

**ENSURE THAT THIS QUESTION BOOKLET CONTAINS 150
QUESTIONS SERIALLY NUMBERED FROM 1 TO 150.
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1. According to Charaka Kamsaharitaki is specially indicated in
 (A) Shwayathu
 (B) Grahini
 (C) Prameha
 (D) Kustha

2. is the disease where Jalapratarana Vyayama is indicated and Panchakarma is contraindicated
 (A) Urusthambha
 (B) Visarpa
 (C) Yakshma
 (D) Kshathaksheena

3. Snehana, Svedana, Virechan are principle treatments of
 (A) Jalodhara
 (B) Pakshaghata
 (C) Ardhavabedhaka
 (D) Pureeshasangha

4. Yogarajachurna is referred for disease according to Charaka
 (A) Sandhishula
 (B) Sandhivata
 (C) Amavata
 (D) Pandu

5. In Saptamruta Loha, may be counted as ingredients for Netra Rogas
 (A) Ghrita Madhu
 (B) Ksheera Madhu
 (C) Kshreera Sharkara
 (D) Ushnajala Jeeraka

6. In type of Jwara, Kashayarasa is contraindicated
- (A) Navajwara
 - (B) Jeernajwara
 - (C) Santataka
 - (D) Anyedyushka
7. is advocated by Charaka if Astimajjagata Jwara is diagnosed
- (A) Langhana
 - (B) Guduchi Ghrata
 - (C) Basti
 - (D) Anandabhairava
8. Extreme painful Gridhrisi is also called
- (A) Dandaka
 - (B) Baheerayama
 - (C) Khalli
 - (D) Prishthagraha
9. Anupana plays major role, consumption of Taila should be followed by as Anupana
- (A) Yoosha
 - (B) Vilepi
 - (C) Manda
 - (D) Krishara
10. Sushruta advises never to give to a patient suffering from Prameha
- (A) Anuvasana Basti
 - (B) Virechana
 - (C) Teekshana Oushada
 - (D) Ratrou Vyayama

11. Pain in right iliac fossa, vomiting and temperature together form
- (A) Murphy's sign
 - (B) Murphy's triad
 - (C) Murphy's angle
 - (D) Cushing's triad

12. Anemia, haematuria, mass in loin form suggestive of renal cell carcinoma
- (A) Kehr's triad
 - (B) Renal cell carcinoma triad
 - (C) Tillaux's triad
 - (D) Virchow's triad

13. Medial border of the triangle is formed by the rectus sheath, superio-lateral border by inferior epigastric artery and inferior border by the inguinal ligament. It is called
- (A) Triangle of doom
 - (B) Inguinal triangle
 - (C) Hesselbach's triangle
 - (D) Femoral triangle

14. The triangle bounded by umbilicus, symphysis pubis and the anterior superior iliac spine is called
- (A) Scalene triangle
 - (B) Sherren's triangle
 - (C) Triangle of marseille
 - (D) Calot's triangle

15. Oxygen saturation in normal individual is above
- (A) 90%
 - (B) 95%
 - (C) 97%
 - (D) A, B, C

16. Normal bleeding time is
- (A) 2-6 minutes
 - ✓ (B) 1-4 minutes
 - (C) 4-8 minutes
 - (D) 2-10 minutes
17. Hemoglobin in adults ranges from 14 to 16 gms /dl. However, in new born it would be
- (A) 12-16 gm / dl
 - ✓ (B) 16-19 gm / dl
 - (C) 08-10 gm/dl
 - (D) 10-14 gm/dl
18. Left supra clavicular lymph node enlargement is seen
- (A) Ca Stomach
 - (B) Ca Testis
 - (C) Ca Meninges
 - ✓ (D) A, B
19. Testicular neoplasm can be differentiated from inflammatory lesion of testis where vas deferens becomes considerably thickened due to inflammation and remain normal in neoplasm. This is also called
- (A) Testicular sign
 - (B) Vas sign
 - (C) Tanyol's sign
 - (D) Tap sign
20. Sushruta advocates replacement of the eye if it had come out, however a precaution is given which is
- ✓ (A) Unbroken eye ball
 - (B) Patent vessels etc
 - (C) Uninjured eye socket
 - ✓ (D) A, B

