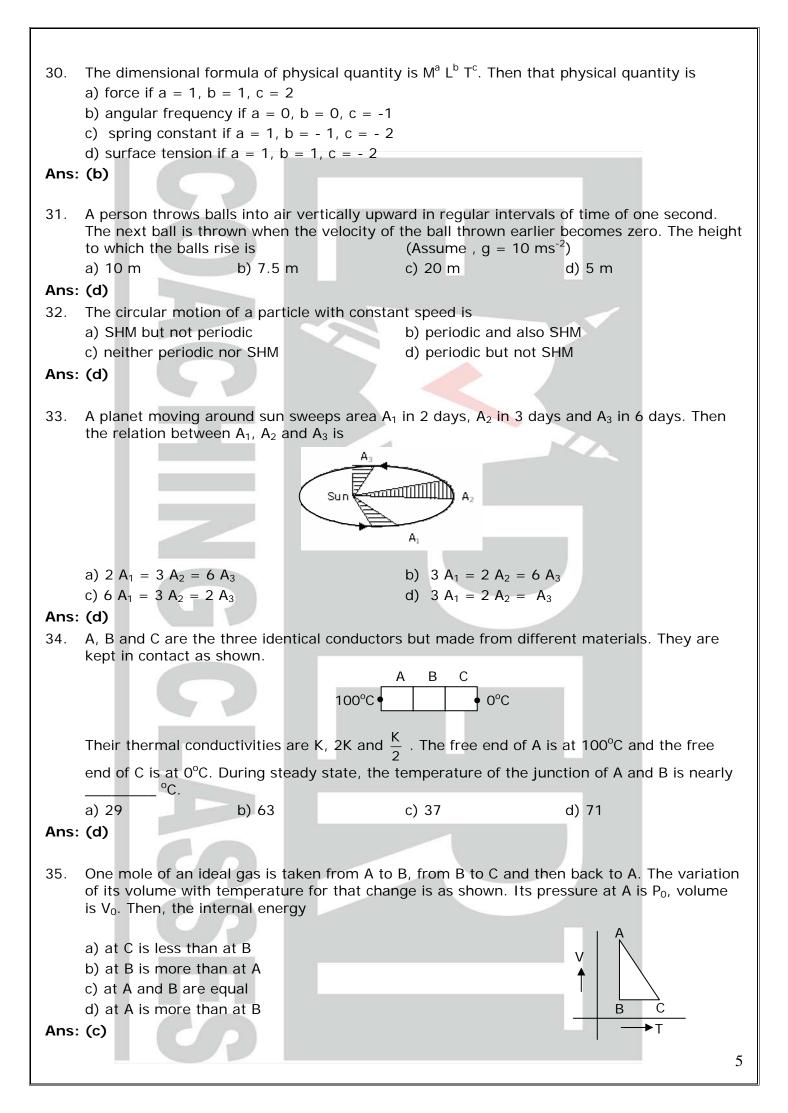
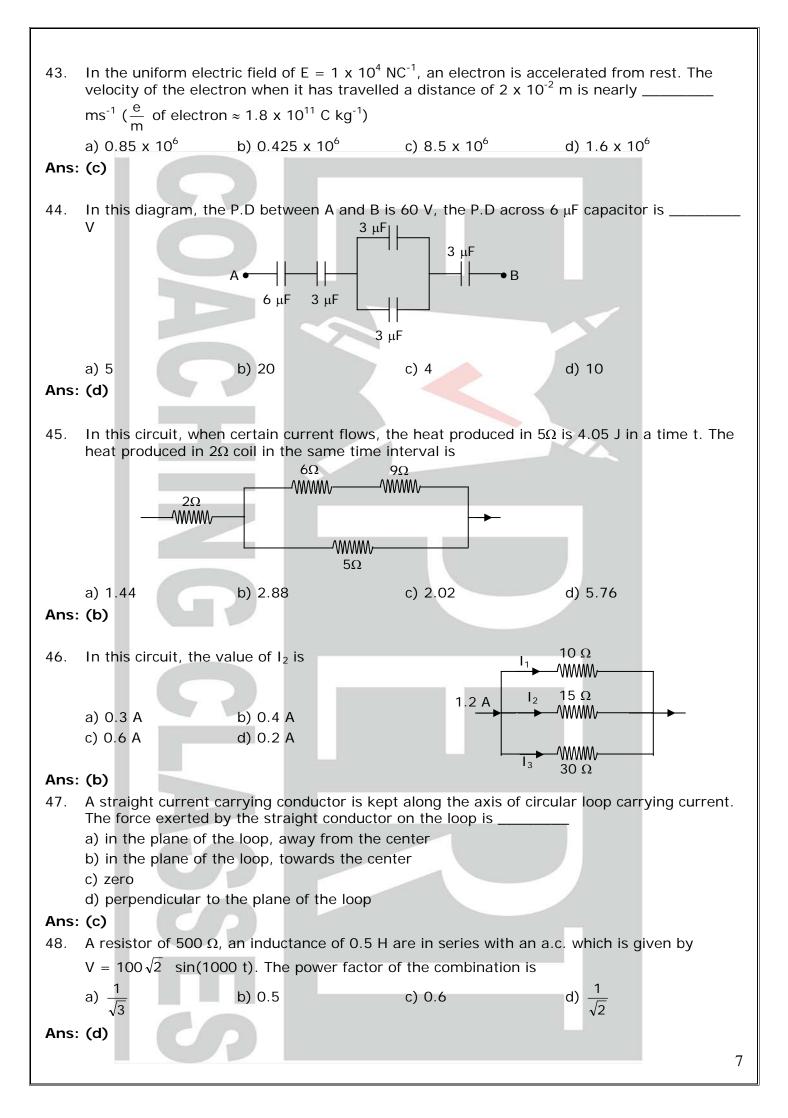


21.	X-rays, gamma rays and microwaves travelir a) same frequency but different velocities	b) same velocity but	•	
Anci	c) same velocity and same frequency	d) same wavelengths	but different velocities	
22.	: (b) If n is the orbit number of the electron in a hydrogen atom, the correct statement among the following is			
	a) hydrogen emits infrared rays for the electronb) electron energy is zero for n = 1	ron transition from n =	$=\infty$ to n = 1.	
