. He then turned right and walked 5 metres and again turned right and walked 25 metres. How far is he from his house ?

- (1) 15 metres  
(2) 55 metres  
(3) 60 metres  
(4) 65 metres

**Directions (93-94) :** In each of the following question, one or two statements are given followed by two conclusions I and II. You have to consider the statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from