21. Fees offered to a witness in civil case at the time of serving of summons to cover the travelling expenses for attending court is
- (A) Bribe money
 - (B) Conduct money
 - (C) Below table money
 - (D) Hand warming money
22. The medicine pertains to matters related to employment and includes such other matters as disease and injury at work, compensation for such through insurance companies and so on can be
- (A) Social medicine and jurisprudence
 - (B) Toxicology
 - (C) Subpoena
 - (D) Examiner in Chief
23. Ethics is science of moral values or principles described as code of conduct and earliest treatise to describe is
- (A) Charaka
 - (B) Hippocratic oath
 - (C) Arthashastra of Kautilya
 - (D) Declaration of Geneva
24. Magistrate's court presided by the judicial magistrate deals usually with matters
- (A) Civil
 - (B) Doctors
 - (C) Criminal,
 - (D) Forum
25. Radiological diagnosis for fetal death is confirmed by
- (A) Spalding's sign
 - (B) Absence of fetal heart sound before 12 weeks
 - (C) No bone shadows
 - (D) No-fetal movements

26. High court is the highest judicial tribunal in the State and usually located in the State Capital. Some of the High Courts not located in the State capital are
- (A) Kerala
 - (B) Assam
 - (C) Uttar Pradesh
 - (D) A, B, C
27. A lawful disinterment of a dead body from grave for medico legal examination is called as
- (A) Exhumation
 - (B) Autopsy
 - (C) Identification of the grave
 - (D) Digging the body
28. Receiving / giving commission or benefits to professional colleagues, manufacturers, traders etc., commission to one doctor to another for referral or other treatment surgical medical etc., is known as
- (A) Dichotomy
 - (B) Fees splitting
 - (C) Sharing
 - (D) A, B, C
29. Consent taking can be deviated
- (A) under section 92 IPC
 - (B) under section 202 IPC
 - (C) under section 31 CrPc
 - (D) above 18 years of age
30. Whenever a female is to be examined, it shall be made only by or under the supervision of a Female Registered Medical Practitioner for an offence under the following section
- (A) 53 (2) of CrPc
 - (B) 53 of IPC
 - (C) 92 (1) of IPC
 - (D) 202 of CrPc

31. Which may not be the ingredient in Triphala Guggulu according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Nimba
 - (B) Pippali
 - (C) Triphala
 - (D) Guggulu
32. How much Jala has to be taken along with Churna according to Sharangadhara
- (A) 6 times
 - (B) 8 times
 - (C) 4 times
 - (D) 2 times
33. Which drug has to be used after one year or more duration from procuring according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Pippali
 - (B) Trikatu
 - (C) Amalaki
 - (D) Shunthi
34. Twelve Sarashapa equals according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Gunja
 - (B) Yava
 - (C) Masha
 - (D) Karsha
35. Which should be the minimum quantity required for Parada Shodhana according to Rasatarangini
- (A) One Pala
 - (B) Five Pala
 - (C) Fifty Pala
 - (D) Hundred Pala
36. The dosage of Shuddha Haritara is according to Rasatarangini
- (A) One Ratti
 - (B) One Masha
 - (C) One Tola
 - (D) Half Ratti

37. Pinda Taila has side effects according to Rasatarangini
- (A) Hridaya
 - (B) Yakrit
 - ✓(C) Stree Pushpa
 - (D) Vrikkak
38. Which Basma is subjected to Amritikarana according to Rasatarangini
- ✓(A) Tamra
 - (B) Suvarna
 - (C) Rajatha
 - (D) Vanga
39. Which disease is caused by impure Manasheela according to Rasatarangini
- (A) Mutrakricchra
 - (B) Hridroga
 - (C) Atisara
 - (D) Madhumeha
40. Swarjika Kshara is prepared out of according to Rasatarangini
- (A) Sarja
 - ✓(B) Duraalabha
 - (C) Guggulu
 - (D) Yava
41. According to Charaka Samhita, Mahagada is
- (A) Udara
 - (B) Vata Vyadhi
 - (C) Atatvabhi Nivesha
 - ✓(D) A, B, C

42./ "Aatmanam Eva Manyeth Kartaram Sukha Dukkhayoho Tasmaath Shreyaskaram
Margam Pratipratyetha" this sloka is selected from

- (A) Charaka Samhita
- (B) Sushruta Samhita
- (C) Madhava Nidana
- (D) Kashyapa Samhita