	c) electron energy varies as n^2			
	d) electron energy increases as n increases			
Ans:				
23.	In Ruby laser, the colour of laser light is due a) Aluminium b) Xenon	to Atom c) Chromium	d) Oxygen	
Ans		c) on on an	d) Oxygen	
24.	The radius of 29Cu ⁶⁴ nucleus in Fermi is (give	$n R_0 = 1.2 \times 10^{-15} m$		
_	a) 1.2 b) 7.7	c) 9.6	d) 4.8	
Ans:	(d)			
25.	In a radioactive decay, an element $_ZX^A$ emits gamma photons. The atomic number and matrix a) Z - 5, A - 13 b) Z - 5, A - 16	ass number of the resu	Ilting final nucleus are	
Ans:		0) 2 0, 11 10		
26.	For a transistor, $\beta = 100$. The value of α is	a) 0.01	d) 1 01	
Ans	a) 0.99 b) 100	c) 0.01	d) 1.01	
AIIS.				
27.	The following truth table with A and B as input	uts in for gate.		
	The following truth table with A and B as input	uts in for gate.		
	The following truth table with A and B as input	uts in for gate.		
	A B Output 1 0 1	uts in for gate.		
	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0	uts in for gate.		
	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1	uts in for gate.		
	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0	uts in for gate.		
	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1	uts in for gate.	d) AND	
	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 a) OR b) XOR		d) AND	
27. Ans :	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 a) OR b) XOR	c) NOR		
27.	A B Output 1 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 a) OR b) XOR	c) NOR		
27. Ans :	The following truth table with A and B as input	c) NOR y a black body of mass	'm'. The momentum	
27. Ans: 28.	The following truth table with A and B as input $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	c) NOR		
27. Ans :	The following truth table with A and B as input $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	c) NOR y a black body of mass	'm'. The momentum	
27. Ans: 28.	The following truth table with A and B as input $ \frac{A & B & Output}{1 & 0 & 1} \\ \hline 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} $ a) OR b) XOR (b) 'n' photons of wavelength ' λ ' are absorbed by gained by the body is a) $\frac{mnh}{\lambda}$ b) $\frac{nh}{m\lambda}$ (c) A radioactive nucleus has specific binding end	c) NOR y a black body of mass c) $\frac{nh}{\lambda}$ ergy 'E ₁ '. It emits an o	s 'm'. The momentum d) $\frac{h}{m\lambda}$	
27. Ans: 28. Ans:	The following truth table with A and B as input $ A \\ B \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 1$	c) NOR y a black body of mass c) $\frac{nh}{\lambda}$ ergy 'E ₁ '. It emits an o	s 'm'. The momentum d) $\frac{h}{m\lambda}$	
27. Ans: 28. Ans:	The following truth table with A and B as input $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	c) NOR y a black body of mass c) $\frac{nh}{\lambda}$ ergy 'E ₁ '. It emits an o	s 'm'. The momentum d) $\frac{h}{m\lambda}$	
27. Ans: 28. Ans: 29.	The following truth table with A and B as input $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	c) NOR y a black body of mass c) $\frac{nh}{\lambda}$ ergy 'E ₁ '. It emits an o	s 'm'. The momentum d) $\frac{h}{m\lambda}$	



36.	Which of the following is incorrect?				
	a) If the wave is mechanical, it may OR may not be a transverse wave.				
	b) Mechanical waves cannot propagate in	n vacuum.			
	c) 'Diffraction' helps us to distinguish bet	ween sound wave and li	ght wave.		
	d) If the wave is longitudinal, it must be	a mechanical wave.			