43. Tamahapravesha is the Lakshana of

- (A) Unmada
- (B) Apasmara
- (C) A, B
- (D) Mada

44. Kshanena Samgnya Pratilabhyamanam is related to

- (A) Vataja Apasmara
- (B) Pittaja Apasmara
- (C) A, B
- (D) Sannipakaja Apasmara

45. Saswedhaha Pratibhudhyate is related to

- (A) Vataja Murcha
- (B) Pittaja Murcha
- (C) A, B
- (D) Sannipathaja Murcha

46. Kaashthibhuta Mratopamam is the Lakshana of

- (A) Mada
- (B) Murcha
- (C) Apasmara
- (D) Sanyasa

दृग् अम्भसि यथा मज्जयति

47. Durge Ambhasi Yatha Majyat Bhrajanyam Twaraya Budha is related to
- (A) Unmada
(B) Pittaja Madatyaya
(C) Murcha
 (D) Sanyasa
48. Keshalumchanam is the line of treatment in
- (A) Apasmara
(B) Pittaja Murcha
(C) Madathyaya
 (D) Sanyasa
49. In Unmada, Apasmara, the Snehana Matra should be according to Sushruta
- (A) Ardhadivase Jeeryathe
(B) Ahani Pari Jeeryathe
 (C) Ahoratraat Pari Jeeryathe
(D) Ahani Chaturbage Jeeryathe
50. The symptoms of Sannipathaja Murcha are almost equal to Sannipataja Apasmara, except
- (A) Chirat Pratibudhyate
(B) Saswedhaha Pratibudhyate
 (C) A, B
 (D) Bibhatsa Chesta
51. In Vishthabdhajeerna according to Sushruta should be induced
- (A) Vamana
(B) Virechana
 (C) Swedana
(D) Langhana

52. Mrudu Sweda is indicated in according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Drishti
 - (B) Hridaya
 - (C) Vrishana
 - ✓(D) A, B, C
53. Bathing with hot water below head is said to
- ✓(A) Increase strength
 - (B) Decreased strength
 - (C) Unwholesome for stomach
 - (D) Unwholesome for heart
54. Vagabhatta advises exercise which
- (A) Slims body
 - (B) Increases digestive power
 - (C) Decreases medas
 - ✓(D) A, B, C
55. Anointment should be avoided in
- (A) Ajeerna
 - (B) Incomplete Vamana
 - (C) Kaphaja disorders
 - ✓(D) A, B, C
56. Consumption of liquor is not advised generally, however if it is compelled it should be taken according Ashtangahridaya
- (A) With plenty of water
 - (B) In dark place
 - (C) Quick consumption
 - (D) Secret consumption

57. Vagabhatta advises milk to be taken in night; he also advocates consumption in "Shashanka Kirana"
- (A) Talisachurna
(B) Karpura
(C) Sitophala
 (D) A, B, C
58. "Adharaneeya Vegas" are many Vega Dharana causes "Pindakodweshtana"
- (A) Pureesha
(B) Mutra
(C) Nidra
(D) Kshavatu
59. These should not be disturbed during sleep
- (A) Child
(B) King
(C) Other's dog
 (D) A, B, C
60. Abhyanga is advocated regularly, however, it should be done predominantly on
- (A) Ears
(B) Sole
(C) Head
 (D) A, B, C
61. Number of Siddhantas according to Charaka is
- (A) 2
(B) 3
 (C) 4
(D) 5

62. Which of the following is related to Vishesh Siddhanta

- (A) Viparyaya
- (B) Tulyartha
- (C) Pritaktawakra
- (D) A, C

63. Tridandas are according to Charaka

- (A) Vata Pitta Kapha
- (B) Tridosha, Trimala, Dhatu
- (C) Satwa, Atma, Shareera
- (D) Indriya, Manas, Ahankara

64. Apratighata is the Guna of according to Charaka

- (A) Vayumahabhuta
- (B) Agnimahabhuta
- (C) Akashamahabhuta
- (D) Jalamahabhuta

65. Manas is said to be

- (A) Achetana
- (B) Kriyavan
- (C) Chetanavan
- (D) A, B

66. Vashi is the synonym of as said by Charaka

- (A) Indriya
- (B) Atma
- (C) Shareera
- (D) Manas

67. Sweda and Lasika are the place of as depicted in Charaka

- (A) Vata
- (B) Pitta
- (C) Kapha
- (D) Rakta

68. Kashaya Rasa is having the predominance of Mahabhuta

- (A) Vayu and Akasha
- (B) Vayu and Agni
- (C) Vayu and Pritvi
- (D) Vayu and Jala

69. Sasneha is the Guna of

- (A) Vata
- (B) Pitta
- (C) Kapha
- (D) A, B, C

70. Panchakarma is done mainly by assessing the according to Charaka

- (A) Matra
- (B) Agni
- (C) Kala
- (D) A, C

71. Vagabhatta had the knowledge of tube connecting Ghrana and Shrotrapatha which is described in

- (A) Phanimarma
- (B) Stapanimarma
- (C) Vidhuramarma
- (D) Shringataka

72. The Pramana of Aasya/mouth according to Charaka Samhita is
- (A) 3 Angula
 - (B) 4 Angula
 - (C) 5 Angula
 - (D) 6 Angula
73. Sarpipana is indicated in Pratishyaya, however this condition contradicts according to the statement of Sushruta
- (A) Navapratishyaya
 - (B) Jeernapratishyaya
 - (C) Nasanaha
 - (D) Karnapratinaha
74. Though eye said to be Tejomaya, it has threat from Sleshma, however, the Panchamahabhutas located in are
- (A) Rakta-Agni
 - (B) Shweta-Jala
 - (C) Ashrumarga-Akasha
 - (D) A, B, C
75. Yogaratnakara includes some of these for Netra Chikitsa
- (A) Pindi
 - (B) Putapaka
 - (C) Bidalaka
 - (D) A, B, C
76. Uthsangini, Pothaki, Anjananamika, Shushkarsha etc are said to occur in
- (A) Vartma
 - (B) Pakshma
 - (C) Shukla
 - (D) Drishti

77. Linganasha has Upadravas according to Ashtangahridaya
- (A) Four
 - (B) Six
 - (C) Eight
 - (D) Eleven
78. Ghrita is said to be good in Timira, however, it should be
- (A) Ayasbhandasthita
 - (B) Triphalagritha
 - (C) Puranagritha
 - (D) A, B, C
79. Kaacha is treated on lines of Trimira, however, this procedure is contraindicated in Ragaprapta Trimira
- (A) Siramokhsha
 - (B) Anjana
 - (C) Nasya
 - (D) Vamana
80. Rasanjana is periodically applied to eyes for the sake of
- (A) Protection of eye diseases
 - (B) Prevention of Timira
 - (C) Prevention of Drishtinasha
 - (D) A, B, C
81. Shatavari Karamarda, Trikantaka, Griddhanakha are Dravyas according to Sushruta
- (A) Kanda
 - (B) Moola
 - (C) Kantaka
 - (D) Valli

82. Katu, Amla, Lavana, Rasas have action
- (A) Vidhahi
 (B) Agneya
 (C) Kaphaja
 (D) Vatala
83. Ruksha Sheetha, Guru Guna can be assigned to Rasa
- (A) Tikta
 (B) Kashaya
 (C) Lavana
 (D) Katu
84. These are among Ashtavarga according to Bhavaprakasha
- (A) Meda
 (B) Jeevaka
 (C) Ksheerakakoli
 (D) A, B, C
85. Laksha is Anushna Veerya, Snigdha, Lagu and is advocated in according to Bhavaprakasha
- (A) Urakshatha
 (B) Raktapradara
 (C) Kushtha
 (D) A, B, C
86. Collection of medicinal plants for Vamana Karma should be done in Kala according to Sharangadhara
- (A) Vasanta Ante
 (B) Greeshma
 (C) Sharath
 (D) Hemanth Ante