Ans:	(c)				
37.	Intensity level of sound whose intensity i	s 10 ⁻⁸ wm ⁻² is	dB		
	a) 4 b) 40	c) 80	d) 8		
Ans	(b)				
38.	A point source of light is kept below the s	surface of water $(n_w = 4)$	/3) at a depth of $\sqrt{7}$ m. The		
	radius of the circular bright patch of light				
	$\sqrt{7}$	N /=	N 3		
	a) 3 b) $\frac{\sqrt{7}}{3}$	c) √7	d) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{7}}$		
Ans					
/					
39.	A monochromatic beam of light is travell	ing from medium A of re	efractive index n₁ to a		
• • •	medium B of refractive index n_2 . In the n				
	distance. In the medium B, there are y n		ame distance. Then,		
	refractive index of medium A with respec	t to medium B is			
	a) $\sqrt{\frac{x}{y}}$ b) $\frac{x}{y-x}$	c) $\frac{x}{y}$	d) $\frac{y}{x}$		
	y y y − x	y y	×		
Ans	(c)				
40.	In Young's double slit experiment, fringe				
	distance of 1m from the slit. When the so	creen is moved away by	5×10^{-2} m, fringe width		
	changes by 3 x 10^{-5} m. The separation be	etween the slits is 1 x 10	0° m. The wavelength of		
	the light used is nm. a) 600 b) 700	c) 400	d) 500		
Ans		0) 400	u) 300		
AII5.					
41.	For sustained inference fringes in double	slit experiment essenti	al condition/s is/are		
41.	a) sources must be coherent	sin experiment, essentio			
	b) the intensities of the two sources mus	t be equal			
	Here, the correct option/s is/are				
	1) only (a) b) only (b)	c) neither (a) nor (t	b) d) both (a) (b)		
Ans					
42.	In single slit experiment, the width of the	e slit is reduced. Then, t	he linear width of the		
	principal maxima				
	a) decreases but becomes more bright				
	b) increases but becomes more bright				
	c) decreases but becomes less bright				
	d) increases but becomes less bright				
Ans	(d)				
			6		



49.	Pick our the WRONG statement. a) When an electron is shot at right angles to the electric field, it traces a parabolic path.			
	b) An electron moving in the direction of the electric field gains K.Ec) An electron at rest experiences no force in the magnetic field			
	d) The gain in the K.E of the electron movin	-	magnetic field is zero	
Ans:				
50.	A proton and an alpha particle are accelerat of de-Broglie wavelengths of the proton and	•	ential difference. The fatio	
	a) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{8}}$ b) 1	c) 2	d) √8	
Ans:	(d)			
51.	Spectrum of sunlight is an example for a) Line absorption spectrum	b) Continuous emissic		
	c) Continuous absorption spectrum	d) Band emission spe	•	
Ans:	(a)	\sim		
52.	In hydrogen atom, electron excites from gro	ound state to higher end	ergy state and its orbit	
	velocity is reduced to $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of its initial value	. The radius of the orbi	t in the ground state is.	
	The radius of the orbit in that higher energy	state is		
	a) 3 R b) 27 R	c) 9 R	d) 2 R	
Ans:	(c)			
53.	Decay constants of two radio-active samples have equal number of initial nuclei. The ratio			
	time $\frac{1}{6x}$ is			
Anci	a) e^2 b) e^{-1}	c) e ⁻²	d) e	
Ans:				
54.	Mass numbers of the elements A, B, C and I specific binding energy of them are 5 MeV, s which of the following reaction/s energy is r	8.5 MeV, 8 MeV and 7 M		
	a) $D \rightarrow 2B$ b) $C \rightarrow B + A$			
	c) $B \rightarrow 2A$			
	a) in (b), (c) c) in (a), (b) and (c)	b) in (a), (c) d) only in (a)		
Ans:				
55.	Copper and germanium are cooled from roo a) Germanium decreases, copper decreases b) Germanium increases, copper decreases		K. Then the resistance of	
	c) Germanium increases, copper increases			
Ans:	d) Germanium decreases, copper increases(b)			
			8	

56.	The most stable para) Proton	rticle in the Baryon grou b) lamda particle	ıp is c) sigma particle	d) neutron	
Ans	(a)				
57.	the intensity of scattered light in a particular direction is				
Ans	a) 1 : 2 (c)	b) 1 : 8	c) 1 : 16	d) 1 : 4	
58.	The ratio of the ma orbit of hydrogen a		o the angular momentu	m of the electron in the 1 st	
	a) e m	b) $\frac{2m}{e}$	c) <u>m</u>	d) $\frac{e}{2m}$	
Ans			C C		
59.	Milk is an example				
Ans	a) foam (c)	b) elastic gel	c) emulsion	d) inelastic gel	
60.	applied, it comes to	is travelling with a velo rest after travelling a c distance travelled it con	listance ' s_1 ' . If the initi	nt retarding force 'F' is al velocity is '2u', with the	
	a) $s_2 = \frac{s_1}{2}$	b) $s_2 = s_1$	c) $s_2 = 4s_1$	d) $s_2 = 2s_1$	
Ans	(c)				
				9	