87. Where Moola of a drug has to be used, the collection is advised to be done in according to Charaka

- (A) Vasantha
- (B) Greeshma
- (C) Sharath
- (D) Hemanth

88. Haritaki is said to be Shoshini according to Sharangadhara in respect of

- (A) Rasa
- (B) Pureesha
- (C) Mutra
- (D) Shukra

89. Bhrishta Haritaki is according to Bhavaprakasha

- (A) Tridosahara
- (B) Shodini
- (C) Deepani
- (D) Grahi

90. Pippali is Deepani, Rechani, Katu and Lagu. However it is according to Bhavaprakasha

- (A) Vrishya
- (B) Vidhahi
- (C) Grahi
- (D) Mutrala

91. Anuvasana Basti is advocated for pregnant women in month by Charaka

- (A) 4th month
- (B) 7th month
- (C) 8th month
- (D) 9th month

92. Seventh month delivery is not precious, however the condition is identified by Bhoja as while commenting on Sushruta
- (A) Viprasavam
 - (B) Garbhaghatha
 - (C) Asthira Oja
 - (D) Garbha Asanga
93. Keelaka, Pratikhura, Parigha etc., are said to be as identified by Sushruta
- (A) Garbhagati
 - (B) Moodha Garbha
 - (C) Aparasnagha
 - (D) Garbhasangha
94. Full term fetus, due to Apana Vaigunya results in improper descent and obstruction and causing Murcha is as remarked by Sushruta
- (A) Makkala
 - (B) Pratituni
 - (C) Garbha Sangha
 - (D) Moodha Garbha
95. When the medication is most required for a baby of one month, Sushruta advocates the dose of Pramana
- (A) Half Ratti
 - (B) Anguli Parvadwaya Grahana
 - (C) Half Cola
 - (D) 1/4th Ratti
96. Sushruta advocates posture during delivery
- (A) Supine
 - (B) Sitting
 - (C) Standing
 - (D) Lateral

97. Female child can be procured by copulating on days according to Sushruta
- (A) Any day
 - (B) Even days
 - (C) Uneven days
 - (D) Alternate days
98. During labour, the normal presentation of fetus is said to be head presentation. However, this is due to as depicted by Sushruta
- (A) Prabhava
 - (B) Swabhava
 - (C) Completion of term
 - (D) Pradesh Abhava
99. "Gambheera Paki Visarpa" is
- (A) Agni Visarpa
 - (B) Kardama Visarpa
 - (C) Granthi Visarpa
 - (D) Kshataja Visarpa
100. In Madaatyaya "Dwamsaka" is due to according to Charaka
- (A) Vataprakopa
 - (B) Pittaprakopa
 - (C) Kaphaprakopa
 - (D) Vatapittaprakopa
101. The one eligible for Snehana should avoid according to Sharangadhara Samhita
- (A) Vyayama
 - (B) Vega Dharana
 - (C) Jagarana
 - (D) A, B, C

102. According to Vagbhata Arshas is produced by the Dushana of

- (A) Twak
- (B) Mamsa
- (C) Twak, Mamsa
- (D) Twak, Mamsa, Meda

103. Shotho Gandakshi Kutagaha is the Lakshana of

- (A) Vidagdha Ajeerna
- (B) Vishtabhda Ajeerna
- (C) Vilambika
- (D) Amajeerna

104. Jatrumulat Pradhavita is Lakshana of type of Hikka according to Sushruta

- (A) Yamala Hikka
- (B) Kshudra Hikka
- (C) Gambhira Hikka
- (D) Maha Hikka

105. Virasa is the Lakshna of

- (A) Vataja Arochaka
- (B) Pittaka Arochaka
- (C) Kaphaja Arochaka
- (D) Agantuka Arochaka

106. Dosha in Padadaha according to Sushruta is

- (A) Pitta
- (B) Vata
- (C) Vata Pitta
- (D) Vata Pitta Shonita

107. Rakta Mokhana is good to be done in ... according to Sharangadhara

- (A) Sharad Rutu
- (B) Vasanta Rutu
- (C) Grishma Rutu
- (D) Hemanta Rutu

108. FNAC is not done in

- (A) Thyroid
- (B) Lump in breast
- (C) Testicular tumour
- (D) Lymph node

109. Vitamin K is used in

- (A) Bleeding disorder
- (B) Liver disorder
- (C) Hypokalemia
- (D) A, B

110. Arunadatta on Ashtangahridaya Sutra comments Vatasthana as

- (A) Urasthana
- (B) Nabhi Adhosthana
- (C) Ura Adhosthana
- (D) Pupusa

111. The discharges in Twak seen oozing out in Vrana is identified as according to Charaka

- (A) Rasa
- (B) Lasika
- (C) Meda
- (D) Rakta

112. The quantity of Shonitha measured in Sushruta is

- (A) 8 Anjali
- (B) 10 Anjali
- (C) 12 Anjali
- (D) 6 Anjali

113. The role of Panchamahabhuta is strongly established by Charaka, where Mamsa, Charma, Varch etc are

- (A) Jaleeya
- (B) Parthiva
- (C) Agneya
- (D) Vayaveeya

114. Dashapranayatanani comprise of according to Charaka

- (A) Ojas
- (B) Mamsa
- (C) Rakta
- (D) A, B, C

115. Charaka identifies Jangha, Vankshana, Pani, Pada etc., as Pratyangani and enumerates a total of in number

- (A) 101
- (B) 210
- (C) 56
- (D) 360

116. While enumerating Snayu, Sira, Dhamani etc., Charaka opines them to be

- (A) Tarkya
- (B) Anirdeshya
- (C) Chakshushya
- (D) A, B

117. According to Sushruta, the discharge in Karna is said to be the Mala of

- (A) Mamsa
- (B) Meda
- (C) Majja
- (D) Rasa

118. The type of Asthi in Karna according to Sushruta is

- (A) Taruna
- (B) Valaya
- (C) Nalaka
- (D) Kapal

119. Dissection of body for knowledge of anatomy has been described by Sushruta in

- (A) Shareerasthana 5th Chapter
- (B) Sutrasthana 25th Chapter
- (C) Chikistsasthana 25th Chapter
- (D) Nidhanasthana 15th Chapter

120. Increase of Rasa leads to according to Sushruta and Ashtangahridaya

- (A) Hridayotklesha
- (B) Swasha
- (C) Kasa
- (D) A, B, C

121. Pravratih Ubhayasyatu is related to

- (A) Karyakarana Sidhantha
- (B) Panchamahabhuta Sidhanta
- (C) Samanya Vishesha Sidhanta
- (D) Pancheekarna Sidhanta

122. Types of Abhava are according to Tantra Sangraha

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 4
- (D) 1

39/4/15

123. Panchapanchaka concept is a contribution of

- (A) Charaka Samhita
- (B) Sushruta Samhita
- (C) Kashyapa Samhita
- (D) Bhavaprakasha Samhita

124. is Sadhyavachana

- (A) Hetu
- (B) Drishtantha
- (C) Upanaya
- (D) Pratignya

दृष्टान्त

125. Moham can be identified by according to Charaka

- (A) Avignanena
- (B) Abhidrohena
- (C) Vishadena
- (D) Vyavasayena

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126. Drishtarth and Adrishtarth are related to Pramana

- (A) Pratyaksha
- (B) Upamana
- (C) Anumana
- (D) Shabdha

127. Tantra Yukti is referred by Charaka in

- (A) Sutra Sthana
- (B) Vimana Sthana
- (C) Shareera Sthana
- (D) Siddhi Sthana

128. Pippali, Lavana, Dadhi, Dadhimastu, Ghritidi Sneha taken together cause according to Sushruta

- (A) Sadyasneha
- (B) Kalaantarasneha
- (C) Paramasneha
- (D) Paramavrishya

129. Charaka and Sushruta suggest Snehapana in the night when Doshas are increased

- (A) Vatapitta
- (B) Grihsmarutu *श्लिम श्ले*
- (C) Kaphavata
- (D) Vatapitta Kapha

130. Usually Snehapana is advocated in the morning. However, Sushruta advocates further

- (A) Ushanajala Achamana
- (B) Kadhghadharana
- (C) Viharana
- (D) A, C

131. For Raktamokshana, there are specific timings for specific season. However, in Varsharitu, it should be done in according to Sushruta

- (A) Morning
- (B) Afternoon
- (C) Evening
- (D) Night

132. Sushruta advocates non indulgence in anger Vyayama, Chankramana etc. after Raktamokshana, Vamana, Virechana for a period of to acquire Bala

- (A) One Parva
- (B) One Paksha
- (C) One Masa
- (D) One Sandhikala

133. Chirtaka, Vacha, Bimbi etc are used for Urdhvabhaga Shodhana and part is suggested by Sushruta

- (A) Moola
- (B) Phala
- (C) Twak
- (D) Kanda

134. The drugs used for Urdhvabhaga Shodhana should be according to Sushruta

- (A) Madana
- (B) Kutaja
- (C) Tumbi
- (D) A, B, C

135. Danthi, Saptala, Indravaruni, Swarnaksheeri are among Dravyas according to Sushruta

- (A) Vamaka
- (B) Virechana
- (C) Vrishya
- (D) Lohashodhaka

136. Kampillaka is collected in the form of as advocated by Sushruta

- (A) Twak
- (B) Ksheera
- (C) Palaraja
- (D) Patra

137. In general, Sushruta advocates Madhyama Paaka of Sneha for

- (A) Nasya, Abhyanga
- (B) Bhojana
- (C) Basti
- (D) Karnapoorna

138. Ear has a type of Sandhi which is according to Sushruta

- (A) Tunnasevani
- (B) Shankhavarta
- (C) Vayasatunda
- (D) Pratara

139. Sushruta had the knowledge regarding a passage between Karna and Nasa and has explained the same while describing

- (A) Karnaghoota
- (B) Jeernapratishayaya
- (C) Nasanaha
- (D) Karnapratinaha

145.

140. The Varna of Ojas is said to be

- (A) Madhu
- (B) Laja
- (C) Sarpi
- (D) Taila

146.

141. The number of Mahagadha as can be seen in Charaka Sutrasthana is

- (A) 2
- (B) 8
- (C) 6
- (D) 1

147.

142. Atripti is seen in Maharoga as described by Charaka

- (A) Vataja
- (B) Pittaja
- (C) Kaphaja
- (D) Vatapittaja

148.

143. The milk of can be substituted if need arises according to Sushruta

- (A) Goat
- (B) Cow
- (C) Buffalo
- (D) A & B

149.

144. If birth weight of neonate is gms. It is defined as low birth weight

- (A) 2000 gms
- (B) 2500 gms
- (C) 3000 gms
- (D) 1500 gms

150.

has

145. If a baby is born before it is called a preterm baby
- (A) 39 weeks
 - (B) 28 weeks
 - (C) 37 weeks
 - (D) 40 weeks
146. According to Charaka, Balya is extended upto
- (A) 18 years
 - (B) 16 years
 - (C) 1-8 years
 - (D) 8-12 years
147. At the age of 1½ months vaccine is given
- (A) DPT
 - (B) TT
 - (C) BCG
 - (D) MMR
148. According to Ashtanga Sangraha, voluntary retention of urine leads to
- (A) Mutrajathara मूत्रजथरा
 - (B) Gavini Visphara
 - (C) Mutrotsangha
 - (D) Granthi
149. Mutra Ghranthi occurs at according to Ashtanga Sanghaha
- (A) Mutradwara
 - (B) Mutrashaya
 - (C) Bastidwara
 - (D) Vrikka
150. According to Charaka Sushruta Jwara is said to be
- (A) Raja
 - (B) Rogadhiipati
 - (C) Maheshwarakopa
 - (D) A, B, C

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 Entrance Examination for Admission to M.D. Ayurveda Course-2012

ANSWER KEY : PAPER - 2

Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER	Q.NO.	ANSWER
1	A	31	A	61	C	91	D	121	C
2	A	32	C	62	D	92	A	122	A
3	B	33	A	63	C	93	B	123	A
4	D	34	B	64	C	94	D	124	D
5	A	35	A	65	D	95	B	125	A
6	A	36	D	66	B	96	B	126	D
7	C	37	C	67	B	97	C	127	D
8	C	38	A	68	C	98	B	128	A
9	A	39	A	69	B	99	B	129	A
10	A	40	B	70	D	100	A	130	D
11	B	41	C	71	A	101	D	131	A
12	B	42	A	72	C	102	D	132	C
13	C	43	B	73	A	103	D	133	A
14	B	44	C	74	D	104	B	134	D
15	D	45	B	75	D	105	B	135	B
16	B	46	D	76	A	106	D	136	C
17	B	47	D	77	B	107	A	137	A
18	D	48	D	78	D	108	C	138	B
19	B	49	C	79	A	109	D	139	D
20	D	50	D	80	D	110	B	140	C
21	B	51	C	81	C	111	B	141	A
22	A	52	D	82	A	112	A	142	B
23	A	53	A	83	B	113	B	143	D
24	C	54	D	84	D	114	D	144	B
25	A	55	D	85	D	115	C	145	C
26	D	56	A	86	A	116	D	146	B
27	A	57	D	87	B	117	A	147	A
28	A	58	A	88	D	118	A	148	A
29	A	59	D	89	A	119	A	149	C
30	A	60	D	90	A	120	D	150	D